REGISTRAR

Registered number: 00059737

BRITISH FOOTWEAR ASSOCIATION LIMITED

(A company limited by guarantee)

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2014

TUESDAY



A20 12/08/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

(A company limited by guarantee)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO BRITISH FOOTWEAR ASSOCIATION LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, which comprise the Balance sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of British Footwear Association Limited for the year ended 28 February 2014 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts which comprise the Balance sheet and the related notes have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Martin Herron BA ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of MHA MacIntyre Hudson

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Peterbridge House The Lakes Northampton NN4 7HB

16 July 2014

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 00059737

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2014

Maka		2014	0	2013
Note	£	£	£	£
2		140,400		143,083
3		873,126		678,362
		1,013,526		821,445
•				
	639,332		616,627	
	256,681		343,730	
	896,013		960,357	
	(781,092)		(691,294)	
		114,921	•	269,063
		1,128,447		1,090,508
				
		73,779		87,142
		1,054,668		1,003,366
		1,128,447	·	1,090,508
		2 3 639,332 256,681 896,013	Note £ £ 2	Note £ £ £ £ 2

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 16 July 2014.

Michael S Kelly Chairman R A Kottler Chief Executive

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of Fixed asset investments and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2 Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents income from trade shows, income from the group purchasing scheme, manufacturers levy income and marketing subscription income.

Turnover is presented based on the gross amount received.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property

2% of cost

Office equipment

20% of net book value

Computer equipment

- 33% of net book value

Land assets are not depreciated

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.6 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.7 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.8 Government grants

Government grants are receivable from UK Trade and Investment in relation to specific trade shows. The funds are utilised to assist with the running costs of the relating trade shows. The grants are credited to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

1.10 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.11 Fixed asset investments

Listed investments are recorded at open market value at the balance sheet date using the valuation method under the Companies Act 2006. Changes in market value above cost are transferred to a revaluation reserve. Unless considered temporary, reductions in value below cost are debited to the profit and loss account.

2. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Cost or valuation	£
At 1 March 2013 and 28 February 2014	200,347
Depreciation At 1 March 2013 Charge for the year	57,264 2,683
At 28 February 2014	59,947
Net book value At 28 February 2014	140,400
At 28 February 2013	143,083

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2014

3. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

£

Cost or valuation At 1 March 2013 Additions Disposals Revaluations	678,362 694,276 (550,295) 50,783
At 28 February 2014	873,126
Net book value At 28 February 2014	873,126
At 28 February 2013	678,362

The historical cost of the listed shares is £799,288 (2013 - £591,220).

The company also had a quasi-subsidiary, the British Footwear Development Trust, a charity. The Trustees of the charity are appointed by the Directors and Members of the British Footwear Association Limited. The charity's surplus for the year ended 28 February 2014 was £6,501 (2013 - £535) and its accumulated funds at that date amounted to £237,131 (2013 - £230,630).

4. COMPANY STATUS

The Memorandum and Articles of Association state that the members are guarantors to the company. Their guarantee is limited to ten pounds. In the event of a surplus arising on winding-up or dissolution, the surplus shall be given to a similar company or institution having objects similar to the objects of the Association.

In the opinion of the members there is no indvidual controlling party.