Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

00167390

Name of Company

Robert Jenkins Limited

I/We Andrew J Maybery 37 Moorgate Road Rotherham South Yorkshire S60 2AE

Christopher J Brown 37 Moorgate Road Rotherham South Yorkshire S60 2AE

the Liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

Date 23/08/04

Hart Shaw 37 Moorgate Road Rotherham South Yorkshire S60 2AE

Ref: R49209/AJM/CJB

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room



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28/08/04

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LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company Robert Jenkins Limited

Company Registered Number 00167390

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 05 February 2003

Date to which this statement is

brought down 04 August 2004

Name and Address of Liquidator

Andrew J Maybery
37 Moorgate Road
Rotherham
South Yorkshire

South Yorkshire South Yorkshire S60 2AE S60 2AE

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Christopher J Brown

37 Moorgate Road

Rotherham

FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the amount of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on Page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

TRADING ACCOUNTS

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

DIVIDENDS

- (3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the Liquidation Committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Received from	Nature of Assets Realised	Amoun
Date	Necerved Holli	Brought Forward	
			75,756.08
08/03/2004	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Gross	0.20
01/04/2004	Bank of England	Bank Interest Net of Tax	516.98
10/05/2004	Inland Revenue	Tax Refund	34.6
07/06/2004	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Gross	0.0
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LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

01/04/2004 01/07/2004	Paid to ISA Banking Fee ISA Banking Fee	Brought Forward	Amount 47,118.46
01/04/2004 01/07/2004	ISA Banking Fee ISA Banking Fee		47 118 46
01/04/2004 01/07/2004	ISA Banking Fee ISA Banking Fee	Book Charges	17,710,70
		Bank Charges Bank Charges	20.00 20.00
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Analysis of Balance

Total Realisations Total Disbursements		£ 76,307.94 47,158.46
	Balance £	29,149.48
This balance is made up as follows		
Cash in hands of liquidator		0.00
Balance at Bank		34.88
Amount of Insolvency Services Account		29,114.60
	£	
 *Amounts invested by Liquidator 	0.00	
Less: The cost of investments realised	0.00	
Balance		0.00
5. Accrued items		0.00
Total Balance as shown above		29,149.48

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

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Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	0.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0.00
Floating charge holders	0.00
Preferential & Unsecured creditors	0.00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	0.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0.00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be conducted

Ongoing Investigation

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Six Months

^{*} The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of Regulations.