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Abrahams Consolidated Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2004



Registered No: 258846

Directors

P D Abrahams (Chairman) K Z Khan

Secretary

K Z Khan

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 400 Capability Green Luton Bedfordshire LU1 3LU

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc 19 Shaftesbury Avenue London W1A 4QQ

Solicitors

KSB Law Elan House 5-11 Fetter Lane London EC4A 1QD

Registered Office

51 London Road St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 1LJ

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the group financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2004.

Results and dividends

The group profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £380,715. (2003: £277,937). The directors have paid preference dividends of £14,229 and an interim ordinary dividend of 5p per share was paid on 16 April 2004. The directors propose a final ordinary dividend of 1.5p per share for the year. The retained profit for the year of £340,476 has been added to the retained profits brought forward.

Principal activity and review of the business

The group's principal activity during the year continued to be property investment and development.

The company has maintained the policy of keeping its property portfolio under regular review. It was the board's hope to add to the successful purchase of a new investment property in the early part of the year. Several propositions were considered and offers were submitted in some instances, but nothing materialised. Following the year-end, in the case of investment property disposals, a sale was made increasing the funds available for acquisitions. The property in question was considered to have limited future growth potential following the achievement of a significantly higher annual rent on lease renewal.

In the development subsidiary, a number of development opportunities were considered during the year but there was no success in finding anything suitable, and the search continues.

Fixed assets

Movements in fixed assets are shown in note 11 to the financial statements.

Freehold and leasehold investment properties have been included in the balance sheet at open market values, following standard accounting practice for property investment companies.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year were those listed on page 2.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, K Z Khan retires from the board at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

The directors at 31 March 2004 and their interest in the share capital of the company were as follows:

	At 31 1	At 31 March 2004		At I April 2003	
	Preference	Ordinary	Preference	Ordinary	
P D Abrahams		184,275		184,275	
K Z Khan				_	

Directors' report

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as the company's auditor will be put to the members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

K Z Khan Secretary

■ ERNST & YOUNGIndependent auditors' report

to the members of Abrahams Consolidated Limited

We have audited the group's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2004 which comprise the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes 1 to 22. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the group is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group as at 31 March 2004 and of the profit of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
Luton

Consolidated profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
Turnover	2,3	941,128	1,016,099
Operating costs	4	(354,888)	(530,417)
Operating profit	5	586,240	485,682
Loss on disposal of fixed asset investments		· -	(39,341)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		586,240	446,341
Net interest payable	7	(40,275)	(33,989)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	545,965	412,352
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	165,250	134,415
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		380,715	277,937
Dividends - relating to equity and non-equity shares	10	40,239	40,239
Profit retained for the financial year	21	340,476	237,698
			=======================================

All turnover and profit was derived from continuing activities.

Statement of consolidated total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2004

	2004	2003
	£	£
Profit attributable to shareholders of the group	380,715	277,937
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of freehold land and buildings	1,781,978	983,475
Total recognised gains relating to the year	2,162,693	1,261,412
Note of historical cost profits and losses for the year ended 31 March 2004	2004	2003
	2004 £	2003 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation Additional loss on sale of investment properties at historical cost	545,965	412,352 (41,379)
	545,965	370,973
	======	=====
Historical cost profit for the year retained after taxation and dividends	340,476	196,319

Consolidated balance sheet

at 31 March 2004

		2004	2003
Pived egete	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	11	16 814 316	13,337,889
Investments	12	275,320	261,670
2.7.45.11.45.11.6			
		17,089,636	13,599,559
Current assets			
Debtors	14	6,266	5,021
Cash at bank and in hand		1,915,070	3,386,431
		1,921,336	3,391,452
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Trade and other creditors	15	255,043	237,808
Taxation	16	153,100	122,265
Loans - secured	17	150,563	
Proposed dividends		26,010	26,010
		584,716	536,646
Net current assets		1,336,620	2,854,806
Total assets less current liabilities		18,426,256	16,454,365
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Loans - secured	17	1,232,964	1,383,527
		17,193,292	15,070,838
Capital and reserves			======
Called up share capital	19	637,310	637,310
Revaluation reserve	20, 21	6,109,019	4,327,041
Profit and loss account	21	10,446,963	10,106,487
Shareholders' funds:		, -,	
equity interests	ļ	16,956,142	14,833,688
non equity interests	•	237,150	237,150
	·		
		17,193,292	15,070,838
1 (e.2 Kla			_======================================

P D Abrahams

Director

15 July 2004

K Z Khan Director

Balance sheet

at 31 March 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
Fixed assets	110163	a.	,
Tangible assets	11	16,814,316	13,337,889
Investments	12	775,317	761,667
		17,589,633	14,099,556
Current assets			
Debtors	14	5,254	4,526
Cash at bank and in hand		1,127,319	2,593,022
		1,132,573	2,597,548
6.11			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1 =	252.202	224 691
Trade and other creditors Taxation	15	252,293	
	16 17	153,100 150,563	
Loans - secured	17		
Proposed dividends		26,010	26,010
		581,966	532,527
Net current assets		550,607	2,065,021
Total assets less current liabilities		18,140,240	16,164,577
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Loans - secured	17	1,232,964	1,383,527
		16,907,276	14,781,050
			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	19	637,310	637,310
Revaluation reserve	20, 21	6,109,019	4,327,041
Profit and loss account	21	10,160,947	9,816,699
Shareholders' funds:	٦	16 670 126	14 542 000
equity interests		16,670,126	14,543,900
non equity interests	ſ	237,150	237,150
		16,907,276	14,781,050
,			

P D Abrahams Director

15 July 2004

K Z Khan Director

at 31 March 2004

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of investment properties, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and of its subsidiary undertaking for the year ended 31 March 2004. In accordance with the exemptions allowed by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the company does not present its own profit and loss account.

Investment properties

Investment properties are valued at their open market values. Revaluation surpluses are taken to revaluation reserve with an adjustment for deferred taxation where appropriate.

Development properties

Properties held for development and sale are valued at the lower of cost, including incidental expenses, and estimated net realisable value.

Depreciation

Freehold and leasehold investment properties are not depreciated.

Other fixed assets are depreciated on a straight line basis at rates estimated to write them off over their expected useful lives as follows:

Freehold buildings used in the business - 4%

Motor vehicles - 20%

Office furniture, fixtures and miscellaneous equipment - 10% to 20%

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

- provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned.
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
 than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can
 be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Property sales and purchases

Property sales and purchases are recognised on completion. In previous years, these were recognised on exchange of contracts. This change of policy has had no effect on the financial statements for 2004 and 2003.

at 31 March 2004

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Pensions

Defined contributions are made to a company pension scheme. The assets of this scheme are held separately from those of the company. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme. There were no amounts prepaid or accrued at the year end.

2. Turnover

Turnover comprises total rents receivable, sales of properties acquired for dealing and development and miscellaneous property income from continuing activities in the United Kingdom.

3. Analysis of turnover and profit between activities

			•	2 c
		Turnover		s before tax
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	£	£
Property dealing and development	_	189,950	(3,772)	7,513
Property investment	941,128	826,149	549,737	404,839
	941,128	1,016,099	545,965	412,352
Operating costs			2004	2002
			2004	2003
			£	£
Staff costs - wages and salaries			187,309	184,541
 social security costs 			21,641	19,867
- other pension costs			7,447	7,195
Cost of development property sold				177,856
Other operating costs			138,491	140,958
			354,888	530,417
				_====

The monthly average number of employees (including part-time staff), during the year was as follows:

	2004 No.	2003 No.
Management Other	2 2	2 2
	4	4
		

Profit on ordinary

at 31 March 2004

5.	Operating profit This is stated after charging:		
	1.10 17 SANGE - 11-10 SANGE	2004	2003
		£	£
	Depreciation and amortisation of tangible fixed assets	7,298	9,339
	Auditors' remuneration	11,900	11,810
	and crediting:	=====	=======================================
	Rents receivable less outgoings	873,673	758,300
_		=======================================	==== =
6.	Directors' emoluments	2004	2003
		£	£
	Managerial emoluments (including pension contribution of £5,373)	166,867	167,811
	Pension to widow of former director	1,800	1,740
		168,667	169,551
			2002
		2004 <i>No</i> .	2003 <i>No</i> .
	Directors who are members of the defined contribution pension scheme	1	1
	Not interest mayoble		
7.	Net interest payable	2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank and other interest receivable	66,317	93,500
	Loan interest payable	(106,592)	(127,489)
		(40,275)	(33,989)

at 31 March 2004

8. Tax

a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
The tax charge is made up as follows:	2004	2003
	£	£
UK Corporation tax	165,250	134,415
Less: double taxation relief	(12,150)	(12,150)
	153,100	122,265
Add: overseas tax	12,150	12,150
Total current tax (note 8(b))	165,250	134,415
b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year	2004 £	2003 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	545,965	412,352
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		=====
tax in the UK of 30%	163,790	123,706
Loss on property sales not taxable	, —	11,803
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,050	1,050
Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	410	510
Differences in tax rates	_	(827)
Marginal relief	-	(1,827)
Total current tax (note 8(a))	165,250	134,415

c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has capital losses of £389,000 which are available to offset against chargeable gains which may arise on future investment property disposals. No deferred tax asset has been provided in respect of these capital losses (note 18).

9. Profit for the financial year

Profit for the year dealt with in the financial statements of the company, was £549,737 (2003: £271,416)

at 31 March 2004

10.	Di	vid	en	de
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				2004	2005
				£	£
Equity dividends on ordi					
-	p per share)			20,008	20,008
	osed (1.5p per share)			6,002	6,002
Non-equity dividends on	preference shares			14,229	14,229
				40,239	40,239
11. Tangible fixed asse	ets				
Group and company		Land a	nd buildings	Office	
•			ng leasehold	equipment	
			(over 50	and motor	
		Freehold	years)	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation:					
At 31 March 2003		12,672,553	700,000	37,978	13,410,531
Additions		1,701,747	_	_	1,701,747
Surplus on revaluation		1,706,978	75,000	_	1,781,978
At 31 March 2004		16,081,278	775,000	37,978	16,894,256
Investment - valuation		15,935,350			
Other - at cost		145,928			
Depreciation:					
At 31 March 2003		45,500	_	27,142	72,642
Provided during the year	•	3,500	_	3,798	7,298
At 31 March 2004		49,000		30,940	79,940
Net book value:					
At 31 March 2004		16,032,278	775,000	7,038	16,814,316
At 31 March 2003		12,627,053		10,836	
Cost at 31 March 2004		10,603,038	144,221	37,978	10,785,237
Cost at 31 March 2003		8,901,291	144,221	37,978	9,083,448
		=====			

Investment properties were valued by Colliers CRE Limited, Chartered Surveyors, on the basis of open market value at 31 March 2004.

2003

2004

at 31 March 2004

12. Investments

	2004 £	Group 2003 £	2004 £	Company 2003 £
Endowment assurance policies Subsidiary undertaking (note 13)	275,320 -	261,670 -	275,320 499,997	261,670 499,997
	275,320	261,670	775,317	761,667
Endowment assurance policies Balance at 1 April 2003 Invested in year				261,670 13,650
Balance at 31 March 2004				275,320

The policies are stated at the total of net premiums paid to date. The surrender value at 31 March 2004 was £320,648 (2003: £298,202).

13. Subsidiary undertaking

Company

	2004 £	2003 £
Shares at cost	499,997	499,997

The subsidiary undertaking was:

		of issued share capital held by Abrahams		
Name of company	Holding	Consolidated Limited	Country of registration	Nature of business
Developments Consolidated Limited	Ordinary	100%	England and Wales	Property dealing and development

Percentage

at 31 March 2004

1	4.	De	bto	rs
•	┰.		\sim \sim	

			Group		Company
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	£	£
	Other debtors	2,336	1,794	1,324	1,299
	Prepayments	3,930	3,227	3,930	3,227
		6,266	5,021	5,254	4,526
		==== =		=====	=====
15.	Trade and other creditors				
			Group		Company
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	£	£
	Trade creditors	185,081	183,807	185,081	183,807
	Other creditors	19,852	10,413	19,852	10,413
	Accruais	50,110	43,588	47,360	40,461
		255,043	237,808	252,293	234,681
		====	===		
16.	Taxation				
			Group		Company
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	£	£
	UK corporation tax	153,100	122,265	153,100	121,273
					==== =

at 31 March 2004

17. Loans

Loans			
Group and company			
		2004	2003
		£	£
Amounts repayable:		.50 540	100 500
In one year or less, or on demand		150,563	150,563
In more than one year but not more than two years		150,563	150,563
In more than two years but not more than five years		682,402	766,299
In more than five years		400,000	466,665
		1,232,964	1,383,527
		1,383,527	1,534,090
Loans comprise: Instalment loans:	Interest	2004 £	2003 £
Instainent toans.			
Repayable at £83,896 p.a. up to	9.5% fixed	650,194	734,090
2006, the balance then being	to 2006		
subject to re-negotiation with the lender			
Repayable at £66,667 p.a. up to 2010,	1.75% plus	733,333	800,000
the balance being subject to	base rate to 2010		
re-negotiation with the lender			
Total of instalment loans and secured borrowing		1,383,527	1,534,090
			

The loans and bank facility are secured upon various freehold and leasehold properties.

The company has a contract with its bankers in respect of possible future borrowings of £500,000 to mitigate the effect of possible future base rate increases.

18. Provisions for liabilities and charges

Deferred taxation

If all the properties were sold at their balance sheet values capital gains of approximately £2,947,000 (2003: £1,800,000) would arise with a potential tax effect thereon of £884,000 (2003: £539,000). This includes a net gain of approximately £129,000 after relief for available losses (tax effect £39,000), in respect of a property that was sold post year-end. No provision for deferred tax is considered necessary as capital losses are available for offset against the gain on the property sold post year-end.

There are no other material fixed asset timing differences.

at 31 March 2004

19. Share capital

				Allotted,
		Authorised	called up a	nd fully paid
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	£	£
Equity:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	400,160	400,160
Non-equity:				
6% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	260,000	260,000	237,150	237,150
	1,260,000	1,260,000	637,310	637,310
		=====		=======================================

The preference shares confer a right to a cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6% per annum. They also carry the right to repayment of such paid up amounts and arrears of dividends upon winding up prior to any payments to ordinary shareholders. They carry no right to vote at general meetings unless the dividend is in arrears.

The non-equity shareholders have no interest in the reserves of the company or the group.

20. Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve arises from the revaluation of investment properties to their open market value. In accordance with SSAP 19, investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to revaluation reserve; no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold or long leasehold investment properties. The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. This accounting policy represents a departure from paragraph 18, Schedule 4, Companies Act 1985 which requires the provision of depreciation on any fixed asset with a limited useful economic life. In making this departure, the directors are of the opinion that the financial statements reflect more accurately the state of affairs and they do not believe that it is practicable to quantify the effects of the departure.

at 31 March 2004

21. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movement on reserves *Group*

				Total
	Share	Revaluation	Profit and	shareholders'
	capital	reserve	loss account	funds
	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2002 Surplus on revaluation of investment	637,310	3,302,187	9,910,168	13,849,665
properties Transfer of revaluation deficit realised on	_	983,475	-	983,475
disposal of investment properties	_	41,379	(41,379)	_
Profit for the year	_	_	237,698	237,698
At 31 March 2003	637,310	4,327,041	10,106,487	15,070,838
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties	_	1,781,978	-	1,781,978
Profit for the year	-	_	340,476	340,476
At 31 March 2004	637,310	6,109,019	10,446,963	17,193,292
Company				
	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and	Total
			-	Total
At 1 April 2002 Surplus on revaluation of investment	capital	reserve	loss account	Total £
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties	capital £	reserve £	loss account £	Total £
Surplus on revaluation of investment	capital £	reserve £ 3,302,187	loss account £	Total £ 13,566,398 983,475
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties Transfer of revaluation deficit realised on	capital £	reserve £ 3,302,187 983,475	loss account £ 9,626,901	Total £ 13,566,398 983,475
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties Transfer of revaluation deficit realised on disposal of investment properties Profit for the year	capital £ 637,310	reserve £ 3,302,187 983,475 41,379	9,626,901 - (41,379 231,177	Total £ 13,566,398 983,475 - 231,177
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties Transfer of revaluation deficit realised on disposal of investment properties	capital £	reserve £ 3,302,187 983,475	9,626,901 - (41,379 231,177	Total £ 13,566,398 983,475
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties Transfer of revaluation deficit realised on disposal of investment properties Profit for the year At 31 March 2003 Surplus on revaluation of investment	capital £ 637,310	reserve £ 3,302,187 983,475 41,379	9,626,901 - (41,379 231,177	Total £ 13,566,398 983,475 - 231,177 14,781,050 1,781,978

at 31 March 2004

22. Ultimate controlling party

The group is controlled by Mr P D Abrahams.