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No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

I hereby certify that

M.R.M.A. LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1929, and that the Company is limited.

Given under my hand at London this sixth day of September One thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

F. GREENWOOD

Registrar of Companies

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON
CHANGE OF NAME

WHEREAS

M.R.M.A. LIMITED

was incorporated as a limited company under the Companies Act, 1929, on the sixth day of September, 1934.

AND WHEREAS by special resolution of the Company and with the approval of the Board of Trade it has changed its name.

NOW THEREFORE I hereby certify that the Company is a limited company incorporated under the name of

MOUNT ROYAL LIMITED

Given under my hand at London this twenty-first day of December One thousand nine hundred and fifty-nine.

G.B. LANGFORD
Registrar of Companies

Dated 21.12.59

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON
CHANGE OF NAME

WHEREAS

MOUNT ROYAL LIMITED

was incorporated as a limited company under the Companies Act, 1929, on the sixth day of September, 1934.

AND WHEREAS by special resolution of the Company and with the approval of the Board of Trade it has changed its name.

NOW THEREFORE I hereby certify that the Company is a limited company incorporated under the name of

GRAND METROPOLITAN HOTELS LIMITED

Given under my hand at London, this tenth day of July One thousand nine hundred and sixty-two.

W.B. LANGFORD
Registrar of Companies

Dated 10.7.62

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
ON CHANGE OF NAME

I hereby certify that

GRAND METROPOLITAN HOTELS LIMITED

having by special resolution and with the approval of the Secretary of State changed its name, is now incorporated under the name of

GRAND METROPOLITAN LIMITED

Given under my hand at London the second April One thousand nine hundred and seventy three.

N. TAYLOR
Assistant Registrar of Companies

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
ON RE-REGISTRATION AS A PUBLIC COMPANY

I hereby certify that

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

has this day been re-registered under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1980 as a public company, and that the Company is limited.

Dated at Cardiff the eighth March One thousand nine hundred and eighty two.

Assistant Registrar of Companies

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION
OF ORDER OF COURT
ON
REDUCTION OF SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

Whereas GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

having by Special Resolution reduced its share premium account as confirmed by an order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division

dated the thirteenth day of June 1988

Now therefore I hereby certify that the said Order was registered pursuant to section 138 of the Companies Act 1985 on the twenty-sixth day of July 1988

Given under my hand at Cardiff the fourth August One thousand nine hundred and eighty eight

T.G. THOMAS
An Authorised Officer

No. 291848

[COAT OF ARMS]

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION
OF ORDER OF COURT AND MINUTE
ON
REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

Whereas GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

having by Special Resolution reduced its capital as confirmed by an Order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division

dated the 26th March 1997

Now therefore I hereby certify that the said Order and a Minute approved by the Court were registered pursuant to section 138 of the Companies Act, 1985, on the 1st April, 1997.

Given under my hand at Companies House, Cardiff the 1st April, 1997

F.A. JOSEPH
An Authorised Officer

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 AND 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

RESOLUTIONS

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Passed 20th February, 1996

At the Annual General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened and held at Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London W1 on Tuesday, 20th February, 1996 the following Resolutions numbered 1 and 2 were duly passed as ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS and the following Resolution numbered 3 was duly passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION.

RESOLUTIONS

1. THAT the directors be hereby generally authorised :
 - (a) to exercise the power contained in Article 1(I) of the Articles of Association of the company so that, to the extent and in the manner determined by the directors, the holders of ordinary shares of 25p each in the capital of the company be permitted to elect to receive new ordinary shares of 25p each, credited as fully paid, instead of the whole or a part of any interim dividend resolved by the directors to be paid or final dividend declared (as the case may be) for any financial period of the company ending on or prior to 30th September, 2000; and
 - (b) to capitalise a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of new ordinary shares falling to be allotted pursuant to elections made as aforesaid out of any amount standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account), whether or not the same is available for distribution, as the directors may determine and apply that sum in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued ordinary shares and to allot such ordinary shares to the members of the company making such elections in accordance with their respective entitlements.

2. THAT the directors be hereby generally and unconditionally authorised, in substitution for the authority conferred on them on 26th February, 1991 to the extent unused, to exercise all the powers of the company to allot relevant securities (within the meaning of section 80 of the Companies Act 1985) up to an aggregate nominal amount of £89,280,000 PROVIDED THAT this authority shall expire on 19th February, 2001 save that the company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired.

3. THAT the directors hereby empowered pursuant to section 95 of the Companies Act 1985 (the "Act") to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 94 of the Act) for cash pursuant to the authority conferred by the previous resolution as if section 89(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotment, PROVIDED THAT such power shall be limited :
 - (a) to the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of ordinary shareholders where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of all ordinary shareholders are proportionate (as nearly as may be) to the respective numbers of ordinary shares held by them; and
 - (b) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to paragraph (a)) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value of £26,137,000;

and, unless previously revoked or varied, such power shall expire at the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the company in 1997 or 19th May 1997, whichever is the sooner, save that the company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

(signed) Roger Myddelton
Secretary

Filed with the Registrar of Companies on 28th February, 1996.

No. 291848

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

RESOLUTIONS

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Passed 4th March, 1997

At an ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above-named Company duly convened and held at the Great Room, Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London W1 on Tuesday 4th March, 1997 at 11.15 a.m. the following Resolutions numbered 1, 2 and 4 were duly passed as SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS and the following Resolution numbered 3 was duly passed as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:-

RESOLUTIONS

1. THAT the directors be hereby empowered pursuant to section 95 of the Companies Act 1985 (the "Act") to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 94 of the Act) for cash as if section 89(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotment, PROVIDED THAT such power shall be limited:
 - (a) to the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of ordinary shareholders where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of all ordinary shareholders are proportionate (as nearly as may be) to the respective numbers of ordinary shares held by them; and

- (b) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to paragraph (a)) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value of £26 million;

and, unless previously revoked or varied, such power shall expire at the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the company in 1998 or 3rd June 1998, whichever is the sooner, save that the company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

2. THAT the company be authorised to make market purchases (as defined in section 163 of the Act) of ordinary shares of 25p each in the capital of the company, provided that:

- (a) the maximum number of ordinary shares authorised hereby to be purchased is 210 million;
- (b) the price paid may not be less than 25p per ordinary share, and may not be more than 5% above the average of the middle market quotations taken from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the 5 business days immediately preceding the day on which the purchase is made; and
- (c) such authority shall expire at the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the company in 1998 or, if earlier, on 3rd September 1998, but so that the company may, pursuant to the authority granted by this resolution, enter into a contract to purchase such shares which would or might be executed wholly or partly after such expiry.

3. THAT

- (a) the rules (the "Rules") of the Grand Metropolitan Restricted Share Plan (the "Plan") as summarised in Appendix One to the letter to shareholders dated 31st January 1997 from the Chairman be hereby approved and the directors be hereby authorised to do all acts and things necessary or expedient to carry into effect such Plan;
- (b) directors be counted in the quorum and allowed to vote in respect of any matter connected with the Plan, notwithstanding that they may be interested in the same (except that no director may be counted in the quorum or allowed to vote in respect of any matter solely concerning his own participation in the Plan); and
- (c) the directors be hereby authorised to adopt or amend any schedules to the Rules of the Plan and to authorise any subsidiary of the company to adopt any other schemes (together "overseas schemes") providing for the grant to directors and employees of the company and its subsidiaries

who work outside the UK of awards over ordinary shares of the company and corresponding in all material respects with the Plan but containing such different provisions as the directors shall in their absolute discretion consider appropriate having regard to any securities, exchange control or taxation laws or regulations or similar factors which may have application in relation to awards so granted provided that any shares made available under the overseas schemes are treated as counting against any limits on individual or overall participation in the Plan.

4. THAT the proposed new form of Memorandum and Articles of Association produced to the meeting and initialled by the Chairman for the purpose of identification be adopted as the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the company's existing Memorandum and Articles of Association.

(Signed) *George Bull*
Chairman

Filed with the Registrar of Companies on 14th March, 1997.

No. 291848

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

RESOLUTION

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Passed 4th March, 1997

At an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above-named Company duly convened and held at the Great Room, Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London W1 on Tuesday 4th March, 1997 at 12.45 p.m. the following Resolution was duly passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION:-

RESOLUTION

THAT:

- (a) the authorised share capital of the Company be reduced from £660,000,000 to £647,764,885 by cancelling and extinguishing the 1,217,250 $4\frac{3}{4}$ per cent (now 3.325 per cent plus tax credit) cumulative preference shares of £1 each, the 7,739,411 5 per cent (now 3.5 per cent plus tax credit) cumulative preference shares of £1 each and the 3,278,454 $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent (now 4.375 per cent plus tax credit) cumulative preference shares of £1 each and in consideration for such cancellation the Company shall pay to the holders of such cumulative preference shares whose names appear on the register of members at the close of business on the day on which the reduction of capital becomes effective

a cash sum of £1 for each such share held together with all accruals of dividend calculated to and including the date of repayment; and

- (b) conditional on the reduction of capital pursuant to (a) above becoming effective: (i) the whole of Article 1(A) of the Articles of Association of the Company at that time be deleted and "1(A) The authorised share capital of the Company is £647,764,885 divided into 2,591,059,540 Ordinary shares of 25p each." shall be substituted therefor; and (ii) the whole of Article 1(C) of the Articles of Association of the Company at that time be deleted and "1(C) Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any shares may be issued or may for the time being be held and to any other provision of these Articles, on a show of hands every member who is present in person at a general meeting shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share in the capital of the Company of which he is the holder." shall be substituted therefor.

(signed) *George Bull*
Chairman

Filed with the Registrar of Companies on 14th March, 1997.

No: 291848

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 (AS AMENDED)

Company limited by shares

RESOLUTION

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company duly convened and held on 26th November, 1997 the following resolution was passed as a special resolution:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

THAT:

- (i) the Scheme of Arrangement dated 3 November 1997 (the "Scheme") between the Company and the holders of GrandMet Shares (other than Guinness-held GrandMet Shares and LVMH Shares) and the holders of LVMH Shares (each as defined in the Scheme), a print of which has been produced to this meeting and for the purposes of identification has been signed by the chairman of this meeting, be hereby approved;
- (ii) for the purpose of giving effect to the Scheme in its original form or with or subject to any modification, addition or condition approved or imposed by the Court:
 - (a) the share capital of the Company be reduced by cancelling all the Scheme Shares (as defined in the Scheme);
 - (b) forthwith and contingent on such reduction of capital taking effect:
 - (1) the share capital of the Company be increased by £499,999,999.25 by the creation of 1,999,999,997 new ordinary shares of 25 pence each; and
 - (2) £499,999,999.25 of the credit arising in the books of account of the Company as a result of the cancellation of the Scheme Shares be applied in paying up in full at par the new ordinary shares of 25 pence each referred to in

paragraph (b)(1) above, such new ordinary shares to be allotted and issued credited as fully paid to Guinness PLC ("Guinness") and/or its nominee(s); and

- (c) the directors of the Company be hereby authorised pursuant to and in accordance with section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 to give effect to this resolution and accordingly to effect the allotment of the new ordinary shares referred to in paragraph (b) above, provided that (i) this authority shall expire on 31 December 1998, (ii) the maximum aggregate nominal amount of shares which may be allotted hereunder shall be £499,999,999.25 and (iii) this authority shall be without prejudice to any other authority under the said section 80 previously granted before the date on which this resolution is passed; and
- (iii) the articles of association of the Company be hereby amended by the adoption and inclusion of the following new article 153:

"Shares not subject to Scheme of Arrangement

- (A) In this article, references to the "Scheme" are to the Scheme of Arrangement between the Company and the holders of GrandMet Shares (other than Guinness-held GrandMet Shares and LVMH Shares) and the holders of LVMH Shares (each as defined in the Scheme) dated 3 November 1997 under section 425 of the Companies Act 1985 and terms defined in the Scheme shall have the same meanings in this article.
- (B) If the Company issues any GrandMet Shares (other than to Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness or anyone acting on behalf of Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness) after the Voting Record Time and prior to 6.00 p.m. on the day before the Hearing Date such GrandMet Shares shall be subject to the terms of the Scheme and the holder or holders of such GrandMet Shares shall be bound by the Scheme accordingly.
- (C) If any shares in the Company, other than Scheme Shares, are allotted or issued to any person (a "new number") (other than to Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness or anyone acting on behalf of Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness) at or after 6.00 p.m. on the day before the Hearing Date they will, provided that the Scheme has become effective, be immediately transferred to Guinness in consideration of and conditional on the issue to the new member of one ordinary share in Guinness for each share in the Company transferred, being ordinary shares in Guinness which rank *pari passu* with all other ordinary shares in Guinness for the time being in issue and ranking for

any dividends or distributions made, paid or declared thereon following the date on which the transfer of the shares in the Company is executed.

- (D) The number of ordinary shares in Guinness to be issued to the new member under this article 153 may be adjusted by the directors in such manner as the Company's auditor may determine, on any reorganisation of the share capital of the Company or of Guinness.
- (E) To give effect to any such transfer required by this article 153, the Company may appoint any person to execute a form of transfer on behalf of the new member in favour of Guinness and to agree for and on behalf of the new member to become a member of Guinness. Pending the registration of Guinness as the holder of any share to be transferred pursuant to this article 153, Guinness shall be empowered to appoint a person nominated by the directors to act as attorney on behalf of each holder of the share in accordance with such directions as Guinness may give in relation to any dealings with or disposal of such share (or any interest therein), exercising any rights attached thereto or receiving any distribution or other benefit accruing or payable in respect thereof and the registered holders of such share shall exercise all rights attaching thereto in accordance with the directions of Guinness but not otherwise."

(signed) *George Bull*
Chairman

Filed with the Registrar of Companies on 4th December, 1997.

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 to 1981

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY*

1. *The name of the Company is "GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY".
2. The Company is to be a public company.
3. The registered office of the Company will be situated in England and Wales.
4. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
 - (A) (1) To carry on business as a general commercial company and to carry on any trade or business whatsoever; and
 - (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing:-
 - (a) To act or carry on business as a holding company and to control and co-ordinate the administration and operation of any companies for the time being directly or indirectly controlled by the Company; and
 - (b) To act or carry on business as producers, distributors and marketers of branded drinks and branded food products and operators of fast food restaurant chains; and
 - (c) To carry on any other business, undertaking, transaction or operation commonly carried on or undertaken by producers, distributors and marketers (both wholesale and retail) in all or

* Note:- The Company was re-registered as a public company on 8th March, 1982 and its name changed to its present name. The Company was incorporated with the name M.R.M.A. Limited which was changed to MOUNT ROYAL LIMITED on 21st December, 1959, on 10th July, 1962 to GRAND METROPOLITAN HOTELS LIMITED and to GRAND METROPOLITAN LIMITED on 15th March, 1973.

Note:- By Special Resolution passed on 4th March, 1997 the Company amended its objects clause by adopting this Memorandum of Association in substitution for and to the exclusion of the former Memorandum of Association.

any articles of commercial and personal use and consumption, importers, exporters, shipowners, bankers, factors, capitalists, promoters, financiers, real property dealers and investors, concessionaires, brokers, contractors, mercantile and general agents, advertising agents, publishers, carriers and transporters of all kinds and to carry on all or any of the said businesses (including those in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of this paragraph) either together as one business or as separate distinct businesses in any part of the world.

- (B) To acquire and assume for any estate or interest and to take options over, construct, develop or exploit any property, real or personal, and rights of any kind and the whole or any part of the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person.
- (C) To manufacture, process, import, export, deal in and store any goods and other things and to carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters and storers of and dealers in any goods and other things.
- (D) To acquire and exploit lands, mines and mineral rights and to acquire, explore for and exploit any natural resources and to carry on any business involving the ownership or possession of land or other immovable property or buildings or structures thereon and to construct, erect, instal, enlarge, alter and maintain buildings, plant and machinery and to carry on business as builders, contractors and engineers.
- (E) To provide services of all descriptions and to carry on business as advisers, consultants, brokers and agents of any kind.
- (F) To advertise, market and sell the products of the Company and of any other person and to carry on the business of advertisers or advertising agents or of a marketing and selling organisation or of a supplier, wholesaler, retailer, merchant or dealer of any kind.
- (G) To provide technical, cultural, artistic, educational, entertainment or business material, facilities or services and to carry on any business involving any such provision.
- (H) To lend money, and grant or provide credit and financial accommodation, to any person and to deposit money with any person and to carry on the business of a banking, finance or insurance company.
- (I) To invest money of the Company in any investments and to hold, sell or otherwise deal with investments or currencies or other financial assets, and to carry on the business of a property or investment company.

- (J) To acquire and carry on any business carried on by a subsidiary or a holding company of the Company or another subsidiary of a holding company of the Company.
- (K) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority or person and to obtain from any such government or authority or person any legislation, orders, rights, privileges, franchises and concessions and to carry out, exercise and comply with the same.
- (L) To borrow and raise money and accept money on deposit and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation in any manner and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) by mortgages of or charges upon all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company or by the creation and issue of securities.
- (M) To enter into any guarantee, contract of indemnity or suretyship and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) to guarantee, support or secure, with or without consideration, whether by personal obligation or by mortgaging or charging all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company or by both such methods or in any other manner, the performance of any obligations or commitments of, and the repayment or payment of the principal amounts of and any premiums, interest, dividends and other moneys payable on or in respect of any securities or liabilities of, any person, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any company which is for the time being a subsidiary or a holding company of the Company or another subsidiary of a holding company of the Company or otherwise associated with the Company.
- (N) To enter into, carry on and participate in financial transactions and operations of all kinds including (without limitation) interest rate swaps, options (including traded options), swap option contracts, forward exchange contracts, futures contracts, forward rate agreements, contracts for differences, caps, collars, floors or other financial instruments including hedging agreements of any kind all or any of which may be on a fixed and/or floating rate basis and/or in respect of Sterling and/or any other currencies or basket of currencies (including but not limited to European Currency Units (as the same may from time to time be designated or constituted)) or commodities of any kind and in the case of such swaps, options, swap option contracts, forward exchange contracts, futures contracts or other financial instruments including hedging agreements of any kind that may be undertaken by the Company on a speculative basis or in connection with the management of financial risks relating to the Company or any other company, firm or person on such terms as may be thought fit and with or without security, and to undertake, carry on and execute all kinds of financial, commercial, trading and other operations.

- (O) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or any profit-sharing arrangement with, or to co-operate or participate in any way with, or to take over or assume any obligation of, or to assist or subsidise any person.
- (P) To accept, draw, make, create, issue, execute, discount, endorse, negotiate and deal in bills of exchange, promissory notes and other instruments and securities, whether negotiable or otherwise.
- (Q) To apply for and take out, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade and service marks and names, designs, patents, patent rights, inventions and secret processes and to carry on the business of an inventor, designer or research organisation.
- (R) To sell, exchange, mortgage, charge, let on rent, share of profit, royalty or otherwise, grant licences, easements, options, servitudes and other rights over, and in any other manner deal with, or dispose of, all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) of the Company for any consideration and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) for any securities or for a share of profit or a royalty or other periodical or deferred payment.
- (S) To issue and allot securities of the Company for cash or in payment or part payment for any real or personal property purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company or any services rendered to the Company or as security for any obligation or amount (even if less than the nominal amount of such securities) or for any other purpose.
- (T) To give any remuneration or other compensation or reward for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or procuring subscriptions of, or otherwise assisting in the issue of, any securities of the Company or in or about the formation of the Company or the conduct or course of its business, and to establish or promote, or concur or participate in establishing or promoting, any company, fund or trust and to subscribe for, underwrite, purchase or otherwise acquire securities of any company, fund or trust and to carry on the business of company, fund, trust or business promoters or managers and of underwriters or dealers in securities, and to act as director of and as secretary, manager, registrar or transfer agent for any other company and to act as trustees of any kind and to undertake and execute any trust.
- (U) To pay all the costs, charges and expenses preliminary or incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and incorporation of the Company, and to procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside England.
- (V) To grant or procure the grant of donations, gratuities, pensions, annuities, allowances or other benefits, including benefits on death, to, or purchase and

maintain any type of insurance for or for the benefit of, any directors, officers or employees or former directors, officers or employees of the Company or any company which at any time is or was a subsidiary or a holding company of the Company or another subsidiary of a holding company of the Company or otherwise associated with the Company or of any predecessor in business of any of them, and to the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to other persons whose service or services have directly or indirectly been of benefit to the Company or who the Board of Directors of the Company considers have any moral claim on the Company or to their relations, connections or dependants, and to establish or support any funds, trusts, insurances or schemes or any associations, institutions, clubs or schools, or to do any other thing likely to benefit any such persons or otherwise to advance the interests of such persons or the Company or its Members, and to subscribe, guarantee or pay money for any purpose likely, directly or indirectly, to further the interests of such persons or the Company or its Members or for any national, charitable, benevolent, educational, social, public, general or useful object.

- (W) To cease carrying on or wind up any business or activity of the Company, and to cancel any registration of and to wind up or procure the dissolution of the Company in any state or territory.
- (X) To distribute any of the property of the Company among its creditors and Members in specie or kind.
- (Y) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (Z) To carry on any other business or activity and do anything of any nature which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, is or may be capable of being conveniently carried on or done in connection with the above, or likely directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable all or any part of the Company's undertaking, property or assets or otherwise to advance the interests of the Company or of its Members.
- (AA) To do all such other things as, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, are or may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to this Company, shall include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether formed, incorporated, domiciled or resident in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, "person" shall include any company as well as any other legal or natural person, "securities" shall include any fully, partly or nil paid or no par value share,

stock, unit, debenture, debenture or loan stock, deposit receipt, bill, note, warrant, coupon, right to subscribe or convert, or similar right or obligation, "and" and "or" shall mean "and/or" where the context so permits, "other" and "otherwise" shall not be construed ejusdem generis where a wider construction is possible, and the objects specified in the different paragraphs of this clause shall not, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and shall be construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate, distinct and independent company.

5. The liability of the Members is limited.
6. *The Share Capital of the Company is £150,000 divided into 100,000 6 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each, 49,000 Participating Ordinary Shares of £1 each, and 1,000 Founders Shares of £1 each. Such Preference Shares, Participating Ordinary Shares and Founders Shares, shall carry the rights to dividends as specified in the Articles of Association. Any Shares in the original Capital, and any new Shares may be divided or sub-divided into different classes and may be issued with any special rights, preferences, conditions or disqualifications as regards dividends, capital, voting or other matters attached thereto as may be provided by the Company's Articles of Association for the time being; provided always that no such special rights, preferences, conditions or disqualifications so attached shall be altered, effected or interfered with except in the manner provided in Article 40^t of the Company's Articles of Association. The Company shall have the right at any time after the expiration of five years from the date of issue, of redeeming at par any part or parts of the Preference Shares on giving to the holder or holders of any such Shares six calendar months' notice of their intention so to do, and on paying to such holder or holders the amount paid up on such Shares

* * NOTE:- The capital of the Company has from time to time been re-organised as detailed below:-

^t NOTE:- Reference to Article 40 is a reference to previous Articles of Association. The corresponding article is now Article 7.

together with interest at 6 per cent. per annum from the date of the last payment of dividend thereon to the date of redemption of such Shares.

On 10th May, 1972 the capital of the Company was conditionally increased from £100,000,000 to £150,000,000 by the creation of 100,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each, such condition being fulfilled on 5th July, 1972.

On 5th June, 1972 the capital of the Company was conditionally increased from £150,000,000 to £175,000,000 by the creation of 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each, such condition being fulfilled on 5th July, 1972.

On 11th January, 1973 the capital of the Company was increased from £175,000,000 to £200,000,000 by the creation of 3,278,454 $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each, 7,739,411 5 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 27,964,270 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 15th March, 1973 all the "B" Ordinary Shares of 50p each for the time being of the Company were redesignated as Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 22nd March, 1973 the capital of the Company was increased from £200,000,000 to £240,000,000 by the creation of 74,641,335 Ordinary Shares of 50p each and 5,358,665 "B" Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 17th November, 1975 the capital of the Company was increased from £240,000,000 to £275,000,000 by the creation of 70,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On the 25th June, 1979 the capital of the Company was increased from £275,000,000 to £325,000,000 by the creation of 100,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 4th March, 1982 the capital of the Company was increased from £325,000,000 to £360,000,000 by the creation of 70,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 6th March, 1984 the capital of the Company was increased from £360,000,000 to £495,000,000 by the creation of an additional 270,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 6th March, 1986 the capital of the Company was increased from £495,000,000 to £575,000,000 by the creation of an additional 160,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 5th March, 1987 the capital of the Company was re-organised by the conversion of the 500,000 $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each into 1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 24th October, 1988 the capital of the Company was increased from £575,000,000 to £660,000,000 by the creation of an additional 170,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 50p each.

On 10th April, 1992, the capital of the Company was re-organised by the sub-division of each Ordinary Share of 50p into two Ordinary Shares of 25p each such sub-division taking effect at close of business on 14th April, 1992.

On 1st April, 1997 the capital of the Company was by virtue of a special resolution and with the sanction of an Order of the High Court of Justice dated 26th March, 1997 reduced from £660,000,000 divided into 2,591,059,540 Ordinary Shares of 25p each and 1,217,250 $4\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each 3,278,454 $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 7,739,411 5 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each to £647,764,885 divided into 2,591,059,540 Ordinary Shares of 25p each.

WE, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
STANLEY ACKROYD, 4, Avenue Road, Bradford, Solicitor	One
EDGAR LEE SPEDDING, 42, Grenfell Terrace, Bradford, Cashier	One
Total Shares taken	Two

DATED the First day of September, 1934.

WITNESS to the above signatures:-

G.R. BOTTOMLEY,

Solicitor

Bradford.

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

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ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

GRAND METROPOLITAN PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

(Adopted on 4th March, 1997)

PART 1

(SPECIAL PROVISIONS)

Share capital

1. (A) The authorised share capital of the Company is £647,764,885 divided into 2,591,059,540 Ordinary shares of 25p each.

Borrowing powers

1. (B) (1) Subject as hereinafter provided the Board on behalf of the Company may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, and to issue debentures and other securities whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

(2) The directors shall restrict the borrowings of the Company and exercise all voting and other rights and powers of control exercisable by the Company in respect of its Subsidiary companies so as to secure (as regards its Subsidiary companies so far as by such exercise it can secure) that the aggregate amount for the time being remaining undischarged of moneys borrowed by the Company and/or any of its Subsidiary companies and for the time being outstanding (exclusive of moneys borrowed by the Company from and for the time being owing to any such Subsidiary or by any such Subsidiary from and for the time being owing to the Company or another such Subsidiary) shall not at any time without the previous sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company exceed a sum equal to three times the aggregate of the nominal amount of the share capital of the Company for the time being issued and paid up and the total of the amounts for the time being standing to the credit of the capital and revenue reserves (including share premium account and profit and loss accounts but excluding amounts set aside for future taxation assessable by reference to profits down to the date of the relevant balance sheets and after deducting any balance standing to the debit of profit and loss account(s) of the Company and its Subsidiaries) all as shown in the latest available audited consolidated accounts of the

Company and its Subsidiaries, adjusted as may be necessary to take into account any changes in the issued and paid-up share capital and share premium account of the Company since the date of such balance sheet. Provided that no such sanction shall be required for the borrowing of any sum of money intended to be applied in the repayment (with or without premium) of any moneys then already borrowed and outstanding notwithstanding that the same may result in the said limit being exceeded and for the purposes of the said limit the issue of debentures shall be deemed to constitute borrowing notwithstanding that the same may be issued in whole or in part for a consideration other than cash.

(3) No person dealing with the Company or any of its Subsidiary companies shall by reason of the foregoing provisions of this Article be concerned to see or enquire whether the said limit is observed and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual unless at the time when the debt was incurred or security given the lender or the recipient of the security had express notice that the limit hereby imposed had been or would thereby be exceeded.

Votes of members

1. (C) Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any shares may be issued or may for the time being be held and to any other provision of these Articles, on a show of hands every member who is present in person at a general meeting shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share in the capital of the Company of which he is the holder.

Uncertificated shares

1. (D) (1) Pursuant and subject to the Uncertificated Securities Regulations, the Board may permit title to shares of any class to be evidenced otherwise than by a certificate and title to shares of such a class to be transferred by means of a relevant system and may make arrangements for a class of shares (if it is in all respects identical) to become a participating class. Title to shares of a particular class may only be evidenced otherwise than by a certificate where that class of shares is for the time being a participating class. The Board may also, subject to compliance with the Uncertificated Securities Regulations and the rules of any relevant system, determine at any time that title to any class of shares may from a date specified by the Board no longer be evidenced otherwise than by a certificate or that title to such a class shall cease to be transferred by means of any particular relevant system. For the avoidance of doubt, shares which are uncertificated shares shall not be treated as forming a class which is separate from certificated shares with the same rights.

(2) In relation to a class of shares which is, for the time being, a participating class and for so long as it remains a participating class, no provision of these Articles shall apply or have effect to the extent that it is inconsistent in any respect with:-

- (a) the holding of shares of that class in uncertificated form;
- (b) the transfer of title to shares of that class by means of a relevant system; and
- (c) any provision of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations.

(3) Shares of a class which is for the time being a participating class may be changed from uncertificated to certificated form, and from certificated to uncertificated form, in accordance with and subject as provided in the Uncertificated Securities Regulations and the rules of any relevant system, and the Board shall record on the register of members that the shares are held in certificated or uncertificated form as appropriate.

PART 2**(GENERAL PROVISIONS)****INTERPRETATION**Exclusion of Table A

2. No regulations set out in any statute, or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation made under any statute, concerning companies shall apply as the regulations or Articles of the Company.

Definitions

3. In these Articles unless the context otherwise requires:-

"Approved Depositary" means a custodian or other person (or a nominee for such custodian or other person) appointed under contractual arrangements with the Company or other arrangements approved by the Board whereby such custodian or other person or nominee holds or is interested in shares of the Company or rights or interests in shares of the Company and issues securities or other documents of title or otherwise evidencing the entitlement of the holder thereof to or to receive such shares, rights or interests, provided and to the extent that such arrangements have been approved by the Board for the purpose of these Articles and shall include, where approved by the Board the trustees (acting in their capacity as such) of any employees' shares scheme established by the Company or any other scheme or arrangements principally for the benefit of employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries which has been approved by the Company in general meeting;

"these Articles" means these Articles of Association as altered from time to time by special resolution and the expression "this Article" shall be construed accordingly;

"the auditors" means the auditors for the time being of the Company or, in the case of joint auditors, any one of them;

"the Board" means the Board of directors from time to time of the Company or the directors present at a meeting of the directors at which a quorum is present;

"certificated share" means a share which is not an uncertificated share;

"clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is served or deemed to be served and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

"the Companies Acts" means every statute (including any orders, regulations or other subordinate legislation made under it) from time to time in force concerning companies insofar as it applies to the Company;

"the holder" in relation to any shares means the member whose name is entered in the register as the holder of those shares;

"member" means a member of the Company;

"the office" means the registered office of the Company;

"paid up" means paid up or credited as paid up;

"participating class" means a class of shares title to which is permitted by an Operator to be transferred by means of a relevant system pursuant to and as such terms are defined in the Uncertificated Securities Regulations;

"person entitled by transmission" means a person whose entitlement to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to its transmission by operation of law has been noted in the register;

"the register" means the register of members of the Company;

"seal" means the common seal of the Company or any official seal that the Company may be permitted to have under the Companies Acts;

"the secretary" means the company secretary of the Company and includes an assistant or deputy secretary and any person appointed by the Board to perform any of the duties of the secretary;

"the London Stock Exchange" means the London Stock Exchange Limited;

"Subsidiary" means a subsidiary and subsidiary undertaking of the Company as each of the terms is defined in the Companies Acts;

"the Uncertificated Securities Regulations" means The Uncertificated Securities Regulations 1995 as amended from time to time and any provisions of or under the Companies Acts which supplement or replace such Regulations;

"uncertificated share" means a share of a class which is for the time being a participating class title to which is recorded on the register as being held in uncertificated form;

"United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

references to a document being executed include references to its being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method;

references to writing include references to any method of representing or reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form;

words or expressions to which a particular meaning is given by the Companies Acts in force when these Articles or any part of these Articles are adopted bear the same meaning in these Articles or that part (as the case may be) save that the word "company" shall include any body corporate;

references to a meeting shall not be taken as requiring more than one person to be present if any quorum requirement can be satisfied by one person; and

references to the masculine shall include the feminine and vice versa.

Headings and notes are included only for convenience and shall not affect meaning.

In the event of any conflict between part 1 and part 2 of these Articles, part 1 shall prevail.

RESOLUTIONS

Form of resolution

4. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, where for any purpose an ordinary resolution of the Company is required, a special or extraordinary resolution shall also be effective and where for any purpose an extraordinary resolution is required a special resolution shall also be effective.

SHARE CAPITAL

Rights attached to shares

5. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and to any rights conferred on the holders of any other shares, any share may be issued with or have attached to it such rights and restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution decide or, if no such resolution has been passed or so far as the resolution does not make specific provision, as the Board may decide.

Redeemable shares

6. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, any preference share may, with the sanction of a special resolution, be issued, on terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed. The terms and the manner of redemption shall be provided for by alteration of these Articles.

Variation of rights

7. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, all or any of the rights for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being issued may from time to time (whether or not the Company is being wound up) be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of those shares.

All the provisions of these Articles as to general meetings of the Company shall mutatis mutandis apply to any such separate general meeting, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class, that every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every share of the class held by him, that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that at any adjourned meeting of the holders those members who are present shall be a quorum.

Pari passu issues

8. The rights conferred upon the holders of any shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to those shares, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu with them.

Purchase of own shares

9. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and to any rights conferred on the holders of any class of shares, the Company may purchase or may enter into a contract under which it will or may purchase all or any of its shares of any class, including any redeemable shares but so that if there shall be in issue any securities admitted to listing on the London Stock Exchange which are convertible into equity share capital of the class proposed to be purchased, then the Company shall not purchase, or enter into a contract under which it will or may purchase, shares of that class unless either:-
 - (i) the terms of issue of such convertible securities permit the Company to do so; or
 - (ii) the purchase, or the contract, has first been approved by an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of such convertible securities.

Neither the Company nor the Board shall be required to select the shares to be purchased rateably or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or as between them and the holders of shares of any other class or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital conferred by any class of shares.

Unissued shares

10. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and these Articles, the unissued shares of the Company (whether forming part of the original or any increased capital) shall be at the disposal of the Board which may offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and for such consideration and upon such terms as the Board may decide.

Allotment of shares

11. (A) By an ordinary resolution or special resolution of the Company expressed to be made pursuant to this paragraph (A) of this Article 11 (such a resolution being referred to in this Article as a "section 80 resolution") the Board may be generally and unconditionally authorised (unless otherwise specified in the section 80 resolution in substitution for all subsisting authorities to the extent unused) to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (within the meaning of section 80 of the Companies Act 1985) up to an aggregate nominal amount specified in the section 80 resolution as the section 80 prescribed amount. Each section 80 resolution shall specify the date on which the authority granted thereby shall expire, which date shall not be more than 5 years after the date of such section 80 resolution and shall also specify the section 80 prescribed amount applicable to the authority. Notwithstanding the expiry of any authority granted pursuant to this paragraph (A) of this Article, the Company may before any such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Board may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such an offer or agreement as if the authority had not expired.
- (B) For so long as the Board is generally authorised for the purposes of section 80 of the Companies Act 1985, the Board may be empowered pursuant to section 95 of that Act by a special resolution of the Company expressed to be made pursuant to this paragraph (B) of this Article 11 (such a resolution being referred to in this Article as a "section 95 resolution") to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 94 of that Act) for cash pursuant to such section 80 authority as if section 89(1) of that Act did not apply to such allotment subject, unless such section 95 resolution shall specify otherwise, to the limitations contained in sub-paragraph (C) below (and to such further or other limitations as may be specified in any section 95 resolution).
- (C) The power granted by a section 95 resolution shall be limited (unless the section 95 resolution shall specify otherwise):
- (i) to the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of ordinary shareholders and in favour of all holders of any other class of equity security in accordance with the rights attached to such shares where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of all such persons are proportionate to the respective numbers of equity securities held by them or are otherwise allotted in accordance with the rights attaching to such securities (but subject to such exclusions and other arrangements as the Board may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or legal or practical problems arising by virtue of equity securities being represented by American Depositary Receipts or under the laws

of, or the requirements of, any regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory or otherwise howsoever); and

- (ii) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (i) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value equal to the amount specified in the section 95 resolution as the section 95 prescribed amount.

(D) The power granted by a section 95 resolution shall expire on the earlier of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following; or
- (ii) the date falling 15 months after the date of the passing of such section 95 resolution,

save that the Company may before the expiry of such power make an offer or agreement which would or might require securities to be allotted in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if that power had not expired.

Payment of commission

- 12. The Company may in connection with the issue of any shares exercise all powers of paying commission and brokerage conferred or permitted by the Companies Acts.

Trusts not recognised

- 13. Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and the Company shall not be bound by or required in any way to recognise (even when having notice of it) any interest in any share other than an absolute right to the whole of the share of the holder.

CERTIFICATES

Right to share certificate

- 14. Subject to the provisions of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations, the rules of any relevant system and these Articles, every person (except a person to whom the Company is not by law required to issue a certificate) whose name is entered in the register as a holder of any certificated shares shall be entitled, without payment, to receive within whichever is the earlier of:
 - (i) the time required by the listing rules of the London Stock Exchange; or

- (ii) two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer to him of those shares or within two months after the relevant Operator-instruction is received by the Company (or within such other period as the terms of issue shall provide),

one certificate for all those shares of any one class or several certificates each for one or more of the shares of the class in question upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable out-of-pocket expenses as the Board may from time to time decide. In the case of a certificated share held jointly by several persons, delivery of a certificate to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all. A member who transfers some but not all of the shares comprised in a certificate shall be entitled to a certificate for the balance without charge.

Nothing in these Articles shall require the Company to issue a certificate in respect of uncertificated shares.

Replacement of share certificates

- 15. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced without fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and to payment of any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in investigating the evidence and preparing the indemnity as the Board may decide and, where it is defaced or worn out, after delivery of the old certificate to the Company.

Execution of share certificates

- 16. Every share certificate shall be executed under a seal or in such other manner as the Board having regard to the terms of issue and any listing requirements may authorise and shall specify the number and class of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up on the shares. The Board may by resolution decide, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any share certificates need not be autographic but may be applied to the certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed on them or that the certificates need not be signed by any person.

LIEN

Company's lien on shares not fully paid

- 17. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all amounts payable to the Company (whether presently or not) in respect of that share. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to every amount payable in respect of it. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen or declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article.

Enforcing lien by sale

18. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board may decide, any share on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after a notice in writing has been served on the holder of the share or the person who is entitled by transmission to the share and who has supplied the Company with an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold. For giving effect to the sale the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale

19. The net proceeds, after payment of the costs, of the sale by the Company of any shares on which it has a lien shall be applied in or towards payment or discharge of the debt or liability in respect of which the lien exists so far as it is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale and upon surrender, if required by the Company, for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold) be paid to the person who was entitled to the share at the time of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

Calls

20. Subject to the terms of issue, the Board may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal amount of the shares or by way of premium) and not payable on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue, and each member shall (subject to the Company serving upon him at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Board may decide. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for all calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.

Payment on calls

21. A call may be made payable by instalments and shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed.

Liability of joint holders

22. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of the share.

Interest due on non-payment

23. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it is due and payable to the time of actual payment at such rate, not exceeding 15 per cent. per annum, as the Board may decide, but the Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

Sums due on allotment treated as calls

24. Any amount which becomes payable in respect of a share on allotment or on any other date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue, whether in respect of the nominal amount of the share or by way of premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and, if it is not paid, all the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if the sum had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

Power to differentiate

25. Subject to the terms of issue, the Board may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

Payment of calls in advance

26. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member who is willing to advance them all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until they would, but for the advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate, not exceeding (unless the Company by ordinary resolution shall otherwise direct) 15 per cent. per annum, as the Board may decide.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

Notice if call or instalment not paid

27. If any call or instalment of a call remains unpaid on any share after the day appointed for payment, the Board may at any time serve a notice on the holder requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Form of notice

28. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than fourteen clear days from the date of the notice) on or before which, and the place where, the payment required by the notice is to be made and shall state that in the event of non-payment on or before the day and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited. The Board may accept the surrender of any share liable to be forfeited and, in that event, references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender.

Forfeiture if non-compliance with notice

29. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, at any time before payment of all calls or instalments and interest and expenses due in respect of it has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect and the forfeiture shall include all dividends declared and other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

Notice after forfeiture

30. When any share has been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be served upon the person who was before forfeiture the holder of the share but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect to give the notice.

Sale of forfeited shares

31. Until cancelled in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts, a forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was, before forfeiture, the holder or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall decide. The Board may for the purposes of the disposal authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer to the designated transferee. The Company may receive the consideration (if any) given for the share on its disposal and if the share is in registered form may register the transferee as the holder of the share. At any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled by the Board on such terms as the Board may decide.

Arrears to be paid notwithstanding forfeiture

32. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the forfeited shares but shall remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of the forfeiture were payable by him to the Company in respect of those shares with interest thereon at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum (or such lower rate as the Board may decide) from the date of forfeiture until payment, and the Company may enforce payment without being

under any obligation to make any allowance for the value of the shares forfeited or for any consideration received on their disposal.

Statutory declaration as to forfeiture

33. A statutory declaration that the declarant is a director of the Company or the secretary and that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal.

UNTRACED SHAREHOLDERS

Power to sell shares

34. The Company may sell any certificated shares in the Company on behalf of the holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares by instructing a member of the London Stock Exchange to sell them at the best price reasonably obtainable at the time of the sale if:-
- (i) the shares have been in issue either in certificated or uncertificated form throughout the qualifying period and at least three cash dividends have become payable on the shares during the qualifying period,
 - (ii) no cash dividend payable on the shares has either been claimed by presentation to the paying bank of the relative cheque or warrant or been satisfied by the transfer of funds to a bank account designated by the holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares or by transfer of funds by means of a relevant system at any time during the relevant period,
 - (iii) so far as any director of the Company at the end of the relevant period is then aware, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any communication from the holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares,
 - (iv) the Company has caused two advertisements to be published, one in a newspaper with a national circulation and the other in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the last known address of the holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares or the address at which service of notices may be effected under the Articles is located, giving notice of its intention to sell the shares and a period of three months has elapsed from the date of publication of the advertisements or of the last of the two advertisements to be published if they are published on different dates, and

- (v) the Company has given notice to the London Stock Exchange of its intention to make the sale.

For the purpose of this Article:

“the qualifying period” means the period of twelve years immediately preceding the date of publication of the advertisements referred to in sub-paragraph (iv) above or of the first of the two advertisements to be published if they are published on different dates; and

“the relevant period” means the period beginning at the commencement of the qualifying period and ending on the date when all the requirements of sub-paragraphs (i) to (v) above have been satisfied.

If during any relevant period further shares have been issued in right of those held at the beginning of that relevant period or of any previously so issued during that relevant period and all the requirements of sub-paragraphs (ii) to (v) above have been satisfied in regard to the further shares, the Company may also sell the further shares.

To give effect to any sale of shares pursuant to this Article the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares in question and an instrument of transfer executed by that person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of sale shall belong to the Company and, upon their receipt, the Company shall become indebted to the former holder of, or person entitled by transmission to, the shares for an amount equal to the net proceeds. No trust shall be created in respect of the debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any moneys earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit.

Cessation of dividend payments

35. The Company may cease to send any cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument through the post or employ any other means of payment, including payment by means of a relevant system, for any dividend payable on any shares in the Company which is normally paid in that manner on those shares if in respect of at least two consecutive dividends payable on those shares the cheques, warrants or similar financial instruments have been returned undelivered or remain uncashed or that means of payment has failed. In addition, the Company may cease to send any cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument through the post or may cease to employ any other means of payment if, in respect of one dividend payable on those shares, the cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument has been returned undelivered or remains uncashed or that means of payment has failed and reasonable enquiries have failed to establish any new address of the registered holder.

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may recommence sending cheques, warrants or similar financial instruments or employing such other means in respect of dividends payable on those shares if the holder or person entitled by transmission requests such recommencement in writing.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

Transfer of shares

36. Subject to such of the restrictions of these Articles as may be applicable:-
- (i) any member may transfer all or any of his uncertificated shares by means of a relevant system in such manner provided for and subject as provided in the Uncertificated Securities Regulations and the rules of any relevant system, and accordingly no provision of these Articles shall apply in respect of an uncertificated share to the extent that it requires or contemplates the effecting of a transfer by an instrument in writing or the production of a certificate for the share to be transferred; and
 - (ii) any member may transfer all or any of his certificated shares by an instrument of transfer in any usual form or in any other form which the Board may approve.

Execution of transfer

37. The instrument of transfer of a certificated share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (in the case of a partly paid share) the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect of it. All instruments of transfer, when registered, may be retained by the Company.

Right to decline registration of partly paid shares

38. The Board may, in its absolute discretion and without giving any reason for so doing, decline to register any transfer of any share which is not a fully paid share.

Other rights to decline registration

39. (A) The Board may only decline to register a transfer of an uncertificated share in the circumstances set out in the Uncertificated Securities Regulations, and where, in the case of a transfer to joint holders, the number of joint holders to whom the uncertificated share is to be transferred exceeds four.
- (B) The Board may decline to register a transfer of a certificated share unless:-

- (i) the instrument of transfer is lodged with the Company accompanied (save in the case of a transfer by a person to whom the Company is not required by law to issue a certificate) by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer, (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person to do so);
- (ii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share; and
- (iii) in the case of a transfer to joint holders, the number of joint holders to whom the share is to be transferred does not exceed four.

Notice of refusal

40. If the Board declines to register a transfer it shall, within two months after the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged or, in the case of uncertificated shares, within two months after the date on which the relevant Operator-instruction was received, send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

No fee for registration

41. No fee shall be charged by the Company for registering any transfer or document relating to or affecting the title to any share or for making any other entry in the register.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Transmission on death

42. If a member dies, the survivor or survivors, where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives, where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his shares; but nothing contained in these Articles shall release the estate of a deceased holder from any liability in respect of any share held by him solely or jointly with other persons.

Entry of transmission in register

43. Where the entitlement of a person to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to its transmission by operation of law is proved to the satisfaction of the Board, the Board shall within two months after proof cause the entitlement of that person to be noted in the register.

Election of person entitled by transmission

44. Any person entitled by transmission to a share may, subject as provided elsewhere in these Articles, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the holder. If he elects to be registered himself, he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered, he shall transfer title to the share to that person. All the provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or transfer as if the death or bankruptcy of the member or other event giving rise to the transmission had not occurred and the notice or transfer was given or executed by the member.

Rights of person entitled by transmission

45. Where a person becomes entitled by transmission to a share, the rights of the holder in relation to that share shall cease, but the person entitled by transmission to the share may give a good discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of it and shall have the same rights in relation to the share as he would have had if he were the holder of it save that, until he becomes the holder, he shall not be entitled in respect of the share to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company or at any separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company. The Board may at any time give notice requiring the person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and if the notice is not complied with within sixty days the Board may withhold payment of all dividends and other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Increase, consolidation, sub-division and cancellation

46. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution:-
- (i) increase its share capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount as the resolution shall prescribe;
 - (ii) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (iii) subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others; and
 - (iv) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

Fractions

47. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Board may deal with the fractions as it thinks fit and in particular may sell the shares representing the fractions to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members and the Board may authorise some person to transfer or deliver the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The person to whom any shares are transferred or delivered shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in, or invalidity of, the proceedings relating to the sale.

Reduction of capital

48. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve, any share premium account and other undistributable reserve in any way.

GENERAL MEETINGS

Extraordinary general meetings

49. Any general meeting of the Company other than an annual general meeting shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Annual general meetings

50. The Board shall convene and the Company shall hold general meetings as annual general meetings in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts.

Separate general meetings

51. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall apply, with any necessary modifications, to any separate general meeting of the holders of shares of a class convened otherwise than in connection with the variation or abrogation of the rights attached to the shares of that class. For this purpose, a general meeting at which no holder of a share other than an Ordinary share may, in his capacity as a member, attend or vote shall also constitute a separate general meeting of the holders of the Ordinary shares.

Convening of extraordinary general meetings

52. The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting whenever it thinks fit and, upon receipt of a requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Acts, shall forthwith proceed to do so for a date not later than seven weeks after deposit of the requisition at the office.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Length of notice

53. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting convened for the passing of a special resolution or (save as provided by the Companies Acts) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company shall be convened by not less than twenty-one clear days' notice in writing. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be convened by not less than fourteen clear days' notice in writing. The notice shall specify the place, day and time of the meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Notice of every general meeting shall be given to all members other than any who, under the provisions of these Articles or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such notices from the Company, and also to the auditors or, if more than one, each of them.

Notwithstanding that a meeting of the Company is convened by shorter notice than that specified in this Article, it shall be deemed to have been properly convened if it is so agreed:-

- (i) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting; and
- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

Omission or non-receipt of notice

54. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting or the accidental omission to send any document relating to the meeting, or the non-receipt of any such notice or document by any person entitled to receive the notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

Use of Overflow Rooms

55. If it appears to the Board that any meeting place specified in the notice convening a general meeting (the "Principal Place") may be or is likely to be inadequate to accommodate all members and proxies entitled and wishing to attend the general meeting, the Board may at any time make arrangements for simultaneous attendance and participation by members and proxies at one or more other places ("Overflow Rooms"), notwithstanding the specification of the Principal Place in the notice convening the meeting, and may make arrangements regarding the level of attendance at the Principal Place, provided that these arrangements shall operate so that any members and proxies excluded from attendance at the Principal Place are able to attend at one of the Overflow Rooms. The Board may, for the purpose of facilitating the organisation and administration of any general meeting to which such

arrangements apply, from time to time make arrangements, whether involving the issue of tickets (on a basis intended to afford to all members and proxies entitled to attend the meeting an equal opportunity of being admitted to the Principal Place) or the imposition of some random means of selection or otherwise as it shall in its absolute discretion consider to be appropriate, and may from time to time vary any such arrangements or make new arrangements in their place and the entitlement of any member or proxy to attend a general meeting at the Principal Place shall be subject to such arrangements as may be for the time being in force whether stated in the notice of the meeting to apply to that meeting or notified to the members concerned subsequent to the provision of the notice of the meeting. Notwithstanding that any Overflow Rooms may be used, for the purposes of all of the other provisions of these Articles any meeting in respect of which Overflow Rooms are used shall be treated as being held and taking place at the Principal Place.

Postponement of general meetings

56. If the Board, in its absolute discretion, considers that it is impractical or unreasonable for any reason to hold a general meeting on the date or at the time or place specified in the notice calling the general meeting, it may postpone the general meeting to another date, time and place. When a meeting is so postponed, notice of the date, time and place of the postponed meeting shall be placed in at least two national newspapers in the United Kingdom. Notice of the business to be transacted at such postponed meeting shall not be required.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Quorum

57. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business, but the absence of a quorum shall not preclude the choice or appointment of a chairman which shall not be treated as part of the business of the meeting. Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes.

Procedure if quorum not present

58. If within five minutes (or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the chairman of the meeting may decide to wait) after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to such other day (being not less than three nor more than twenty-eight days later) and at such other time or place as may have been specified in the notice convening the meeting. Where no such arrangements have been so specified, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such other day (not being less than ten nor more than twenty-eight days later) and at such other time or place as the chairman of the meeting may decide, and, in this

case, the Company shall give not less than seven clear days' notice in writing of the adjourned meeting. At any adjourned meeting one member present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum and any notice of an adjourned meeting shall state that one member present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum.

Security arrangements

59. The Board may direct that persons wishing to attend any general meeting should submit to such searches or other security arrangements or restrictions as the Board shall consider appropriate in the circumstances and shall be entitled in its absolute discretion to (or to authorise some one or more persons who shall include a director or the secretary or the chairman of the meeting to) refuse entry to, or to eject from, such general meeting any person who fails to submit to such searches or otherwise to comply with such security arrangements or restrictions.

Chairman of general meeting

60. The chairman (if any) of the Board or, in his absence, the deputy chairman (if any) shall preside as chairman at every general meeting. If there is no chairman or deputy chairman, or if at any meeting neither the chairman nor any deputy chairman is present within five minutes after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, or if neither the chairman nor any deputy chairman is willing to act as chairman, the directors present shall choose one of their number to act, or if one director only is present he shall preside as chairman if willing to act. If no director is present, or if each of the directors present declines to take the chair, the persons present and entitled to vote shall appoint one of their number to be chairman.

Orderly conduct

61. The chairman shall take such action as he thinks fit to promote the orderly conduct of the business of the meeting as laid down in the notice of the meeting and the chairman's decision on matters of procedure or arising incidentally from the business of the meeting shall be final as shall be his determination as to whether any matter is of such a nature.

Attendance at general meetings

62. Each director shall be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting of the Company and at any separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company. The chairman may invite any person to attend and speak at any general meeting of the Company whom the chairman considers to be equipped by knowledge or experience of the Company's business to assist in the deliberations of the meeting. In addition, the chairman may invite any person who has been nominated for the purpose by a member of the Company, where the chairman is satisfied that at such time as the chairman may

determine, the member holds any shares in the Company as such person's nominee, to attend and, if the chairman considers it appropriate, to speak at any general meeting of the Company.

Adjournments

63. The chairman may at any time without the consent of the meeting adjourn any meeting (whether or not it has commenced or a quorum is present) either sine die or to another time or place where it appears to him that (a) the members wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place appointed for the meeting (b) the conduct of persons present prevents or is likely to prevent the orderly continuation of business or (c) an adjournment is otherwise necessary so that the business of the meeting may be properly conducted. In addition, the chairman may at any time with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting either sine die or to another time or place. When a meeting is adjourned sine die the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Board. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place.

Notice of adjournment

64. When a meeting is adjourned for three months or more, or sine die, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Except where these Articles otherwise require, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Amendments to resolutions

65. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special or extraordinary resolution no amendment thereto (other than an amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted upon and in the case of a resolution duly proposed as an ordinary resolution no amendment thereto (other than an amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted upon unless either at least forty-eight hours prior to the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which such ordinary resolution is to be proposed notice in writing of the terms of the amendment and intention to move the same has been lodged at the office or the chairman in his absolute discretion decides that it may be considered or voted upon.

Amendments ruled out of order

66. If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling.

VOTING

Method of voting

67. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) a poll is properly demanded. Subject to the Companies Acts and the next following Article, a poll may be demanded by:-
- (i) the chairman of the meeting, or
 - (ii) at least three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, or
 - (iii) any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to attend and vote at the meeting, or
 - (iv) any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares conferring a right to attend and vote at the meeting on which there have been paid up sums in the aggregate equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

Unless a poll is so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or not carried by a particular majority or lost shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the resolution.

Poll on an adjournment

68. On a question of the adjournment of any meeting, a poll may only be demanded by the chairman of the meeting.

Procedure if poll demanded

69. If a poll is properly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman shall direct and he may appoint scrutineers who need not be members. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

When poll to be taken

70. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place and/or on such date (being not later than thirty days after the date of

the demand) as the chairman shall direct. It shall not be necessary (unless the chairman otherwise directs) for notice to be given of a poll.

Continuance of other business after poll demand

71. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded, and it may be withdrawn with the consent of the chairman at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier, and in that event shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

Votes on a poll

72. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

Casting vote of chairman

73. In the case of an equality of votes at a general meeting, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to an additional or casting vote.

Votes of joint holders

74. In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and, for this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register in respect of the joint holding.

Voting on behalf of incapable member

75. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any competent court or official on the ground that he is or may be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of managing his affairs may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by any person authorised in such circumstances to do so on his behalf and that person may vote on a poll by proxy, provided that evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote has been delivered at the office (or at such other place as may be specified in accordance with these Articles for the delivery of instruments appointing a proxy) not later than the last time at which an instrument of proxy should have been delivered in order to be valid for use at that meeting or on the holding of that poll.

Suspension of rights for non-disclosure of interest

76. (A) Where the holder of any shares in the Company, or any other person appearing to be interested in those shares, fails to comply within the relevant period with any statutory notice in respect of those shares, the

Company may give the holder of those shares a further notice (a "restriction notice") to the effect that from the service of the restriction notice those shares will be subject to some or all of the relevant restrictions, and from service of the restriction notice those shares shall, notwithstanding any other provisions of these articles, be subject to those relevant restrictions accordingly.

- (B) If after the service of a restriction notice in respect of any shares the Board is satisfied that all information required by any statutory notice relating to those shares or any of them from their holder or any other person appearing to be interested in the shares the subject of the restriction notice has been supplied, the Company shall, within seven days, cancel the restriction notice. The Company may at any time at its discretion cancel or suspend any restriction notice or exclude any shares from it. A restriction notice shall automatically cease to have effect in respect of any shares transferred where the transfer has been shown to the Company to be pursuant to an arm's length sale of those shares.
- (C) Where any restriction notice is cancelled or ceases to have effect, any moneys withheld by reason of that notice shall be paid without interest to the person who would but for the notice have been entitled to them or as such person may direct.
- (D) Any new shares in the Company issued in right of any shares subject to a restriction notice shall also be subject to the restriction notice and the Board may make any right to an allotment of the new shares subject to restrictions corresponding to those which will apply to those shares by reason of the restriction notice when such shares are issued.
- (E) Any holder of shares on whom a restriction notice has been served may at any time request the Company to give in writing the reason why the restriction notice has been served, or why it remains uncanceled, and within 14 days of receipt of such a notice the Company shall give that information accordingly.
- (F) If a statutory notice is given by the Company to a person appearing to be interested in any share, a copy shall at the same time be given to the holder, but the failure or omission to do so or the non-receipt of the copy by the holder shall not invalidate such notice.
- (G) This Article is in addition to, and shall not in any way prejudice or affect, the statutory rights of the Company arising from any failure by any person to give any information required by a statutory notice within the time specified in it. For the purpose of this Article, a statutory notice need not specify the relevant period, and may require any information to be given before the expiry of the relevant period. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be liable to any person as a result of the Board having imposed restrictions pursuant to this Article or failed to cancel any restriction notice if the Board had acted in good faith.

- (H) Where any person appearing to be interested in shares has been duly served with a statutory notice in respect of the shares and the shares in which he appears to be interested are held by an Approved Depositary, the provisions of this Article shall be treated as applying only to those shares held by the Approved Depositary in which such person appears to be interested and not (insofar as such person's apparent interest is concerned) to any other shares held by the Approved Depositary.
- (I) Where any holder of shares on whom a statutory notice is served is an Approved Depositary acting in its capacity as such, the obligations of the Approved Depositary as a member of the Company shall be limited to disclosing to the Company such information relating to any person appearing to be interested in the shares held by it as has been recorded by it pursuant to the arrangements entered into by the Company or approved by the directors pursuant to which it was appointed as an Approved Depositary.

- (J) In this Article:-

a sale is an "arm's length sale" if the Board is satisfied that it is a bona fide sale of the whole of the beneficial ownership of the shares to a party unconnected with the holder or with any person appearing to be interested in such shares and shall include a sale by way of or in pursuance of acceptance of a takeover offer and a sale through the London Stock Exchange or any other stock exchange outside the United Kingdom on which the Company's shares are normally traded. For this purpose an associate (within the definition of that expression in any statute relating to insolvency in force at the date of adoption of this Article) shall be included amongst the persons who are connected with the holder or any person appearing to be interested in such shares;

"person appearing to be interested" in any shares shall mean:

- (i) any person named in a response to a statutory notice as being so interested;
- (ii) any person shown in any register kept by the Company under the Companies Acts as being so interested;
- (iii) taking into account a response or failure to respond in the light of the response to any other statutory notice and any other relevant information, any person whom the Company has reasonable cause to believe is so interested; or
- (iv) where the member holding such shares is an Approved Depositary any person who has notified the Approved Depositary that he is so interested.

"person with a 0.25 per cent. interest" means a person who holds, or is shown in any register kept by the Company under the Companies Acts as having an interest in, shares in the Company which comprise in total at least 0.25 per cent. in number or nominal value of the shares of the Company, or of any class of such shares, in issue at the date of service of the statutory notice or the restriction notice (as the case may be);

"relevant period" means 14 days;

"relevant restrictions" means in the case of a restriction notice served on a person with a 0.25 per cent. interest that:-

- (i) the shares shall not confer on the holder any right to attend or vote either personally or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or at any separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to general meetings;
- (ii) the Board may withhold payment of all or any part of any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the shares and in circumstances where an offer of the right to elect to receive Ordinary shares instead of cash in respect of any dividend is or has been made, the Board may withhold the Ordinary shares which would otherwise be allotted; and
- (iii) the Board may decline to register a transfer of certificated shares or any of them unless such a transfer is an arm's length sale;

and in any other case mean only the restriction specified in sub-paragraph (i) of this definition;

"statutory notice" means a notice served by the Company under the Companies Acts requiring particulars of interests in shares or of the identity of persons interested in shares.

No right to vote where sums overdue on shares

77. No member shall, unless the Board otherwise decides, be entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Company or at any separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.

Objections or errors in voting

78. If:-

- (i) any objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter, or

- (ii) any votes have been counted which ought not to have been counted or which might have been rejected, or
- (iii) any votes are not counted which ought to have been counted,

the objection or error shall not vitiate the decision of the meeting or adjourned meeting on any resolution unless it is raised or pointed out at the meeting or, as the case may be, the adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection or error shall be referred to the chairman and shall only vitiate the decision of the meeting on any resolution if the chairman decides that the same may have affected the decision of the meeting. The decision of the chairman on such matters shall be conclusive.

PROXIES

Execution of proxies

79. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its seal or under the hand of an officer, attorney or other person authorised to sign it.

Delivery of proxies

80. The instrument appointing a proxy and (if required by the Board) any authority under which it is executed or a copy of the authority, certified notarially or in some other manner approved by the Board, may be delivered to the office (or to such other place in the United Kingdom as may be specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any notice of any adjournment or, in either case, in any accompanying document) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or, in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and an instrument of proxy which is not so delivered shall be invalid. When two or more valid but differing instruments of proxy are delivered in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting, the one which is last delivered (regardless of its date or of the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the others as regards that share : if the Company is unable to determine which was last delivered, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or poll concerned.

Maximum validity of proxy

81. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after twelve months have elapsed from the date named in it as the date of its execution.

Form of proxy

82. Instruments of proxy shall be in any usual form or in such other form as the Board may approve and the Board may, if it thinks fit, but subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, send out with the notice of any meeting forms of instrument of proxy (with or without prepaid postage) for use at the meeting either in blank or nominating in the alternative any one or more of the Board or any other person. The instrument of proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument of proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated in it, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.

Proxies by facsimile

83. Any instrument appointing a proxy may be delivered by facsimile transmitted to the office or such other place as is specified in the notice convening a general meeting of the Company or in any notice of adjournment or, in either case, in any accompanying document, provided that:-
- (i) the facsimile is actually received (whether or not it appears to the sender to have been received) at the aforementioned place not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or, in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;
 - (ii) the chairman of the meeting or the secretary or any other person authorised by the Board for the purpose determines in his sole discretion (such determination to be conclusive) that such facsimile has been transmitted in an acceptable manner including a determination that such facsimile is complete and is in a clear and legible form; and
 - (iii) the original instrument appointing the proxy and (if required by the Board) any authority under which it is executed or a copy of the authority, certified notarially or in some other manner approved by the Board, is delivered to the office or such other place as aforesaid not less than one hour before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting.

No regard shall be had to any instrument of proxy delivered by facsimile in respect of which the provisions of this Article are not complied with. The last two sentences of Article 80 (Delivery of proxies) shall apply equally to proxies delivered by facsimile.

Cancellation of proxy's authority

84. A vote given or poll demanded by a proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll, unless notice in writing of the determination was received by the Company at the office (or such other place in the United Kingdom as was specified for the delivery of instruments of proxy in the notice convening the meeting or other accompanying document) not later than the last time at which an instrument of proxy should have been delivered in order to be valid for use at the meeting or on the holding of the poll at which the vote was given or the poll demanded.

APPOINTMENT, RETIREMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Number of directors

85. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution of the Company, the directors (disregarding alternate directors) shall be not less than two nor more than 20 in number.

Age of directors

86. No person shall be disqualified from being appointed a director, and no director shall be required to vacate that office, by reason only of the fact that he has attained the age of seventy years or any other age nor shall it be necessary by reason of his age to give special notice or comply with any other special formality in connection with his appointment or election. Where the Board convenes any general meeting of the Company at which (to the knowledge of the Board) a director will be proposed for appointment or reappointment who at the date for which the meeting is convened will have attained the age of seventy years or more, the Board shall give notice of his age in years in the notice convening the meeting or in any document accompanying the notice, but the accidental omission to do so shall not invalidate any proceedings, or any appointment or reappointment of that director, at that meeting.

Directors' shareholding qualification

87. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

Power of Company to appoint directors

88. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed any maximum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles.

Power of Board to appoint directors

89. Without prejudice to the power of the Company in general meeting pursuant to any of the provisions of these Articles to appoint any person to be a director, the Board may appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed any maximum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors or the number of directors who are to retire by rotation at that meeting.

Number to retire by rotation

90. At every annual general meeting one-third of the directors or, if their number is not three or any multiple of three, then the number nearest to and less than one-third shall retire from office but, if there are fewer than three directors who are subject to retirement by rotation, they shall retire.

Identity of directors to retire

91. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and of these Articles, the directors to retire by rotation on each occasion shall include (so far as is necessary to obtain the number required) any director who wishes to retire and not offer himself for re-election. Any further directors so to retire shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment but, as between persons who became or were last reappointed directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. The directors to retire on each occasion (both as to number and identity) shall be determined by the composition of the Board at start of business on the date of the notice convening the annual general meeting and no director shall be required to retire or be relieved from retiring by reason of any change in the number or identity of the directors after that time on the date of the notice but before the close of the meeting.

Filling rotation vacancies

92. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation may fill the vacated office and in default the retiring director shall, if willing to continue to act, be deemed to have been reappointed, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill the vacated office or unless a resolution for the reappointment of that director has been put to the meeting and lost.

Persons eligible as directors

93. No person other than a director retiring at the meeting (whether by rotation or otherwise) shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless:-

- (i) he is recommended by the Board, or
- (ii) not less than six nor more than thirty-five clear days before the day appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting (not being the person to be proposed) has been given to the secretary of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed.

Position of retiring directors

94. A director who retires (whether by rotation or otherwise) at an annual general meeting may, if willing to continue to act, be reappointed. If he is not reappointed or deemed to be reappointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.

Power of removal by special resolution

95. In addition to any power of removal conferred by the Companies Acts, the Company may by special resolution remove any director before the expiration of his period of office and may (subject to these Articles) by ordinary resolution appoint another person who is willing to act to be a director in his place. Any person so appointed shall be treated, for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other director is to retire, as if he had become a director on the day on which the person in whose place he is appointed was last appointed or reappointed a director.

Vacation of office requested by other directors

96. Without prejudice to any of the provisions for disqualification of directors or for retirement by rotation contained in these Articles, the office of a director shall be vacated if, by notice in writing delivered to the office or tendered at a meeting of the Board, his resignation is requested by all of the other directors and all of the other directors are not less than three in number.

Vacation of office by directors

97. Without prejudice to the provisions for retirement by rotation or otherwise contained in these Articles, the office of a director shall be vacated if:-
- (i) he resigns his office by notice in writing delivered to the office or tendered at a meeting of the Board, or
 - (ii) he is or has been suffering from mental ill-health or becomes a patient for any purpose of any statute relating to mental health and the Board resolves that his office is vacated, or

- (iii) he is absent without the permission of the Board from meetings of the Board (whether or not an alternate director appointed by him attends) for six consecutive months and the Board resolves that his office is vacated, or
- (iv) he becomes bankrupt or compounds with his creditors generally, or
- (v) he is prohibited by law from being a director, or
- (vi) he ceases to be a director by virtue of the Companies Acts or is removed from office pursuant to these Articles.

If the office of a director is vacated for any reason, he shall cease to be a member of any committee or sub-committee of the Board.

Alternate directors

98. (A) Each director may appoint any person to be his alternate and may at his discretion remove an alternate director so appointed. If the alternate director is not already a director, the appointment, unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to its being so approved. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be effected by notice in writing executed by the appointor and delivered to the office or tendered at a meeting of the Board, or in any other manner approved by the Board. If his appointor so requests, an alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board of which his appointor is a member. He shall also be entitled to attend and vote as a director at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present and at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he were a director.
- (B) Every person acting as an alternate director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternate and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these Articles relating to directors and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the director appointing him. An alternate director may be paid expenses and shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any fee in his capacity as an alternate director.
- (C) Every person acting as an alternate director shall have one vote for each director for whom he acts as alternate, in addition to his own vote if he is also a director. Execution by an alternate director of any resolution in writing of the Board or a committee of the Board shall, unless the notice

of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as execution by his appointor.

- (D) An alternate director shall automatically cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a director except that, if at any meeting any director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to be reappointed at the same meeting, any appointment made by him pursuant to this Article which was in force immediately before his retirement shall remain in force as though he had not retired.

Executive directors

99. The Board or any committee authorised by the Board may from time to time appoint one or more of its body to hold any employment or executive office with the Company for such period (subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts) and upon such other terms as the Board or any committee authorised by the Board may in its discretion decide and may revoke or terminate any appointment so made. Any revocation or termination of the appointment shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages that the director may have against the Company or the Company may have against the director for any breach of any contract of service between him and the Company which may be involved in the revocation or termination. A director so appointed shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board or any committee authorised by the Board may decide, and either in addition to or in lieu of his remuneration as a director.

Employees' job titles including the word "director"

100. The Board may at any time and from time to time grant to any employee of the Company a job title which includes the word "director", notwithstanding that such person is not a director of the Company and the Board may at any time and from time to time remove or vary any such job title. The fact that such a person has a job title which includes the word "director" shall not be taken to imply that he is a director of the Company and such a person shall not be permitted to act as a director of the Company, shall not acquire any power or authority to exercise any of the powers or authorities conferred on directors of the Company and shall not be treated as a director of the Company for any purpose including for the purposes of the Companies Acts or these Articles, in each case as a result of having such a title.

FEES, ADDITIONAL REMUNERATION, EXPENSES AND PENSIONS

Non-executive directors' fees

101. Each of the non-executive directors shall be paid a fee at such rate as may from time to time be determined by the Board provided that the aggregate of all fees so paid to such directors (excluding amounts payable under any other provision

of these Articles) shall not exceed £250,000 (exclusive of value added tax, if applicable) per annum or such higher amount as may from time to time be decided by ordinary resolution of the Company provided further that the maximum aggregate level of non-executive directors' fees shall in any event be increased on each anniversary of the date of adoption of these Articles by the same percentage by which the Index of Retail Prices for all items last published by the Department of Environment (or such other comparable index as may be substituted therefor from time to time) before such anniversary shall have increased over the index last published before the date falling one year before such anniversary.

Additional remuneration for non-executive directors

102. Any non-executive director who performs services which in the opinion of the Board or any committee authorised by the Board go beyond the ordinary duties of a non-executive director may be paid such extra remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board or any committee authorised by the Board may in its discretion decide in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article.

Expenses

103. Each director may be paid his reasonable travelling, hotel and incidental expenses of attending and returning from meetings of the Board or committees of the Board or general meetings of the Company or any other meeting which as a director he is entitled to attend and shall be paid all expenses properly and reasonably incurred by him in the conduct of the Company's business or in the discharge of his duties as a director.

Pensions and gratuities for directors

104. The Board or any committee authorised by the Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to provide benefits, either by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or in any other manner whether similar to the foregoing or not, for any director or former director or the relations, connections or dependants of any director or former director provided that no benefits (except such as may be provided for by any other Article) may be granted to or in respect of a director or former director who has not been employed by, or held an executive office or place of profit under, the Company or any body corporate which is or has been its Subsidiary or any predecessor in business of the Company or any such body corporate without the approval of an ordinary resolution of the Company. No director or former director shall be accountable to the Company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to this Article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the Company.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Permitted interests and voting

105. (A) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and of paragraph (J) of this Article, no director or proposed or intending director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatever, nor shall any contract in which any director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any director who is so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit realised by the contract by reason of the director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.
- (B) A director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of auditor) in conjunction with his office of director for such period (subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts) and upon such other terms as the Board may decide, and may be paid such extra remuneration for so doing (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board or any committee authorised by the Board may decide, and either in addition to or in lieu of any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article.
- (C) A director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested or as regards which it has any power of appointment, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in the other company. The Board may also cause any voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company or any power of appointment to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise of the voting power or power of appointment in favour of the appointment of the directors or any of them as directors or officers of the other company, or in favour of the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of the other company.
- (D) A director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director.
- (E) A director shall not vote on or be counted in the quorum in relation to any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment, or the settlement or variation of the terms or the termination of his own appointment, as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested but,

where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment, or the settlement or variation of the terms or the termination of the appointment, of two or more directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each director and in that case each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution unless it concerns his own appointment or the settlement or variation of the terms or the termination of his own appointment or the appointment of another director to an office or place of profit with a company in which the Company is interested and the director seeking to vote or be counted in the quorum owns one per cent. or more of it.

- (F) Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, a director shall not vote on, or be counted in the quorum in relation to, any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract in which he has an interest which (taken together with any interest of any person connected with him) is to his knowledge a material interest and, if he shall do so, his vote shall not be counted, but this prohibition shall not apply to any resolution concerning any of the following matters:-
- (i) the giving to him of any guarantee, indemnity or security in respect of money lent or obligations undertaken by him or by any other person at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries,
 - (ii) the giving to a third party of any guarantee, indemnity or security in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security,
 - (iii) where the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is offering securities in which offer the director is or may be entitled to participate as a holder of securities or in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of which the director is to participate,
 - (iv) any contract in which he is interested by virtue of his interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or by reason of any other interest in or through the Company,
 - (v) any contract concerning any other company (not being a company in which the director owns one per cent. or more) in which he is interested directly or indirectly whether as an officer, shareholder, creditor or otherwise howsoever,
 - (vi) any contract concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates both to directors and employees of the

Company or of any of its Subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any director as such any privilege or advantage not accorded to the employees to which the fund or scheme relates,

- (vii) any contract for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any of its Subsidiaries under which he benefits in a similar manner as the employees and which does not accord to any director as such any privilege or advantage not accorded to the employees to whom the contract relates, and
 - (viii) any contract for the purchase or maintenance for any director or directors of insurance against any liability.
- (G) A company shall be deemed to be one in which a director owns one per cent. or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he, taken together with any person connected with him, is to his knowledge (either directly or indirectly) the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of that company or of the voting rights available to members of that company. For the purpose of this paragraph of this Article there shall be disregarded any shares held by the director or any such person as bare or custodian trustee and in which he has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which his, or any such person's interest is in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income of the trust and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which he, or any such person, is interested only as a unit holder.
- (H) Where a company in which a director owns one per cent. or more is materially interested in a contract, he also shall be deemed materially interested in that contract.
- (I) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or as to the entitlement of any director (other than the chairman of the meeting) to vote or be counted in the quorum and the question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, the question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to the director concerned shall be conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of his interest (so far as it is known to him) has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting, the question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose the chairman shall be counted in the quorum but shall not vote on the matter) and the resolution shall be conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the chairman (so far as it is known to him) has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.

- (J) A director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Article, a general notice to the Board by a director to the effect that (a) he is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract which may after the date of the notice be made with that company or firm or (b) he is to be regarded as interested in any contract which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him, shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Article in relation to any such contract; provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given.
- (K) References in this Article to a contract include references to any proposed contract and to any transaction or arrangement whether or not constituting a contract.
- (L) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any contract not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD

General powers of Company vested in Board

106. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the memorandum of association of the Company and these Articles and to any directions given by the Company in general meeting by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board which may exercise all the powers of the Company whether relating to the management of the business of the Company or not. No alteration of the memorandum of association or these Articles and no special resolution shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that resolution had not been passed. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Board by any other Article.

Agents

107. The Board may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company upon such terms (including terms as to remuneration) as it may decide and may delegate to any person so appointed any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate). The Board may remove any person appointed under this Article and may revoke

or vary the delegation but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of the revocation or variation shall be affected by it. The power to delegate contained in this Article shall be effective in relation to the powers, authorities and discretions of the Board generally and shall not be limited by the fact that in certain Articles, but not in others, express reference is made to particular powers, authorities or discretions being exercised by the Board or by a committee authorised by the Board.

Delegations to individual directors

108. The Board may entrust to and confer upon any director any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate) upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit, and either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of, its own powers, authorities and discretions and may from time to time revoke or vary all or any of them but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of the revocation or variation shall be affected by it. The power to delegate contained in this Article shall be effective in relation to the powers, authorities and discretions of the Board generally and shall not be limited by the fact that in certain Articles, but not in others, express reference is made to particular powers, authorities or discretions being exercised by the Board or by a committee authorised by the Board.

Official seals

109. The Company may exercise all the powers conferred by the Companies Acts with regard to having official seals, and those powers shall be vested in the Board.

Registers

110. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may keep an overseas or local or other register in any place, and the Board may make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of the register provided that if there are in issue any uncertificated shares such regulations shall be consistent with the Uncertificated Securities Regulations.

Provision for employees

111. The Board may exercise any power conferred by the Companies Acts to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that Subsidiary.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

Board meetings

112. The Board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. A director at any time may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director at any time shall, summon a Board meeting.

Notice of Board meetings

113. Notice of a Board meeting shall be deemed to be properly given to a director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose. A director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request the Board that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at an address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but such notices need not be given any earlier than notices given to directors not so absent and if no request is made to the Board it shall not be necessary to give notice of a Board meeting to any director who is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. A director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

Quorum

114. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board may be fixed by the Board and, unless so fixed at any other number, shall be two. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, any director who ceases to be a director at a Board meeting may continue to be present and to act as a director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of the Board meeting if no other director objects and if otherwise a quorum of directors would not be present.

Directors below minimum through vacancies

115. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if and so long as the number of directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles, the continuing directors or director, notwithstanding that the number of directors is below the number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the quorum or that there is only one continuing director, may act for the purpose of filling vacancies or of summoning general meetings of the Company but not for any other purpose.

Appointment of chairman

116. The Board may appoint a director to be the chairman or the deputy chairman of the Board, and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the chairman or failing him the deputy chairman shall act as

chairman at every meeting of the Board. But if no chairman or deputy chairman is appointed, or if at any meeting neither the chairman nor any deputy chairman is present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

Competence of meetings

117. A meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board.

Voting

118. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

Delegation to committees

119. (A) The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate) to any committee, consisting of such person or persons (whether a member or members of its body or not) as it thinks fit. Any committee so formed may exercise its powers to sub-delegate by sub-delegating to any person or persons (whether or not a member or members of the Board or of the committee).
- (B) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers, authorities and discretions so delegated, conform to any regulations which may be imposed on it by the Board. The meetings and proceedings of any committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions contained in these Articles for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so far as the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations imposed by the Board.
- (C) The power to delegate contained in this Article shall be effective in relation to the powers, authorities and discretions of the Board generally and shall not be limited by the fact that in certain Articles, but not in others, express reference is made to particular powers, authorities or discretions being exercised by the Board or by a committee authorised by the Board.

Participation in meetings by telephone

120. All or any of the members of the Board or any committee of the Board may participate in a meeting of the Board or that committee by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to speak to and hear each other. A person

so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is.

Resolution in writing

121. A resolution in writing executed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board (if that number is sufficient to constitute a quorum) or by all the members of a committee for the time being shall be as valid and effectual as a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board or, as the case may be, of the committee properly called and constituted. The resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each executed by one or more of the directors or members of the committee concerned and may be in any form including facsimile.

Validity of acts of Board or committee

122. All acts done by the Board or by any committee or by any person acting as a director or member of a committee shall notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any member of the Board or committee or person so acting or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if each such member or person had been properly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote.

Secretary

123. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term and upon such conditions as the Board may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. The company secretary shall receive such remuneration as the Board or any committee authorised by the Board shall decide.

Authentication of documents

124. Any director or the secretary or any person appointed by the Board for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents relating to the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Board or any committee authorised by the Board, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts and/or as being up-to-date or as not having been superseded, and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the office the officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Board as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or

any committee authorised by the Board which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

SEALS

Use of seals

125. The Board shall provide for the custody of every seal of the Company. A seal shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf. Subject as otherwise provided in these Articles, any instrument to which the common seal is applied shall be signed by at least one director and the secretary or by at least two directors or by such other person or persons as the Board may approve. Any instrument to which an official seal is applied need not, unless the Board for the time being otherwise decides or the law otherwise requires, be signed by any person.

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER PAYMENTS

Declaration of dividends by Company

126. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may by ordinary resolution from time to time declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Payment of interim and fixed dividends by Board

127. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Board may pay such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the financial position of the Company and may also pay any dividend payable at a fixed rate at intervals settled by the Board whenever the financial position of the Company, in the opinion of the Board, justifies its payment. If the Board acts in good faith, it shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer in consequence of the payment of an interim or fixed dividend on any shares having non-preferred or deferred rights.

Dividends paid according to amount and period shares paid up

128. Except insofar as the rights attaching to, or the terms of issue of, any share otherwise provide:-
- (i) all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares in respect of which the dividend is paid, but no amount paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid up on the share, and

- (ii) all dividends shall be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.

Amounts due on shares may be deducted from dividends

129. The Board may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable to a member by the Company on or in respect of any shares all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in respect of shares of the Company.

No interest on dividends

130. Subject as provided in these Articles, all dividends unclaimed may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed. No dividend or other moneys payable by the Company on or in respect of any share shall bear interest against the Company.

Payment of dividends in foreign currencies

131. The Board may in its discretion make provisions to enable such Approved Depositary and/or member as the Board shall from time to time determine to receive dividends duly declared in a currency or currencies other than sterling. For the purposes of the calculation of the amount receivable in respect of any dividend, the rate of exchange to be used to determine the foreign currency equivalent of any sum payable as a dividend shall be such market rate selected by the Board as they shall consider appropriate ruling at the close of business in London on the date which is the business day last preceding (a) in the case of a dividend to be declared by the Company in general meeting, the date on which the Board publicly announces its intention to recommend that specific dividend and (b) in the case of any other dividend, the date on which the Board publicly announces its intention to pay that specific dividend.

Payment procedure

132. (A) Any dividend or other sum payable by the Company (whether in sterling or foreign currency pursuant to provisions made under these Articles) in respect of a share may be paid by cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument sent by post addressed to the holder at his registered address or, in the case of an Approved Depositary, subject to the approval of the Board, to such persons and addresses or, in the case of joint holders, addressed to the holder whose name stands first in the register in respect of the shares at his address as appearing in the register or addressed to such person and at such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument shall, unless the holder or joint holders otherwise direct, be made payable to the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder whose name stands first on the register in respect of the shares, and shall be sent at his or their risk and payment of the cheque, warrant or

similar financial instrument by the bank on which it is drawn shall constitute a good discharge to the Company. In addition, any such dividend or other sum may be paid by any bank or other funds transfer system or such other means including, in respect of uncertificated shares, by means of the facilities and requirements of a relevant system and to or through such person as the holder, an Approved Depositary or joint holders (as the case may be) may in writing direct, and the Company shall have no responsibility for any sums lost or delayed in the course of any such transfer or where it has acted on any such directions. Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable or property distributable in respect of the shares held by them. Where a person is entitled by transmission to a share, any dividend or other sum payable by the Company in respect of the share may be paid as if he was a holder of the share and his address noted in the register was his registered address.

- (B) Where an Approved Depositary approved by the Board for the purposes of this Article has elected or agreed pursuant to provision made under these Articles to receive dividends in a foreign currency, the Board may in its discretion approve the entering into of arrangements with the Approved Depositary to enable payment of the dividend to be made to the Approved Depositary in such foreign currency for value on the date on which the relevant dividend is paid, or such date as the Board may determine.

Forfeiture of unclaimed dividends

133. Any dividend unclaimed after a period of twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company and the payment by the Board of any unclaimed dividend or other sum payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect of it.

Dividends not in cash

134. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the Board, by ordinary resolution direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets, and in particular of paid up shares or debentures of any other Company, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle it as it thinks expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates or authorise any person to sell and transfer any fractions or may ignore fractions altogether, and may fix the value for distribution purposes of any assets to be distributed and may determine that cash shall be paid to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to secure equality of distribution and may vest any assets to be distributed in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board.

Scrip dividends

135. The Board may, if authorised by an ordinary resolution of the Company, offer any holders of Ordinary shares the right to elect to receive Ordinary shares, credited as fully paid, instead of cash in respect of the whole (or some part, to be determined by the Board) of all or any dividends specified by the ordinary resolution. The following provisions shall apply:-

- (A) An ordinary resolution may specify a particular dividend (whether or not already declared) or may specify all or any dividends declared within a specified period, but such period may not end later than the fifth anniversary of the date of the meeting at which the ordinary resolution is passed.
- (B) Save where the ordinary resolution specifies or requires otherwise, the entitlement of each holder of Ordinary shares to new ordinary shares shall be such that the relevant value of the entitlement shall be as nearly as practicable equal to (but not greater than) the cash amount (disregarding any tax credit) of the dividend that such holder elects to forego. For this purpose "relevant value" shall be calculated by reference to the average of the middle market quotations for the Company's Ordinary shares on the London Stock Exchange as derived from the Daily Official List, on the five consecutive dealing days commencing on a date (falling after the day on which the Ordinary shares are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend) as the Board may determine, or in such other manner as may be determined by or in accordance with the ordinary resolution. A certificate or report by the auditors as to the amount of the relevant value in respect of any dividend shall be conclusive evidence of that amount and in giving such a certificate or report the auditors may rely on advice or information from brokers or other sources of information as they think fit.
- (C) No fraction of any Ordinary share shall be allotted. The Board may make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, the benefit thereof accrues to the Company and/or under which fractional entitlements are accrued and/or retained and in each case accumulated on behalf of any member and such accruals or retentions are applied to the allotment by way of bonus to or cash subscription on behalf of such member of fully paid Ordinary shares and/or provisions whereby cash payments may be made to members in respect of their fractional entitlements.
- (D) On or as soon as practicable after announcing that it is to declare or recommend any dividend, the Board, if it intends to offer an election in respect of that dividend, shall also announce that intention. The Board shall, after determining the basis of allotment, if it decides to proceed with the offer, notify the holders of Ordinary shares in writing of the right of election offered to them. The Board shall also specify, save in respect of any subsisting elections (by whatever name called) made by

the holders of Ordinary shares, prior to the date the Board announces that it is to declare or recommend the said dividend and which are expressed to be made in respect of all future dividends the subject of such offers unless and until such elections are revoked ("share mandates") the procedure to be followed which, for the avoidance of doubt, may include an election by means of a relevant system, and the place at which, and the latest time by which elections must be lodged in order to be effective. Neither a share mandate nor any election lodged in respect of a particular dividend in relation to which the Board has announced its intention to offer elections may in either case be revoked as regards the said dividend unless prior to the latest time specified by the Board for lodgement of elections in respect of the said dividend written notice of revocation is lodged at the place specified by the Board as aforesaid.

- (E) The Board shall not proceed with any election unless the Company has sufficient unissued shares authorised for issue and sufficient reserves or funds that may be capitalised to give effect to it after the basis of allotment is determined.
- (F) The Board may exclude from any offer any holders of Ordinary shares where the Board believes that such exclusion is necessary or expedient in relation to legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory, or the Board believes that for any other reason the offer should not be made to them. Without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, the Board may also exclude from any offer Ordinary shares held by an Approved Depositary and Ordinary shares the dividends on which are payable or liable to be payable in foreign currency pursuant to provisions made under these Articles.
- (G) The Board may in its discretion amend, suspend or terminate any offer which is in operation.
- (H) The dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable in cash on Ordinary shares in respect of which an election has been made (for the purposes of this Article "the elected Ordinary shares") and instead additional Ordinary shares shall be allotted to the holders of the elected Ordinary shares on the basis of allotment calculated as stated. For such purpose the Board shall capitalise, out of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) whether or not the same is available for distribution as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the additional Ordinary shares to be allotted on that basis and apply it in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued Ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to the holders of the elected Ordinary shares on that basis.

- (I) The additional Ordinary shares when allotted shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the fully-paid Ordinary shares then in issue except that they will not be entitled to participation in the relevant dividend.
- (J) Unless the Board otherwise determines, or unless the Uncertificated Securities Regulations and/or the rules of the relevant system concerned otherwise require, the new Ordinary share or shares which a member has elected to receive instead of cash in respect of the whole (or some part) of the specified dividend declared in respect of his elected Ordinary shares shall be in uncertificated form (in respect of the member's elected Ordinary shares which were in uncertificated form on the date of the member's election) and/or in certificated form (in respect of the member's elected Ordinary shares which were in certificated form on the date of the member's election).

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

Power to capitalise reserves and funds

136. The Company may, upon the recommendation of the Board, at any time and from time to time pass an ordinary resolution to the effect that it is desirable to capitalise all or any part of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) whether or not the same is available for distribution and accordingly that the amount to be capitalised be set free for distribution among the members or any class of members who would be entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions, on the footing that it is applied either in or towards paying up the amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares in the Company held by those members respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares, debentures or other obligations of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up among those members, or partly in one way and partly in the other, but so that, for the purposes of this Article, a share premium account and a capital redemption reserve, and any reserve or fund representing unrealised profits, may be applied only in paying up in full unissued shares of the Company. The Board may authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of the persons entitled to participate in the distribution providing for the allotment to them respectively of any shares, debentures or other obligations of the Company to which they are entitled on the capitalisation and the agreement shall be binding on those persons.

Settlement of difficulties in distribution

137. Where any difficulty arises in regard to any distribution of any capitalised reserve or fund the Board may settle the matter as it thinks expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates or authorise any person to sell and transfer any fractions or may resolve that the distribution should be as nearly as may be practicable in the correct proportion but not exactly so or may ignore fractions altogether, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to

any members in order to adjust the rights of all parties, as may seem expedient to the Board.

RECORD DATES

Power to choose any record date

138. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, the Company or the Board may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue and such record date may be on or at any time before or after any date on which the dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made. The power to fix any such record date shall include the power to fix a time on the chosen date.

ACCOUNTING RECORDS

Records to be kept

139. The Board shall cause to be kept accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions, and such as to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company at that time, and which accords with the Companies Acts.

Inspection of records

140. The accounting records shall be kept at the office or, subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, at such other place or places as the Board may think fit and shall always be open to inspection by the officers of the Company. No member in his capacity as such shall have any right of inspecting any accounting record or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by ordinary resolution of the Company.

Summary financial statements

141. The Company may send summary financial statements to members of the Company instead of copies of its full accounts and reports.

Additional copies of financial statements

142. The Company may meet, but shall be under no obligation to meet, any request from any of its members to be sent additional copies of its full accounts and reports, or summary financial statements or other communications with members. The Company may, in addition to sending one or more copies of its full accounts and reports, summary financial statements or other communications to its members, send one or more copies directly to any person or persons nominated by any member.

SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

Service of notices

143. Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address addressed to the member or by means of a relevant system or by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned. In the case of joint holders of a share, service or delivery of any notice or document on or to one of the joint holders shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders.

Notice not invalidated by change in register

144. Any notice or document may be served or delivered by the Company by reference to the register as it stands at any time not more than 28 days before the date of service or delivery. No change in the register after that time shall invalidate that service or delivery. Where any notice or document is served on or delivered to any person in respect of a share in accordance with these Articles, no person deriving any title or interest in that share shall be entitled to any further service or delivery of that notice or document.

Members resident abroad

145. Any member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be served upon him shall be entitled to have notices or documents served upon him at that address but, unless he does so, shall not be entitled to receive any notice or documents from the Company.

When notices deemed served

146. Any notice or document, if sent by the Company by post, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which it was put in the post and, in proving service or delivery, it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice or document was properly addressed, prepaid and put in the post. Any notice or other document not sent by post but left by the Company at a registered address shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so left. Any notice served or delivered by the Company by means of a relevant system shall be deemed to have been served when the Company or any sponsoring system participant acting on its behalf sends the issuer-instruction relating to the notice. Any notice or document served or delivered by the Company by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned shall be deemed to have been served when the Company has carried out the action it has been authorised to take for that purpose.

Service of notice on person entitled by transmission

147. A person who is entitled by transmission to a share, upon supplying the Company with an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the said member would have been entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claimants through or under him) in the shares. Otherwise, any notice or other document served on or delivered to any member pursuant to these Articles shall, notwithstanding that the member is then dead or bankrupt or that any other event giving rise to the transmission of the share by operation of law has occurred and whether or not the Company has notice of the death, bankruptcy or other event, be deemed to have been properly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of that member as sole or first-named joint holder.

Power to stop sending notices or other documents to untraced shareholders

148. Subject to the Companies Acts, if on two consecutive occasions notices or other documents have been sent by the Company through the post to any member at his registered address or his address for the service of notices but have been returned undelivered, such member shall not thereafter be entitled to receive subsequent notices or other documents from the Company until he has given the Company a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices and other documents. For the purposes of this Article, references to a document include references to any cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument; but nothing in this Article shall entitle the Company to cease (or refuse to recommence) sending any cheque, warrant or similar financial instrument for any dividend, unless it is otherwise entitled under these Articles to do so.

Notice when post not available

149. If at any time by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the United Kingdom the Company is unable effectively to convene a general meeting by notice sent through the post, a general meeting may be convened by a notice advertised in at least one newspaper with a national circulation and in that event the notice shall be deemed to have been served on all members and persons entitled by transmission, who are entitled to have notice of the meeting served upon them, on the day when the advertisement has appeared in at least one such paper. If at least six clear days prior to the meeting the posting of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom has again become practicable, the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post to the persons entitled to receive them.

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

Presumptions where documents destroyed

150. If the Company destroys:-

- (i) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after a period of one year has elapsed from the date of cancellation, or
- (ii) any instruction concerning the payment of dividends or other moneys in respect of any share or any notification of change of name or address at any time after a period of two years has elapsed from the date the instruction or notification was recorded by the Company, or
- (iii) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after a period of six years has elapsed from the date of registration, or
- (iv) any other document on the basis of which any entry is made in the register at any time after a period of six years has elapsed from the date the entry was first made in the register in respect of it

and the Company destroys the document in good faith and without express notice that its preservation was relevant to a claim, it shall be presumed irrefutably in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate and was properly cancelled, that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument of transfer and was properly registered and that every other document so destroyed was a valid and effective document and that any particulars of it which are recorded in the books or records of the Company were correctly recorded. Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability by reason only of the destruction of any document of the kind mentioned above before the relevant period mentioned in this Article has elapsed or of the fact that any other condition precedent to its destruction mentioned above has not been fulfilled. References in this Article to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner.

WINDING UP

Distribution of assets otherwise than in cash

151. If the Company commences liquidation, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Companies Acts:-

- (i) divide among the members in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and, for that purpose, set such values as he deems fair upon any

property to be divided and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members, or

- (ii) vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit

but no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets upon which there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

Indemnity of officers

152. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may indemnify any director or other officer against any liability and may purchase and maintain for any director or other officer or auditor insurance against any liability. Subject to those provisions, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which the person concerned may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified, and if the Board so determines an auditor may be indemnified, out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him as a director or other officer of the Company, or as auditor, in defending any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under the Companies Acts in which relief is granted to him by the court.

Shares not subject to Scheme of Arrangement

153. (A) In this article, references to the "Scheme" are to the Scheme of Arrangement between the Company and the holders of GrandMet Shares (other than Guinness-held GrandMet Shares and LVMH Shares) and the holders of LVMH Shares (each as defined in the Scheme) dated 3 November 1997 under section 425 of the Companies Act 1985 and terms defined in the Scheme shall have the same meanings in this article.
- (B) If the Company issues any GrandMet Shares (other than to Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness or anyone acting on behalf of Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness) after the Voting Record Time and prior to 6.00 p.m. on the day before the Hearing Date such GrandMet Shares shall be subject to the terms of the Scheme and the holder or holders of such GrandMet Shares shall be bound by the Scheme accordingly.
- (C) If any shares in the Company, other than Scheme Shares, are allotted or issued to any person (a "new number") (other than to Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness or anyone acting on behalf of Guinness or any subsidiary undertaking of Guinness) at or after 6.00

p.m. on the day before the Hearing Date they will, provided that the Scheme has become effective, be immediately transferred to Guinness in consideration of and conditional on the issue to the new member of one ordinary share in Guinness for each share in the Company transferred, being ordinary shares in Guinness which rank *pari passu* with all other ordinary shares in Guinness for the time being in issue and ranking for any dividends or distributions made, paid or declared thereon following the date on which the transfer of the shares in the Company is executed.

- (D) The number of ordinary shares in Guinness to be issued to the new member under this article 153 may be adjusted by the directors in such manner as the Company's auditor may determine, on any reorganisation of the share capital of the Company or of Guinness.
- (E) To give effect to any such transfer required by this article 153, the Company may appoint any person to execute a form of transfer on behalf of the new member in favour of Guinness and to agree for and on behalf of the new member to become a member of Guinness. Pending the registration of Guinness as the holder of any share to be transferred pursuant to this article 153, Guinness shall be empowered to appoint a person nominated by the directors to act as attorney on behalf of each holder of the share in accordance with such directions as Guinness may give in relation to any dealings with or disposal of such share (or any interest therein), exercising any rights attached thereto or receiving any distribution or other benefit accruing or payable in respect thereof and the registered holders of such share shall exercise all rights attaching thereto in accordance with the directions of Guinness but not otherwise."