EMI Group Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 229231 for the year ended 31 March 2011

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The director presents the Directors' Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011

Principal Activities and Review of the Business

EMI Group Limited (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of and is part of the EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited group (the "Group") (formerly Maltby Acquisitions Limited) Citigroup Inc is the ultimate parent undertaking

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company. There has not been any change to the principal activity of the Company during the period ended 31 March 2011 or subsequently. The directors do not anticipate any change to the principal activity of the Company during the next year.

The Company operates as part of the Group and its activities are dependent on the activities of the Group as a whole Therefore, the Company's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows

		restated			
	2011	2010	Change		
	£m	£m	%		
Loss before tax	255 4	1,098 0	(76 7)		
Loss after tax	255 5	1,098 2	(76 7)		
Shareholder's funds	823 0	1,075 0	(23.4)		

As stated in the profit and loss account on page 7 the Company made a loss before tax of £255 4 million in the year to 31 March 2011 compared with the previous year's loss before tax of £1,098 0 million. This represents a decrease of 76.7% and is mainly due to a lower impairment of investments compared to the prior year.

In the balance sheet shown on page 8, the net assets of the Company have decreased by 23 4% due to the impairment of investments and the increase in intercompany in intercompany payables. Shareholder's funds have decreased by 23 4% as a result of retained loss for the year.

As a result of further analysis by the Directors, they have concluded that there should have been an additional impairment reflected in the Company's financial statements in the previous year. The Directors have therefore reduced the carrying value of investments shown in the Company's balance sheet by £ 1,038.6 million at 31 March 2010 compared to the previously presented financial information. This has led to an additional impairment charge being included in the company's profit and loss account of £1,038.6 million in the year ended 31 March 2010.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Company operates as part of the Group and all of its transactions are with fellow group undertakings. As such its activities are dependent on the activities of the Group as a whole

The risks and uncertainties facing the Company are linked to those of the Group A detailed discussion of the Group risks and uncertainties is contained in EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited's annual report

Going concern

As set out in more detail in note 1 the Directors have assessed the current and expected future funding position of the Company After appropriate consideration they have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2010: £nil).

Directors' Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions

Certain directors benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report

Donations

Grants and charitable donations made during the period amounted to £nil (2010: £nil). There were no political contributions made during the period (2010: £nil)

Directors

The directors throughout the period and subsequently were as follows

S P Naughton
R C Faxon
(Appointed 8 September 2010)
R C Prior
(Appointed 23 July 2010)
R C Prior
(Appointed 16 December 2010)
K L A Mullins
(Appointed 28 January 2011)
A P Chadd
(Resigned 23 July 2010)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By Order of the Board

R C Prior Director

21 October 2011

Registered Office 27 Wrights Lane London W8 5SW

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to.

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EMI GROUP LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of EMI Group Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 set out on pages 7 to 26. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EMI GROUP LIMITED (continued)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

H Green (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square
London E14 5GL
United Kingdom

21 October 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

	Notes	2011 £m	Restated 2010 £m
Administrative expenses		(63 5)	(70 9)
Other operating income	2	52 3	76 7
Other operating expenses	3	(49 9)	(35 6)
Amounts written off investments	9	(152 5)	(1,038 6)
OPERATING LOSS		(213 6)	(1,068 4)
7	4	21.5	27.0
Interest receivable Interest payable	4 5	21 5 (63 3)	23 9 (53 5)
LOSS ON ORDINARY		(255.4)	(1,098 0)
ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(255 4)	(1,098 0)
Taxation	6	(0 1)	(0 2)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		(255 5)	(1,098 2)

All operating loss is from continuing operations

The notes on pages 9 to 26 form part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

	2011 £m	restated 2010 £m
Loss for the year	<u>(255 5)</u>	(1,098 2)
Total gains and losses related to the financial year	(255 5)	(1,098 2)
Prior year adjustment (as explained in note 9)	<u>(1,038 6)</u>	
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	(1,294.1)	

BALANCE SHEET - 31 MARCH 2011

	Notes	2011 £m	restated 2010 £m
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	16 2	18 7
Investments	9 _	1,782 8	1,935 9
Current assets		1,799 0	1,954 6
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	10	2,488 5	2,502 4
Cash at bank and in hand and cash deposits		[*] 77 6	0.5
•	_	2,566 1	2,502 9
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		ŕ	·
Other creditors	11 _	(1,579 6)	(1,661 5)
Net current assets		986 5	841 4
Total assets less current liabilities		2,785 5	2,796 0
Creditors: amounts falling due			
after more than one year			
Other creditors	12	(1,9370)	(1,713 1)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	13 _	(25 5)	(7 9)
Net assets	_	823.0	1,075.0
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	128 9	128 9
Share premium account	14	630 8	630 8
Capital redemption reserve	18	495 8	495 8
Other reserves	18	408 7	408 7
Profit and loss reserve	18 _	(841 2)	(589 2)
Shareholder's funds	_	823.0	1,075.0

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on and were signed on its behalf by

R C Prior

Director

215 October 2011

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following accounting policies have been applied on a consistent basis, except as noted below. As set out in note 9 an adjustment has been made to the balances for Investments as at 31 March 2010 as previously presented. The adjustment decreased recognised gains or losses for the year ended 31 March 2010 by £1,038.6 million.

The Company is exempt by virtue of \$400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Going Concern

EMI Group Limited has made a loss for the year of £255 5 million (2010 £1,098 2 million) and has net current assets of £986 5 million (2010. £841.4 million) at the reporting date. The Company operates as part of the EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited group ("the Group") and has provided a guarantee to the Group's lender, as such the Company is affected by the terms of the Group's banking facilities. The continued availability of existing bank facilities requires the Group to comply with the covenants set out in those bank facilities

On 1 February 2011, the Group was acquired by Citibank and the Group's debt was significantly reduced. This has resulted in the Group's lender and its sole shareholder both being part of the US finance institution Citigroup. Immediately following the acquisition, Citigroup completed a recapitalisation of the EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, resulting in the significant reduction of debt from £3.2 billion of bank debt and £1.7 billion of inter-company debt, to £1.2 billion of total debt for the Group. The strengthened balance sheet combined with continued strong operating performance means that the Group is able to meet its ongoing working capital needs and its current debt service obligations under the finance facility agreements to which the Company and a number of its subsidiaries are party to

After considering the financial projections, the financing facilities and their covenants the Directors have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Group as a whole and the Company have adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

Cash Flow Statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

Related Parties

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Group (or investees of the Group qualifying as related parties) The consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 21

Investments

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are stated at cost less provision to reflect any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an assets or its income-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account unless it arises on a previously revalued fixed asset. An impairment loss on a revalued fixed asset is recognised in the profit and loss account if it is caused by a clear consumption of economic benefits. Otherwise impairments are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying amount reaches the asset's depreciated historic cost.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of fixed assets is the greater of their net realisable value and value in use. In assessing value in use, the expected future cash flows are discounted back to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the rate of return expected on an equally risky investment. For an asset that does not generate largely independent income streams, the recoverable amount is determined for the income-generating unit to which the asset belongs

Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss is reversed on intangible assets and goodwill only if subsequent external events reverse the effect of the original event which caused the recognition of the impairment or the loss arose on an intangible asset with a readily ascertainable market value and that market value has increased above the impaired carrying amount. For other fixed assets where the recoverable amount increases as a result of change in economic conditions or in the expected use of the asset then the resultant reversal of the impairment loss should be recognised in the current period

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits are accounted for under FRS 17 Retirement Benefits The Company operates both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes for its employees. The Company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of its defined benefit schemes and so, in accordance with FRS 17, the Company accounts for them as defined contribution schemes

Tangible assets

Assets are held at depreciated historical cost

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is calculated on cost at rates estimated to write off the cost, less the estimated residual value of the relevant assets, by equal annual amounts over their expected useful lives, effect is given, where necessary, to commercial and technical obsolescence

The annual rates used are

Freehold buildings, long-term leasehold property

Short-term leasehold property

2%

Lower of period of lease and

useful economic life

Plant, equipment and vehicles $10 - 33 \frac{1}{3}\%$

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Share-based payments

Employees of the Company and the Group render services to the Company and receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions as consideration for equity instruments or in the form of share appreciation units which can only be settled in cash As the Company has no obligation to settle in either case, the Company measures the services received as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, in accordance with FRS 20

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate valuation methodology, further details are given in note 17.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ('the vesting date'). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that year.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognised for any modification, which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the counterparty are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph

All share-based payment transactions ultimately vested when the group was sold to Citigroup Inc. on 1 February 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the income statement net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money on the quantification of the provision is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

2. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Net exchange gain on foreign currency balances Management fees	2011 £m 4 3 48 0	2010 £m 33 8 42 9
	52 3	76 7

3. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	201 1	2010
Destructions	£m	£m
Restructuring costs	49 9	35 6

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the restructuring initiatives included redundancy costs following further staff reductions, and continuing rationalisation of the property portfolio Costs have been incurred leading up to and including the change of ownership and the changes to the Group's capital structure. The Company was responsible for the litigation expenses incurred by Citibank in connection with Terra Firma's unsuccessful claims in the New York Court case. Management anticipate the restructuring initiatives will continue for at least the next period.

During the year ended 31 March 2010, the restructuring initiatives included redundancy costs, addressing the debt equity financing structure, continuing rationalisation of the property portfolio, security and capital reorganisation issues.

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	2011 £m	2010 £m
	Loans to fellow subsidiary undertakings	21 5	23 9
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE	2011 £m	2010 £m
	Loans from fellow subsidiary undertakings Loans from parent undertaking	0 6 62 7	53 5
		63 3	53 5

(0.1)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

6. TAX

Tax on loss on ordinary activities	2011 £m	restated 2010 £m
UK corporation tax UK corporation income tax for the year Adjustments in respect of previous year Foreign tax	- - -	- - -
Total current tax charge		
Deferred tax	-	-
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
Factors affecting current tax charge: The current tax charge for the period is lower (2010 lower) than the stax in the UK. The differences are explained below	tandard rate o	of corporation
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(255 4)	(1,098.0)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% ($2010-28\%$)	(71 5)	(307 4)
Effect of Permanent differences including prior year adjustment Group relief surrendered for nil payment – current year	35 8 35 6	292 3 12 7

Factors affecting future tax charge

Total current tax charge

Current year tax losses carried forward / unutilised

As part of the Group, the Company may receive or surrender losses by way of Group relief This receipt or surrender is made without charge

On 5 July 2011, legislation to further reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 26 per cent to 25 per cent from 1 April 2012 was substantially enacted, which has not been reflected in the above calculation

Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate by 1 per cent per annum to 23 per cent by 1 April 2014. None of these expected rate reductions had been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements.

6. TAX (continued)

Deferred tax

At the balance sheet date the Company had unused tax losses of £175 0m (2010. £175 0m) available for offset against future profits Capital allowances available for offset against future profits for the year is £1 1m (2010 £1.3m). No deferred tax asset has been recognised on grounds that there is currently insufficient evidence for this asset to be realised (2010 £ nil)

7. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND STAFF COSTS

	2011	2010
	£m	£m
Wages and salaries	22 5	30 0
Social security costs	2 5	3 4
Defined contribution pension cost	18 3	19
Share based payments – equity settled	3 5	10.4
	46 8	45 7

The aggregate cost of the directors of the company is as follows

	2011 £m	2010 £m
Directors' Emoluments Amounts paid through third parties in respect of directors' services	2 3 0 2	0.4 0.8

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £1,132,950 (2010: £762,000).

Employee benefits

For details regarding the Group's share based payment transactions, see note 17

The company had 154 employees during the year (2010 192).

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold	Leasehold	Plant, equipment and	T 4 1
	property £m	property £m	vehicles £m	Total £m
				
Cost at 31 March 2010	5 2	22 7	5 8	33 7
Additions	-	0 1	0 3	0 4
Disposals and transfers	-	_	(0 9)	(0 9)
Cost at 31 March 2011	5.2	22.8	5.2	33.2
Depreciation at 31 March 2010	13	9.9	3 8	15 0
Charge for year	0 1	1.4	0 4	19
Disposals and transfers	_		-	-
Depreciation at 31 March 2011	1.4	11.3	4.2	16.9
Net book values at 31 March 2011	3.8	11.5	1.0	16.3
Net book values 31 March 2010	3.9	12.8	2.0	18.7

(1525)

(1,543.6)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

9. INVESTMENTS

Impairments

At 31 March 2011

)11 £m	2010 £m
Investments comprise					
Subsidiary undertakii	ngs (1)		1,78	2 2	1,935 3
Associated undertaki	- · ·			06	0.6
Other fixed asset inve	estments (111)			-	
(i) Investments in subsidiary	Cost of shares	Loans £m	restated Provisions £m	Net	stated book value £m
At 31 March 2009	2,469 4	885 5	(352 5)	3	002 4
Additions and disposals	2,403 4	(28 5)	(3323)		(28 5)
Impairments	_	(20 3)	(1,038 6)		(28 5) (38 6)
At 31 March 2010	2,469 4	857 0	(1,391 1)	<u> </u>	935 3
Additions and disposals	-, 105	(0 6)		-,	(0 6)

During the year loans in subsidiary undertakings to the amount of £0 6m was repaid by EMI Group Finance Limited

856.4

2,469.4

As a result of further analysis by the Directors, they have concluded that there should have been an additional impairment reflected in the Company's financial statements in the previous year. The Directors have therefore reduced the carrying value of investments shown in the Company's balance sheet by £1,038 6 million at 31 March 2010 compared to the previously presented financial information. This has led to an additional impairment charge being included in the company's profit and loss account of £1,038.6 million in the year ended 31 March 2010.

During the year, the Company identified impairment indicators under FRS11 triggering an impairment review. In accordance with FRS 11 'Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill' the carrying values of the assets have been compared to their recoverable amounts, represented by their value in use to the Company. The value in use has been derived from discounted cash flow projections using a nominal discount rate between 9.4% and 10.1% for the recorded music segment on a post-tax basis. For the Company's investments in the music publishing segment nominal discount rates between 9.3% and 9.8% were used on a post-tax basis. For the recorded music segment annual growth rates of 0% have been assumed over five years plus a terminal value to determine the net present value of the cash flows into perpetuity at the end of the five year period based on a growth rate of 0%, reflecting the Company's view of the outlook for the business. For the music publishing segment annual growth rates between 2.5% and 3% have been assumed over a 5 year period, whilst a terminal growth rate of 2.8% was applied.

9. INVESTMENTS (continued)

In the opinion of the directors the value of the investments is at least equal to their carrying value

The principal subsidiary undertakings set out below are those which were part of the Company at 31 March 2011 and in the opinion of the Directors significantly affected the Company's results and net assets during the year

Except where otherwise stated, the country of incorporation is England, the operations are within the United Kingdom, the shares are in equity share capital and the businesses are wholly owned

Music and Music Publishing

Capitol-EMI Music, Inc (USA) Capitol Records, Inc (USA) Chrysalis Records Ltd

EMI Music Germany GmbH & Co KG

EMI Entertainment World, Inc EMI Music Australia Pty Ltd

EMI Music France S A

EMI Music Italy SpA

EMI Music Publishing Ltd

EMI Records Ltd

Jobete Music Co, Inc (USA) Toshiba-EMI Ltd (Japan)

Virgin Records America, Inc (USA)

Virgin Records Ltd

Corporate

EMI Group Finance Ltd*

EMI Group Finance (Jersey) Ltd*

EMI Group Holdings (UK) Ltd

EMI Group International Holdings Ltd

EMI Group North America Holdings, Inc (USA)

EMI Group North America, Inc. (USA)

EMI Group Worldwide Ltd

Virgin Music Group*

(ii) Investments in associated undertakings

	Cost of shares £m	Provisions £m	Net book value
At 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2011	0 7	(0 1)	0 6
(iii) Other fixed asset investments			
	Cos	at of Provis	Net book tons value £m £m
At 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2011		30	(3.0)

^{*} Held directly by the Company

10. DEBTORS

	2011 £m	2010 £m
Due within one year		
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	2,3274	2,338 4
Investment in preference shares	152 1	160 1
Other debtors	90	3 9
Total	2,488.5	2,502.4

The investment in preference shares relates to preference shares issued by EMI Group Finance (Jersey) Limited. The shares have no voting rights and do not represent equity and so have been disclosed as current receivable from EMI Group Finance (Jersey) Limited. Dividends are payable at a rate of 5 25% per annum but the Company has waived its rights to dividends in the year

11. OTHER CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2011	2010
	£m	£m
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	1,560 0	1,630 1
Accruals and deferred income	19 6	31 4
Total	1,579.6	1,661.5

12. OTHER CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2011 £m	2010 £m_
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	1,937 0	1,713 1
Total	1,937.0	1,713.1

13. OTHER PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Restructuring £m	Trading £m	Total £m	
At 31 March 2010	7.5	0.4	79	
Provisions utilised	(1 4)	-	(14)	
Charge for the year	Ì9 Ó	-	Ì9 Ó	
At 31 March 2011	25.1	0.4	25.5	

The above include provisions for redundancy payments and litigation costs incurred by Citigroup

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares, allotted, called up and fully paid

			Share capital		Share p	Share premium	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
	Number	Number	£m	£m	£m	£m	
At the beginning and end of the period	920,361,759	920,361,759	128 9	1289	630 8	630 8	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	20 11	2010
	£'000	£'000
Audit of these financial statements	8	500

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditors and their associates in respect of services to the Company and its associates, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required, instead, to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, the Company's parent

16. TERMS OF INTERCOMPANY BALANCES

Amounts to and from fellow Group undertakings and parent undertakings are repayable on demand, some attract interest at market rates and some are interest free. Interest bearing loans attract interest at a floating rate

17. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

The total share-based payment expense recognised for employee services received during the year is £3 5m (2010: £10 4m)

The share-based payment transactions contain clauses setting out the employees' entitlement in relation to the share-based payment in the specific event of termination by the employer and under certain conditions leavers retain their awards or a portion of them. Since leavers will not be providing any services after termination of their contracts, the unrecognised grant fair value is accelerated in the financial year with the contract termination to the extent that the underlying awards vested. The accelerated vesting charges are based on a theoretical calculation of the value of the right on the date they were originally granted, and not their value at the time of the employees' leaving the group.

All outstanding share based payment awards ultimately vested when the group was sold on 1 February 2011 The unrecognised grant fair value of the awards at transaction date accelerated in the year ended 31 March 2011 Since the proceeds of the sale did not exceed the relevant amount, none of the participants are entitled to, nor received a cash payment under any of the share-based payment schemes

The share-based payment plans relevant for the Company are described below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

17. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT (continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions - share appreciation units

Under the terms of this plan, employees are granted share appreciation units. The share appreciation units are settled in cash and are paid by the Company's former ultimate parent companies. Terra Firma Investments (GP) 2 and (GP) 3 Limited. As the Company has no obligation to settle, it measures the services received as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction.

The share appreciation units vest from the earlier of (1) the sale, disposition or transfer of the Group or a Division of the Group (including an IPO), and (2) 31 August 2014 (31 August 2017 for one employee) If the sale, disposition or transfer occurs first, the awards are settled in two transhes, being 30 days and 6 months from the date of the sale. If 31 August 2014 is the earlier date, the awards are settled in their entirety on 30 September 2014 (30 September 2017 for one employee). Under certain conditions the awards or a portion of them vest at an earlier date under a good leaver provision

During the year ended 31 March 2011 the Group did not grant any share appreciation units (2010 nil)

Before the sale, awards of 0.2 per cent of the growth in value of the Group vested in the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010 0.6 per cent) and 0.1 per cent forfeited (2010 0.4 per cent). When the Group was sold, no unvested share appreciation units were outstanding

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions - equity instruments

Under the terms of this plan, certain employees of the Group are awarded ordinary shares and preference shares in Maltby Capital Limited, the former intermediate parent company. The awards vest in annual tranches over five years from the grant date of the award. As the Company has no obligation to settle, it measures the services received as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group made no awards under these equity plans (2010 awards of 665 ordinary shares and 3,999,333 preference shares with a total fair value of £3 9 million). The total fair value of the ordinary shares and preference shares is determined at the grant date by reference to a discounted cash flow valuation of the Group, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the awards were granted The valuation methodology assumes that no dividends will be paid during the vesting period

17. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT (continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions - equity instruments

Before the Group was sold, awards of 665 ordinary shares and 3,999,333 preference shares vested in the year ended 31 March 2011 (2010 1,321 ordinary shares and 7,918,679 preference shares) and no awards forfeited (2010 268 ordinary shares and 1,599,732 preference shares) At the time of the sale of the Group, all awards under the equity plans had already vested

18. RESERVES

	Capıtal		restated
	redemption	Other	Profit and loss
	reserve	reserves	reserve
	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2009	495 8	408 7	498 6
Loss for the year (as restated – see note 9)	-	-	(1,098.2)
Equity-settled share based payment charge			,
(note 17)	-	-	10 4
At 1 April 2010 (as restated)	495.8	408.7	(589.2)
Loss for the year	-	-	(255 5)
Equity-settled share based payment charge			, ,
(note 17)	_	-	3 5
At 31 March 2011	495.8	408.7	(841.2)

(i) Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve represents the reduction in distributable reserves for the amount paid to redeem preference B shares as part of the share capital reorganisation

(ii) Other reserves

Other reserves of the Company contain a special reserve which reflects the share premium account reduction of July 1988 and unrealised profits on disposal of investments

19. PENSIONS

As noted in the accounting policies section, the Company is a member of the EMI Group Pension Fund (UK Fund), a defined benefit pension scheme for EMI Group Limited and its subsidiaries in the UK As the Company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the UK fund, in accordance with FRS 17 it has accounted for it as a defined contribution scheme. The cost of contributions by the Company to the UK fund during the year was £18 3m (2010 £1 9m)

As at 31 March 2011, the UK Fund had schemes assets with a fair value of £956m (2010 £935m) and a present value of defined benefit obligations of £1,026m (2010 £1,015m) resulting in a net pension liability of £70m (2010 net pension liability of £115m). The date of the last actuarial valuation of scheme assets and obligations was 31 March 2011, and was based on the projected unit method

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

EMI Group Limited acceded, on 28 January 2008, to a debenture dated 30 August 2007 (as amended, supplemented, novated, extended, restated or varied from time to time) and made between, EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited (formerly known as Maltby Acquisitions Limited) and Citibank, NA, London Branch as Security Agent, pursuant to which the company charged, by way of mortgage or fixed charge or assign by way of security (as appropriate) all of their right, title and interest in certain assets, charge all or substantially all of their present and future assets and undertaking by way of first floating charge in favour of the Security Agent to secure the repayment of the Secured Liabilities (as defined therein) and covenant that they will, on demand, pay and discharge the Secured Liabilities

21. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The immediate parent of the Company is EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Citigroup Inc , a company registered in Delaware, United States of America

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest Group to consolidate these financial statements is EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited Copies of the consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 can be obtained from the Company's registered address, 27 Wrights Lane, London W8 5SW

Prior to the change of ownership, the Company's previous ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party was TFCP Holdings Limited, a company registered in Guernsey

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In June 2011, the Board of Directors of EMI Group Global Limited announced that they had initiated a process to explore and evaluate potential strategic alternatives, including a possible sale, recapitalisation or initial public offering of its wholly owned subsidiary, EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Ltd and its controlled entities including the Company

Other than as noted above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the Company in future financial years