Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

31 December 2018

Company Number 109849

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

Contents

Page:

- 1 Strategic report
- 2 Directors' report
- 4 Independent auditor's report
- 7 Statement of comprehensive income
- 8 Balance sheet
- 9 Statement of changes in equity
- 10 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

T L Doerr

D Antoniuk

Secretary and registered office

Manitowoc House, Network 421, Radclive Road, Gawcott, Buckingham, MK18 4FD.

Company number

109849

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

Business review and principal activities

The Company serves as an investment holding company. No change to this activity is envisaged.

The statement of comprehensive income is presented on page 7 and shows a profit before tax of £9.1m (2017 – profit before tax of £3.2m).

The directors continue to monitor the valuation of the Company's investments in subsidiaries with respect to the forecast of cash flows and net assets from the underlying company.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2017: £Nil).

Principal risks and uncertainties

Throughout the year, the Company identifies and reviews potential risk and uncertainties that could have a material impact on performance and has put in place internal processes and controls designed to mitigate these risks. Detailed planning processes and contingency plans are in place for adverse change to macro-economic conditions. The principal risks the company is exposed to are as follows:

Liquidity and interest rate risk

The Company is a participant in the group treasury function which has the objective of maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and appropriately investing in the money markets. All cash management is performed centrally and the Company's financial position is monitored regularly. The Company's policy is also to maintain access to a mixture of long term and short term debt finance from group companies and to regularly review interest rates within the framework of existing agreements.

Group risks are dealt with in the Annual Report of The Manitowoc Company, Inc., the ultimate parent organisation.

Going concern

After making enquiries the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and the financial statements.

Approval

This strategic report was approved on behalf of the Board on 26 September 2019.

David Antoniuk

Director

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and to date were as follows:

T L Doerr D Antoniuk

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and exist at the date of this report.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

The auditors, BDO LLP, are deemed to have been reappointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board

David Antoniuk

Director

26 September 2019

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBER OF MANITOWOC GROUP (UK) LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Manitowoc Group (UK) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
 significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a
 period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the
 requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' report, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Marc Reinecke (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

26 September 2019

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Impairment of investments		-	-
Loss on sale of investments		•	-
Foreign currency		1,030	•
Other administrative expenses	·	(84)	(1)
Total administrative (expenses)		(84)	(1)
Operating profit / (loss)	3	946	(1)
Interest receivable	4	8,142	3,202
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		9,088	3,201
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	5	(174)	
Profit / (loss) for the year		8,914	3,201
Dividend income		-	
Comprehensive income for the year		8,914	3,201

Balance sheet at 31 December 2018

Company number: 109849	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Current assets Cash and bank Debtors	6	15 367,739	15 103,174
Debitors	v	367,754	103,190
Current liabilities		ŕ	
Creditors Other payables and accruals		(62) (195)	- -
Net current assets		367,497	103,190
Net assets		367,497	103,190
Capital and reserves	_	27.000	27.000
Called up share capital Share premium	7	37,238 84,898	37,238 84,898
Capital reserve		259,584	4,190
Profit and loss account		(14,223)	(23,137)
		367,497	103,190
	·		

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 26 September 2019.

David Antoniuk Director

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Capital Reserve £'000	Profit and loss Account £'000	Total Equity £'000
1 January 2018 Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	37,238	84,898	4,190	(23,137) 8,914	103,190 8,914
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	-	-	8,914	8,914
Contributions by and distributions to owners Capital reserve					
increase	-	-	255,393	-	255,393
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-				
31 December 2018	37,238	84,898	259,584	(14,223)	367,497
1 January 2017 Comprehensive income for the year	37,238	84,898	4,190	(26,338)	99,988
Loss for the year	-	-	-	3,201	3,201
Total comprehensive income for the year			-	3,201	3,201
Contributions by and distributions to owners Share premium increase			-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	-	-	
31 December 2017	37,238	84,898	4,190	(23,137)	103,190

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included in the publicly available consolidated financial statements of the Manitowoc Company, Inc. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Cash Flow

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 102 not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights are controlled by the group headed by The Manitowoc Company, Inc. and the Company is included in its consolidated financial statements.

Investments

Investments are held at cost less permanent diminution in value.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Reserves

The Company's reserves include:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- The share premium account includes the premium on issue of equity shares, net of any issue costs
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Investments are held at cost less permanent diminution in value. Judgement has been applied by the directors in estimating the recoverability of loans and investments.

3 Operating loss

Auditors' remuneration has been charged in the financial statements 2018 of £6,000. In 2017 no auditor's remuneration was charged as £5,000 was borne by Manitowoc Holdings (UK) Limited.

No Directors received any remuneration from the Company (2017 - £nil). The Company has no employees other than the Directors (2017 - none).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

4	Interest receivable		
		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Interest receivable on amounts due from group undertakings	8,142	3,202
5	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities		
		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	9,088	3,201
	Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 – 19.25%)	1,727	616
	Effects of: Disallowed expenses	(4.404)	(040)
	Utilisation of tax losses brought forward Loss surrender from MTW Holdings (UK) Ltd. Capital allowance	(1,124) (398) (30)	(616) -
	Total tax charge for the year	174	-

The Company has non-trade loan deficits and management and capital expenses of £56.0m carried forward (2017 - £63.0m). No deferred tax asset has been recognised given the uncertain nature of future taxable income.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

6 Debtors

Debtors	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Amount owed by group undertaking	367,739	103,174

The amounts owed by group undertakings comprise:

- Notes in the total amount of £97.0m bearing an interest rate of 300 basis points over the Bank of England base rate, and related interest receivables of £9.7m. These notes are repayable on demand.
- A note in the amount of EUR 285.9m bearing an interest rate of 4.75%, and related interest receivables of £4.6m. The note is repayable on demand of the debtor.

7 Share capital

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 372,380,000 (2017 - 372,380,000) ordinary share of £0.1 each	37,238	37,238

8 Contingent Liabilities

The Company, together with other group undertakings, is party to a cross guarantee in favour of the Royal Bank of Scotland for overdraft pooling arrangements. There was no potential liability as at 31 December 2018 (2017 - £Nil).

9 Related party disclosures

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Manitowoc Company, Inc. and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred under FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with The Manitowoc Company, Inc. or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

11 Subsequent events

No reportable events.

12 Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent is Manitowoc Holdings (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The Directors regard The Manitowoc Company, Inc., a company incorporated in Wisconsin, USA, as the ultimate parent company and controlling entity. At reporting date The Manitowoc Company, Inc. was the smallest and largest group which prepares consolidated results and of which the Company forms a part. Copies of the financial statements of the Manitowoc Company, Inc. for the period up to 31st December 2017 can be obtained from the Secretary at 11270 West Park Place Suite 1000, Milwaukee, WI 53224.