Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited

Registered Number 00090337

Annual report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

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Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited

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Strategic Report

The Directors present their Strategic Report on Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company in a subsidiary undertaking of the British American Tobacco p.l.c. Group (the "Group") which is active in the tobacco industry.

Review of the year ended 31 December 2017

The loss for the financial year attributable to Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited shareholders after deduction of all charges and the provision of taxation amounted to £49,000 (2016: £48,000).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding net liabilities of £115,000, which the Directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The Company is dependent on a letter of support provided by Weston (2009) Limited to cover its working capital requirements. Weston (2009) Limited had indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available funds as are needed by the Company. The Directors consider that this should enable the Company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the Directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will do so.

Based on these indicators, the Directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. However, this material uncertainty may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, to continue realising its assets and discharging its liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of the preparation being inappropriate.

Key performance indicators

Given the nature of the Company's activities, the Company's Directors believe that key performance indicators are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the Company's specific development, performance or the position of its business. However, key performance indicators relevant to the Group, and which may be relevant to the Company, are disclosed in the Strategic Report in the Annual Report of British American Tobacco p.l.c. and do not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company, including financial risk management, are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are monitored by audit committees to provide a framework for identifying, evaluating and managing risks faced by the Group. Accordingly, the key Group risk factors that may be relevant to the Company are disclosed in the Annual Report of British American Tobacco p.l.c. and do not form part of this report

On behalf of the Board

Mr O.J. Martin
Assistant Secretary

2 July 2018

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2016: £nil).

Board of Directors

The names of the persons who served as Directors of the Company during the period 1 January 2017 to the date of this report are as follows:

Robert James Casey Nicola Snook

(resigned 31 May 2017)

David Patrick Ian Booth Anthony Michael Hardy Cohn

Noelle Colfer (appointed 21 June 2018)

Research and development

No research & development expenditure has been incurred during the year (2016: £nil).

Political contributions

The Company made no political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2016; £nil).

Employees

The average number of employees employed by the Company during the year was nil (2016: nil).

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Directors' report (continued)

Statement of Directors' responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' declaration in relation to relevant audit information

Having made appropriate enquiries, each of the Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Annual report confirms that:

- (a) to the best of his knowledge and belief, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) he has taken all steps that a Director might reasonably be expected to have taken in order to make himself aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

By Order of the Board

Mr O.J. Martin

Assistant Secretary

2 July 2018

Independent auditor's report to the members of Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Changes in Equity, Balance Sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We have nothing to report in these respects.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

The Directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Westanley Trading & Investment Company Limited (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on pages 3 and 4, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an Auditor's Report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jeremy Hall, (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square London, E14 5GL

3 July 2018

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December

		2017	2016
Continuing operations	Note	£'000	£'000
Other operating expenses	2	-	-
Operating result		-	_
Interest receivable and similar income	3	1	3
Interest payable and similar expenses	4	(50)	(51)
Loss before taxation	-	(49)	(48)
Tax on loss	5	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(49)	(48)

There is no difference between the loss before taxation and the loss for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year and therefore no Statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December

	Called up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account	Total Equity/ (deficit)
		£'000	£'000
1 January 2016	1	(19)	(18)
Loss for the financial year	-	(48)	(48)
31 December 2016	1	(67)	(66)
Loss for the financial year	-	(49)	(49)
31 December 2017	1 .	(116)	(115)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2017

	Nata	2017	2016
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Investments in Group undertakings	6	-	
Current assets		_	_
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	2,024	2,023
Total assets less current liabilities		2,024	2,023
Creditors: amounts falling after one year	8	(2,017)	(2,017)
Provisions for liabilities and other charges	9	(122)	(72)
Net liabilities		(115)	(66)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Profit and loss account		(116)	(67)
Total shareholders' deficit		(115)	(66)

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the Directors on 2 July 2018 and signed on behalf of the Board.

R.J. Case

Registered number 00090337

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("IFRS"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and where advantage of disclosure exemptions available under FRS 101 have been taken.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. The key estimates and assumptions are set out in the accounting policies below, together with the related notes to the accounts.

The most significant items include:

- the review of asset values and impairment testing of non-financial assets;
- the estimation of amounts to be recognised in respect of taxation and legal matters; and
- the exemptions taken under IFRS 1 on the first time adoption of FRS 101.

Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances and constitute management's best judgement at the date of the financial statements. In the future, actual experience may deviate from these estimates and assumptions, which could affect the financial statements as the original estimates and assumptions are modified, as appropriate, in the year in which the circumstances change.

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of British American Tobacco p.l.c. which is incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006

Cash flow statement

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of British American Tobacco p.l.c. The cash flows of the Company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of British American Tobacco p.l.c. which is publicly available. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 101.

Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is sterling. Transactions arising in currencies other than sterling are translated at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in currencies other than sterling are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account in the year except for differences arising on the retranslation of qualifying cash flow hedges, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income

Income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account when all contractual or other applicable conditions for recognition have been met. Provisions are made for bad and doubtful debts where there is an expectation that all or a portion of the amount due will not be recovered.

Taxation

Taxation is that chargeable on the profits for the period, together with deferred taxation.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full using the liability method for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. As required under IAS 12 *Income Taxes*, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax is determined using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or deferred tax liability is settled.

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or changes in equity.

The Company has exposures in respect of the payment or recovery of a number of taxes. Liabilities or assets for these payments or recoveries are recognised at such time as an outcome becomes probable and when the amount can reasonably be estimated.

Investments in Group companies

Investments in Group companies are stated at cost, together with subsequent capital contributions, less provisions for any impairment in value, where appropriate.

Dividends

Final dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, while interim dividend distributions are recognised in the period in which the dividends are declared and paid.

Future changes to accounting policies

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This new standard replaces IAS 18, with the effective implementation date being 1 January 2018. The anticipated impact from restatement of the Company's Financial Statements for 2017 and 2016 is considered immaterial.

2 Other operating Charges

Auditors' fees of £2,500 were borne by a fellow Group undertaking (2016: £2,500).

None of the Directors received any remuneration in respect of their services as a Director of the Company during the year (2016: £nil). The Company considers that there is no practicable method to allocate a portion of the emoluments the Directors receive from their respective Group company employer for any qualifying services in respect of the Company, as these are considered to be incidental and part of the Directors overall management responsibilities within the Group.

There were no employees (2016: none) and no staff costs during the year (2016: £nil).

3 Interest receivable and similar income

	2017	2016
	000°3	£'000
Interest receivable from Group undertakings	1	3

During the year the Company has received interest income of £1,000 (2016: £3,000) generated from amounts on deposit with a fellow Group undertaking.

Interest payable and similar expenses

	2017	2016
	000°3	£'000
Interest payable and similar income	(50)	(51)

5 Taxation

Factors affecting the taxation charge

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 21% to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) was substantially enacted on 2 July 2013. Further reductions to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and to 18% (effective 1 April 2020) were substantially enacted on 26 October 2015, and an additional reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantially enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the Company's future current tax charge accordingly.

The current taxation charge differs from the standard 19.25% (2016: 20%) rate of corporation taxation in the UK. The major causes of this difference are listed below:

	2017	2016
	£'000	£,000
Loss for the year	(49)	(48)
Total tax expense	•	-
Loss excluding taxation	(49)	(48)
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19.25% (2016: 20.00%)	(10)	(10)
Non-deductible expenses	(1)	-
Group relief surrendered/(claimed) for nil consideration	11	10
Total tax charge for the period	•	-

6 Investments

(1) Investments in Group undertakings

	Investments in Group undertakings £'000
Cost	2 000
1 January 2017	1
Disposal	(1)
31 December 2017	-
Impairment provisions	
1 January 2017	(1)
Disposal	1
31 December 2017	•
Net book value	
1 January 2017	-
31 December 2017	•

Disposal during the year relates to B.A.T. Australia Pty. Limited.

(2) The Directors are of the opinion that the individual investment in the subsidiary undertaking has a value not less than the amount at which it is shown in the balance sheet and that the fair value of investments which classify as other investments at fair value and their current book value is not material.

7 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	2,024	2,023

The amount due from Group undertakings of £2,024,000 (2016: £2,023,000) is unsecured, interest bearing and repayable on demand. The interest rate is based on LIBOR.

8 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Deferred income	(2,017)	(2,017)

Deferred income represents the portion of the receipt related to the Franked Investment Income Global Litigation Order ("FIIGLO") allocated to B.A.T Industries p.l.c.. The total gross amount received from HM Revenue and Customs ("HMRC") by the Group was £1,224,000,000 in two separate payments. HMRC held back £261,000,000 on the second payment received by the Group, contending that it represents a new 45% tax on the interest component of restitution claims against HMRC. The total cash allocated from the initial payment to the Company was £2,017,000. No cash was allocated to the Company from the second payment.

Due to the uncertainty of the amount and eventual outcome the Company has not recognised this receipt in the profit and loss account in the current or prior period.

9 Provisions for liabilities and other charges

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	201 £'000	
Provisions for liabilities and other charges	12	72

A provision of £50,000 was raised in the year in respect of interest accrued on the amount received from the HM Revenue and Customs related to FIIGLO as described in note 8. This is not expected to be settled within one year. The expense is disclosed in note 4.

10 Called up share capital

Ordinary shares of £1 each	2017	2016
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
- value	£1,000	£1,000
- number	1,000	1,000

11 Related party disclosures

As a wholly owned subsidiary the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 101 from disclosing transactions with other subsidiary undertakings of the British American Tobacco p.l.c. Group.

12 Parent undertakings

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is British American Tobacco p.l.c. being incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The Company's immediate parent undertaking is British American Tobacco (Investments) Limited. Group financial statements are prepared only at the British American Tobacco p.l.c. level and may be obtained from:

The Company Secretary Globe House 4 Temple Place London WC2R 2PG