Registration number: 00083494

Lion Lion & Son Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

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Company Information

Directors R E Oborne

N Oborne T Oborne R E C Oborne

Company secretary R E C Oborne

Registered office Unit 2, Mulberry Court

Bourne Industrial Park

Bourne Road CRAYFORD Kent DA1 4BF

Accountants McBrides Accountants LLP

Nexus House Cray Road Sidcup Kent DA14 5DA

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2019.

Directors of the company	
The directors who held office during the year were as follows:	

R E Oborne

N Oborne

T Oborne

R E C Oborne - Company secretary and director

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 25 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

T Oborne Director

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Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Lion Lion & Son Limited for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Lion Lion & Son Limited for the year ended 30 September 2019 as set out on pages 4 to 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Lion Lion & Son Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Lion Lion & Son Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Lion Lion & Son Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Lion Lion & Son Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Lion Lion & Son Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Lion Lion & Son Limited. You consider that Lion Lion & Son Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Lion Lion & Son Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

McBrides Accountants LLP
Nexus House
Cray Road
Sidcup
Kent
DA14 5DA

25 June 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	-	-
Administrative expenses	(900)	(1,170)
Operating loss	(900)	(1,170)
Loss before tax	(900)	(1,170)
Loss for the financial year	(900)	(1,170)

The notes on pages $\underline{7}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 4

(Registration number: 00083494) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	275,006	275,906
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(1,000)	(1,000)
Net assets		274,006	274,906
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2,940	2,940
Other reserves		28,504	28,504
Profit and loss account		242,562	243,462
Total equity	_	274,006	274,906

For the financial year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 25 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

T Oborne

Director

The notes on pages $\frac{7}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 5

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

			Profit and loss	
	Share capital £	Other reserves £	account £	Total £
At 1 October 2018	2,940	28,504	243,462	274,906
Loss for the year			(900)	(900)
Total comprehensive income			(900)	(900)
At 30 September 2019	2,940	28,504	242,562	274,006
			Profit and loss	
	Share capital	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total
	Share capital £	Other reserves		Total £
At 1 October 2017	-	_	account	
At 1 October 2017 Loss for the year	£	£	account £	£
	£	£	account £ 244,632	£ 276,076

The notes on pages $\underline{7}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 6

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 2, Mulberry Court Bourne Industrial Park Bourne Road CRAYFORD Kent DA1 4BF England

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' 'FRS 102 1A, and with the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historic experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and debtors, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings, trade and other creditors, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

Recognition and measurement

All financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs. Thereafter financial instruments are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (less impairment where appropriate) unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial in which case they are stated at cost (less impairment where appropriate). The exception to this are those financial instruments where it is a requirement to continue recording them at fair value through profit and loss.

Impairment

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Trade and other debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade and other creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2018 - 4).

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		2019 £	2018 £
Other debtors		275,006	275,906
		275,006	275,906
5 Creditors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year	,,,,,,		
Other creditors		1,000	1,000

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