## ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**52 WEEKS ENDED 27 JULY 2013** 

REGISTERED NO. 00234992

25/04/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

## **DIRECTORS**

R S Boparan S Henderson

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Four Brindleyplace Birmingham B1 2HZ

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Trinity Park House Trinity Business Park Fox Way Wakefield WF2 8EE

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their Annual report and audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013

### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Boparan Holdings Limited

The Company holds intercompany balances. The result for the period, as disclosed in the Company's profit and loss account on page 6, is a loss and is principally due to taxation payable.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company is financed by inter group loans and therefore has no external interest rate exposure Principal risks and uncertainties in relation to the Boparan Holdings group are discussed in the Annual report of Boparan Holdings Limited which does not form part of this report

#### Environment

The Boparan Holdings Group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damages that might be caused by the Group's activities

### **Employees**

The Company has no employees other than directors. Details of the directors' emoluments can be found in note 2.

#### **Future Prospects**

The Company is in a net asset position and does not have any exposure to external debt as short term cash flow requirements are managed through a combination of retained earnings and financial support from the ultimate parent company. The parent company has confirmed its intention to provide sufficient financial support, should it be required, to enable the Company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of not less than 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The Boparan Holdings Group has two main sources of finance. The Bond comprises £400m of Senior Loan Notes due 2018 at an interest rate of 9 875% and €340m of Senior Loan Notes due April 2018 at an interest rate of 9 750%. The Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) of £40m expires in April 2016. The Company and other Group subsidiary companies are cross guarantors of the Bond whereby they absolutely and unconditionally guarantee the principal and interest on the Senior Loan Notes. The same companies are cross guarantors in respect of the Boparan Holdings Group's five year £40m Revolving Credit Facility which is a facility of Boparan Holdings Limited. This facility was undrawn at the balance sheet date. The total bond value as at 27 July 2013 per the Boparan Holdings Group accounts was £676.7m net of fees (2012 £649.1m) however the individually guaranteed amount is not readily available.

In forming their opinion on the going concern of the Company, the directors have considered the Group forecasts and the future uncertainties facing the Group Group forecasts indicate that there will be no breach of financial covenants for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and the Group is able to continue to operate within its existing facility

The directors have considered the future activities of the Company, its expected future cash flows and the availability of financial support from the ultimate parent company and have concluded that the Company is a going concern

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The loss for the period attributable to shareholders amounts to £22,000 (2012 £nil) and is dealt with as shown in the profit and loss account. No interim dividend was paid in the period (2012 £nil). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2012 £nil).

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company who served during the period ended 27 July 2013 and up to the date of signing the financial statements were those listed on page 1

### **DIRECTORS INDEMNITIES**

The Company made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

### **AUDITOR**

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the Company at the date when this report was approved,

- So far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- Each of the directors has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as the auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

S Henderson Director

31 March 2014

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
  material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LLOYD MAUNDER LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Lloyd Maunder Limited for the period ended 27 July 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

## **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 27 July 2013 and of its loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Richard Knights FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Birmingham, United Kingdom

22 4 2014

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013

	Notes	52 Weeks 2013 £'000	52 Weeks 2012 £'000
Interest payable to group undertakings	1	-	_
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		•	<u> </u>
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	3	(22)	_
Loss for the financial period	7,8	(22)	-

All results derive from continuing operations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account

There are no recognised gains or losses in either period other than the loss for that period

## BALANCE SHEET As at 27 July 2013

As at 27 July 2013	Notes	27 July 2013 £'000	28 July 2012 £'000
Assets			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	4	419	419
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	5	(22)_	<u>-</u>
Net current assets	·	397	419
Total assets less current liabilities		397	419
Net assets		397	419
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	14	14
Capital Redemption Reserve		1	1
Profit and loss account	7	382	404
Shareholders' funds	8	397	419

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet

The financial statements of Lloyd Maunder Limited (registered number 00234992) were approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2014

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

S Henderson Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

A summary of the more important accounting policies, applied consistently in the current and prior periods, is set out below

#### Basis of preparation

The Company is in a net asset position and does not have any exposure to external debt as short term cash flow requirements are managed through a combination of retained earnings and financial support from the ultimate parent company. Boparan Holdings Limited has confirmed its intention to provide sufficient financial support, should it be required, to enable the Company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of not less than 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The Boparan Holdings Group has two main sources of finance. The Bond comprises £400m of Senior Loan Notes due 2018 at an interest rate of 9 875% and €340m of Senior Loan Notes due April 2018 at an interest rate of 9 750%. The Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) of £40m expires in April 2016. The Company and other Group subsidiary companies are cross guarantors of the Bond whereby they absolutely and unconditionally guarantee the principal and interest on the Senior Loan Notes. The same companies are cross guarantors in respect of the Boparan Holdings Group's five year £40m Revolving Credit Facility which is a facility of Boparan Holdings Limited. This facility was undrawn at the balance sheet date. The total bond value as at 27 July 2013 per the Boparan Holdings Group accounts was £676.7m net of fees (2012 £649.1m) however the individually guaranteed amount is not readily available.

In forming their opinion on the going concern of the Company, the directors have considered the Group forecasts and the future uncertainties facing the Group Group forecasts indicate that there will be no breach of financial covenants for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and the Group is able to continue to operate within its existing facility

The directors have considered the future activities of the Company, its expected future cash flows and the availability of financial support from the ultimate parent company and have concluded that the Company is a going concern. The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Cash flow statement

The Company is exempt from the requirement of FRS 1 to present a cash flow statement since it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Boparan Holdings Limited, in whose financial statements a cash flow statement is presented

### Interest payable and similar charges

Finance costs of financial liabilities are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of such instruments at the effective interest rate applicable on the carrying amount

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries and associates only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable or a binding agreement to distribute past earnings in future has been entered into by the subsidiary or associate

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

## 2 STAFF COSTS, EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company had no employees during the period (2012 nil) Staff costs for the period were nil (2012 nil)

None of the directors received any remuneration from the Company during the period R S Boparan and S Henderson were directors during the period and are remunerated by other group companies. The directors received combined emoluments of £837,646 (2012 £768,087) It is not practicable to ascertain what proportion of these emoluments relates to the Company

In both the current and prior period, auditor's remuneration of £500 and Companies House fees were borne by another group company

At end of period

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013

TAXATION ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	52 Weeks 2013 £'000	52 Weeks 2012 £'000
Corporation tax charge	22	
The corporation tax charge is higher than (2012 £nil) the 23 67% (2012 24%) The differences are explained below	standard UK corpora	tion tax rate o
	52 weeks 2013 £'000	52 weeks 2012 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	_	
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities at the standard UK Corporation tax rate of 23 67% (2012 24%)	-	
Factors affecting the charge		
Prior year tax	11	
Permanent differences  Corporation tax charge for period	11 22	
Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts due from group undertakings	£'000 419	£'00
CREDITORS	2013	201
A	£'000	£'00
Amounts falling due within one year.  Amounts due to group undertakings	11.	
Corporation tax	11	
	22	
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 13,800 ordinary shares of £1 each	14	14
RESERVES  Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss 🦚	√ ¥ Trojial
£'000	£'000	E 000
At start of period 1	404	405
Loss for financial period -	(44) 配数数	MATTER LOCALIZATION

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013

## 8. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Loss for financial period	(22)	-
Opening shareholders' funds	419	419
Closing shareholders' funds	397	419

## 9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8, as a wholly owned subsidiary of Boparan Holdings Limited, not to disclose related party transactions with other wholly owned members of the Group

## 10 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of 2 Sisters Food Group Limited, a Company registered in England and Wales The parent company of the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member is Boparan Holdings Limited, registered in England and Wales. The parent company of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member is Boparan Holdco Limited, registered in England and Wales, for the 52 weeks ended 27 July 2013. As at 27 July 2013 Boparan Holdco Limited was also the Company's ultimate parent undertaking. RS Boparan and BK Boparan are the ultimate controlling parties.

Copies of the Group financial statements are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ