Registration number: 00057379

# Securicor Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

TUESDAY



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# **Company Information**

Directors C A V Barroche

C Baillieu

Company secretary R Y Bartlett

Registered office

6th Floor 50 Broadway London  $SW1H\ 0DB$ 

Independent auditor Deloitte LLP

2 New Street Square London

EC4A 3BZ

### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present the strategic report, their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### Fair review of the business

### Principal activity

The principal activity of Securicor Limited ("the Company") is that of an investment holding company.

### Financial performance

The Company has net liabilities of £7,980,781 (2021: £7,563,924). The Company had amounts owed by Group undertakings of £4,195 (2021: £3,341) and amounts owed to Group undertakings of £7,826,524 (2021: £7,421,420).

The Company made a loss for the financial year of £416,857 (2021: £314,101).

G4S Limited is an intermediate parent of the company. G4S Limited is the parent of the G4S Limited Group ("the Group"). The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is Atlas Ontario LP. Atlas Ontario LP is the ultimate parent of the Atlas Ontario LP Group ("the Enlarged Group").

### Future developments

The directors expect the general level of activity of the Company to remain consistent with the prior years and the Company's principal activity is not expected to change substantially.

### Key performance indicators

Given the straight-forward nature of the business, the directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for understanding of the performance or development of the business.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

All businesses are subject to risk. Many individual risks are macro-economic or social in nature and thus they are common to many businesses. Below, the risks considered key to the Company have been listed. The key risks are those which would materially damage the Company's strategy, reputation, business, or assets. This list is in no particular order and it is not an exhaustive list of all potential risks. Some risks may be unknown at present and it may transpire that risks currently considered immaterial become material in the future.

### (1) Failure of the Company's IT systems

The Company makes widespread use of information technology systems for the purposes of financial management. Failure in these systems, for example physical damage or inaccessibility, could result in an adverse impact on the Company and its stakeholders.

### Risk mitigation approach

The Company has developed business continuity procedures, in line with the policies of the G4S Limited group. Should failure in information technology systems occur, these procedures would be triggered, minimising adverse impact on the Company and its stakeholders.

# Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with Section 172(1) Companies Act 2006

The Board's engagement with the Company's stakeholders helps frame the Company's strategic direction, informs the Board's decision making process and overall supports the Board's duty to promote the success of the Company as set out in Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors of the Company consider that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole.

The following paragraphs summarise how directors fulfil their duties:

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with Section 172(1) Companies Act 2006 (continued)

### Long-term view

Assessment of long-term consequences of our decisions is at the heart of our risk-management strategy. On an annual basis the Board of directors assesses the major risks affecting the Company and develops mitigating strategies to reduce the likelihood of those risks crystallising. In turn, these strategies form the basis for the Company's financial budgets, resource planning and capital spend, setting the general direction for the Company. The financial budgets and other plans undertake scrutiny both from the managers directly involved in each functional area, as well as the Group. This approach ensures that the Company's strategy is able to address the ever-changing risk landscape, maintains the long-term focus and is aligned with the core values of the Group.

For more details on the principal risks and uncertainties affecting the Company, refer to the description of "Principal risks and uncertainties" above.

### Our employees

Although the Company itself employs no direct staff, employees of other Group companies provide services to the Company through the operations of the Shared Service Centre. We value all staff who contribute to the Company's performance. We believe that attraction, retention and development of talent form the cornerstone of success of the wider Group. The policies of the Group include creation of a culture of engagement and inclusion, where every employee's contribution is valued and diversity of the team is celebrated. The particular initiatives during the year include the promotion of the training materials for new and existing employees of the wider Group, strengthening the processes of onboarding as well as continuous education. Within the Group active dialogue is maintained with the employees and employee representatives, fostering open communication channels and enabling exchange of ideas and expectations.

### Business relationships

As a result of the Company's activities, our primary business relationships are within the Group. We engage in regular dialogue with fellow Group companies, for example during budgeting exercises or during the monthly intercompany settlements. We aim to anticipate any issues before they arise and maintain solid communication channels to ensure that all parties have stayed well informed of the Company's plans and current activities.

### Community and environment

Although the Company itself employs no direct staff, employees of other Group companies provide services to the Company through the operations of the Shared Service Centre. As such, indirectly and via policies of the wider Group, we engage with the local communities, government, industry bodies and environmental groups as part of our sustainable development goals strategy. The Group's key priorities include taking care of health and well-being of the employees through awareness training and ongoing programs, creation of new employment opportunities as well as prevention of crime aiming to generate safe working behaviour for our employees and sustainable communities.

Although our operations do not have a direct impact on the environment, we recognise our responsibility to combat climate change. As part of a wider Group strategy, we aim to reduce the intensity of greenhouse gas emissions from our vehicles through implementing efficiencies in the way we operate and we recycle a significant proportion of our waste to minimise the amount of refuse disposed of in landfill.

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with Section 172(1) Companies Act 2006 (continued)

### Our reputation

Strong brand and reputation differentiate us in the competitive market place. We hold ourselves, our employees and our business partners to high standards, embodied in the set of our corporate values. These values promote a culture and business interactions based being Agile, Reliable, Innovative, with a Caring culture that puts Safety first, delivering through Teamwork and acting with Integrity.

We build and maintain our reputation in our day-to-day activities, engaging proactively with our customers, suppliers, employees and other stakeholders, anticipating potential issues and proceeding to a timely resolution. We deliver on our promises and we lead by example.

# Acting fairly

The Company is a subsidiary of Atlas Ontario LP and has no external shareholders. We maintain a continuous and open dialogue with our ultimate parent, Atlas Ontario LP, and ensure we stay aligned with the Enlarged Group's values and strategies.

16-Aug-23 | 12:47 PDT

Approved by the Board on ...... and signed on its behalf by:

V Barroche

Director

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **Directors of the Company**

The directors of the Company, who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing, were as follows:

C A V Barroche

C Baillieu

### Directors' indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 11. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2021: £Nil).

A review of the progress of the Company's business during the year, likely future developments, key performance indicators and principal business risks are contained in the Strategic Report on page 2.

### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the Company's net current liabilities position. The directors believe that this is an appropriate basis for financial statement preparation because the Company received a letter of support from a parent company to provide sufficient financial and other support to the company for at least 12 months from the date of signing of the financial statements to enable it to continue to meet its existing and currently anticipated liabilities, provided the Company remains a member of the parent company's group. Accordingly, the Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

### Other stakeholder engagement

The Board's engagement with other stakeholders is largely driven by processes and initiatives which are decided at a wider Group level. Further details of these can be found in the Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with Section 172(1) Companies Act 2006 in the Strategic Report.

### Financial risk management

The Company operates under the financial risk management objectives and policies of its intermediate parent company, G4S Limited. G4S Limited's key objectives and policies include:

- Mitigating liquidity risk by ensuring there are sufficient undrawn committed facilities available to the Group;
   and
- · Conducting operating and financing activities, wherever possible, in the Company's local currency.

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

### Qualifying third-party and pension scheme indemnity provisions

Allied Universal Topco LLC has granted indemnities to each of the Company's directors to the extent permitted by law. Qualifying third-party indemnity provisions (as defined by section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) were in force during the year ended 31 December 2022 and remain in force in relation to certain losses and liabilities which the directors may incur to third parties in the course of acting as directors. Allied Universal Topco LLC has maintained a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy throughout the year under review.

## Disclosure of information to the auditor

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- They have taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

# Independent auditor

The auditor, Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution confirming their appointment will be approved at the Annual General meeting.

16-Aug-23 | 12:47 PDT

Approved by the Board on ...... and signed on its behalf by:

--- DocuSigned by:

C A V Barroche

Director

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Securicor Limited

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of Securicor Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- · the income statement;
- · the statement of comprehensive income;
- · the statement of changes in equity;
- · the statement of financial position; and
- · the related notes 1 to 13.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Securicor Limited (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and the directors about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
   These included Companies Act 2006 and UK tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Securicor Limited (continued)

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- · reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Docusigned by:

Andrew Lowes

Andrew Lowes FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

16-Aug-23 | 22:12 BST

Date:

# Securicor Limited Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Administrative expenses	_	-	(30)
Operating result/(loss) Finance costs	7 _	(423,231)	(30) (318,817)
Loss before income tax		(423,231)	(318,847)
Income tax credit	8 _	6,374	4,746
Loss for the financial year	_	(416,857)	(314,101)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Loss for the financial year	(416,857)	(314,101)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	(416,857)	(314,101)

# Securicor Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Share capital	Accumulated losses £	Total
At 1 January 2021	25	(7,249,848)	(7,249,823)
Comprehensive expense: Loss for the financial year	<u> </u>	(314,101)	(314,101)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(314,101)	(314,101)
At 31 December 2021	25	(7,563,949)	(7,563,924)
At 1 January 2022	25	(7,563,949)	(7,563,924)
Comprehensive expense: Loss for the financial year	<u> </u>	(416,857)	(416,857)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(416,857)	(416,857)
At 31 December 2022	25	(7,980,806)	(7,980,781)

# (Registration number: 00057379) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Non-current assets			
Investments	9 .	874,509	874,509
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	10	4,195	3,341
Current tax assets		6,374	4,195
Cash and cash equivalents	-	6,515	3,174
		17,084	10,710
Total assets		891,593	885,219
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	(7,826,524)	(7,421,420)
Borrowings		(1,045,850)	(1,027,723)
		(8,872,374)	(8,449,143)
Total liabilities		(8,872,374)	(8,449,143)
Net current liabilities		(8,855,290)	(8,438,433)
Net liabilities		(7,980,781)	(7,563,924)
Equity			
Share capital	12	25	25
Accumulated losses	,	(7,980,806)	(7,563,949)
Total shareholders' deficit		(7,980,781)	(7,563,924)
	1	6-Aug-23   12:	47 PDT

The financial statements on pages 11 to 23 were approved by the Board on ...... and signed on its behalf by:

Docusigned by:

С A V Вагтосће

Director

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### 1 General information

Securicor Limited is incorporated in the United Kingdom, registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006, and domiciled in the UK. It is a private company, limited by shares. The Company's registered office is: 6th Floor, 50 Broadway, London, SW1H 0DB.

The Company is exempt by virtue of Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare and deliver consolidated financial statements as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary and it is included in the audited consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent, Atlas Ontario LP. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Atlas Ontario LP may be obtained from the G4S website (www.g4s.com). These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual entity only and not as a group.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the Company's functional currency, unless stated otherwise.

The principal activity of Securicor Limited is that of an investment holding company.

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

# Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company has received a letter of support from its ultimate parent, Atlas Ontario LP, to provide sufficient financial assistance to the Company if and when it is needed to enable the Company to continue its operations and fulfil its currently anticipated financial obligations now and in the future. This undertaking is provided for a period of 12 months from the date of signing of the financial statements. This financial support may include: not seeking the repayment of amounts advanced to the Company by the parent and/or other members of the parent group unless adequate alternative financing has been secured by the Company; and advancing further amounts to the Company as required by the Company.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

### Summary of disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of certain disclosure exemptions in FRS 101, in part because its financial statements are included in the publicly available consolidated financial statements of Atlas Ontario LP. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Atlas Ontario LP may be obtained from the G4S website (www.g4s.com).

These disclosure exemptions relate to:

- IAS 7 "Statement of cash flows";
- Paragraph 38 of IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" to present comparative information in respect
  of: paragraph 79 (a) (iv) of IAS 1, paragraph 73 (e) of IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and
  paragraph 118 (e) of IAS 38 "Intangible Assets" (reconciliations between the carrying amount at the
  beginning and end of the period);
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, "Presentation of financial statements": 10(d) (statement of cash flows);16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS); 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements); 38B-D (additional comparative information); 111 (statement of cash flows information); and 134-136 (capital management disclosures).
- IFRS 7, "Financial Instruments: Disclosures";
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" (disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities);
- The requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113 (a), 114, 115, 118, 119 (a)-(c),120-127 and 129 of IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers";
- The requirements of paragraphs 52, 58, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 "Leases";
- Paragraphs 45 (b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" (details of the number and weighted average exercise prices of share options, and how the fair value of goods or services received was determined);
- · Paragraph 17 of IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" (key management compensation); and
- The requirements in IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

### New standards, amendments, IFRIC interpretations and new relevant disclosure requirements

There are no amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 that have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Finance income and finance costs

Finance income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. This is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset's net carrying amount.

Finance costs are recognised as an expense in the income statement on the same basis.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the Company's functional currency. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities which are denominated in other currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on that date. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost denominated in other currencies are not retranslated. Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in the income statement.

#### Income tax

Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income. The tax expense represents the current tax.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Tax liabilities or refunds may differ from those anticipated due to changes in tax legislation, differing interpretations of tax legislation and uncertainties surrounding the application of tax legislation. In situations where uncertainties exist, provision is made for contingent tax liabilities and assets on the basis of management judgement following consideration of the available relevant information.

Group relief claimed/surrendered between UK companies is paid for at the applicable tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) for the year.

### Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of the Company's assets, with the exception of financial receivables and deferred tax assets, are reviewed on an ongoing basis for any indication of impairment and, if any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying value of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

In respect of any asset other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine its recoverable amount. The amount of the reversal is limited such that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed that which would have been determined (after depreciation and amortisation) if no impairment loss had been recognised.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables do not carry interest. They are initially recognised at fair value which represents the amount of consideration that is unconditional. They are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowances.

### Amounts owed by/to Group undertakings

Amounts owed by/to Group undertakings (members of the Enlarged Group) are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Finance income and expense are recognised in the income statement on an accruals basis using the effective interest method.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances.

### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables do not carry interest. They are initially recognised at fair value and they are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Borrowings

Borrowings comprise cash balances in an overdrawn position. Interest expense on these balances is recognised in finance costs using effective-interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

### Impairment of financial assets

For loans and balances with Group companies, the general approach permitted by IFRS 9 is applied, which requires 12 month expected credit losses to be recognised on initial recognition of these receivables. If a significant increase in credit risk occurs, this requires expected lifetime credit losses to be recognised on these receivables. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors that the Company considers would affect the ability of the counterparty to settle the receivables.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

# 3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies. These judgements, estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, current and expected economic conditions, and in some cases, actuarial techniques as well as the various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Although these judgements, estimates and associated assumptions are based on management's best knowledge of current events and circumstances, the actual results may differ.

There are no judgements, estimates and assumptions which are of significance in the preparation of the Company's financial statements.

### 4 Staff costs

There were no employees during the current or prior year and therefore the Company incurred no staff costs.

### 5 Directors' remuneration

The directors are remunerated by a related party company, and are not remunerated in respect of qualifying services provided to the Company.

### 6 Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration of £15,420 (2021: £15,420) was borne by another Group company. The Company did not incur any non-audit fees in the current or prior year.

### 7 Finance costs

•	2022	2021
	£	£
Interest on bank overdrafts	18,128	6,627
Interest payable on amounts owed to Group undertakings	405,103	312,190
	423,231	318,817

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 8 Income tax credit

Tax credited in the income statement is as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	(6,374)	(4,195)
UK corporation tax adjustment to prior periods	<u> </u>	(551)
Total income tax credit in the income statement	(6,374)	(4,746)

The tax expense/(credit) on loss for the year is higher than (2021: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2022 £	2021 £
Loss before income tax	(423,231)	(318,847)
Corporation tax at standard rate  Decrease in current tax from adjustment for prior periods  Increase from transfer pricing adjustments	(80,414) - 74,040	(60,581) (551) 56,386
Total income tax credit	(6,374)	(4,746)

In the Spring Budget 2021, the government announced that from 1 April 2023, the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%. This increase in corporation tax was reversed in September 2022 but reinstated again in October 2022. The changes in tax rates have no effect on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 9 Investments

	£
Cost	874,509
At 1 January 2022	874,309
At 31 December 2022	874,509
Impairment At 1 January 2022	
At 31 December 2022	
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2022	874,509
At 31 December 2021	874,509

Judgement is required to determine whether indicators of impairment exist. Where impairment triggers are identified, the recoverable amount of an investment is generally determined by its value in use, which is derived from discounted cash flow calculations. Further analysis (such as using fair value less cost to sell) is carried out on a case-by-case basis.

In the year, impairment review has been performed for all of the Company's investments. For the year ended 31 December 2022 an impairment charge of £Nil (2021: £Nil) has been recorded in respect of the Company's investments.

Details of the subsidiary undertakings and other significant undertakings as at 31 December 2022, where the Company's holding is 20% or greater, are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings	Class of holding	Ownership	Registered address
G4\$ Secure Solutions (SL) Limited *	Ordinary	50.00%	6 Spur Road, P.O. Box, Freetown, Sierra Leone

<sup>\*</sup> Direct investment

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 10 Trade and other receivables

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	4,195	3,341

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are trading in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The loss allowance as at 31 December 2022 is £Nil (2021: £Nil) as all amounts owed by Group undertakings are repayable on demand and the expected loss rate for the Company is 0% (2021: 0%).

## 11 Trade and other payables

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	7,826,524	7,421,420

Included in amounts owed to Group undertakings are loans of £7,798,640 (2021: £7,406,420) which are unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest is charged on these loans at the Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) plus a margin of 4.25% (2021: the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin of 4.25%). All other amounts owed by Group undertakings are trading in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

### 12 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022 No.	2022 £	2021 No.	2021 £
Ordinary shares - X class of £0.25 each Ordinary shares - Y class of £0.25	50	12.50	50	12.50
each	50	12.50	50	12.50
	100	25.00	100	25.00

The shares rank pari passu in all respects.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 13 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is G4S Global Holdings Limited.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is Atlas Ontario LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada. The registered office of Atlas Ontario LP is 450 Exchange, Irvine, California 92602, USA. Atlas Ontario LP is also the parent undertaking of both the smallest and largest groups which include the results of the Company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Atlas Ontario LP are available from the G4S website (www.g4s.com).