Registered number: 00223306

A. & F. HOWLAND(WYCOMBE)LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019



A. & F. HOWLAND(WYCOMBE)LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00223306

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		230,365		31,012
Investments	5		15,292		15,292
		•	245,657	•	46,304
Current assets					
Stocks		313,532		391,184	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	300,000		300,000	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	850,209		988,660	
Cash at bank and in hand		681,510		308,677	
		2,145,251		1,988,521	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(716,046)		(500,125)	
Net current assets			1,429,205		1,488,396
Total assets less current liabilities			1,674,862	•	1,534,700
Net assets			1,674,862		1,534,700
Capital and reserves		•		·	
Called up share capital		•	18,000		18,000
Profit and loss account			1,656,862		1,516,700
			1,674,862	•	1,534,700

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

A. & F. HOWLAND(WYCOMBE)LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00223306

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 29 April 2020.

P.D.Head

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

1. General information

A. & F. Howland (Wycombe) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Egland and Wales. Its registered office is 36 Dashwood Avenue, High Wycombe, Bucks, HP12 4NW.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method and reducing balance method..

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and equipment

- 12.5% straight line

Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 12.5% & 33.3% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.10 Stock

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase and work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 37 (2018 - 37).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Other fixed assets £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 October 2018	795,218
Additions	207,278
Disposals	(12,166)
At 30 September 2019	990,330
Depreciation	
At 1 October 2018	764,206
Charge for the year on owned assets	6,796
Disposals	(11,037)
At 30 September 2019	759,965
Net book value	
At 30 September 2019	230,365
At 30 September 2018	31,012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

5. Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiary companies £

Cost or valuation

At 1 October 2018

15,292

At 30 September 2019

15,292

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Due after more than one year	~	~
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	300,000	300,000
		300,000	300,000
		2019	2018
	Due within one year	£	£
	Trade debtors	564,344	484,218
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	145,481	352,878
	Other debtors	73,525	87,498
	Prepayments and accrued income	66,859	64,066
		850,209	988,660
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	-	
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	272,559	219,873
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	10,212	10,212
	Other taxation and social security	142,545	124,784
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	168,936	-
	Other creditors	16,333	26,165
	Accruals and deferred income	105,461	119,091
		716,046	500,125
		2019	2018
	Other taxation and social security	£	£
	PAYE/NI control	60.024	60.250
	VAT control	62,031 80,514	60,250
	VAT CONITO	80,514 ————————————————————————————————————	64,534
		142,545	124,784

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

8. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £17,962 (2018: £17,962).

9. Controlling party

The company's ultimate holding company is Howlands (Furniture) Limited (company number 00965466), which is incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The company and the Group qualify as small as set out in section 383 of the Companies Act 2006 and are considered eligible for the exemption to prepare consolidated accounts.