Davenport & Son Limited Directors' report and financial statements

31 March 1996 Registered number 152407

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KPMG

# Directors' report and financial statements

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### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996.

#### Principal activities

The company has now reduced significantly its level of trading as a wine merchant. The company continues to own property from which it derives rental income.

#### Business review

The results of the company for the year are set out in detail on page 4.

Turnover for the year was £103,090 compared with £772,531 for last year. The profit before tax was £42,480 compared to a loss before tax of £32,525 for last year.

During the period, the company sold the majority of the trade and stocks of the wine merchant business to a third party.

#### Proposed dividend and transfer to reserves

The directors recommend that a ordinary dividend of £1,500 (2p per share) be paid.

After deducting the total ordinary dividends of £1,500, the profit for the year retained in the company is £32,969.

#### Significant changes in fixed assets

Movements in fixed assets are set out in note 11 to the accounts.

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Mr AW Fenwick Mrs CS Fenwick Mr MJ Fenwick

(Chairman)

The director retiring by rotation is Mr MJ Fenwick who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

The directors who held office at the end of the financial year had the following interests in the ordinary shares of the company as recorded in the register of directors' share and debenture interests:

Class of share

Interest at end of year

Interest at beginning of year or date of appointment

Mr MJ Fenwick

Ordinary shares 10,000

10,000

In addition Mr AW Fenwick and Mrs CS Fenwick had a non beneficial interest in 13,750 shares, and Mrs CS Fenwick had a non beneficial interest in a further 43,750 shares.

#### **Auditors**

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company, is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

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By order of the board

Mrs CS Fenwick

Director

52 Market Street Ashby-de-la-Zouch Leicestershire

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### Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



1 Waterloo Way Leicester LE1 6LP

### Auditors' report to the members of Davenport & Son Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 12.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

#### Qualified opinion arising from disagreement about accounting treatment

As explained in the accounting policies on page 6, investment properties are not stated at market value as required by Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19. The market values are considered to be in excess of the book values, but we are unable to quantify the excess.

Except for accounting for investment properties in the manner described in the preceding paragraph and subject to any adjustments which might be necessary as a result of it, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

2 September 1996.

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# **Profit and loss account** for the year ended 31 March 1996

	Note	£	Year to 1996	£	13 months ended 1995 (restated)
Turnover	2		_	-	
Continuing operations		103,090		92,021	
Discontinued operations		-		680,510	
			103,090		772,531
Operating expenses	3	•	62,226		796,057
Operating (loss)/profit	4				
Continuing operations		40,864		(8,171)	
Discontinued operations		-		(15,355)	
	_	<u></u>	40,864		(23,526)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before	interes	st	40,864		(23,526)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	<i>7</i> 8		2,366 (750)		(8,999)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	4		42,480		(32,525)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9		(8,011)		-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year			34,469		(32,525)
Dividends proposed	10		(1,500)		(750)
Retained profit/(deficit) for the financial	year		32,969	•	(33,275)
Retained profit brought forward			75,219		108,494
Retained profit carried forward			108,188	•	75,219

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# Balance sheet at 31 March 1996

	Note	£	1996 £	£	1995 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	11		119,641		121,158
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12 13	10,889 7,126 123,585		15,840 79,097 197	
		141,600		95,134	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(50,496)		(37,813)	
Net current assets			91,104		57,321
Total assets less current liabilities			210,745		178,479
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		-		(703)
Net assets			210,745		177,776
Canital and recogned					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Capital reserve General reserve Profit and loss account	16		75,000 7,557 20,000 108,188		75,000 7,557 20,000 75,219
			210,745		177,776

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 2c A-5 1996 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr AW Fenwick Director

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#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

#### Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles

25 % - 33 % per annum

- 25 % per annum

Investment properties are stated at cost. This is not in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19, in that investment properties should be included at market value. No depreciation is provided on the properties in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19. The directors consider the market value to be in excess of book value, but in the absence of a valuation, they are unable to quantify the amount of any surplus.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Leases

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life or the term of the lease, whichever is the shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

#### Pension costs

The company operates two defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and consist wholly of goods for resale.



## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

### 2 Analysis of turnover

	1996 £	1995 £
Wine merchants Property income	7,825 95,265	680,510 92,021
	103,090	772,531

### 3 Analysis of continuing and discontinued operations

	Con- tinuing £	1996 Dis- continued £	Total .	Con- tinuing £	1995 Dis- continued £	(Restated) Total
Operating expenses Change in stocks of						
finished goods Raw materials and	4,951	-	4,951	-	161,067	161,067
consumables	239	_	239	-	367,997	367,997
Staff costs Depreciation and other amounts written off	37,626	-	37,626	91,808	73,728	164,536
tangible fixed assets	1,517	_	1,517	1,516	14,338	15,854
Other operating charges	17,893	-	17,893	6,868	79,735	86,603
	62,226	-	62,226	100,192	696,865	796,057
				***		



## Notes (continued)

### 4 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	1996 £	. 1995 £
	after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration	2,700	3,000
	after crediting		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Rents receivable from property (less expenses) Profit on sale of fixed assets	(93,084)	(85,153) (1,520)
5	Remuneration of directors		·
	Directors' emoluments:	1996 £	1995 £
	As directors Remuneration as executives	36,721	1,500 92,574
		36,721	94,074
		<del></del>	

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the chairman and highest paid director were £26,721 (1995:£27,329).

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the directors (including the chairman and highest paid director) were within the following ranges:

				Number of 1996	f directors 1995
£ 0 £10,001 £25,001	-	£5,000 £15,000 £30,000		1 1 1	1 1 1
			•		



## Notes (continued)

## 6 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	-	Number o 1996	of employees 1995
	Management and administration Selling and distribution	3	7 2
•		3	9
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		<del></del> -
		1996 £	1995 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Redundancy payments	34,388 3,238	89,256 8,040 54,713 12,527
		37,626	164,536
7	Other interest receivable and similar income	·	
		1996 £	1995 £
	Other .	2,366	-
8	Interest payable and similar charges		
		1996 £	1995 £
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans wholly repayable within five years Finance charges payable in respect of	41	5,861
	finance leases and hire purchase contracts	709	3,138
		750	8,999
9	Taxation		
		1996 £	1995 £
	UK corporation tax at 25% (1995: 25%) on the profit/(loss) for the year on ordinary activities	8,011	-



No	otes (continued)	•			
10	Dividends			1996 £	1995
	Ordinary shares: Final proposed			1,500	£ 750
11	Tangible fixed assets			<del></del>	<u>. ,</u>
-		Land and buildings	Motor vehicles	Fixtures fittings and equipment	Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£
	At beginning of and At end of year	134,420	19,400	71,868	225,688
	Depreciation and diminution in value At beginning of year Charge for year	14,781	19,399	70,350 1,517	104,530 1,517
	At end of year	14,781	19,399	71,867	106,047
	Net book value At 31 March 1996	119,639	. 1	1	119,641
	At 31 March 1995	119,639	1	1,518	121,158
	The net book value of land and	buildings comprise	.s.	<del></del>	<del></del>
		C	-	1996 £	1995 £
	Freehold			119,639	119,639
	Included in the total net book verespect of assets held under final £1,515 (1995:£1,516).	alue of tangible ass nce leases. Deprec	ets is £1 (199) iation for the	5:£1,516) in year on these	assets was
12	Stocks				
				1996 £	1995 £
	Goods for resale			10,889	15,840

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and their balance sheet amounts.



Notes (continued)

1101	(commuea)					
13	Debtors					
		199	96		1995	
		Due	Due	Due	1775	Due
		within	after	within		after
		one year	one year	one year	(	one year
	-	£	£	£		£
	Trade debtors	1,844	_	69,894		_
	Other debtors	1,253	-	8,703		-
	Prepayments and accrued income	3,654				
	Recoverable ACT	J,0J4 -	375	500		-
			313	-		-
	-	6,751	375	79,097	_	
	•			75,057		
14	Creditors: amounts falling d	ue within one ye	ear		,	
	Ţ.	•				_
			1996 £	£	199 £	5 £
			<del></del>	~	L.	L
	Bank loans and overdrafts			_		11,770
	Obligations under finance lea	ases and				
	Trade creditors			703		937
	Other creditors including tax	ation		=		638
•	and social security:	ation				
	Corporation tax		5,706		_	
	Other taxes and social	al	2,,,,,		•	

Taxation and social security Other creditors	10,934 7,439	329 14,790
Accruals and deferred income Dividend proposed Related advance corporation tax	18,373 29,545 1,500 375	15,119 8,599 750
	50,496	37,813

5,228

329

# 15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

security

	1996 £	1995 £
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	· _	703
Creditors repayable by instalments:		



## Notes (continued)

The maturity of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is as follows:

		1996 £	1995 £
	Within one year In the second to fifth years	703	937 703
		703	1,640
16	Called up share capital	.1996	1995
	Authorised	£	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	75,000	75,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		<del></del>
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	75,000	75,000
		·	

#### 17 Commitments

There were no capital commitments as at the balance sheet date (1995:Nil).

#### 18 Pension scheme

The company operates two defined contribution pension schemes, one for the directors and one for the employees. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the funds and amounted to £0 (1995:£54,713).

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

## 19 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

•	1996 £	1995 £
Shareholders' funds at beginning of year Profit/(loss) for the year Dividends	177,776 34,469 (1,500)	211,051 (32,525) (750)
Shareholders' funds at end of year	210,745	177,776

#### 20 Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is entitled to the exemptions available in Sections 246 to 249 of the Companies Act 1985 for small companies.

