

**Company Registration No. 00269133 (England and Wales)**

**A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

## **A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED**

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## A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED

### BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		2,219		-
Investment properties	4		955,098		955,098
Investments	5		-		34,668
			<u>957,317</u>		<u>989,766</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	6	2,706		4,648	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,487		8,982	
		<u>17,193</u>		<u>13,630</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	(337,921)		(337,162)	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(320,728)</u>		<u>(323,532)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>636,589</u>		<u>666,234</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			1,919		1,919
Profit and loss reserves			634,670		664,315
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>636,589</u>		<u>666,234</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 December 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

D H Stutley  
Director

Company Registration No. 00269133

## **A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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#### **1 Accounting policies**

##### **Company information**

A. Stutley & Sons Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Manor Farm, Chapel Street, Hinxworth, Nr Baldock, Herts, SG7 5HN.

##### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

##### **1.2 Going concern**

The directors have assessed the impact of Covid-19 which is not considered either to be an adjusting event in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021, nor of such significance to the company's operations that there are any material matters to disclose in relation to it. Naturally, the directors will be assessing the short, mid and long term impacts of Covid-19 as part of their wider strategic planning, however at this point they do not consider that issues stemming from the Covid-19 outbreak alter their assessment of the company as a going concern.

##### **1.3 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for rentals provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

##### **1.4 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	25% straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

##### **1.5 Investment properties**

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

## A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### 1.6 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are measured at cost. Any impairment is written off to the profit and loss account when identified. Fixed asset investments are measured annually for impairment by the directors.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

##### 1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

##### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

##### 1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### **1.10 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

##### **1.11 Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	3	3

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 April 2020	94,851
Additions	2,958
Disposals	(1,954)
At 31 March 2021	95,855
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>	
At 1 April 2020	94,851
Depreciation charged in the year	739
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(1,954)
At 31 March 2021	93,636
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 31 March 2021	2,219
At 31 March 2020	-

#### 4 Investment property

	2021 £
<b>Fair value</b>	
At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	955,098

Investment property comprises of farmland. The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by the directors. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar property.

## A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 5 Fixed asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Other investments other than loans	-	34,668
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

#### Movements in fixed asset investments

	Investments other than loans £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 April 2020	34,668
Valuation changes	116,532
Disposals	(151,200)
	<u>          </u>
At 31 March 2021	-
	<u>          </u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 31 March 2021	-
	<u>          </u>
At 31 March 2020	34,668
	<u>          </u>

#### 6 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors	2,706	4,648
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

#### 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	2,153	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	329,395	330,755
Taxation and social security	293	327
Other creditors	6,080	6,080
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	337,921	337,162
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

#### 8 Related party transactions



## **A. STUTLEY & SONS LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021***

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**8 Related party transactions**

**(Continued)**

At the balance sheet date the company owed £329,395 (2020: £330,755) to Stutley Brothers Limited, a company in which R G Stutley, D H Stutley and J C Stutley are directors.

There are no terms relating to the payment of interest or repayment of capital.

**9 Controlling party**

The company was controlled throughout the financial period by R G Stutley, a director.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.