# HARSCO INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** C C L Whistler

H M Leclercq (Appointed 3 October 2011)

C McGalpine

J J Sweeney (Appointed 3 October 2011)

M E Kimmel (Appointed 1 November 2011)

G C Tilmouth (Appointed 9 July 2012)

A J MacDonald

Company secretary J Mortimer

Company number 00276562

Registered office Harsco House

Regent Park 299 Kingston Road Leatherhead Surrey KT22 7SG

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

First Point

**Buckingham Gate** 

Gatwick RH6 0PP

Bankers National Westminster Bank plc

St James' and Piccadilly Branch

PO Box 2DG Piccadilly London W1A 2DG

Solicitors Freeth Cartwright LLP

Churchill House Regent Road Stoke on Trent Staffordshire ST1 3RQ

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2011

#### Principal activities

The principal activities of Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited are the supply and hire of a wide range of access and related products and services

#### Review of the business

The current economic climate within the Construction, Residential and Infrastructure markets in the UK has adversely affected Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited's results in the year resulting in a loss in order to counter this, a large scale restructuring programme was implemented in 2010 and continued in 2011 which will permanently reduce the cost base of the business. In addition, June 2011 saw the completion of the sale of our non-core accommodation and event services businesses in the UK to the UK-based Wernick Group which will allow Harsco Infrastructure to focus its full resources on blue chip construction and industrial customers in order to return the company to profitability.

#### Key performance indicators

Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited manages the business operations on a divisional basis and monitors performance on a monthly basis against plans and forecasts with a particular focus on revenues, equipment utilisations and service margins. As previously stated the current economic climate within the construction, residential and infrastructure markets in the UK has adversely affected the company's results in the year resulting in a loss. In order to counter this, during the 4th Quarter of 2010 and continuing in 2011 a large scale restructuring programme was implemented which led to an exceptional charge of 2011 of £10,153k which will permanently reduce the cost base of the business for future years.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2010 £nil)

#### Market value of land and buildings

In the opinion of the directors there is no material difference between the market value of land and buildings and the current net book value

#### **Future developments**

Following the restructuring programme and the sale of our non-core accommodation and event services businesses in the UK, Harsco Infrastructure expects to be able to focus its full resources on blue chip construction and industrial customers with a permanently reduced cost base and set the stage for profitable growth

#### Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2011

C C L Whistler H M Leclerca (Appointed 3 October 2011) C McGalpine J J Sweeney (Appointed 3 October 2011) P B O'Kelly (Resigned 5 December 2011) M E Kımmel (Appointed 1 November 2011) G C Tilmouth (Appointed 9 July 2012) R Burns (Resigned 3 October 2011) A J MacDonald M R G Hoad (Resigned 1 November 2011)

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

During the year the company made the following payments	Donations	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
O P C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	During the year the company made the following payments		
Chantable donations 6 8	Chantable donations	6	8

The company made no political donations during the year

Donations to charities were made during the year totalling £6,255 (2010 £8,376) The principal beneficiaries were organisations concerned with the arts, children and people willing to acquire knowledge and experience abroad

#### **Employee involvement**

It is the company's policy to provide employees with relevant information on matters of interest and concern to them on a regular basis. Such matters include developments within the company, health, safety, welfare and company performance. It also includes actions taken during the year to introduce, maintain or develop arrangements aimed at achieving a common awareness of all employees in relation to the financial and economic factors that affect the performance of the company. Communication is generally by means of house journals, news sheets and briefings.

Consultation both formal and informal takes place with employees whenever practicable, and where appropriate with their elected representatives, so that employees' views can be obtained and taken into account on matters likely to affect their interests

#### Disabled persons

It is the company's aim to afford equal opportunities to disabled persons with regard to entering employment and progress within the company. The company's policy is to give full and fair consideration to employment applications from disabled persons having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities, where practical, to continue the employment of and arrange appropriate training for employees of the company who become disabled during their employment with the company, to encourage training, career development and where possible, to provide opportunities for promotion of disabled employees and to seek to comply with applicable current legislation.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate cash flow risk

#### Liquidity risk

The company manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring that the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business. In order to mitigate liquidity risk the company operates bank accounts that are pooled with the bank accounts of various of its fellow group entities.

#### Interest rate cash flow risk

The company is exposed to fair value interest rate risk on its fixed rate borrowings and cash flow interest rate risk on floating rate deposits, bank overdrafts and loans, which earn interest at the bank base rate plus 1%. In order to mitigate interest rate cash flow risk the company operates bank accounts that are pooled with the bank accounts of various of its fellow group entities resulting in a lower overall interest charge for the whole group.

#### Credit risk

All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. The amount of any exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit which is reassessed annually by the board Trade debtors are monitored on an ongoing basis and provision is made for doubtful debts where necessary Credit risk is therefore mitigated by the company not offering credit terms to customers who fail the credit verification procedure and by not extending further credit to customers who have reached their credit limit subject to any legal restrictions.

#### Economic risk

The company is exposed to risks associated with the construction industry and the UK economy as a whole. In order to mitigate this risk the company operates across all sections of the access market including the Industrial, Commercial and Construction markets. We also offer a range services including equipment rental, product sales and contracting

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### Going Concern

The company's result in 2011 was a direct result of the continuing poor market conditions in the United Kingdom construction sector and the overall impact of recession within the United Kingdom economy. The difficulties faced by the construction sector resulted in significant reductions in available margins as pricing became highly competitive. In the light of these circumstances, the directors have considered the going concern position of the company. Harsco Infrastructure Group Limited, one of the company's intermediate parents, has indicated that the necessary finance will continue to be available to enable the company to continue to trade for the foreseeable future. On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

#### Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution proposing that they be reappointed will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the board

C McGalpine

Director 45/9/12

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF HARSCO INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF HARSCO INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Christopher Maidment (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Jestember 2012

Gatwick

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# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes		2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Turnover	2		85,582	107,571
Cost of sales			(80,190)	(80,311)
Gross profit			5,392	27,260
Distribution costs			(18,548)	(21,757)
Administrative expenses			(38,172)	(37,385)
Other operating income			16,310	9,807
Operating loss	3		(35,018)	(22,075)
Loss on sale of fixed assets			-	(4,645)
Profit on disposal of business		2,795		<u>-</u>
			2,795	
Loss on ordinary activities before				
ınterest			(32,223)	(26,720)
Other interest receivable and similar	_			
income	5		18	34
Interest payable and similar charges	6		(266)	(204)
Loss on ordinary activities before				
taxation			(32,471)	(26,890)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7		7,463	10,528
Loss for the financial year	18		(25,008)	(16,362)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

		201	2011		2010	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	8		6,421		6,807	
Tangible assets	9		38,633		50,360	
Investments	10		1,180		1,180	
			46,234		58,347	
Current assets						
Assets held for sale		-		12,016		
Stocks	11	2,144		4,788		
Debtors	12	30,031		29,658		
Cash at bank and in hand		5,973		4,233		
		38,148		50,695		
Creditors: amounts falling due within						
one year	13	(23,007)		(24,731)		
Net current assets			15,141		25,964	
Total assets less current liabilities			61,375		84,311	
Creditors: amounts falling due after						
more than one year	14		(8,604)		(3,538)	
Provisions for liabilities	15		(10,041)		(9,047)	
Deferred tax liability	15				(3,988)	
Net assets			42,730		67,738	
Capital and reserves			<del></del>			
Called up share capital	17		68,260		68,260	
Profit and loss account	18		(25,530)		(522)	
Total shareholders' funds	19		42,730		67,738	

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on  $\frac{25}{9}$ 

C McGalpine
Director

Company Registration No 00276562

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### **Accounting policies**

#### 11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and the Companies Act 2006

The company's result in 2011 was a direct result of the continuing poor market conditions in the United Kingdom construction sector and the overall impact of recession within the United Kingdom economy The difficulties faced by the construction sector resulted in significant reductions in available margins as pricing became highly competitive. In the light of these circumstances the directors have considered the going concern position of the company Harsco Infrastructure Group Limited, one of the company's intermediate parents, has indicated that the necessary finance will continue to be available to enable the company to continue to trade for the foreseeable future. On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group

#### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated)

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, comprises income earned in the United Kingdom from the provision of access and related products and services. Sales income is recognised upon the transfer of goods. Hire income is recognised over the period of the lease. Contract income is recognised over the period of the contract subject to the provisions contained therein. Turnover is recognised on an accruals basis

#### 14 Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is calculated as the surplus of fair value of purchase consideration over fair value attributed to the net assets of subsidiary undertakings acquired. It is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful economic life of up to twenty years. If there are indications of an impairment a review is undertaken to determine if there has been an impairment in value, which would result in the inability to recover the carrying amount. When it is determined that the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the excess is written off to the profit and loss account

#### 15 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold land are stated at historic purchase cost less accumulated depreciation and impairments. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Land and buildings Freehold

Straight line over 50 years for freehold buildings but none on freehold land

Land and buildings Leasehold

Straight line over the lower of 50 years or the life of the

Plant and machinery

lease but none on leasehold land Straight line over between 3 and 20 years

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Straight line over 3 to 5 years

Straight line over 3 to 10 years

Motor vehicles

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 16 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### 17 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment. If there are indications of an impairment a review is undertaken to determine if there has been an impairment in value, which would result in the inability of the investment to support the carrying amount. When it is determined that the carrying value exceeds the value of the investment, the excess is written off to the profit and loss account.

#### 18 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, the weighted average purchase price is used. Provisions are made to value slow moving, obsolete and defective stock at net realisable value.

#### 19 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable. The company participates in a contributory defined benefit pension scheme which is accounted for in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard Number 17 'Retirement Benefits'. The scheme funds are administered by trustees and are independent of the company's finances. The Harsco pension scheme has a defined benefit section. However, the contributions paid by the company are accounted for as if the scheme were a defined contribution scheme, due to the company being unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme.

#### 1.10 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

#### 1.11 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

#### 1 12 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company has not prepared group accounts as it is exempt from the requirement to do so by section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is a subsidiary undertaking of Harsco Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America, and is included in the consolidated accounts of that company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 1 13 Provisions

Provisions for property, insurance, contract losses and redundancy are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated

Property provisions are made for dilapidations. The provision for dilapidation is based on estimated dilapidation costs incurred over the period of the tenancy

The insurance provision relates to the company's liability for known outstanding claims and incurred but not yet reported claims for bodily injury and damage sustained by third parties arising from the company's activities. The liability arises under the insurance policy deductibles, which apply to the company's Employers' Liability and Public/Products Liability policies of insurance.

The contract loss provision is provided immediately to the extent of future losses expected to arise in completing the contract. The redundancy provision is provided on terminations incurred but not yet settled which are normally settled over the following year.

#### 1 14 Share-based payment transactions

The company has issued restricted stock units to certain directors and employees. These must be measured at fair value and recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account. The fair value of the shares is the market value at the time of the grant. The fair value will be charged as an expense in the profit and loss account over the vesting period. Upon vesting the shares are automatically allocated to the recipients with no cash alternative.

#### 1 15 Assets held for sale

Assets held for sale are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

#### 2 Turnover

	lurnov	er
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Class of business		
Sales	17,868	27,120
Equipment hire	17,995	27,195
Contracts	49,719	53,256
	85,582	107,571

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activities as shown above, wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

			_
3	Operating loss	2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
	Operating loss is stated after charging		
	Amortisation of intangible assets	386	385
	Depreciation of tangible assets	12,079	12,705
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	351	-
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	-	59
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	4,394	4,859
	- Other assets	1,946	2,006
	and after crediting		
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets	-	(49)
	Profit on foreign exchange transactions	(12)	-
	Depreciation includes an impairment charge of £4,439,000 (2010 £2,471,000)		
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	252	140
	Services relating to taxation		153
		302	293
		<del></del>	

#### 4 Exceptional costs

During 2010 and 2011 the company undertook a large scale restructuring programme to permanently reduce the cost base of the business and return the company to profitability. The exceptional costs relating to this restructuring have been summarised below -

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Redundancy	3,798	2,706
Tangible fixed asset impairment	4,439	2,471
Stock impairment	557	-
Property costs	1,010	1,530
Transport costs	179	1,233
Other	170 	537
	10,153	8,477

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

5	Other interest receivable and similar income	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Interest from group undertakings	-	7
	Bank interest	13	27
	Other interest	5	
		18	34
6	Interest payable and similar charges	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	On amounts payable to group companies	120	21
	On bank loans and overdrafts	146	182
	Other interest	-	1
		266	204

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Taxation	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Current year tax		
U K corporation tax	(3,473)	(2,586)
Adjustment for prior years	(2)	48
Total current tax	(3,475)	(2,538)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(3,415)	(7,742)
Deferred tax adjustments arising in previous periods	(573)	(248)
	(3,988)	(7,990)
	(7,463)	(10,528)
Factors affecting the tax credit for the year		
Factors affecting the tax credit for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(32,471)	(26,890)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of	(32,471)	(26,890)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(8,605)	(7,529)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 26 50% (2010 - 28 00%)	(8,605)	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 26 50% (2010 - 28 00%)  Effects of		(7,529)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 26 50% (2010 - 28 00%)  Effects of Non deductible expenses	(8,605)	(7,529)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 26 50% (2010 - 28 00%)  Effects of Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back	(8,605) (70) 2,730	(7,529) 373 4,570
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 26 50% (2010 - 28 00%)  Effects of Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Adjustments in respect of prior years	(8,605) (70) 2,730 (2)	(7,529) 373 4,570

The March 2011 UK Budget Statement announced an additional 1% reduction in the main UK corporation tax rate to 26% taking effect from 1 April 2011. The remaining proposed reductions of the main rate of corporation tax were expected to be 1% per year to 23% by 1 April 2014. The UK Government in the 2012 budget announced an additional 1% reduction from 1 April 2012 to 24% (rather than 25%) this was substantively enacted in March 2012 post the balance sheet and therefore has not been included in these financial statements. The further reductions of 1% are expected to be enacted separately each year, ultimately reducing the rate to 22% from 1 April 2014 and as they have not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date they too, are not included in these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

8	Intangible fixed assets	
	-	Goodwill £'000
	Cost	
	At 1 January 2011 & at 31 December 2011	7,698
	Amortisation	
	At 1 January 2011	891
	Charge for the year	386
	At 31 December 2011	1,277
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2011	6,421
	At 31 December 2010	6,807

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Land and buildings Freehold	Land and buildings Leasehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£'000	£'000	£.000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Cost	2000	~ ~ ~ ~	~ 000	2 333	4000	2 550
At 1 January 2011 Additions	6,827 48	4,978 149	98,624 <b>4</b> ,760	2,857 15	543 -	113,829 4,972
Disposals	(279)	(145)	(11,397)	(60)	(276)	(12,157)
At 31 December 2011	6,596	4,982	91,987	2,812	267	106,644
Accumulated depreciation	on			<del></del>		
At 1 January 2011	1,588	3,388	56,065	2,092	336	63,469
On disposals	(273)	(99)	(6,841)	(59)	(265)	(7,537)
Charge for the year	125	254	11,418	199	83	12,079
At 31 December 2011	1,440	3,543	60,642	2,232	154	68,011
Net book value						
At 31 December 2011	5,156 ————	1,439	31,345	580 ————	113	38,633
At 31 December 2010	5,239	1,590	42,559	765	207	50,360
The net beek value of leas	abold propo	tion comprise		<del></del>		
The net book value of leas	seriola proper	illes comprise	5		2011	2010
					£,000	£,000
Long leasehold					592	608
Short leasehold					847	982
Short leaserioid						

Included within the depreciation charge is an impairment of £4,439,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 10 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings
	£'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2011 & at 31 December 2011	1,729
Provisions for impairment	
At 1 January 2011 & at 31 December 2011	549 —————
Net book value	
At 31 December 2011	1,180
	-
At 31 December 2010	1,180

#### Holdings of more than 20%

The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies

Company	Principal activity	Country of registration or incorporation	Shares held Class	%
SGB Buckley Limited	Dormant	England and Wales	Ordinary	100
The directors consider the value of the investme	nto to be aumonted	by their underlying accets		

The directors consider the value of the investments to be supported by their underlying assets

11	Stocks	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Raw materials and consumables Finished goods and goods for resale	69 2,075	139 4,649
		2,144	4,788

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

12	Debtors	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Trade debtors	18,874	23,689
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,094	1,174
	Corporation tax	3,473	2,091
	Other debtors	341	400
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,249	2,304
		30,031	29,658

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, bear no interest (2010 0% to 0 53%) and have no fixed date of repayment

13	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	5,645
	Trade creditors	7,795	9,762
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	10,788	4,680
	Taxes and social security costs	2,667	2,582
	Other creditors	553	524
	Accruals and deferred income	1,204	1,538
		23,007	24,731

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and bear interest at 0% to 1 70% per annum (2010 0% to 1 23%)

The bank overdraft is unsecured, repayable on demand and bears interest at 1.5% (2010, 1.5%) above the base rate

14	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2011	2010
		£.000	£.000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8,604	3,538

The amounts owed to group undertakings of £8 6 million (2010 £3 54 million), whilst having no fixed repayment terms, are not expected to be repaid within the foreseeable future and hence are shown as falling due after one year. No interest was payable on the amounts owed in the year or the comparative year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

15	Provisions for liabilities					
		Deferred tax liability	Property	Insurance	Other	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Balance at 1 January 2011 Charge for the year	3,988 (3,988)	1,926 30	5,429 1,600	1,692 4,505	13,035 2,147
	Utilised	-	(1,086)	(949)	(3,106)	(5,141)
	Balance at 31 December 2011		870	6,080	3,091	10,041

The property provision relates to a provision for dilapidations. The provision for dilapidation is based on estimated dilapidation costs incurred over the period of the tenancy.

The insurance provision relates to Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited's liability for known outstanding claims and incurred but not yet reported claims for bodily injury and damage sustained by third parties arising from the company's activities. The liability arises under the insurance policy deductibles, which apply to the company's Employers' liability and Public/Products Liability policies of insurance.

Other provisions relate to severance pay and loss making contracts. The provisions in respect of these will be utilised over the next year

#### Deferred tax is provided as follows:

	2011	2010
	£,000	£'000
Accelerated capital allowances	-	4,013
Other timing differences	-	(25)
	-	3,988

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 16 Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments

Harsco Infrastructure Services Limited ("the Company") is a participating employer of the Harsco Pension Scheme ("the Scheme") Harsco Investment Limited is the principal employer All participating employers taken together are referred to as the "Group" The Scheme comprises ten sections seven defined benefit sections relating to Harsco Metals subsidiaries ("the Harsco Metals section of the Scheme"), two defined benefit sections relating to Harsco Infrastructure subsidiaries ("the Harsco Infrastructure section of the Scheme") and one combined defined contribution section

In 2002 the defined benefit sections of the Scheme were closed to new entrants and new employees were admitted to the defined contribution section of the pension scheme. With effect from 1 January 2004, existing members, did not accrue any further service in their sections of the defined benefit scheme and were transferred to the defined contribution section for future service.

Company contributions to the defined contribution section of the Harsco Pension Scheme are 8% (2010 8%) of the relevant payroll, which amounts to £1,107,075 (2010 £1,173,302). Two percent of the contribution relates to the cost of life insurance and administration costs of the defined contribution scheme, six percent is invested for the benefit of the members. At 31 December 2011 contributions of £106,551 (2010 £94,376) were outstanding

The contributions paid by the company to the defined benefit section of the Scheme are accounted for as if it was a defined contribution scheme, due to the company being unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the Scheme. The cost of contributions to the defined benefit section of the Scheme amount to £8,656,521 (2010 £4,937,830), representing normal contributions of £8,656,621 (2010 £4,937,830). At 31 December 2011 contributions of £428,206 (2010 £412,729) were outstanding Additional contributions will continue in line with the schedule of contributions agreed with the company and trustees of the pension scheme.

An actuarial valuation, based on the projected unit method, of the Harsco Pension Scheme was undertaken on 31 December 2011 and a deficit of £140,445,000 (2010 £92,054,000) was identified

Pension disclosures under Financial Reporting Standard Number 17 (FRS17) - "Retirement Benefits"

In accordance with the provisions of FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits", the company is required to provide disclosure of the full actuarial valuation. However the deficit and the related pension costs are not recognised in these financial statements as the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis.

The details of the Harsco Pension Scheme are included in these accounts to meet the obligations of FRS 17 and represent the Group position regarding the scheme. The obligations disclosed are for the Group as a whole to meet and not this entity alone.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

16	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments	(c	ontinued)
	The major assumptions used by the actuary were		
		2011	2010
		%	%
	Rate of increase in pensions in payment	2 95	3 35
	Discount rate	4 70	5 40
	Inflation - RPI assumption	2 95	3 35
	Inflation - CPI assumption	2 45 ———	2 85
		2011	2010
		Years	Years
	Further life expectancy of male member aged 65 (current life expectancy)	22 8	22 7
	Further life expectancy of female member aged 65 (current life expectancy)	23 9	23 8
	Further life expectancy of male member aged 45 (life expectancy at age 65)	24 6	24 5
	Further life expectancy of female member aged 45 (life expectancy at age 65)	25 8	25 7

#### **Expected rate of return and contributions**

The overall expected rate of return was developed by considering the current level of expected returns on risk free investments (primarily government bonds), the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested and expected future returns for each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target class allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption for the portfolio

#### The long term expected rates of return are as follows

	2011	2010
	%	%
Equities	5 80	7 18
Bonds	4 70	5 42
Gilts	2 80	4 18
Cash	0 50	0 50
	5 04	6 30

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

6	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments	•	(continued)
	The values of the assets in the scheme are as follows:		
		2011	2010
		000'£	£'000
	Equities	208,856	225,611
	Bonds	126,383	116,145
	Gilts	47,600	40,186
	Cash	1,653	1,880
	Total market value of assets	384,492	383,822
	Present value of scheme liabilities	(524,937)	(475,876)
	Net pension liability	(140,445)	(92,054)
	Analysis of the pension expense		
		2011	2010
		£'000	£.000
	Interest cost	25,135	25,968
	Expected return on plan assets	(23,622)	(21,836)
	Total operating charge	1,513	4,132
	Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
		2011	2010
		£,000	£'000
	Opening present value of defined benefit obligation	475,876	466,936
	Interest cost	25,135	25,968
	Actuanal losses	44,738	5,698
	Benefits paid	(20,812)	(22,726)
	Closing present value of defined benefit obligation	524,937	475,876

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

16	Pension and other post-retirement b	enefit commi	tments		(	continued)
	Changes in fair value of plan assets	are as follows	S			
					2011	2010
					£'000	6,000
	Opening fair value of plan assets				383,822	351,888
	Expected return				23,622	21,836
	Actuanal gains/(losses)				(17,259)	25,046
	Contributions by employer				15,119	7,778
	Benefits paid				(20,812)	(22,726)
	Closing fair value of plan assets				384,492	383,822
	Actual return on scheme assets				6,363	46,882
						<del></del>
	History of experience gains and los					
		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
		£'000	9000	£,000	£'000	£,000
	Defined benefit obligation	(524,937)	(475,876)	(466,936)	(404,113)	(440,633)
	Plan assets	384,492	383,822	351,888	326,313	400,354
	Deficit	(140,445)	(92,054)	(115,048)	(77,800)	(40,279)
	Difference between the expected and	actual return o	n scheme ass	ets		
	amount (£'000)	(17,259)	25,046	15,164	(88,044)	(7,147)
	percentage of scheme assets (%)	(4)%	7%	4%	(27)%	(2)%
	Experience gains and losses on schen amount (£'000)	ne liabilities (3,518)	(22,907)	24,434	(19,938)	(5,666)
	percentage of scheme assets (%)	(1)%	(5)%	5%	(5)%	(1)%
	percentage of scheme assets (70)	(1)76	(3) /6	378	(3) 70	(1)76
	Total amount not recognised in statement of recognised gains and losses	(61,997)	19,348	(44,218)	(44,254)	(6,204)
	Cumulative amount not recognised in statement of recognised gains and losses	(213,254)	(151,257)	(170,605)	(126,387)	(120,183)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

17	Share capital	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Authorised	2.000	2 000
	80,000,000 (2010 80,000,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	80,000	80,000
	Allotted and fully paid		
	68,260,110 (2010 68,260,110) Ordinary shares of £1 each	68,260 ———	68,260
40	Statement of mayoments on profit and large account		
18	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and
			loss
			account
			£'000
	Balance at 1 January 2011		(522)
	Loss for the financial year		(25,008)
	Balance at 31 December 2011		(25,530)
19	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2011	2010
		£.000	£'000
	Loss for the financial year	(25,008)	(16,362)
	Opening shareholders' funds	67,738	84,100
	Closing shareholders' funds	42,730	67,738

#### 20 Contingent liabilities

The company has unlimited cross guarantees in favour of certain Harsco companies in the United Kingdom, as part of a cash pooling arrangement. This arrangement is underwritten by Harsco Corporation At 31 December 2011 the contingent liability was £9,741,556 (2010 £nil)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 21 Financial commitments

At 31 December 2011 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 December 2012

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	77	103	27	329
Between two and five years	957	457	1,551	754
In over five years	1,630	2,509		
	2,664	3,069	1,578	1,083
			====	

The other financial commitments includes £547,000 (2010 £nil) that are subsequently recharged to other fellow subsidiaries within the Harsco Group

22	Directors' emoluments	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Emoluments for qualifying services	606	739
	Amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes	200	60
	Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	45	41
	Compensation for loss of office	303	32
		1,154	872

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension schemes amounted to 3 (2010 - 4)

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined benefit schemes amounted to 3 (2010 - 2)

The number of directors who exercised share options during the year was 2 (2010 - 1)

The number of directors who are entitled to receive shares under long term incentive schemes during the year was 5 (2010 - 2)

Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director	£'000	£'000
Emoluments for qualifying services	255	231
Long term incentive schemes	110	-
Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	19	13
Compensation for loss of office	303	-
		====

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 23 Employees

<b>Number of</b>	employees
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The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the

year was	2011	2010
	Number	Number
Direct labour and operatives	1,114	1,092
Managerial and administrative	432	595
	1,546	1,687
Employment costs	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Wages and salaries	51,833	51,516
Social security costs	5,264	5,794
Other pension costs	9,764	6,111
Costs of share option scheme	434	240
Redundancy	3,798	2,738
	71,093	66,399

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 24 Share-based payment transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the company had two share-based payment arrangements, which are described below

Type of arrangement	Restricted Stock Units	Stock Options Scheme
Date of grant	22 September 2010	21 January 2002
Number granted	38,350	8,000
Contractual life	3 years	10 years
Vesting conditions	3 years pro- rata	2 years

#### Further details of the share option plans are as follows

	Number of options	Weighted average	Number of options	Weighted average
	exercise price		exercise price	
	2011	2011	2010	2010
		£		£
At 1 January	46,350	15 92	37,400	16 20
Granted	15,000	20 02	26,000	14 71
Forfeited	(47,733)	17 25	-	-
Exercised	(11,850)	14 55	(17,050)	14 45
Outstanding at 31 December	1,767	18 13	46,350	15 92

The options outstanding at 31 December 2011 have exercise prices of £18 13, and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0 08 years

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Expense arising from share and share option plans	434	240

#### 25 Control

The immediate parent company is Harsco (UK) Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, and the ultimate parent company and controlling party is Harsco Corporation, a company registered in the United States of America

Harsco Corporation is the parent of the largest and smallest group to consolidate these accounts. Copies of group financial statements can be obtained from Harsco Corporation, 350 Poplar Church Road, Camp Hill, Pennsylvania 17001, U.S.A.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

#### 26 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 "Related Party Disclosures" from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and is included in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Harsco Corporation, whose accounts are publicly available.