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# **Shropshire Newspapers Limited**

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2011

Company Number 123264

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# Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

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### **Directors**

M G Douglas Graham G W Evers P R Guy

### Secretary and registered office

D J Hughes, 50 & 51 Queen Street, Wolverhampton, WV1 1ES

### Company number

123264

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2011

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows the loss for the year

The Directors paid an interim dividend of £500,000 (2010 - £3,000,000). They do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2010- £Nil)

### Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The principal activity of the company has continued to be that of newspaper publishers

### Performance of the business during the period and business KPI's

The general economic uncertainty that the company has operated in since 2008 continued though out 2011, resulting in another challenging trading year. The reduction in public sector spending together with the economic climate and lower disposable income of consumers has meant that advertising customers have held back on advertising expenditure.

Lower advertising revenues together with the longer term decline in newspaper circulation meant the management of costs continue to be of the up most importance. The price of newsprint increased in the year but the company was protected against an element of this increase by the fixed price agreement entered into in 2010. This agreement finished at the end of 2011.

Key performance indicators include revenue, gross margins, operating profits and capital expenditure

	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £	52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £
Revenue Operating loss Capital expenditure	16,241,191 (5,148,224) 2,048,100	17,350,845 (3,986,639) 285,497

### Nature, objectives and strategies

The company's business is the publication of a daily paid for evening newspaper, together with a portfolio of weekly and monthly free and paid for titles, predominantly serving the county of Shropshire

The company's objective is to be the leading provider of media services in the area which it serves

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

#### Financial instruments

The company is financed by a combination of loans from group companies and the group's bankers

As highlighted in note 21 to the financial statements, the company is party to the Claverley Group banking facilities. These facilities are made available to the company to meet its day to day working capital requirements. As at the year end the Claverely group utilised an overdraft facility which was due for renewal in December 2011 (facility was temporarily extended during the refinancing noted below) and a revolving credit facility and term loan facility due for repayment in December 2014.

Following the year end the Claverley group entered into negotiations with Lloyds TSB to refinance the group's facilities due to a covenant breach. As part of this refinancing it sold its investment in the The Guiton Group (based in the Channel Islands) to Claverley Holdings. Ltd with this group taking on separate financing with HSBC. The UK based group companies agreed new facilities with Lloyds TSB on 3rd July 2012 which include an overdraft facility of £4m due for renewal on 2 July 2013 and a new five year term loan for £8m. The new Lloyds TSB facilities are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the UK group companies. The company is party to these new facilities.

The directors of the company have prepared cashflow and profit and loss forecasts for the 3 year period to 31 December 2014 which show that the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements

After making enquiries and considering uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that they can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased in the year by £19,628,000 as the company attempted to reduce costs to reflect the lower revenues. Operating expenses included exceptional items of £20,151,000

### **Balance sheet**

The net book value of tangible fixed assets increased by £574,000 due to additional colour printing facilities at the Ketley Print Centre

The movement in current debtors and creditors, a decrease of £21,589,000, is affected by group accounts, as excluding group accounts net current assets increased by £1,913,000

### **Margins**

Gross margins excluding the exceptional item decreased in the period due to the decline in revenue, the gross margin percentage also decreased as the price of our key consumable, newsprint, not part of the fixed price agreement, increased

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group manages competitive trading risk by providing an unrivalled service to its advertisers, however the performance of the Group is dependant on the local economy. Circulation risk is managed by producing a quality product which is considered to be the primary source for local news.

The Group is exposed to movement in the price of its key consumable, newsprint

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### Relationships

The major external relationships of the business are the key advertising agencies and multiple retailers, as well as suppliers. All advertising agencies and multiple retailers are visited on a regular basis by senior management.

### **Employees**

The Directors recognise the importance of good communication and relations with members of the staff. A company newspaper is produced quarterly and methods of consultation are under constant review. The company is proud of its employment policies and of the guidance it gives to those approaching retirement.

### Employment of disabled people

The company supports the principle of employing disabled people wherever possible, through recruitment, by retention of those who become disabled during their employment and generally through training, career development and promotion

#### **Environmental matters**

The company takes its environmental responsibilities seriously and recognises that business activities inevitably have an impact on the natural environment. It is committed to minimising this impact and uses recycled newsprint, its largest consumable, wherever possible

### Outlook for current year

The economic uncertainty that was experienced in 2011 is expected to continue into 2012, although there are some very small signs that the economy might show some improvements in the latter half of the year

Profits for the first quarter were higher than anticipated. With the double dip recession, the economic head wind is likely to be against us but the initiatives are in place to allow the management team to grow and develop the business

Whilst it is early in the year, it is expected that the performance for 2012 will show an improvement on the results achieved in 2011

### **Future developments**

The company is investigating other revenue streams within the media landscape to achieve growth following the decline reported in recent years

### Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

M G Douglas Graham (Chairman) G W Evers P R Guy S J Smith (resigned 29 July 2011)

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

### On behalf of the board

3 July 2012

### independent auditor's report

### To the members of Shropshire Newspapers Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Shropshire Newspapers Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

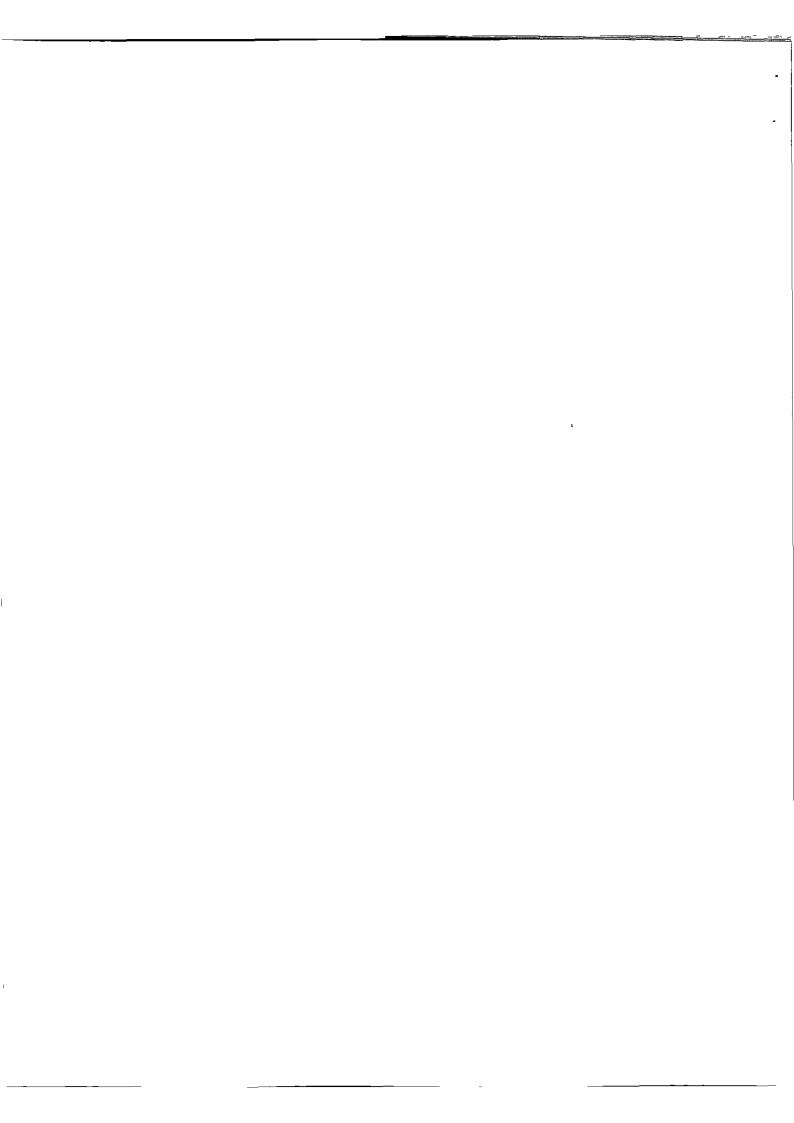
### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements



Independent auditor's report (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

BOD LLP

Mark Anslow (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Birmingham United Kingdom

3 July 2012

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

### Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £	52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £
Turnover	2	16,241,191	17,350,845
Net operating expenses - including exceptional costs of £575,217 (2011 - £Nil)		21,389,415	21,337,484
Gross loss		(5,148,224)	(3,986,639)
Other interest receivable and similar income interest payable and similar charges	7	1,227,053 (9,973)	1,170,689 (9,973)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(3,931,144)	(2,825,923)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	8	65,799	201,215
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		(3,865,345)	(2,624,708)

All amounts relate to continuing activities
All recognised gains and losses in the current year and prior period are included in the profit and loss account

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2011

10 11	£	4,867,397 16,293,409 2	£	15,718,950
11		16,293,409 2 		_
		16,293,409 2 		15,718,950 2
13				2
13				
13		21,160,808		23,286,349
13		21,100,000		20,200,040
	420,078		581,610	
14	28,710,777			
14	18,000,000		18,000,000	
	46 710 777		45 363 692	
	899		132,129	
			<del></del>	
	47,131,754		46,077,431	
15	10,078,719		6,718,793	
		37,053,035		39,358,638
		58,213,843		62,644,987
16	200,000		200,000	, ,
17	1,109,326		1,175,125	
		1,309,326		1,375,125
		56,904,517		61,269,862
		<del> </del>		
18		101,000		101,000
19				19,916,225
19		25,567,397		25,567,397
19		11,319,895		15,685,240
20		56,904.517		61,269,862
	14 14 15 16 17	14 28,710,777 14 18,000,000  46,710,777 899  47,131,754  15 10,078,719  16 200,000  17 1,109,326  18 19 19 19 19	13	13

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 3 July 2012

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

### Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. They incorporate the results for the 52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 (2010 - 52 weeks ended 1 January 2011)

The following principle accounting policies have been applied

### Fundamental accounting concept

The directors of the company have prepared cashflow and profit and loss forecasts for the 3 year period to 31 December 2014 which show that the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements

As part of this review the UK based Claverley group companies agreed new banking facilities to meet the working capital requirements as set out in the forecasts. The new facilities include a UK based overdraft facility with Lloyds TSB of £4m which is due for renewal on 2 July 2013 and a five year term loan for £8m with Lloyds with a separate facility of a £10m term loan being agreed with HSBC for The Guiton Group of companies (based in the Channel Islands) since the year end

After making enquiries and considering uncertainties, the directors have a reasonable expectation that they can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Shropshire Newspapers Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to produce consolidated financial statements as it is included in EEA group accounts of a larger group.

### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by The Midland News Association Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

### Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales. Advertising revenue is recognised upon publication and circulation revenue is recognised upon delivery.

### Intangible Assets - Licence Fees

Intangible assets, shown at cost of acquisition, are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates.

Leasehold property Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings 2% per annum5% - 33% per annum

- 7 5% - 20% per annum

### Freehold land is not depreciated

Assets in the course of construction are not depreciated until they are completed. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor

All other leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

### Stocks

Stocks which comprise principally of newsprint and consumable stores are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Defined benefit pension schemes

The company participates in a group defined benefit pension scheme which is funded, with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the company and group in separate trustee administered funds. The company's contributions are affected by the surplus/deficit in the scheme. However, it is not possible to identify the company's share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis.

Therefore, in accordance with the FRS 17 multi-employer exemption, the scheme is accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme (see below)

The latest available information relating to the scheme and the implications for the company are detailed in Note 23 to the accounts

Defined contribution pension scheme

Perision costs for the company's defined contribution pension schemes are recognised within operating loss at an amount equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the period. Any prepaid or outstanding contributions at the balance sheet date are recognised respectively as assets or liabilities within prepayments or accruals.

### 2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 3 Net operating expenses

	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £	52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £
Raw materials and consumables Staff costs (note 5) Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets Other operating charges Other operating income Exceptional items	2,727,281 7,205,696 1,465,670 2,700,000 6,875,692 (160,141) (575,217)	2,697,437 7,581,426 1,473,282 2,700,000 6,974,160 (88,821)
	20,238,981	21,337,484

Exceptional items relate to redundancy costs during the period and writing off of irrecoverable intercompany loan balances

### 4 Operating loss

This is arrived at after charging/(crediting)	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £	52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of other intangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the	1,465,670 2,700,000 312,161 510,097	1,473,282 2,700,000 294,615 502,209
company's annual accounts - taxation services - other services (Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	9,210 8,731 6,780 (11,476)	9,055 5,183 12,000 12,879

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

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			_
		Employees	
		Staff costs (including directors) consist of	
52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £		
6,393,248 653,900 534,278	6,085,471 622,647 497,577	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	
7,581,426	7,205,695		
	eriod was as follows	The average number of employees (including directors) during the	
52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 Number	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 Number		
194 121	163 128	Sales and administration Product and distribution	
315	291		
		Directors' remuneration	
52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £		
198,956 50,256	353,213 22,860	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £253,868 (2010 - £120,145) Company pension contributions of £10,440 (2010 - £15,480) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf

There are 2 (2010 - 2) Directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under this scheme

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

7	Other interest receivable and similar income			
			52 weeks	52 weeks ended
		31	ended December	1 January
			2011	2011
			£	£
	Loans to group companies		1,227,053	1,170,689
			<del></del> =	
^	Tavatian an lago en ordinam octivituo			
8	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities			
			52 weeks	52 weeks
		31	ended December	ended 1 January
		31	2011	2011
			£	£
	Deferred tax		(200,000)	A 504
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods		(360,826) 412,639	4,581 (162,442)
	Effect of changes in tax rate		(117,612)	(43,354)
	Movement in deferred tax provision		(65,799)	(201,215)
	The house and for the unarroad to different to the standard rate of corr	oorati	on tay in the l	IK applied to
	The tax assessed for the year/period is different to the standard rate of corploss before tax	Joran	on lax in the C	л арриес ю
			52 weeks	52 weeks
		-	ended	ended
		31	December 2011	1 January 2011
			3	£
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax		(3,931,144)	(2,825,923)
	The second secon			<del></del>
	Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2009 - 28%)  Effect of		(1,022,097)	(791,258)
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		707,619	767,094
	Capital allowances for period less than depreciation		376,169	(8,165)
	Short term timing differences		(910) 127,243	3,414 82,474
	Transfer pricing adjustment Group relief surrendered/(received) for nil payment		258,254	(53,559)
	Worldwide debt cap exemption		(446,278)	(==,= 3 <del>-</del>
	Current tax charge for the period			
	Continue and go to the parity			

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

9	Dividends		
		52 weeks ended 31 December 2011 £	52 weeks ended 1 January 2011 £
	Ordinary shares Interim paid of £4 95 (2010 - £29 70) per share	500,000	3,000,000
10	Intangible fixed assets		
			Licence Fees
	Cost At 2 January 2011 and 31 December 2011		27,000,000
	Amortisation At 2 January 2011 Provided for the year		19,432,603 2,700,000
	At 31 December 2011		22,132,603
	Net book value At 31 December 2011		4,867,397
	At 1 January 2011		7,567,397

Licence fees are being amortised over their 10 year licence period



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

	Leasehold Land and Buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total
Cool	£	£	£	£
Cost At 2 January 2011 Additions Disposals	153,691 - -	27,085,436 2,048,100 (82,457)	801,480 - -	28,040,607 2,048,100 (82,457
At 31 December 2011	153,691	29,051,079	801,480	30,006,250
Depreciation				<del></del>
At 2 January 2011 Provided for the year Disposals	104,155 4,795 -	11,683,450 1,410,960 (74,486)	534,052 49,915	12,321,657 1,465,670 (74,486
At 31 December 2011	108,950	13,019,924	583,967	13,712,841
Net book value				
At 31 December 2011	44,741	16,031,155	217,513	16,293,409
At 1 January 2011	49,536	15,401,986	267,428	15,718,950
The net book value of leasehold land and	buildings may be fu	rther analysed	as follows	
			31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
Long leasehold Short leasehold			10,128 34,613	11,463 38,073
			44,741	49,536

The aggregate amount of capital expenditure authorised and contracted for by the Directors at 31 December 2011 was £68,000 (2010 - £1,825,000)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 12 Investments

The company owns 2 ordinary shares of £1 each representing the entire issued share capital in The Leopard Press Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. This company is dormant

The Company also owns 60,000 unlisted Ordinary shares of £1 each in The Press Association Limited which are included in the balance sheet at Nil cost

### 13 Stocks

	31 December 2011	1 January 2011
	£	£
Raw materials Engineering stocks	117,754 240,201	264,466 240,201
Consumable stocks	62,123	76,943
	420,078	581,610

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above

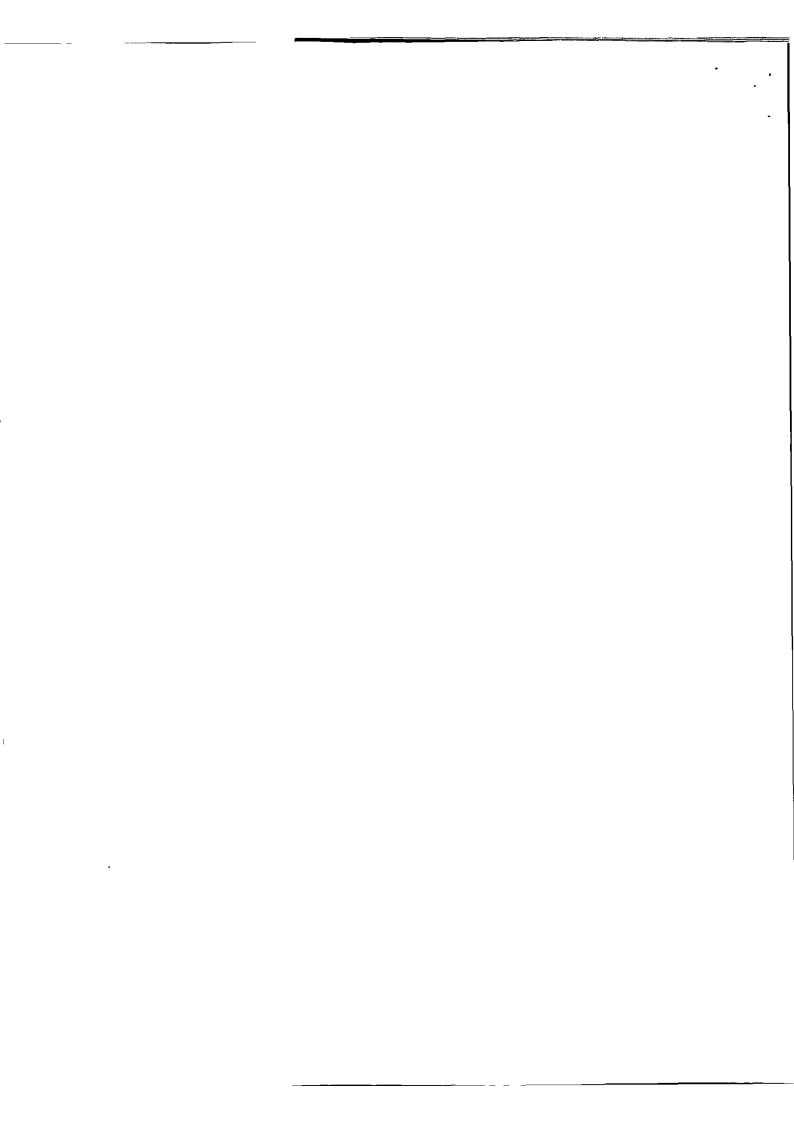
### 14 Debtors

	31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
Amounts receivable within one year		
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	371,571 28,111,517 8,718 218,971	306,931 26,895,637 11,892 149,232
	28,710,777	27,363,692
Amounts receivable after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings - interest bearing	18,000,000	18,000,000
Total debtors	46,710,777	45,363,692

The interest bearing loan is unsecured and interest is charged at 4.85% for the first 10 years and thereafter at 0.5% above the yield on 10 year treasury gilts available at that time. The loan is repayable on the 21 October 2023.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

15	Creditors: amounts falling due within o	ne year			
				31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
	Bank overdrafts (see note 21) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income			1,429,489 814,371 6,998,616 232,301 96,893 507,049	703,548 5,390,054 220,188 92,481 312,522
				10,078,719	6,718,793
16	Creditors: amounts falling due after mo	re than one year			
				31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
	5% cumulative preference shares			200,000	200,000
	Maturity of debt				
		Loans and overdrafts 31 December 2011	Loans and overdrafts 1 January 2011 £	Preference shares 31 December 2011 £	Preference shares 1 January 2011 £
	In one year or less, or on demand	1,429,489	<u>-</u>	·	
	In more than five years			200,000	200,000



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

17	Provisions for liabilities			
				Deferred taxation £
	At 2 January 2011 Credited to profit and loss account Effect of change in tax rateyear Adjustment in respect of prior periods			1,175,125 (360,826) (117,612) 412,639
	At 31 December 2011			1,109,326
	Deferred taxation			
		3	1 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
	Accelerated capital allowances Sundry timing differences		1,122,005 (12,679)	1,204,365 (29,240)
			1,109,326	1,175,125
18	Share capital			
		3	31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	101,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		101,000	101,000
19	Reserves			
		Share premium account £	Other reserves	Profit and loss account £
	At 2 January 2011 Loss for the year Dividends	19,916,225 - -	25,567,397 - -	15,685,240 (3,865,345) (500,000)
	At 31 December 2011	19,916,225	25,567,397	11,319,895

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 20 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	31 December 2011 £	1 January 2011 £
Loss for the year/period Dividends	(3,865,345) (500,000)	(2,624,708) (3,000,000)
Net deductions from shareholders' funds	(4,365,345)	(5,624,708)
Opening shareholders' funds	61,269,862	66,894,570
Closing shareholders' funds	56,904,517	61,269,862

### 21 Contingent liabilities

During the year the company was party to group banking facilities. These facilities were made available to the company to meet its day to day working capital requirements. It had overdraft facilities set at  $\pounds 4$  0m with Lloyds TSB (2010 -  $\pounds 4$  0m), which were due for renewal in December 2011 (facility was temporarily extended during the refinancing noted below). The group also had a term loan and revolving credit facilities with Lloyds TSB until December 2014. The term loan had an outstanding balance of  $\pounds 12$  0m (2010 -  $\pounds 15$  0m) and incurred interest at between 2.5% and 3.0% per annum over the Libor rate. The revolving credit facility has an outstanding balance of  $\pounds 4$  5m (2010 -  $\pounds 3$  0m) and incurs interest at between 2.25% to 2.75% per annum over Libor. The facilities are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the group.

As at 31 December 2011, the group's net debt under the above facilities totalled £16 4m (1 January 2011 - £17 9m)

In addition subsequent to the year end the UK and Channel Island banking facilities have been separated. The company is now only party to cross guarantees to the UK banking facility which total £12m as noted in Note 1.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 22 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Operating league which every	Land and buildings 31 December 2011 £	Other 31 December 2011 £	Land and buildings 1 January 2011 £	Other 1 January 2011 £
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year In two to five years After five years	- 18,860 488,326	69,278 129,810 -	3,813 4,448 493,908	73,574 260,489 -
			<del></del>	
	507,186	199,088	502,169	334,063
	<del></del>	<del></del>		

### 23 Pension arrangements

The company participated in two group defined benefit schemes and a defined contribution scheme up until the 1st April 2008. On that date the assets and liabilities of the defined benefit schemes were consolidated into one scheme. The defined benefit scheme is closed to new members and future accrual. It is not possible to identify the company's share of assets and liabilities in the defined benefit scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore, in accordance with FRS17 paragraph 9 (b) (multi-employer exemption), the scheme is accounted for as if it was a defined contribution scheme.

The total pension charge and contributions payable for the year amounted to £498,000 (2010 - £534,000)

The most recent formal valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 5th April 2008 using the projected unit method

In order to provide information about the funding position of the scheme, a separate valuation at 31 December 2011, using the projected unit method, as required by FRS17 has been obtained and is disclosed in the accounts of the Claverley Group Limited

The valuation of the two schemes at 31 December 2011, calculated by the actuary on an FRS17 basis, shows a deficit on the scheme of £13,460,000 (2010 - £38,860,000)

For the purpose of these accounts, these figures are illustrative only and do not impact on the result or the balance sheet of the company. It should also be noted that these figures include a proportion of pension assets and liabilities relating to other group companies which also participate in the scheme. It has not been possible to identify the share of the deficits which relates solely to Shropshire Newspapers Limited Full details of the pension schemes are given in the accounts of the ultimate parent company.

The measurement bases required by FRS17 are likely to give rise to significant fluctuations in the reported annual amounts of the defined benefit scheme's assets and liabilities from year to year and do not necessarily give rise to a change in the contributions payable into the scheme, which are recommended by the independent actuaries using long term assumptions

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

### 24 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 as a wholly owned subsidiary not to discolse details of related party transactions as required by the standard

### 25 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Midland News Association Limited, registered in England & Wales and is included within that Company's group accounts

The ultimate parent undertaking is Claverley Company, also registered in England and Wales

On 3 July 2012 the ultimate parent undertaking became Claverley Holdings Limited, registered in England and Wales