FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Registered Office:

80 Strand London WC2R 0RL

Registered in England Number 156543

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Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2008

Directors

D H Colville A C Miller

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for Whitehall Trust Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal Activities

The company is an investment company. The directors believe that the company will continue in this activity for the foreseeable future. The directors report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Results

The profit for the year after taxation was £3,050,000 (2007 profit of £1,989,000). The retained profit for the year has been transferred to reserves.

The directors listed above held office during the year and up to the date of signing the accounts.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of provision of information to auditors

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time when this report is approved, the following applies:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (that is, information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- each director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2008 (continued)

Auditors

The company has previously passed an elective resolution under the Companies Act 1985 dispensing with, amongst other things, the need for the annual appointment of auditors. Under the Companies Act 2006, the relevant sections of which came into force on 1 October 2007, this resolution remains in force in relation to the annual appointment of auditors. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will, accordingly, continue in office as auditors of the Company.

By order of the board

J S Braunhofer Secretary

20 April 2009

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £000	<u>2007</u> £000
Interest receivable from parent undertaking Interest receivable Interest payable		2,641 537	2,880
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		3,178	2,820
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(128)	(831)
Profit for the financial year	7	<u>3,050</u>	<u>1,989</u>

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit above, and therefore, no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

All the above results are derived from continuing operations.

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £000	<u>2007</u> £000
Current Assets Amounts due from parent undertaking	5	54,500	52,695
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income		(1,012) (95) (1,107)	(1,720) _(632) (2,352)
Net current assets		53,393	50,343
Total assets less current liabilities		53,393	50,343
Net assets		53,393	50,343
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital Share premium reserve Profit and loss reserve	6 7 7	25,000 14,345 14,048	25,000 14,345 10,998
Total shareholders' funds	8	53,393	50,343

The financial statements on pages 4 to 7 were approved by the board of directors on 20 April 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Acrum

Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards in the UK. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

2. <u>Directors' emoluments and employee costs</u>

The emoluments of the directors are paid by another group undertaking. Their services to this company and to a number of fellow subsidiaries are chiefly of a non-executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to the parent company. Accordingly, the above details include no emoluments in respect of the directors. There were no employees employed by the Company during the period (2007: no one).

3. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration is borne by a fellow group company.

4. Tax on profit for the financial year

	<u> 2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	£'000	£'000
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax on profits of the year	906	846
Overseas taxation in respect of previous period	(778)	<u>(15)</u>
Total current tax	<u>128</u>	<u>831</u>

The tax assessed for the current and prior year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2008: 28.5% - 2007:30%).

The difference is set out below:

The difference is set out below:	2008 £'000	<u>2007</u> £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK 28.5% (2007 - 30%)	3,178 906	<u>2,820</u> 846
Effects of: Overseas taxation in respect of previous period Current tax charge for the period	(778) <u>128</u>	(15) _831

There is no unprovided deferred tax liability or unrecognised deferred tax asset in these financial statements.

5. Amounts due from ultimate parent undertaking

Amounts due from ultimate parent undertaking are unsecured. During the year, interest was charged at Bank of England base rate plus 25 basis points and is repayable on demand.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 (continued)

6.	Share capital		2008 £000	<u>2007</u> £000
	Authorised			
	100,000,000 ordinary shares of 25p each		<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	100,000,000 ordinary shares of 25p each		<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
7.	Reserves			
		Share	Profit	
		<u>Premium</u>	and Loss	<u>Total</u>
		£000	£000	£000
	At I January 2008	14,345	10,998	25,343
	Retained profit		<u>3,050</u>	<u>3,050</u>
	At 31 December 2008	<u>14,345</u>	<u>14,048</u>	<u>28,393</u>
8.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds			
			2008	2007
			£'000	£'000
	Opening shareholders' funds		50,343	48;354
	Profit for the financial year		_3,050	<u>1,989</u>
	Closing shareholders' funds		<u>53,393</u>	<u>50,343</u>

9. Contingent liabilities

The company participates in an arrangement with HSBC Bank plc whereby the accounts of Pearson plc and 33 of its subsidiaries, "the guarantors", are combined, with cleared debit and credit balances being offset for interest calculation purposes. In order to comply with banking regulations, each guarantor to this arrangement is joint and severally liable for the guarantee in respect of the overdraft obligations (but no other debts due to the bank) of each of the other participants. The net overdraft position under this arrangement at 31 December 2008 was £306,079.

The maximum amount of this guarantee is limited to a net overdraft of £50,000,000.

As at 31 December 2008 the potential liability arising from these guarantee arrangements amounted to £50,000,000 for the parent undertaking and fellow subsidiary undertakings.

10. Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Pearson plc and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Pearson plc, which are publicly available. The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 1 "Cash flow statements (revised 1996)" from the requirement to present a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

11. Related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Pearson plc and utilizes the exemption contained in FRS 8 Related Party Disclosures not to disclose any transactions with entities that are part of the Pearson group. The address at which Pearson plc consolidated financial statements are publicly available is shown in note 12.

12. Ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Pearson plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Pearson plc is the parent undertaking of the only group to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2008. Copies of the consolidated financial statements for Pearson plc may be obtained from The Secretary, Pearson plc, 80 Strand, London, WC2R 0RL.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WHITEHALL TRUST LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Whitehall Trust Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

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20 April

2009