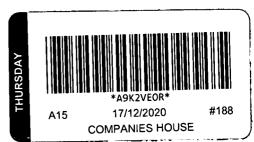
John Edward Crowther Limited Filleted Financial Statements 31 March 2020



Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

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Directors Responsibilities Statement

31 March 2020

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Balance Sheet

31 March 2020

Fixed assets Note £		2020		2019		
Tangible assets	T	Note	£	£	£	£
Stocks 5		4	,	137,110		154.550
Debtors - amounts falling due within one year - amounts falling due after more than one year - amounts falling due after more than one year - amounts falling due after more than one year - 2,343,411	Current assets					
- amounts falling due after more than one year 6 2,333,700 2,389,477 Cash at bank and in hand 1,130,440 1,046,626 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 7 (115,561) (155,607) Net current assets 3,358,727 3,335,452 Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets Capital and reserves Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 3,208,435 3,202,600		5		437		437
Cash at bank and in hand 1,130,440 1,046,626 3,474,288 3,451,059 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 7 (115,561) (155,607) Net current assets 3,358,727 3,335,452 Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves 287,402 287,402 Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 3,208,435						
Cash at bank and in hand 1,130,440 1,046,626 3,474,288 3,451,059 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 7 (115,561) (155,607) Net current assets 3,358,727 3,335,452 Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves 287,402 287,402 Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 3,208,435				2,343,411		2,403,996
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 7 (115,561) (155,607) Net current assets 3,358,727 3,335,452 Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves 287,402 287,402 Allotted called up and fully paid share capital 287,402 287,402 Profit and loss account 3,208,435 3,202,600	Cash at bank and in hand			, ,		
Net current assets 3,358,727 3,335,452 Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves 287,402 287,402 Allotted called up and fully paid share capital 287,402 287,402 Profit and loss account 3,208,435 3,202,600				3,474,288		3,451,059
Total assets less current liabilities 3,495,837 3,490,002 Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves 287,402 287,402 Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 3,208,435 3,202,600	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7		(115,561)		(155,607)
Net assets 3,495,837 3,490,002 Capital and reserves Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 287,402 Profit and loss account 3,208,435 3,202,600	Net current assets			3,358,727		3,335,452
Capital and reserves Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 287,402 3,208,435 3,202,600	Total assets less current liabilities			3,495,837		3,490,002
Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 3,208,435 3,202,600	Net assets			3,495,837		3,490,002
Allotted called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account 287,402 3,208,435 3,202,600	Canital and reserves					
Profit and loss account 3,208,435 3,202,600				287,402		287,402
Shareholders funds 3,495,837 3,490,002	• • • •					
	Shareholders funds		•	3,495,837		3,490,002

These, financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS102 Section 1a and the option not to file the profit and loss account has been taken.

The directors confirm, in accordance with S444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006, as amended by the Companies, Partnerships and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2015, that:

- The auditor's report for the year in question was qualified. As explained in note 2 investment properties totalling £137,109 are included at depreciated cost rather than as required by applicable Accounting Standards at fair value. We are unable to quantify the effect, if any, on reserves and tangible fixed assets of this non-compliance:
- The auditor is Wheawill & Sudworth Limited, Chartered Accounts and Registered Auditor;
- David Butterworth signed the audit report as Senior Statutory Auditor.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 November 2020 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P R Crowther Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

1. Statement of compliance

John Edward Crowther Limited, company registration number 298851, is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is Bank Bottom Mills, Marsden, Huddersfield HD7 6HR.

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1a, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', which has been early adopted.

2. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are judged material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and are prepared in sterling, the functional currency of the entity.

Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of John Edward Crowther (Holdings) plc which can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (d) Disclosures in respect of share-based payments have not been presented.
- (e) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the value of goods sold and services provided excluding value added tax.

Income tax

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property - 4% straight line
Plant & machinery - 10% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" requires properties held for investment to be included in the Balance Sheet at their fair value when it can be measured reliably. The directors consider that to comply with this requirement annually would involve unjustifiable expense and therefore the investment properties are included at cost less depreciation.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of manufactured products consists of materials and appropriate conversion costs.

Defined contribution plans

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs is the contributions payable in the year.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

3. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, was 7 (2019: 8).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

4.	Tangible assets				
	C	Investment properties £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2019 Disposals	1,948,650	7,469 (75)	27,175	1,983,294 (76)
	At 31 March 2020	1,948,649	7,394	27,175	1,983,218
	Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year Disposals	1,795,651 15,890 (1)	7,468	25,625 1,550	1,828,744 17,440 (76)
	At 31 March 2020	1,811,540	7,393	27,175	1,846,108
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2020	137,109	1	-	137,110
	At 31 March 2019	152,999	1	1,550	154,550
5.	Stocks :			2020 £	2019 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale			437	437
6.	Debtors				
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income Amounts due from Hemplow Limited			2020 £ 8,889 822 2,333,700	2019 £ 13,719 800 2,389,477
				2,343,411	2,403,996
	The debtors above include the following amoun	ats falling due afte	er more than or	e vear	
-		ns fairing due arte	i more man on	2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts due from Hemplow Limited			2,333,700	2,389,477
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ear			
				2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors			12,671	12,054
	Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax			77,946 6,000	77,924 7,000
	Social security and other taxes			6,000 18,944	18,629
				115,561	115,607

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

8. Contingencies

The company is a party to an unlimited multilateral company guarantee given by its parent company, John Edward Crowther (Holdings) plc, and all its subsidiary undertakings as security for overdraft facilities from time to time. At 31 March 2019 the group bank accounts taken together were in credit (2019: in credit).

The company is a member of a VAT group of which John Edward Crowther (Holdings) Plc is the representative member and is jointly and severally liable with that company for VAT due by the representative member. At 31 March 2020 the Group had a liability to H M Revenue & Customs of £9,360 (2019: £8,773) which was paid by its due date.

9. Controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of John Edward Crowther (Holdings) Plc, which itself is a subsidiary company of J.E.C. Investment Co Limited. The financial statements of this company are included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company and the ultimate parent company and these can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies. Both the parent company and the ultimate parent company are incorporated in the UK.

10. Subsequent event - Covid 19

The Covid 19 pandemic began to affect the UK at the very end of the Company's financial year. Steps were immediately put in place to ensure that all employees were kept safe. The maintenance team were able to work independently, where possible, to deal with any essential property repair matters. The office staff were able to work primarily from home.

A major concern at the very outset was what the effect would be on the ability of the tenants to afford their rent. In the event, and to the date of this report, there have been very few instances of concern. Also where tenants have moved out, there has been good interest in the re-letting of the property.