S.192

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments	
Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 198	6

To the Registrar of Companies

]	For	Offi	cial	Use

Company Number

162602

Name of Company

ABB Ventilation & Refrigeration Ltd

We,

Lindsey Cooper

idsey Cooper

Brazennose House

Lincoln Square

Adrian David Allen

2 Whitehall Quay Leeds LS1 4HG

Manchester M2 5BL

the Liquidators of the company, attach a copy of my statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Lindsex Cooper

Adrian David Allen

Dated

Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP Brazennose House, Lincoln Square, Manchester M2 5BL Ref LJC/MXM2/NRB1

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect B. B.

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COMPANIES HOUSE

## Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company ABB Ventilation & Refrigeration Ltd

Company Registered Number 162602

State whether members' or creditors' Members Voluntary Liquidation

voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up 08 March 2006

Date to which this statement is brought down 09 July 2008

## Name and Address of Liquidator

Lindsey Cooper Adrian David Allen
Brazennose House 2 Whitehall Quay

Lincoln Square Leeds LS1 4HG

Manchester M2 5BL

#### (1) Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the hquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance in bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs and charges, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. These accounts should not contain payments into the Insolvency Services Account (except unclaimed dividends – see Para 5) or payments into or out of bank, or temporary investments by the liquidator, or the proceeds of such investments when realised, which should be shown separately

(a) By means of the bank pass book

(b) By a separate detailed statement of monies invested by the liquidator, and investments realised

Interest allowed or charged by the bank, bank commission, etc., and profit or loss upon the realisation of temporary investments, should, however, be inserted in the accounts of realisations or disbursements as the case maybe. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet, and the totals carned forward from one account to another.

#### (2) Trading Account

When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in the statement

without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals shall represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

#### (3) Dividends, &c

When dividends or instalments of compositions are paid to creditors, or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, or instalment of composition or return to contributories, actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend or composition payable to each creditor, and of surplus assets payable to each contributory, distinguishing in each list the dividends or instalments of composition and shares of surplus assets actually paid and those remaining unclaimed

(4) When unclaimed dividends, instalments of composition or returns of surplus assets are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require

**REALISATIONS** 

Date Received From

Nature/Explanation
Total realisations carried forward to next abstract:

Total £ 0.00 DISBURSEMENTS
Date Paid To

Nature/Explanation

Total £

Total disbursements carried forward to next abstract:

0.00

# Analysis of balance

	£	£
Total realisations	0 00	
Total disbursements	0 00	
Net Realisations		0 00
Post Appointment Sales	0 00	
Post Appointment Expenditure	000_	
Trading Surplus (Deficit)		000_
Balance held	- -	0 00
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above	-	0 00

# Statements by Liquidator

None

The amount of the estimated assets and habilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)	

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0.00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

0 00

Nil

The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement	
of the winding up.	£

Paid up in cash	4,000,067 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets.

Asset Type

Estimated To Realise

Reasons why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Final Meeting held 9 July 2008

The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed  $N\!/\!A$