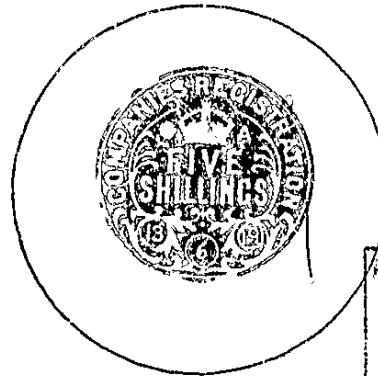


No. of
Certificate }

156099

[C.A. 1.]
14-4-19.

COMPANIES ACTS, 1908 to 1917.



A 5/-
Companies
Registration
Fee Stamp
to be
impressed
here.

REGISTERED
77963
12 JUN 1919

DECLARATION of Compliance with the requisitions of the Companies

Act, made pursuant to S. 17 (2) of the Companies (Consolidation)

Act, 1908 (8 Edw. 7 Ch. 69) on behalf of a Company proposed to be

registered as

Electric Motor Company (1919) Limited.

PUBLISHED AND SOLD BY

WATERLOW & SONS LIMITED,

LAW AND COMPANIES' STATIONERS AND REGISTRATION AGENTS,

LONDON WALL, LONDON.

Presented for filing by

Herbert Smith Jones & Gregory

I Charles Camporelli
of 62 London Street in the City of
London

(a) Here insert:
"A Solicitor of the
High Court engaged
in the formation,"
or
"A director (or
Secretary) named in
the Articles of
Association."

Do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am ^(a) a Solicitor
of the High Court engaged in the
formation

of

Nastite Muri Company (1919)

Limited, and That all the requisitions of the Companies (Consolidation)
Act, 1908, in respect of matters precedent to the registration of the said
Company and incidental thereto have been complied with. And I make
this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and
by virtue of the provisions of the "Statutory Declarations Act, 1935."

Declared at 40 / Broad Street

Place in the City of

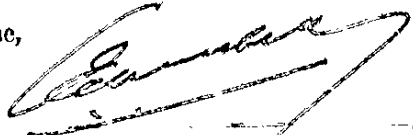
London

the 11th day of June

one thousand nine hundred and

twenty

Before me,



A Commissioner for Oaths.

G.B. Taralli

(No. 834.)

156012

[C.A. 30]
14-0-17.

No. of Certificate



Vactite Wire Company (1919)

REGISTERED

77962

LIMITED.

12 JUN 1919

STATEMENT of the Nominal Capital made pursuant to s. 112 of the Stamp Act, 1891, as amended by s. 7, Finance Act, 1899. (NOTE.—The Stamp Duty on the Nominal Capital is Five Shillings for every £100 or fraction of £100.)

This Statement is to be filed with the Memorandum of Association or other Document, when the Company is registered.

PUBLISHED AND SOLD BY

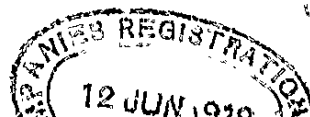
WATERLOW & SONS LIMITED,

LAW AND COMPANIES' STATIONERS AND REGISTRATION AGENTS,

LONDON WALL, LONDON.

Presented for filing by

Herbert Smith for King Gregory
62 London Wall 1891



The NOMINAL CAPITAL of

Vacitite Mine Company (1919) Limited,

is £ 25,000 divided into 25,000 shares of £ 1 each.

Signature Harboursmith Geo King Bryson

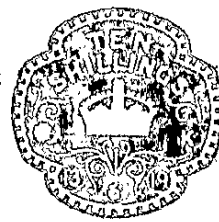
Description Solicitor for the Company

Date 11th day of June 1919

This Statement should be signed by an Officer of the Company.

156012

156012
3



THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1908 TO 1917.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

REGISTERED

7968

12 JUN 1919

Memorandum of Association

— OF —

THE VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in England.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:—
 - (a) To acquire and take over as a going concern and carry on the business of a manufacturer and supplier of accessories to the incandescent electric lamp industry now carried on by The Vactite Wire Company, Limited at 20, Copthall Avenue, London, at Bollo Lane, Acton, and at Lower Walsall Street, Wolverhampton, together with the whole of the real and personal property and assets of that Company used in connection therewith or belonging thereto, and, with a view thereto, to enter into and carry into effect (either with or without modification) an Agreement which has been already prepared and engrossed, and is expressed to be made between The Vactite Wire Company, Limited, (in liquidation) and Lewis J. Ycoman the Liquidator thereof of the one part and the above-named Company of the other part, a copy whereof has, for the purpose of identification, been signed by two of the subscribers hereto.

- (b) To carry on as a Joint Stock Company Limited the business referred to in the said Agreement as the same has heretofore been carried on by the said Vactite Wire Company, Limited, and such other businesses and processes in connection with the above-mentioned business as are customarily or usually carried on in connection therewith or are naturally incident thereto.
- (c) To carry on, either in connection with the business aforesaid or as distinct and separate businesses, the business or businesses of metal founders, wire drawers, dealers in precious metals, and makers of electrical and other scientific apparatus.
- (d) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the Company's property.
- (e) To purchase or by any other means acquire any freehold, leasehold, or other property for any estate or interest whatever, and any rights, privileges, or easements over or in respect of any property, and any buildings, factories, mills, works, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, rolling stock, plant, live and dead stock, barges, vessels, or things, and any real or personal property or rights whatsoever which may be necessary for, or may be conveniently used with, or may enhance the value of any other property of the Company.
- (f) To build, construct, maintain, alter, enlarge, pull down, and remove or replace any buildings, factories, mills, offices, works, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, walls, fences, banks, dams, sluices, or watercourses, and to clear sites for the same, or to join with any person, firm or company in doing any of the things aforesaid, and to work, manage, and control the same, or join with others in so doing.
- (g) To purchase or by other means acquire, and protect, prolong, and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, protections, and concessions

which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company, and to use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.

- (h) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this Company is authorised to carry on, and, as part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm, or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for limiting competition, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm, or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage, and deal with, any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities so received.
- (i) To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (j) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (k) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company, and to give guarantees or become security for any such persons.
- (l) To borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of Debentures or Debenture Stock, perpetual or otherwise, and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised, or owing by mortgage, charge, or

lien upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake.

- (m) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (n) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interest in or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- (o) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm, or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts, and also to act in any of the businesses of the Company through or by means of agents, brokers, sub-contractors, or others.
- (p) To remunerate any person, firm, or company rendering services to this Company, whether by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of Shares or securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part, or otherwise.
- (q) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the formation, promotion, and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm, or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities of this Company.
- (r) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object, and any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its employes, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give pensions, gratuities, or charitable aid to any person or persons who may have served the Company, or to the wives,

children, or other relatives of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds for the benefit of any persons employed by the Company.

- (s) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any Colony or Dependency and in any foreign country or place.
- (t) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and undertaking any of the liabilities of this Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit this Company, or to enhance the value of any property or business of this Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (u) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (v) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company, and in particular any shares, debentures, or securities of other companies belonging to this Company, or of which this Company may have the power of disposing.
- (w) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, and so that the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this Memorandum shall be regarded as independent objects and accordingly shall be in no wise limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph) by reference to the objects indicated in any other paragraph, or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate distinct and independent company.

4. The liability of the Members is limited.

5. The capital of the Company is £25,000, divided into 25,000 Shares of £1 each. The Company has power from time to time to

increase or reduce its capital, and to issue any shares in the original or increased capital with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time determine: Provided always that if and whenever the capital of the Company is divided into shares of different classes the rights and privileges of any such class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of such class) may be modified, varied, affected, abrogated, extinguished or otherwise dealt with with such sanction as is provided by the Articles of Association of the Company.

WE, the several persons whose names, addresses, and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
<i>Augustus Charles Hyde</i> <i>Pewvale Lodge, Pewvale, W. 13.</i> <i>Electric Chemist</i> <i>Mabel H. Ferrat, 29, Eaton Park Road</i> <i>Palmer's Green, N. 13.</i> <i>Accountants Clerk</i>	<i>One.</i> <i>One.</i>
<i>Alvin Newman</i> <i>20 Cyprian Avenue, E.C. 2</i> <i>Chartered Accountant.</i>	<i>one</i>

DATED the *4* day of *June*, 1919.

WITNESS to the above Signatures— *Grace Gird.*

8, Elmfield Mansions,
Balham,
S.W. 17.
Accountants Clerk



156012

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1908 TO 1917.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

REGISTERED

77967

12 JUN 1919

Articles of Association

— OF —

THE VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED.

PRELIMINARY.

1. The regulations contained in Table "A" in the First Schedule to The Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908 (such Table being hereinafter called "Table "A""), shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby; that is to say, the clauses of Table "A" Numbered 2, 4, 5, 29, 35 to 40, 46, 68, 69, 70, 73, 77, 88, 111, and 114 shall not apply to this Company; but in lieu thereof, and in addition to the remaining clauses of Table "A", the following shall be the regulations of the Company.
2. The first business of the Company shall be to acquire the business and undertaking of The Vactite Wire Company, Limited, and, for the purpose of so doing, the Directors shall forthwith take into consideration and, if approved of, shall adopt on behalf of the Company, either with or without modification, the Agreement referred to in Clause 3, Sub-clause (a), of the Memorandum of Association. The Company is formed on the basis that the said Agreement shall be adopted with or without such modification as aforesaid, and no objection shall be taken to the said Agreement, nor shall any promoter or Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit or benefit derived by him under the said Agreement by reason of any promoter or Director of the Company being the vendor to the Company or otherwise interested in the said Agreement, or by reason of the purchase consideration having been fixed by the vendor without any independent valuation having been made, or of the Board of Directors not being in the circumstances an independent Board; but every Member of the Company, present and

208

future, shall be deemed to have notice of the provisions of the said Agreement, and to have assented to all the terms thereof.

3. It shall be lawful for the Company to pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares of the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional, for any shares in the Company, to any amount not exceeding Ten Shillings per share.

4. The Company shall not offer any of its shares or debentures to the public for subscription.

5. The number of the Members of the Company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company and of persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of such employment to be Members of the Company) shall not at any time exceed fifty.

6. The Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears upon the register in respect of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and shall not be under any obligation to recognise any trust or equity or equitable claim to or partial interest in such share, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof.

CALLS ON SHARES.

7. A call may be made payable by instalments.

8. No call upon any share shall be made payable within one month after the date when the last instalment of the last preceding call shall have been payable; and Clause 12 of Table "A" shall be modified accordingly.

9. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed.

10. If by the terms of any prospectus or by the conditions of allotment any amount is payable in respect of any shares, every such amount shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice had been given.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES AND LIEN.

11. When any shares shall have been forfeited, an entry shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members of the Company stating the forfeiture and the date thereof, and so soon as the shares so forfeited shall have been disposed of an entry shall also be made of the manner and date of the disposal thereof.

12. The lien conferred by Clause 9 of Table "A" shall attach to fully paid shares, and to all shares registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of several joint holders.

13. An entry in the Minute Book of the Company of the forfeiture of any shares, or that any shares have been sold to satisfy a lien of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence, as against all persons entitled to such shares, that the said shares were properly forfeited or sold; and such entry, and the receipt of the Company for the price of such shares, shall constitute a good title to such shares, and the name of the purchaser shall be entered in the register as a Member of the Company, and he shall be entitled to a certificate of title to the shares, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money. The remedy (if any) of the former holder of such shares, and of any person claiming under or through him, shall be against the Company and in damages only.

MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS.

14. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may be modified, varied, affected, abrogated, extinguished or otherwise dealt with, with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate General Meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to General Meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

15. The Directors may, in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion refuse to register any proposed transfer of shares; and Clause 20 of Table "A" shall be modified accordingly.

BORROWING POWERS.

16. The Directors may raise or borrow money for the purposes of the Company's business, and may secure the repayment of the same by mortgage or charge upon the whole or any part of the assets and property of the Company (present or future), including its uncalled or unissued capital, and may issue bonds, debentures, or debenture stock, either charged upon the whole or any part of the assets and property of the Company or not so charged.

17. The register of mortgages shall be open to the inspection of any creditor or Member of the Company without payment, and of any other person on payment of the sum of One Shilling for each inspection.

18. A register of the holders of the debentures of the Company shall be kept at the registered office of the Company, and shall be open to inspection by the registered holders of such debentures and the holders of shares in the Company, subject to such restrictions as the Company in General Meeting may impose. The Directors may close such register for such period or periods as they may think fit, not exceeding in the aggregate thirty days in each year.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

19. The Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held once at least in each year at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint. In default of a General Meeting being so held, a General Meeting may be convened, to be held at any time during the next succeeding month, by any two Members in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Directors.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

20. A poll shall be held whenever demanded by two Members together holding or representing by proxy not less than one-tenth of the capital of the Company for the time being issued; and Clause 56 of Table "A" shall be read as if this power to demand a poll were substituted for the powers therein contained.

21. A corporation being a Member of the Company may, by minute of its Directors, appoint any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same functions on behalf of the corporation which he represents as if he had been an individual Member of the Company.

DIRECTORS.

22. The number of the Directors shall not be less than two nor more than five and additional Directors may be elected by the Board of Directors either to increase the number of Directors up to the maximum referred to or to fill any casual vacancy.

23. The first Directors of the Company shall be Kenneth Raydon Swan, Augustus Charles Hyde and Percy Swan who shall be deemed to be life Directors, and shall not be obliged to retire as provided under Clause 78 of Table "A".

24. The Directors other than the life Directors and a substituted Director as provided in these Articles shall be subject to the regulations as to rotation of Directors provided by Articles 78-86 of Table "A".

25. The remuneration of the life Directors for the period until 30th June, 1920, shall be at the rate of £500 (Five Hundred Pounds) per annum for each Director with additional remuneration at the rate of £50 per annum for the Chairman, and the remuneration of the Directors after 30th June, 1920, shall be at such rate as may be fixed from time to time by a majority of the shareholders in General Meeting, such majority representing not less than 90% of the issued capital of the Company.

26. In the event of the death of a life Director on or before 30th June, 1922, the legal personal representative of the deceased life Director shall, provided the deceased life Director was at the time of his death the registered holder of not less than 33 per cent. of the total issued capital of the Company, be entitled within three months of the death of the said life Director to appoint a Director in his place, who shall be known as the substituted Director, and such substituted Director shall be remunerated as provided in Article 25, and shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of his appointment, and shall during such period not be liable to retirement as provided under Clause 78 of Table "A".

27. The Company shall have the power in General Meeting at any time and from time to time to resolve that the date before which the death of a life Director shall create rights for the legal personal representative of the deceased life Director, as provided in the previous clause, shall be extended for such period from time to time as may be decided by the resolution, provided that notice of the intention to submit such resolution shall be set forth in the Notice convening the General Meeting.

28. The qualification of every Director other than a life Director or substituted Director shall be the holding, in his own right and as sole holder, of shares or stock of the Company to the nominal value of not less than £1. A Director may act before acquiring his qualification, but shall in any case acquire his qualification within one month of being appointed a Director; and if such qualification shall not have been otherwise acquired within the time aforesaid he shall be deemed to have agreed with the Company to take from the Company so many shares as shall be necessary to make up with the shares or stock (if any) which he

then holds the amount of his said qualification, and his name shall be entered in the Register of Members accordingly.

29. The quorum of Directors for transacting business shall, unless otherwise fixed by the Directors, be two.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

30. The office of a Director shall be vacated:—

- (a) If he hold any other office or place of profit under the Company except that of Managing Director.
- (b) If he become bankrupt or insolvent or compound with his creditors.
- (c) If he become of unsound mind or be found a lunatic.
- (d) If he be convicted of an indictable offence.
- (e) If he cease to hold the necessary qualification in shares or stock, or do not obtain the same within one month from the date of his appointment.
- (f) If he absent himself from the meetings of the Directors for a period of six months without special leave of absence from the other Directors.
- (g) If he give the Directors notice in writing that he resigns his office.

But any act done in good faith by a Director whose office is vacated as aforesaid shall be valid unless, prior to the doing of such act written notice shall have been served upon the Directors or an entry shall have been made in the Directors' Minute Book stating that such Director has ceased to be a Director of the Company.

31. A Director (which term in this Article includes a Managing Director) of this Company may be or become a director alternate director or managing director of or shareholder in any subsidiary or other company promoted by this Company or in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable to this Company for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as director or member of such company. No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting or entering into any arrangement or transaction with the Company or with any company in which it is interested, nor shall any such contract, arrangement or transaction or any contract, arrangement or transaction entered into by or behalf of the Company

with any company or partnership in which any Director shall be a member, director or otherwise interested be invalidated or avoided by any such reason, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested or acquiring any benefit under any contract, arrangement or transaction so made or entered into by or on behalf of any person company or partnership in relation to the affairs of this Company be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised thereby or arising thereout; nor shall any Director be debarred from voting upon any contract, arrangement or transaction proposed to be entered into by reason of his being so interested, but the nature of his interest must be disclosed by him at the meeting of the Board at which the contract, arrangement or transaction is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after the acquisition of his interest, and it shall not be any objection that the other Members of the Board to whom such disclosure is made are also interested in such contract, arrangement or transaction, or for any other reason either do not constitute a quorum or do not constitute a disinterested quorum. A Director shall be at liberty to underwrite or guarantee for a profit or commission the subscription of the shares, debentures or securities of this Company, or of any part thereof, or of any other company which this Company may promote or be interested in. A general notice that a Director is a member of any specified firm or company, and is to be regarded as interested in all transactions with that firm or company, shall be sufficient disclosure under this clause, and after such general notice it shall not be necessary to give any special notice of any particular transaction.

32. Any Director shall have the right and power at any time he thinks fit to do so to appoint any person, who shall have been or be approved of by the Board, to act as alternate Director in his place and stead at all or any meetings of Directors at which he shall not be present, and such alternate Director shall be subject in all respects to the rules and regulations of the Company (except as to qualification) regarding Directors. An alternate Director shall exercise and discharge all the duties and functions of the Director he represents, and in case any alternate Director shall resign or vacate his office during the absence or inability to act of the Director whom he represents, the vacancy so arising shall be filled by such last mentioned Director, subject to the approval of the Board. An alternate Director shall not be entitled to any remuneration as such.

33. The appointment of an alternate Director shall be cancelled, and the alternate Director shall cease to hold office, whenever the Director who appointed him shall cease to be a Director, or

shall give notice in writing to the Secretary of the Company that the alternate Director representing him shall have ceased to do so.

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

34. The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any of the powers of the Directors (excepting the power to make calls, forfeit shares, borrow money, or issue debentures) that they may think fit. But the exercise of all powers by the Managing Director or Managing Directors shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Directors may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked, or varied.

SECRETARY.

35. The first Secretary of the Company shall be Maxwell Hicks, Esq., of 20, Copthall Avenue, London, E.C.2.

NOTICES.

36. Where a notice is sent by post it shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of twenty-four hours after it was posted; and Clause 110 of Table "A" shall be modified accordingly.

37. A Member who has no registered address in the United Kingdom, and has not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to him, shall not be entitled to receive any notices from the Company.

WINDING-UP.

38. With the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the shareholders, any part of the assets of the Company, including any shares in other companies, may be divided between the Members of the Company in specie, or may be vested in trustees for the benefit of such Members, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares whereon there is any liability.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Augustus Charles Hyde
 Peisale Lodge. Peisale. N.13. *Electro Chemist*
 Mabel L. Ferrar
 29, Eaton Park Road, Palmers Green, N.13.
Accountants Clerk

Alvin Norman
 20 Ophor Avenue S.C.2.
Chartered Accountant

DATED the 4th day of June, 1919.

WITNESS to the above Signatures—

Grace Field,
 8, Colnpfield Mansions,
 Balham,
 SW17.
Accountants Clerk

DUPLICATE FOR THE FILE.

No. 156612



Certificate of Incorporation

I Hereby Certify, That the
Vactite Wine Company (1919) Limited

is this day Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917, and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at London this *Twelfth* day of *June*
One Thousand Nine Hundred and *Nineteen*.

Fees and Deed Stamps £ *11 = 10/-*

Stamp Duty on Capital £ *62 = 10/-*

J. S. Little
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Certificate received by

G. B. Tarelli

for *Herbert Smith & Co*

62 London Wall E.C.2

Date *16 June 1919*

No. of
(Certificate)

156012

[C.A. 12.]
11-3-19.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY AMENDMENT ACT, 1914.

(5 Geo. 5. Ch. 12.)

No
Registration
Fee payable.

REGISTERED

77954

12 JUN 1919

DECLARATION made pursuant to S. 9 (1) (a) of the said Act.

Name of Company

Wactite Wire Company (1919) Limited.

PUBLISHED AND SOLD BY

WATERLOW & SONS LIMITED,

LAW AND COMPANIES' STATIONERS AND REGISTRATION AGENTS,

LONDON WALL, LONDON.

Presented for filing by

Herbert Smith Fox King & Gregory
62 London Wall EC2

12 JUN 1919

I Charles Camp Tarelli
of 62 London Wall in the City of
London

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am a Solicitor of the Supreme
Court engaged in the formation of

Uactite Mine Company (1919)

Limited, and That the Company is not formed for the purpose or with
the intention of acquiring the whole or any part of the undertaking of
a Person, Firm or Company, the books and documents of which are
liable to inspection under Sub-section (2) of Section two of the Trading
with the Enemy Act, 1914. And I make this solemn Declaration
conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the
provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1835.

Declared at NY Broad Street

Shall in the City of

London

the 11th day of June

one thousand nine hundred and nineteen

Before me,

C. C. Tarelli

46
THE COMPANIES ACT 1929



SPECIAL RESOLUTION

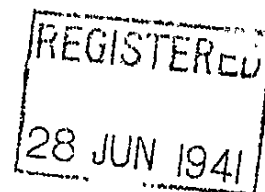
(Pursuant to Section 117 of the Companies Act 1929)

of

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED.

10
AR

Passed 28th May, 1941.



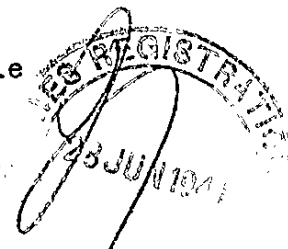
At an Extraordinary General Meeting of
Vactite Wire Company (1919) Limited, duly convened and
held at St. Ermin's, Caxton Street, Westminster, London,
S.W.1. on the 28th day of May, 1941, the following
Resolution was passed as a Special Resolution to alter
the Articles of Association of the Company -

THE RESOLUTION

That Clause (a) of Article No. 30 be deleted
and that Clauses (b) to (g) of that Article
be renumbered (a) to (f).

W. E. J. HOPKINS

Secretary.



Certified a correct copy.
for Vactite Wire Company (1919) Ltd

W. E. J. Hopkins
Secretary.
26/6/1941

46
28-6-41

A-1638

A1638

156012/48

THE COMPANIES ACT 1929

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

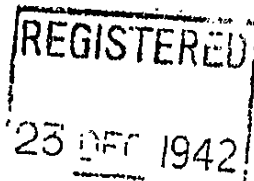
(Pursuant to Section 117 of the Companies Act 1929)

of

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED.



Passed 9th December, 1942.



At an Extraordinary General Meeting of Vactite Wire Company (1919) Limited, duly convened and held at 24, Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, London, S.W.1. on the 9th day of December, 1942, the following Resolution was passed as a Special Resolution to alter the Memorandum of Association of the Company -

THE RESOLUTION

That Clause 1 of the Memorandum of Association be altered to read - The name of the Company is Vactite Wire Company Limited.

W. E. J. HOPKINS

Secretary.

For and on behalf of

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LTD.

Secretary.

A 1052

A 411

23 DEC 1942

*601 -
C. S. H. H. H.*

B

[C.D. 39.]

It is requested that any reply to this letter may be addressed to the Comptroller of the Companies Department, Board of Trade, 4, Central Buildings, Matthew Parker Street, London, S.W.1. (Telegraphic Address: "Companies, Parl, London." Telephone Number: Whitehall 5140), and that the following number may be quoted:—
COS. 10887/42.

Your Ref. W. H.

BOARD OF TRADE,
ROMNEY HOUSE EAST,
TUFTON STREET,
LONDON, S.W.1.

1st January, 1943.



Sir,

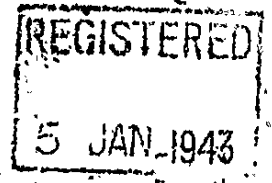
VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED ✓

With reference to your application of the 15th December, 1942,

I am directed by the Board of Trade to inform you that they approve of

the name of the above-named company being changed to

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED ✓



This communication should be tendered to the Registrar, of

Companies, Grand Hotel, Llandudno,

as his authority for entering the new name on the Register, and for issuing

his certificate under Section 19 (4) of the Companies Act, 1929. A Postal

Order for 5/- made payable to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue,

must at the same time be forwarded to the Registrar in payment of the

registration fee.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

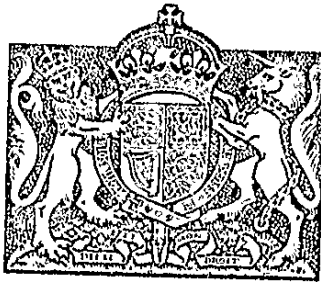
W. H. Collins

The Secretary,
Vactite Wire Company (1919) Limited,
24, Queen Anne's Gate,
Westminster, S.W.1.



DUPLICATE FOR THE FILE.

No. 156012



Certificate of Change of Name.

I hereby Certify That

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY (1919) LIMITED

having, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the said Company and with the approval of the BOARD OF TRADE, changed its name, is now called

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED

and I have entered such new name on the Register accordingly.

Given under my hand at ^{London}~~London~~, this fifth day of January
One Thousand Nine Hundred and forty-three

Registrar of Companies.

Certificate received by

Regd. Post.

Date

100/61
THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.



Special Resolution

(Pursuant to Section 143 of the Companies Act, 1948)

- of -

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED

Passed the SIXTH day of MAY 1952


REGISTERED

8 MAY 1952

AT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED, duly convened and held at 24 Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, London, S.W.1. on TUESDAY the SIXTH day of MAY 1952, the following Resolution was passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION :-

RESOLUTION

THAT the Regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and they are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles of Association of the Company.


Chairman.

SECTION 143

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Articles of Association

OF

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed on the
SIXTH day of MAY 1952)

PRELIMINARY

1. The Regulations set out in Table A (Part II) of the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 1948 (hereinafter referred to as "Table A") shall except as hereinafter provided apply to the Company and Regulation 1 of Part I of Table A shall apply to the construction of these Articles.

2. Regulations 2, 3, 66, 75, 84, 88, 107, 108, 110, 117, 120, 128, 129 and 134 of Part I of Table A shall not apply to the Company.

CAPITAL

3. The Capital of the Company at the date of adoption of these Articles is £25,000 divided into 25,000 shares of £1 each.

4. The shares of the Company whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital may be allotted or otherwise disposed of to such persons and for such consideration and upon such terms as the Directors may determine subject in the case of any shares forming part of any increased capital to such directions as to the allotment or disposal thereof as may be given by the Company in general meeting at the time of the creation of such shares and subject also to the provisions of Regulation 2 of Part II of Table A.

5. Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act any Preference Shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

6. If any such separate general meeting as is referred to in Regulation 4 of Part I of Table A shall be adjourned by reason of there being no quorum present and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum shall not be present within half an hour from the time appointed for such adjourned meeting the holders of shares of the class present shall be a quorum.

DIRECTORS

7. Until otherwise determined by a general meeting, the Directors shall be not less than two or more than nine in number. The present Directors are WILLIAM JOSEPH TERRY, ERIC LAWRENCE WILDY, GEORGE WILLIAM CHILD and FRANK WALTER FREEMAN.

8. No Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election as a Director and no person shall be ineligible for election as a Director by reason of his having attained any particular age.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

9. A Director may contract with and be interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Company either as Vendor, purchaser or otherwise, and shall not be liable to account for any profit made by him by reason of any such contract or proposed contract, provided that the nature of the interest of the Director in such contract or proposed contract be declared at a meeting of the Directors as required by and subject to the provisions of Section 199 of the Act. No Director shall vote as a Director in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he shall be interested, and if he do so vote his vote shall not be counted; but this provision shall not apply to any arrangement for giving a Director security for advances or by way of indemnity or to any allotment to or any contract or arrangement for the underwriting or subscription by a Director of shares or debentures of the Company. A Director may hold office as a director in or manager of any other company in which this Company is a shareholder or is otherwise interested and shall not (unless it is otherwise agreed) be liable to account to this Company for any remuneration or other benefits receivable by him from such other company.

10. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine.

11. Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company and he or his

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firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as Auditor of the Company.

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12. A Director may, save as provided by any contract with him to the contrary, at any time resign his office on giving fourteen days' previous notice in writing to the Secretary of his intention to resign, which, if not previously and with the written consent of the Board withdrawn by notice in writing given to the Secretary, shall at the expiration of that period be conclusive evidence of such resignation.

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13. The office of a Director shall ipso facto be vacated :-

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- (A) If he become bankrupt or suspend payment or a receiving order be made against him or he make any arrangement or composition with his creditors;
 - (B) If he become of unsound mind;
 - (C) If, without the consent of the Directors, he cease for six successive months to attend the meetings of the Directors or of the Committee of which he has been appointed a member, and if the Directors thereupon resolve that he has by reason of such absence vacated office;
 - (D) If he be prohibited from being a Director by an order made under Section 188 of the Act;
 - (E) If his resignation of office in accordance with the provisions of Article 12 has become effective;
 - (F) If he be requested in writing by all his co-Directors to resign;
 - (G) If he be removed by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting under Section 184 of the Act or under Regulation 96 of Part I of Table A.

BORROWING POWERS

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14. The proviso to Regulation 79 of Part I of Table A shall not apply to the Company.

MANAGING DIRECTORS AND MANAGERS

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15. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director or Manager for such period and on such terms as they think fit and subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case may revoke such appointment. A Director so appointed shall not whilst holding any such office be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire by rotation or the rotation

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of retirement of Directors but his appointment shall subject to the payment to him of such compensation or damages as may be payable to him by reason thereof be automatically determined if he cease from any cause to be a Director.

16. A Managing Director or Manager shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine.

SECRETARY

17. The present Secretary of the Company is Frank Walter Freeman. Any Secretary for the time being of the Company may subject to the terms of any agreement between him and the Company be removed by the Directors and another appointed in his place. The Secretary may be appointed for such term at such remuneration and on such terms as the Directors may think fit. If at any time there shall be no Secretary or for any reason no Secretary capable of acting the Directors may appoint an Assistant or Deputy Secretary.

RESERVE

18. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper, as a Reserve Fund or Reserve Account, which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable to meet contingencies or for equalising dividends, or for payment of dividends upon Debentures or Debenture Stock or Preference Shares or Stock of the Company, or for repairing, improving, or maintaining any of the property of the Company, or for such other purposes as the Directors shall, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interests of the Company. The Directors may invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments (other than shares or stocks of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and divide the Reserve into such special funds as they think fit, with full power to employ the assets constituting the Reserve in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from other assets. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time determine that the whole or any part of the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve shall be distributed as a bonus among the holders of the Ordinary Shares or Stock of the Company.

19. The Directors may, if in their discretion they think fit, set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to a Suspense Account such sum as they may think proper for the purpose of liquidating any special debt or liability of the Company, or of making good any loss incurred by the Company, or of repairing any damage which the works of the Company may have sustained, and every such sum shall be applicable accordingly; provided

always that in the event of any such sum or any part thereof not being required for the particular purpose for which it was set aside, the same sum or so much thereof as shall not be so required shall for all purposes be deemed to form part of the profits available for dividend.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES, ETC.

20. Subject to any necessary sanction or authority being obtained the Company in General Meeting may at any time and from time to time pass a resolution that any sum not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend, and (a) for the time being standing to the credit of any Reserve Fund or Reserve Account of the Company, including premiums received on the issue of any debentures or debenture stock of the Company, or (b) being undivided net profits in the hands of the Company, be capitalised, and that such sum be appropriated as capital to and amongst the ordinary shareholders in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled thereto if the same had been distributed by way of dividend on the Ordinary Shares, and in such manner as the resolution may direct, and such resolution shall be effective; and the Directors shall in accordance with such resolution apply such sum in paying up in full any unissued shares in the capital of the Company, or any debentures or debenture stock of the Company, on behalf of the ordinary shareholders aforesaid, and appropriate such shares, debentures or debenture stock to, and distribute the same credited as fully paid up, amongst such shareholders in the proportions aforesaid, in satisfaction of their shares and interests in the said capitalised sum, or shall apply such sum or any part thereof on behalf of the shareholders aforesaid in paying up the whole or part of any uncalled balance which shall for the time being be unpaid in respect of any issued Ordinary Shares held by such shareholders. The Company in General Meeting may also, at any time, and from time to time, resolve that all or any part of the capital redemption reserve fund or share premium account of the Company be applied in paying up in full any unissued shares in the Company, and appropriate such shares, credited as fully paid up, amongst the ordinary shareholders in the like proportions and manner as aforesaid. Where any difficulty arises in respect of any such distribution the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular they may issue fractional certificates, fix the value for distribution of any fully paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock, make cash payments to any shareholders on the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust rights, and vest any such shares, debentures or debenture stock in trustees upon such trusts for or for the benefit of the persons entitled to share in the appropriation and distribution as may seem just and expedient to the Directors. When deemed requisite a proper contract for the allotment and acceptance of any shares to be distributed as aforesaid shall be delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration in accordance with Section 52 of the Act, and the Directors may appoint

any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to share in the appropriation and distribution and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES

21. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in manner authorised by Table A to every member except those members who are by these Articles disentitled from receiving such notices and those members who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them.


Chairman.

156012 ✓
101

The Companies Act, 1948.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES. £100,000 LI. 010.00

SPECIAL RESOLUTION.

(Pursuant to Section 143 of the Companies Act, 1948)

- of -

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED.

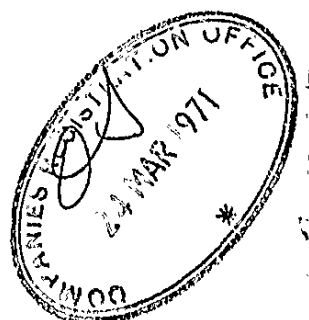
Passed the 19th day of March, 1971.

AT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED, duly convened and held at 210, Church Road, Leyton, London, E.10., on Friday the 19th day of March 1971, the following Resolution was passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION :-

RESOLUTION.

THAT THE NAME OF THE COMPANY BE CHANGED TO VACTITE LIMITED.

B. C. T. Mason
B. C. T. MASON.
SECRETARY.





**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
ON CHANGE OF NAME**

No. 156012

102

I hereby certify that

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED

having by special resolution and with the approval of the Secretary of State changed its name, is now incorporated under the name of

VACTITE LIMITED

Given under my hand at London the 29TH MARCH, 1971.

Assistant Registrar of Companies

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECT 9. E. CACT

156012/108

THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1908 TO 1917 AND 1948.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Memorandum

AND

Articles of Association

VACTITE

OF

~~VACTITE WIRE COMPANY~~ LIMITED

VACTITE LTD.
R. S. [Signature]
Secretary

Incorporated the 12th day of June, 1919

No. 156012

THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1908 TO 1917.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Memorandum of Association

OF

~~VACTITE~~ I

~~VACTITE WIRE COMPANY~~ LIMITED

VACTITE

1. The name of the Company is ~~"VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED"~~ *Secretary*

2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in England.

3. The objects for which the Company is established are :-

- (a) To acquire and take over as a going concern and carry on the business of a manufacturer and supplier of accessories to the incandescent electric lamp industry now carried on by The Vactite Wire Company, Limited at 20, Copthall Avenue, London, at Bollo Lane, Acton, and at Lower Walsall Street, Wolverhampton, together with the whole of the real and personal property and assets of that Company used in connection therewith or belonging thereto, and, with a view thereto, to enter into and carry into effect (either with or without modification) an Agreement which has been already prepared and engrossed, and is expressed to be made between The Vactite Wire Company, Limited, (in liquidation) and Lewis J. Yeoman the Liquidator thereof of the one part and the above-named Company of the other part, a copy whereof has, for the

*The name of the Company was changed from The Vactite Wire Company (1919) Limited by Special Resolution passed the 9th day of December, 1942.

The name of the Company was changed from The Vactite Wire Company Limited by Special Resolution passed the 19th day of March, 1971.

Secretary

purpose of identification, been signed by two of the subscribers hereto.

- (b) To carry on as a Joint Stock Company Limited the business referred to in the said Agreement as the same has heretofore been carried on by the said Vactite Wire Company, Limited, and such other businesses and processes in connection with the above-mentioned business as are customarily or usually carried on in connection therewith or are naturally incident thereto.
- (c) To carry on, either in connection with the business aforesaid or as distinct and separate businesses, the business or businesses of metal founders, wire drawers, dealers in precious metals, and makers of electrical and other scientific apparatus.
- (d) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the Company's property.
- (e) To purchase or by any other means acquire any freehold, leasehold, or other property for any estate or interest whatever, and any rights, privileges, or easements over or in respect of any property, and any buildings, factories, mills, works, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, rolling stock, plant, live and dead stock, barges, vessels, or things, and any real or personal property or rights whatsoever which may be necessary for, or may be conveniently used with, or may enhance the value of any other property of the Company.
- (f) To build, construct, maintain; alter, enlarge, pull down, and remove or replace any buildings, factories, mills, offices, works, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, walls, fences, banks, dams, sluices, or watercourses, and to clear sites for the same, or to join with any person, firm or company in doing any of the things aforesaid, and to work, manage, and control the same, or join with others in so doing.
- (g) To purchase or by other means acquire, and protect, prolong, and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, protections, and concessions which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company, and to use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, or rights which Company may acquire or propose to acquire.

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- (h) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this Company is authorised to carry on, and, as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm, or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for limiting competition, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm, or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage, and deal with, any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities so received.
 - (i) To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
 - (j) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
 - (k) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company, and to give guarantees or become security for any such persons.
 - (l) To borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of Debentures or Debenture Stock, perpetual or otherwise, and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised, or owing by mortgage, charge, or lien upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake.
 - (m) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
 - (n) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interest in or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of

being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.

- (o) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm, or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts, and also to act in any of the businesses of the Company through or by means of agents, brokers, sub-contractors, or others.
- (p) To remunerate any person, firm, or company rendering services to this Company, whether by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of Shares or securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part, or otherwise.
- (q) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the formation, promotion, and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm, or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers, and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any Shares, Debentures, Debenture Stock, or securities of this Company.
- (r) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object, and any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its employes, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give pensions, gratuities, or charitable aid to any person or persons who may have served the Company, or to the wives, children, or other relatives of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds for the benefit of any persons employed by the Company.
- (s) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any Colony or Dependency and in any foreign country or place.
- (t) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and undertaking any of the liabilities of this Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit this Company, or to enhance the value of any property or business of this Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (u) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.

- (v) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company, and in particular any shares, debentures, or securities of other companies belonging to this Company, or of which this Company may have the power of disposing.
- (w) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, and so that the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this Memorandum shall be regarded as independent objects and accordingly shall be in no wise limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph) by reference to the objects indicated in any other paragraph, or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate distinct and independent company.

4. The liability of the Members is limited.

5. The capital of the Company is £25,000, divided into 25,000 Shares of £1 each. The Company has power from time to time to increase or reduce its capital, and to issue any shares in the original or increased capital with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time determine: Provided always that if and whenever the capital of the Company is divided into shares of different classes the rights and privileges of any such class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of such class) may be modified, varied, affected, abrogated, extinguished or otherwise dealt with with such sanction as is provided by the Articles of Association of the Company.

WE, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	Number of shares taken by each subscriber
<p>AUGUSTUS CHARLES HYDE, Perivale Lodge, Perivale, W.13. Electro-Chemist.</p>	One
<p>MABEL J.L. FERRAR, 29 Eaton Park Road, Palmers Green, W.13. Accountants Clerk.</p>	One
<p>LEWIS J. YEOMAN, 20 Copthall Avenue, E.C.2. Chartered Accountant.</p>	One

DATED the 4th day of June, 1919.

WITNESS to the above Signatures :-

GRACE FIELD,
8 Elmfield Mansions,
Balham, S.W.17.
Accountants Clerk.

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THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948

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COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Special Resolution

(Pursuant to Section 143 of the Companies Act, 1948)

- of -

VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED

Passed the Sixth day of May 1952

AT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of VACTITE WIRE COMPANY LIMITED, duly convened and held at 24 Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, London, S.W.1. on Tuesday, the Sixth day of May 1952, the following Resolution was passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION :-

RESOLUTION

THAT the Regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and they are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

W.J. TERRY

. Chairman.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Articles of Association

OF

VACTITE L.

* ~~VACTITE WIRE COMPANY~~ LIMITED

VACTITE LTD.
D. J. H. H. H.
Secretary

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed on the
Sixth day of May 1952)

PRELIMINARY

1. The Regulations set out in Table A (Part II) of the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 1948 (hereinafter referred to as "Table A") shall except as hereinafter provided apply to the Company and Regulation 1 of Part I of Table A shall apply to the construction of these Articles.

2. Regulations 2, 3, 66, 75, 84, 88, 107, 108, 110, 117, 120, 128, 129 and 134 of Part I of Table A shall not apply to the Company.

CAPITAL

3. The Capital of the Company at the date of adoption of these Articles is £25,000 divided into 25,000 shares of £1 each.

4. The shares of the Company whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital may be allotted or otherwise disposed of to such persons and for such consideration and upon such terms as the Directors may determine subject in the case of any shares forming part of any increased capital to such directions as to the allotment or disposal thereof as may be given by the Company in general meeting at the time of the creation of such shares and subject also to the provisions of Regulation 2 of Part II of Table A.

* The name of the Company was changed from The Vactite Wire Company Limited by Special Resolution passed the 19th day of March, 1971.

VACTITE LTD.
D. J. H. H. H.
Secretary

5. Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act any Preference Shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

6. If any such separate general meeting as is referred to in Regulation 4 of Part I of Table A shall be adjourned by reason of there being no quorum present and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum shall not be present within half an hour from the time appointed for such adjourned meeting the holders of shares of the class present shall be a quorum.

DIRECTORS

7. Until otherwise determined by a general meeting, the Directors shall be not less than two or more than nine in number. The present Directors are WILLIAM JOSEPH TERRY, ERIC LAWRENCE WILDY, GEORGE WILLIAM CHILD and FRANK WALTER FREEMAN.

8. No Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election as a Director and no person shall be ineligible for election as a Director by reason of his having attained any particular age.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

9. A Director may contract with and be interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Company either as Vendor, purchaser or otherwise, and shall not be liable to account for any profit made by him by reason of any such contract or proposed contract, provided that the nature of the interest of the Director in such contract or proposed contract be declared at a meeting of the Directors as required by and subject to the provisions of Section 199 of the Act. No Director shall vote as a Director in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he shall be interested, and if he do so vote his vote shall not be counted; but this provision shall not apply to any arrangement for giving a Director security for advances or by way of indemnity or to any allotment to or any contract or arrangement for the underwriting or subscription by a Director of shares or debentures of the Company. A Director may hold office as a director in or manager of any other company in which this Company is a shareholder or is otherwise interested and shall not (unless it is otherwise agreed) be liable to account to this Company for any remuneration or other benefits receivable by him from such other company.

10. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine.

11. Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company and he or his

firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as Auditor of the Company.

12. A Director may, save as provided by any contract with him to the contrary, at any time resign his office on giving fourteen days' previous notice in writing to the Secretary of his intention to resign, which, if not previously and with the written consent of the Board withdrawn by notice in writing given to the Secretary, shall at the expiration of that period be conclusive evidence of such resignation.

13. The office of a Director shall ipso facto be vacated :-

- (A) If he become bankrupt or suspend payment or a receiving order be made against him or he make any arrangement or composition with his creditors;
- (B) If he become of unsound mind;
- (C) If, without the consent of the Directors, he cease for six successive months to attend the meetings of the Directors or of the Committee of which he has been appointed a member, and if the Directors thereupon resolve that he has by reason of such absence vacated office;
- (D) If he be prohibited from being a Director by an order made under Section 188 of the Act;
- (E) If his resignation of office in accordance with the provisions of Article 12 has become effective;
- (F) If he be requested in writing by all his co-Directors to resign;
- (G) If he be removed by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting under Section 184 of the Act or under Regulation 96 of Part I of Table A.

BORROWING POWERS

14. The proviso to Regulation 79 of Part I of Table A shall not apply to the Company.

MANAGING DIRECTORS AND MANAGERS

15. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director or Manager for such period and on such terms as they think fit and subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case may revoke such appointment. A Director so appointed shall not whilst holding any such office be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire by rotation or the rotation

of retirement of Directors but his appointment shall subject to the payment to him of such compensation or damages as may be payable to him by reason thereof be automatically determined if he cease from any cause to be a Director.

16. A Managing Director or Manager shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine.

SECRETARY

17. The present Secretary of the Company is Frank Walter Freeman. Any Secretary for the time being of the Company may subject to the terms of any agreement between him and the Company be removed by the Directors and another appointed in his place. The Secretary may be appointed for such term at such remuneration and on such terms as the Directors may think fit. If at any time there shall be no Secretary or for any reason no Secretary capable of acting the Directors may appoint an Assistant or Deputy Secretary.

RESERVE

18. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper, as a Reserve Fund or Reserve Account, which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable to meet contingencies or for equalising dividends, or for payment of dividends upon Debentures or Debenture Stock or Preference Shares or Stock of the Company, or for repairing, improving, or maintaining any of the property of the Company, or for such other purposes as the Directors shall, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interests of the Company. The Directors may invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments (other than shares or stocks of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and divide the Reserve into such special funds as they think fit, with full power to employ the assets constituting the Reserve in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from other assets. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time determine that the whole or any part of the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve shall be distributed as a bonus among the holders of the Ordinary Shares or Stock of the Company.

19. The Directors may, if in their discretion they think fit, set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to a Suspense Account such sum as they may think proper for the purpose of liquidating any special debt or liability of the Company, or of making good any loss incurred by the Company, or of repairing any damage which the works of the Company may have sustained, and every such sum shall be applicable accordingly; provided

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CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES, ETC.

20. Subject to any necessary sanction or authority being obtained the Company in General Meeting may at any time and from time to time pass a resolution that any sum not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend, and (a) for the time being standing to the credit of any Reserve Fund or Reserve Account of the Company, including premiums received on the issue of any debentures or debenture stock of the Company, or (b) being undivided net profits in the hands of the Company, be capitalised, and that such sum be appropriated as capital to and amongst the ordinary shareholders in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled thereto if the same had been distributed by way of dividend on the Ordinary Shares; and in such manner as the resolution may direct, and such resolution shall be effective; and the Directors shall in accordance with such resolution apply such sum in paying up in full any unissued shares in the capital of the Company, or any debentures or debenture stock of the Company, on behalf of the ordinary shareholders aforesaid, and appropriate such shares, debentures or debenture stock to, and distribute the same credited as fully paid up, amongst such shareholders in the proportions aforesaid, in satisfaction of their shares and interests in the said capitalised sum, or shall apply such sum or any part thereof on behalf of the shareholders aforesaid in paying up the whole or part of any uncalled balance which shall for the time being be unpaid in respect of any issued Ordinary Shares held by such shareholders. The Company in General Meeting may also, at any time, and from time to time, resolve that all or any part of the capital redemption reserve fund or share premium account of the Company be applied in paying up in full any unissued shares in the Company, and appropriate such shares, credited as fully paid up, amongst the ordinary shareholders in the like proportions and manner as aforesaid. Where any difficulty arises in respect of any such distribution the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular they may issue fractional certificates, fix the value for distribution of any fully paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock, make cash payments to any shareholders on the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust rights, and vest any such shares, debentures or debenture stock in trustees upon such trusts for or for the benefit of the persons entitled to share in the appropriation and distribution as may seem just and expedient to the Directors. When deemed requisite a proper contract for the allotment and acceptance of any shares to be distributed as aforesaid shall be delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration in accordance with Section 52 of the Act, and the Directors may appoint

any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to share in the appropriation and distribution and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES

21. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in manner authorised by Table A to every member except those members who are by these Articles disentitled from receiving such notices and those members who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them.

W.J. TERRY

Chairman.

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THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

TABLE A

PART I

REGULATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT OF A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES, NOT BEING A PRIVATE COMPANY

INTERPRETATION.

1. In these regulations :—

“ the Act ” means the Companies Act, 1948.

“ the seal ” means the common seal of the company.

“ secretary ” means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

“ the United Kingdom ” means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS.

2. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, any share in the company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine.

3. Subject to the provisions of section 58 of the Act, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may by special resolution determine.

4. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

5. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

6. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 53 of the Act, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the said section and the rate of the commission shall not exceed the rate of 10 per cent. of the price at which the shares in respect whereof the same is paid are issued or an amount equal to 10 per cent. of such price (as the case may be). Such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

7. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these Regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

8. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment of 2s. 6d. for every certificate after the first or such less sum as the directors shall from time to time determine. Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

9. If a share certificate be defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of a fee of 2s. 6d. or such less sum and on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the company of investigating evidence as the directors think fit.

10. The company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the company or in its holding company, nor shall the company make a loan for any purpose whatsoever on the security of its shares or those of its holding company, but nothing in this regulation shall prohibit transactions mentioned in the proviso to section 54 (1) of the Act.

LIEN.

11. The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share, and the company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares (other than fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the company; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.

12. The company may sell, in such manner as the directors think fit, any shares on which the company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.

13. To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

14. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES.

15. The directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen day's notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the directors may determine.

16. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.

17. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

18. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

19. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these regulations be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

20. The directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

21. The directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) 5 per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the member paying such sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

22. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and, except as provided by sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 2 of the Seventh Schedule to the Act, the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

23. Subject to such of the restrictions of these regulations as may be applicable, any member may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the directors may approve.

24. The directors may decline to register the transfer of a share (not being a fully paid share) to a person of whom they shall not approve, and they may also decline to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien.

25. The directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:—

(a) a fee of 2s. 6d. or such lesser sum as the directors may from time to time require is paid to the company in respect thereof;

- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share.

26. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

27. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the directors may from time to time determine, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days in any year.

28. The company shall be entitled to charge a fee not exceeding 2s. 6d. on the registration of every probate, letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney, notice in lieu of distringas, or other instrument.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

29. In case of the death of a member the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

30. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof, but the directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by that member before his death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.

31. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him, stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

32. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided always that the directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

33. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

34. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

35. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect.

36. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors think fit, and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit.

37. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares.

38. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a director or the secretary of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

39. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share, or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK.

40. The company may by ordinary resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.

41. The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

42. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

43. Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder."

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL.

44. The company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.

45. The company may by ordinary resolution—

(a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;

(b) sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of section 61 (1) (d) of the Act;

(c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

46. The company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

47. The company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next. Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place as the directors shall appoint.

48. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

49. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 132 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

50. An annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least, and a meeting of the company other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of a special Resolution shall be called by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under the regulations of the company, entitled to receive such notices from the company:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this regulation be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed—

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

51. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

52. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors.

53. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three members present in person shall be a quorum.

54. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

55. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the company, or if there is no such chairman or if he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

56. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

57. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

58. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded—

- (a) by the chairman ; or
- (b) by at least three members present in person or by proxy ; or
- (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting ; or
- (d) by a member or members holding shares in the company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

59. Except as provided in regulation 61, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

61. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

62. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

63. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders ; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

64. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee,

receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

65. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.

66. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

67. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

68. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the company.

69. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

70. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form, or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit—

" LIMITED.
I/We , of , being a member/members of the
in the county of above-named company, hereby appoint
of or failing him
of , as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our
behalf at the [annual or extraordinary as the case may be] general meeting of the company
to be held on the day of 19 , and at any adjournment
thereof.
Signed this day of 19 ."

71. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit—

" LIMITED.
I/We , of , in
the county of above-named company, hereby appoint
of , being a member/members of the
of , or failing him
of , as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our
behalf at the [annual or extraordinary, as the case may be] general meeting of the company
to be held on the day of 19 and at any
adjournment thereof.
Signed this day of 19 .

This form is to be used in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit."

72. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

73. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

bonis appointed
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or

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS.

74. Any corporation which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company or of any class of members of the company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS.

75. The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association or a majority of them.

76. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.

77. The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the company in general meeting, and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

78. A director of the company may be or become a director or other officer, of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the company or in which the company may be interested as shareholder or otherwise, and no such director shall be accountable to the company for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise direct.

BORROWING POWERS.

79. The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party:

Provided that the amount for the time being remaining undischarged of moneys borrowed or secured by the directors as aforesaid (apart from temporary loans obtained from the company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not at any time, without the previous sanction of the company in general meeting, exceed the nominal amount of the share capital of the company for the time being issued, but nevertheless, no lender or other person dealing with the company shall be concerned to see or enquire whether this limit is observed. No debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual except in the case of express notice to the lender or the recipient of the security at the time when the debt was incurred or security given that the limit hereby imposed had been or was thereby exceeded.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS.

80. The business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the company, and may exercise all such powers of the company as are not, by the Act or by these regulations, required to be exercised by the company in general meeting, subject, nevertheless, to any of these regulations, to the provisions of the Act, and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the company in general meeting; but no regulation made by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

81. The directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the directors under these regulations) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

82. The company may exercise the powers conferred by section 35 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors.

83. The company may exercise the powers conferred upon the company by sections 119 to 123 (both inclusive) of the Act with regard to the keeping of a dominion register, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

84.—(1) A director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 199 of the Act.

(2) A director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is interested, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted, nor shall he be counted in the quorum present at the meeting, but neither of these prohibitions shall apply to—

- (a) any arrangement for giving any director any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him to or obligations undertaken by him for the benefit of the company; or
- (b) to any arrangement for the giving by the company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the company for which the director himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the deposit of a security; or
- (c) any contract by a director to subscribe for or underwrite shares or debentures of the company; or
- (d) any contract or arrangement with any other company in which he is interested only as an officer of the company or as holder of shares or other securities;

and these prohibitions may at any time be suspended or relaxed to any extent, and either generally or in respect of any particular contract, arrangement or transaction, by the company in general meeting.

(3) A director may hold any other office or place of profit under the company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the directors may determine and no director or intending director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the company either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company in which any director is in any way interested, be liable to be avoided, nor shall any director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established.

(4) A director, notwithstanding his interest, may be counted in the quorum present at any meeting whereat he or any other director is appointed to hold any such office or place of profit under the company or whereat the terms of any such appointment are arranged, and he may vote on any such appointment or arrangement other than his own appointment or the arrangement of the terms thereof.

(5) Any director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director; provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a director or his firm to act as auditor to the company.

85. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

86. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose—

- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
- (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors;

and every director present at any meeting of directors or committee of directors shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

87. The directors on behalf of the company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any director who has held any other salaried office or place of profit with the company or to his widow or dependents and may make contributions to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

88. The office of director shall be vacated, if the director—

- (a) ceases to be a director by virtue of section 182 or 185 of the Act ; or
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally ; or
- (c) becomes prohibited from being a director by reason of any order made under section 188 of the Act ; or
- (d) becomes of unsound mind ; or
- (e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the company ; or
- (f) shall for more than six months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of the directors held during that period.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

89. At the first annual general meeting of the company all the directors shall retire from office, and at the annual general meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office.

90. The directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who became directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

91. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.

92. The company at the meeting at which a director retires in manner aforesaid may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring director shall if offering himself for re-election be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for the re-election of such director shall have been put to the meeting and lost.

93. No person other than a director retiring at the meeting shall unless recommended by the directors be eligible for election to the office of director at any general meeting unless not less than three nor more than twenty-one days before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been left at the registered office of the company notice in writing signed by a member duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election, and also notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected.

94. The company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of directors, and may also determine in what rotation the increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

95. The directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these regulations. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

96. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice has been given in accordance with section 142 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these regulations or in any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.

97. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding regulation, and without prejudice to the powers of the directors under regulation 95 the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director. A person appointed in place of a director so removed or to fill such a vacancy shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a director on the day on which the director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a director.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

98. The directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom.

99. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.

100. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the regulations of the company as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

101. The directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

102. The directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors.

103. A committee may elect a chairman of its meetings; if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

104. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

105. All acts done by any meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors, or by any person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

106. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held.

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

107. The directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of managing director for such period and on such terms as they think fit, and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke such appointment. A director so appointed shall not, whilst holding that office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of directors, but his appointment shall be automatically determined if he cease from any cause to be a director.

108. A managing director shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the directors may determine.

109. The directors may entrust to and confer upon a managing director any of the powers exercisable by them upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

SECRETARY.

110. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

111. No person shall be appointed or hold office as secretary who is—

- (a) the sole director of the company; or
- (b) a corporation the sole director of which is the sole director of the company; or
- (c) the sole director of a corporation which is the sole director of the company.

112. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL.

113. The directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorised by the directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a director and shall be countersigned by the secretary or by a second director or by some other person appointed by the directors for the purpose.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE.

114. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

115. The directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the company.

116. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.

117. The directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the directors may from time to time think fit. The directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.

118. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

119. The directors may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.

120. Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the directors shall give effect to such resolution and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional

certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the directors.

121. Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Any one, two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.

122. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

ACCOUNTS.

123. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to :—

- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place ;
- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the company ; and
- (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

124. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or, subject to section 147 (3) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.

125. The directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors, and no member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by the company in general meeting.

126. The directors shall from time to time, in accordance with sections 148, 150 and 157 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.

127. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the company in general meeting, together with a copy of the directors' report shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the company and to every person registered under regulation 31. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS.

128. The company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the directors shall give effect to such resolution :

Provided that a share premium account and a capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares.

129. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the directors to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

AUDIT.

130. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 159 to 162 of the Act.

NOTICES.

131. A notice may be given by the company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him or to his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the company for the giving of notice to him. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted, and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

132. A notice may be given by the company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the register of members in respect of the share.

133. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

134. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to -

- (a) every member except those members who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them;
- (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a share devolves by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and
- (c) the auditor for the time being of the company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

WINDING UP.

135. If the company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY.

136. Every director, managing director, agent, auditor, secretary and other officer for the time being of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 448 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the court.

PART II.

REGULATIONS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF A PRIVATE COMPANY
LIMITED BY SHARES.

1. The regulations contained in Part I of Table A (with the exception of regulations 24 and 53) shall apply.
2. The company is a private company and accordingly—
 - (a) the right to transfer shares is restricted in manner hereinafter prescribed ;
 - (b) the number of members of the company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the company and of persons who having been formerly in the employment of the company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of such employment to be members of the company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the company jointly they shall for the purpose of this regulation be treated as a single member ;
 - (c) any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the company is prohibited ;
 - (d) the company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.
3. The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register any transfer of any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share.
4. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business ; save as herein otherwise provided two members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
5. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held.
6. The directors may at any time require any person whose name is entered in the register of members of the company to furnish them with any information, supported (if the directors so require) by a statutory declaration, which they may consider necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not the company is an exempt private company within the meaning of subsection (4) of section 129 of the Act.