SmithKline Beecham Research Limited (Registered Number 229017)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31st December 2004

Registered office address:

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Middlesex

TW8 9GS



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Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31st December 2004

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

The Directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2004.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is marketing of pharmaceutical products in Africa and Philippines.

Review of business

The Company made a profit on ordinary activities after taxation of £1,069,000 (2003 - loss of £(1,540,000)). The Directors are of the opinion that the current level of activity and the year end financial position are satisfactory and will remain so in the foreseeable future.

The retained profit for the year of £1,069,000 will be transferred to reserves (2003 - retained loss for the year of £(1,540,000) transferred from reserves).

Results and dividends

The Company's results for the financial year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

The Company received a dividend of £2.2m during the year (2003 - nil).

Directors and their interests

The Directors of the Company who served during the year are as follows:

Edinburgh Pharmaceutical Industries Limited Glaxo Group Limited

No Director had, during the year or at the end of the year, any material interest in any contract of significance to the Company's business except where such an interest may arise in the ordinary course of business.

Save as disclosed, no arrangements to which the Company was a party existed at the end of the year, or at any time during the year, which would enable the Directors to acquire benefits through the acquisition of shares, or debentures of the Company, or any body corporate within the Group.

At 31st December 2004 none of the Directors have beneficial interests in the shares of any other Group company, except where such a beneficial interest may arise in the ordinary course of business.

Payment policy

The Company operates procedures to ensure that suppliers are paid on time. In particular, the Company seeks:

- to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of the transaction
- to ensure that suppliers are made aware of the agreed terms of payment
- · to abide by the terms of payment

The procedures include arrangements for accelerated payment of small suppliers.

Fixed assets

Details of the Company's Fixed Assets are given in Note 7 to the Accounts

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that year.

In preparing the financial statements the Directors are required to:

- · Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- · Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Auditors

Elective resolutions to dispense with holding Annual General Meetings, the laying of accounts before the Company in general meetings and the appointment of Auditors annually are currently in force. The Auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will therefore be deemed to have been re-appointed at the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which copies of this Report and Accounts are sent to members unless a resolution is passed under Section 393 of the Companies Act to the effect that their re-appointment be brought to an end.

By order of the Board

V A Llewellyn

For and on behalf of Edinburgh Pharmaceutical Industries Limited - Secretary

⊋7 April 2005

Independent auditors' report to the members of SmithKline Beecham Research Limited

We have audited the financial statements which comprise: the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out in the statement of accounting policies.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The Directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of Directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the annual report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the Directors' Report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs at 31st December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

27 April 2005

Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31st December 2004

		2004	2003
, and a second	Notes	£000	£000
Turnover	2	3,335	2,054
Cost of sales	inaan ne aryaeri ni miyrergi. Hawygain e mesiyar ii sin eneg	(2,934)	(1,802)
Gross profit		401	252
Administrative expenses		(183)	(91)
Other operating income	ns adolf the systematory of the destriction of systematory of a second section of the section of the second section of the second section of the section of the second section of the	63	-
Operating profit:	3	281	161
Income from shares in group undertakings Corporate restructuring costs	4	2,282 -	(63)
Profit before interest		2,563	98
Net interest payable		(1,932)	(1,531)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		631	(1,433)
Taxation	6	438	(107)
Retained profit/(loss)	15	1,069	(1,540)

The results disclosed above relate entirely to continuing operations.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses For the Year Ended 31st December 2004

	2004	2003
THE APPLICATION AND THE	£000	£000
Profit for the financial year	1,069	(1,540)
Exchange loss on net investment	(1,199)	(789)
Total gains and losses recognised	(130)	(2,329)

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet As at 31st December 2004

		2004	2003
	Notes	£000	£000
Tangible assets	7	3,569	3,573
Investments	8	10,610	11,505
Fixed Assets	againe de Magaine de Chagaine de La	14,179	15,078
Equity Investments	9	145	60
Stock	10	122	679
Debtors	11	49,761	46,500
Cash at bank	ng it kindhadasa - Madaysa membahada sahaddanya - indiri	489	315
Current assets	one of the control of	50,517	47,554
Creditors: amounts due within one year	12	(61,456)	(59,262)
Net current assets		(10,939)	(11,708)
Total assets less current liabilities		3,240	3,370
THE THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	AND MALE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND AND THE PROPERTY OF	, samaran , nigarang, inapinaran, iiganaka	
Net assets		3,240	3,370
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	1,616	1,616
Profit and loss account	15	1,624	1,754
Equity shareholders' funds	16	3,240	3,370

The accounts on pages 4 to 15 were approved by the Board of Directors on ²⁷ April 2005 and were signed on its behalf by:

L A Day

For and on behalf of Edinburgh Pharmaceutical Industries Limited - Director

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention, and have been drawn up in accordance with UK generally accepted accounting principles and with UK accounting presentation.

(b) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are booked in local currency at the exchange rate ruling on the date of the transaction, or at the forward rate if hedged by a forward exchange contract. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into local currency at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date, or at the forward rate. Exchange differences are included in trading profit. The retranslation of the opening reserves and results for the period of overseas branches that are denominated in a foreign currency are taken to the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

(c) Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the profit and loss account when goods or services are supplied to, or made available for collection by, external customers or other group subsidiaries against orders received. Turnover represents the net invoice value, after deduction of discounts given at the point of sale, of products despatched to, or available for collection by customers, less accruals for estimated future rebates and returns. Value added tax and other sales taxes are excluded from revenue.

(d) Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised in respect of goods and services received when supplied in accordance with contractual terms. Provision is made when an obligation exists for a future liability in respect of a past event and where the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Advertising expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. Shipment costs on inter-company transfers are charged to cost of sales. Restructuring costs are recognised in respect of the direct expenditures of a business reorganisation where the plans are sufficiently detailed and well advanced, and where appropriate communication to those affected has been undertaken at the balance sheet date.

(e) Retirement Benefits

The Philippines branch operates a non-contributory defined benefit pension scheme based on final pensionable pay and total years of service. The scheme assets are held separately in a trustee administered fund. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees working lives with the Company.

(f) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less a provision for depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, excluding freehold land, in equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The normal expected useful lives of the major categories of tangible fixed assets are:

Land and buildings 20 to 50 years

Leasehold improvements The shorter of lease term and 50 years

Plant and equipment 4 to 10 years

Motor vehicles 5 years

On disposal of a tangible fixed asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the financial statements and the net amount, less any proceeds, is taken to the profit and loss account.

(g) Leases

Leasing agreements which transfer to the Company substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as finance leases, as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in tangible fixed assets and the capital element of the leasing commitment is shown as obligations under finance leases. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the useful lives of the assets. The interest element of the lease rental is charged against profit.

All other leases are operating leases and the annual rentals are charged against profit on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

(h) Stocks

Stocks are included in the financial statements at the lower of cost (including manufacturing overheads, where appropriate) and net realisable value. Cost is generally determined on a first in, first out basis.

(i) Taxation

The Company accounts for taxation which is deferred or accelerated by reason of timing differences which have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable against future taxable profits. Deferred tax on the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries is only provided when there is a binding commitment to distribute past earnings in future periods.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not discounted.

(j) Current asset investments

Current asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

In the case of securities acquired at a significant premium or discount to maturity value, and intended to be held to redemption, cost is adjusted to amortise the premium or discount over the life to maturity of the security. Floating rate bonds are stated at cost. Interest income is taken to the profit and loss account on a receivable basis.

Equity investments are included as current assets when regarded as available for sale.

(k) Legal and other disputes

Provision is made for the anticipated settlement costs and legal and other expenses associated with claims received and legal and other disputes against the Company where a reasonable estimate can be made of the likely outcome of the dispute. No provision is made for unasserted claims or where an obligation exists under a dispute but it is not possible to make a reasonable estimate. Costs associated with claims made by the Company against third parties are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

2 Segmental Information

The analysis by location of the Company's oper	ations are:					
		Turnover	Profit/(lo	Profit/(loss) before interest and taxation		Net operating
			interest a			assets/(liabilities)
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Philippines	3,335	2054	2,637	161	11,786	13,980
Africa		 _	(74)	(63)	46	(12)
	3,335	2,054	2,563	98	11,832	13,968
Analysis of turnover by type:						
•					2004	2003
and the second of the second property and the second of th	argin i e i izan i Naga	an analysis wywas	para a spania sa sagara s	enciena a contiguidad a contig	£000	£000
Third Party sales					410	791
Intercompany sales		<u> </u>			2,925	1,263
					3,335	2,054

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

2004 2003 2006 2000	3	Operating profit		
The following items have been charged / (credited) in operating profit Depreciation of trangible fixed assets:				
Owned assests 338 240 Exchange losses(gains) on foreign currency transactions (108 188 (46) Exchange losses retails: 108 188 Operating lease retails: 20 50 Plant, equipment and vehicias 7 5 Auditors' overseas firm 6 8 The Company bears an appropriate charge for management services provided to it by other group companies. 2004 2003 The Company bears an appropriate charge for management services provided to it by other group companies. 2004 2003 Income from shares in group undertakings 2004 2003 2000 Event interest payable/receivable 2004 2003 2000 Interest payable interest payable/receivable 2004 2003 2000			A DOLL THE THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Exchange losses (gains) on foreign currency transactions (11) (46) (46) (46) (46) (46) (46) (46) (46				
Profit/foss on disposal of fixed assets (11) (48) (48) (49)				
Copper Insert entails: Land and buildings 7				
Land and buildings 20 50 Paint, equipment and vehicles 7 5 Audit fees			(11)	(46)
Plant, equipment and vehicles			00	50
Audit fees 6 6 Auditors' overseas firm 6 6 The Company bears an appropriate charge for management services provided to it by other group companies. Income from shares in group undertakings 2004 2003 Dividends (2,282) - 5 Net interest payable/receivable 2004 2003 Interest payable 2000 2000 On bank loans and overdrafts 1 (3) On loans with group undertakings (1,946) (1,557) Investment income 14 26 Interest receivable from third parties 4 26 Investment income 2004 2003 Interest receivable from third parties 4 26 Taxation 2004 2003 Taxation (charge)/credit based on losses for the period 2004 2003 Taxation (charge)/credit based on losses for the period 2004 2003 UK corporation tax at 30% (2003:30%) (351) 275 Overseas faxation (18) (6) Overseas faxation (18) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
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Interest payable				
Interest payable	5	Net interest payable/receivable		
Interest payable			2004	2003
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Profit on ordinary activities at the UK statutory rate 30% (189) 430 Overseas taxation (18) (6) Permanent differences (6) (389) Underlying tax on overseas dividend (321) - Prior year adjustments to current tax 399 (50) Capital allowances in excess of depreciation 164 211 Other timing differences 1 23 Double tax relief 351 -				2003
Overseas taxation (18) (6) Permanent differences (6) (389) Underlying tax on overseas dividend (321) - Prior year adjustments to current tax 399 (50) Capital allowances in excess of depreciation 164 211 Other timing differences 1 23 Double tax relief 351 -		Reconciliation of current taxation charge	£000	£000
Overseas taxation (18) (6) Permanent differences (6) (389) Underlying tax on overseas dividend (321) - Prior year adjustments to current tax 399 (50) Capital allowances in excess of depreciation 164 211 Other timing differences 1 23 Double tax relief 351 -		Profit on ordinary activities at the UK statutory rate 30%	(189)	430
Permanent differences(6)(389)Underlying tax on overseas dividend(321)-Prior year adjustments to current tax399(50)Capital allowances in excess of depreciation164211Other timing differences123Double tax relief351-				
Underlying tax on overseas dividend (321) - Prior year adjustments to current tax 399 (50) Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences 1 23 Double tax relief 351 -				
Prior year adjustments to current tax Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences Double tax relief 399 (50) 164 211 23				
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation164211Other timing differences123Double tax relief351-		Prior year adjustments to current tax		(50)
Other timing differences 1 23 Double tax relief 351 -		Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	164	
		Other timing differences	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23
Current tax charge for the period 381 219		Double tax relief	351	-
		Current tax charge for the period	381	219_

The prior periods tax credits were based on management's best estimates that were revised during the year following submission of the tax returns or agreement with the tax authorities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

7 Tangible fixed assets

8

9

10

		122	679
Vork in progress Finished goods and goods for resale		9 2	457
Raw materials and consumables		£000 111	£000
Stocks		2004	2000
Equity investments held as current assets consisted of unlisted investments of £1	45,000 (2003 - £60,0	000).	
At 31st December 2004			145
at 1st January 2004 exchange adjustments additions mpairment			6((5 11((26
Equity Investments	TOTAL STATE OF THE	SANA SERIORANA SERIA SANASANI SERIA SE	£000
envestments comprise unlisted investments of £10,610,000 (2003 - £11,505,000).			
at 31st December 2004	and and an an an analysis of the second	, ii	10,610
Additions Exchange adjustments			(895)
At 1st January 2004	NAVV		£00 0
nvestments held as fixed assets			
let book value at 31st December 2004	795	2,774	3,56
let book value at 1st January 2004	852	2,721	3,57
Depreciation at 31st December 2004	(224)	(3,256)	(3,480
Disposals Exchange adjustment	- 21	196 97	198 118
Depreciation at 1st January 2004 Provision for the year	(215) (30)	(3,240) (309)	(3,455 (339
ost at 31st December 2004	1,019	6,030	7,04
eclassifications xchange adjustment	(88)	(3) (299)	(387
Cost at 1st January 2004 Additions Disposals	1,067 37 -	5,961 572 (201)	7,029 609 (201
	£000	£000	£000
	Land and led buildings	Plant, uipment and vehicles	Tota

The replacement cost of stocks is not materially different from original cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

11	Debtors			2004	2003
			· Name · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£000	£000
	Amounts due within one year				
	Trade debtors			705	1,367
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			48,285	44,077
	Other debtors			76	139
	Taxation			216	509
	Deferred overseas income tax recoverable			479	381
	Deferred taxation	and the second and th			27
				49,761	46,500
12	Creditors			2004	2003
	TANKE OF TRACE COMMENTS COMMENTS AND AND COMMENTS AND COM			£000	£000
	Amounts due within one year			407	76-
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings			167	755 50 224
	Other creditors			60,825 419	58,224 283
	Deferred taxation			45	203
	Trainin S. Ministra (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri (Manageri	with the second of the second	- Angelogia - Angelogia - Angelogia	61,456	59,262
	There was no pension accrual in 2004 (2003: £2,807)				
13	Deferred taxation asset/(liability)			2004	2003
	· Marcolland Charles Charles Control C		····	£000	£000
	Accelerated capital allowances			(46)	20
	Other timing differences		Market and Company of the Company of	1	7.
				(45)	27
	Deferred tax asset		· ····································	· MANAGE FLANKING DE ANTON	Total £000
	At 1st January 2004				27
	Profit and Loss charge	ann a thaileanna a thaileanna an t-aireanna an t-aireanna a	Constructive of American confidences		(72)
	At 31st December 2004				(45)
14	Called up share capital - equity interests				
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		Number of	Number of	-	
	MANUEL CONTROL COMPANY AND MANUEL MANUEL MANUEL MANUEL CONTROL	shares	shares	2000	£000
	Authorised				
	Ordinary Shares of 25p each	8,000,000	8,000,000	2,000	2,000
	Issued and fully paid	e 400 400	6 462 400	4 646	4 640
	Ordinary Shares of 25p each	6,462,400	6,462,400	1,616	1,616

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

15 Reserves - equity interests

		Profit & Loss account Total	Reserves £000
	At 1st January 2004 Retained profit for the financial year Exchange movements	1,754 1,069 (1,199)	1,754 1,069 (1,199)
	At 31st December 2004	1,624	1,624
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Profit for the financial year Exchange movement on net investment	1,069 (1,199)	(1,540) (789)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	(130)	(2,329)
	Opening shareholders' funds	3,370	5,699
	Closing shareholders' funds – equity interests	3,240	3,370
17	Commitments		
	Commitments under operating leases to pay rentals For next year	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Operating leases on land and buildings which expire: In one year or less	-	4
	Paragraphi - Allandra Calleriana - Callandra Calleriana - Callandra Call	**************************************	4

18 Retirement Benefits

The Philippines branch operates a non-contributory defined benefit scheme based on final pensionable pay and total years of service. The scheme assets are held separately in a trustee administered fund. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees working lives with the Company. The contributions are determined by an independent qualified actuary on the basis of valuations using the attained age cost method. The most recent valuation was at 31 December 2004. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rate of increase in salaries. It was assumed that the rate of return on investments would be 11% per annum and salary increases would be 10% for the next three years.

The pension charge for the period was £45,073 (2003: £43,826).

The Company continues to account for pension arrangements in accordance with SSAP 24 'Accounting for Pension Costs'. Under the transitional provisions of FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits' certain disclosures are required on the basis of the valuation methodology adopted by FRS 17. For the defined benefit scheme in Philippines, the fair values of the pension scheme assets at 31 December 2004 are compared with the future pension liabilities calculated under the projected unit method. The relevant assumptions used for the FRS 17 calculations are as follows:

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	2004 % pa	2003 % pa	2002 % pa
Rate of increase of future earnings	9.5	9.0	10.0
Discount rate	10.5	10.0	11.0
Expected pension increases	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inflation assumption	6.0	6.0	6.0

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

FRS 17 disclosures (continued)

The expected rates of return on the assets and the fair values of the assets and liabilities of the Philippines defined benefit scheme at 31 December 2004 are as follows:

	Expected Rate of Return %	2004 £'000	Expected Rate of Return %	2003 £'000	Expected Rate of Return %	2002 £'000
Equity	1 1.00%	852	10.00%	383	11.00%	402
Other assets	11.00%	84	10.00%	39_	11.00%	10
Total market value of assets		936		422		412
Present value of scheme liabilities		(342)		(351)	·····	(421)
Surplus in the scheme		594		71		(9)
Related deferred tax liability		(178)		(21)		3
Net pension asset		416		50		(6)

If the defined benefit pension and post retirement benefit scheme had been accounted for under FRS 17, the following amounts would have been recorded in the profit and loss account and the statement of recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31st December 2004.

Amounts charged to operating profit	2004	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Current service cost	42	35	42
Total operating charge	42	35	42
Amounts credited/(charged) to net interest	2004	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	1	43	47
	(37)	(38)	(46)
Net return	(36)	5	1
Amounts recorded in statement of total recognised gains and losses	2004	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	464	70	(172)
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	123	5	8
Actuarial gain recognised	587	75	(164)
Movement in surplus during the year	2004	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Surplus in scheme at beginning of the year Effect on retranslation of surplus at 2004 exchange rates Movement in year:	71	(9)	126
	(6)	1	31
Current service cost Contributions Past service costs	(42)	(35)	(42)
	19	34	39
Other finance (expense)/income Actuarial gain	(36)	5	1
	587	75	(164)
Surplus in scheme at end of the year	593	71	(9)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

FRS 17 disclosure (continued)

The Transfer (continued)	2004	2003	2002
History of experience gains and losses	£'000	£'000	£'000
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets Percentage of scheme assets at 31st December	464 50%	70 17%	(172) (42%)
Experience gains(losses) of scheme liabilities (£'000)	123	5	8
Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities at 31st December	36%	(1%)	(2%)
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and	587	75	(164)
Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities at 31st December	172%	21%	(39%)

The surplus under FRS 17 reflects the different basis for valuing assets and liabilities compared with SSAP 24, including immediate impact of the fair values of assets at 31 December 2004.

If the valuation basis above had been applied in the accounts instead of SSAP 24 valuation basis, the effect on the profit and loss account reserve at 31 December 2004 would have been as follows:

TELEM MENTANGE, IN TRANSPORTED TO A COMMENCE OF COMMEN	2004	2003	2002
	£'000	£,000	£'000
Profit and Loss account reserve per balance sheet under SSAP 24	1,624	1,754	4,083
Pension Asset under FRS 17	416	50	(6)
Pension liability under SSAP 24 per note 11	-	3	70
Profit and loss account reserve including pension liability	2,040	1,807	4,147

19 Employees

Employee costs	2004 £000	2003 £000
Wages and salaries	649	572
Social security costs	11	11
Pension and other employment costs	171	117
	831	700

ne average number of persons employed by the Company (including Directors) during the year	2004	2003
Selling, general and administration	82	82
	82	82

20 Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has been included in the consolidated financial statements of GlaxoSmithKline plc, the ultimate parent undertaking. As a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent undertaking, advantage has been taken of the exemption afforded by Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996) not to prepare a cash flow statement.

21 Group financial statements

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent company and as such has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing group financial statements under s.228 of the Companies Act 1985.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2004

22 Ultimate parent undertaking

GlaxoSmithKline plc, a company registered in England and Wales, is the Company's ultimate parent undertaking. The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are prepared and which include the results of the Company, are the consolidated financial statements of GlaxoSmithKline plc. Copies of the consolidated accounts can be obtained from The Secretary, GlaxoSmithKline plc, 980 Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9GS. The immediate parent undertaking is SmithKline Beecham plc.

23 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent company, GlaxoSmithKline pic, advantage has been taken of the exemption afforded by Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose any related party transactions within the Group. There are no other related party transactions.