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STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

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YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

Number 56547 (England & Wales)

Address

WALTON STREET

SOWERBY BRIDGE

WEST YORKSHIRE

WEDNESDAY

A27

23/03/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE 71

SUTCLIFFE & RILEY Chartered Accountants 3 Central Street HALIFAX HX1 1HU

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended 31st December 2010

Registered Office
Walton Street, Sowerby Bridge, West Yorkshire
Number
56547 (England & Wales)

Principal Activities & Review of Business

The company has continued to trade as steel stockholders. Trading in the first six months of the year was very difficult but the second half of the year saw business levels increase significantly. The profit after tax for the year was £132,365.

A dividend of 50% is proposed amounting to £3,510

The Future

The last six months of 2010 saw a marked increase in the company's turnover, with this in mind the Directors believe that in 2011 the company will, with the ongoing investment in plant and machinery, be in a good position to take advantage of any upturn in the economic climate

Directors

The directors who held office during the year are set out below together with their interests in the shares of the company

	Shares Held		
	31 st December 2010	31 st December 2009	
D N Shoesmith	860	570	
J C Horner	74	10	

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED

for the year ended 31st December 2010

Statement of Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The directors of the company who held office at the date of approval of this annual report confirm that

- > so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information, information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report, of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Events since the end of the year

There have been no material events since the end of the year

Auditors

A resolution proposing the re-appointment of Sutcliffe & Riley as auditors to the company in accordance with s485 of the Companies Act 2006 will be put to the Annual General Meeting

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

D N SHOESMITH

Director

Approved by the Board 8th March 2011

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ABRAM PULMAN & SONS LTD

We have audited the financial statements of Abram Pulman & Sons Ltd for the year ended 31st December 2010 on pages 5 to 11 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 495 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters that we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, or the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the Audit of the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- > have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT CONTINUED TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ABRAM PULMAN & SONS LTD

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records or returns, or
- > certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- > we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime

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Elaine Beaumont (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on Behalf of Sutcliffe & Riley
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
3 Central Street
HALIFAX HX1 1HU

8th March 2011

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

31st December 2010

(1) The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company

(2) Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided at rates calculated to write off the assets over their useful lives taking account of any residual value thereof

The principal rates used are

Leasehold Land & Buildings
Freehold Land & Buildings
Plant & Machinery
Cranes
Fixtures & Fittings, Office Furniture
& Equipment
Motor Vehicles
Computer Equipment

Over the outstanding term of the Lease 5% p a reducing balance 10% p a reducing balance 20% p a reducing balance

10% p a reducing balance 25% p a reducing balance 25% p a reducing balance

- (3) Stock is valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. For this purpose cost comprises cost of direct materials and labour.
- (4) Any charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. In accordance with FRS19, deferred tax is not recognised on revaluation gains. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.
- (5) Turnover represents the value of goods sold by the company excluding VAT
- (6) The company contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held in a separately identifiable fund. The charge in the profit and loss account represents payments made to the scheme during the year.
- (7) The rental cost of assets acquired under operating leases is charged directly to the profit and loss account
- (8) Tangible fixed assets purchased under hire purchase contracts are capitalised at a value equal to the cost of acquiring the asset and depreciated in the same manner as owned assets. The interest charges are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the agreement.

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31st December 2010

	Notes	20	010	200	9
Turnover Cost of Sales	(1)		7,669,107 <u>5,269,779</u>		6,153,758 <u>4,271,981</u>
GROSS PROFIT ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS			2,399,328		1,881,777
Distribution Costs Administrative Expenses Other Operating Income – Rent Receiv	ed	1,808,926 416,735 (23,426)	<u>2,202,235</u>	1,742,138 424,605 <u>(10,451)</u>	<u>2,156,292</u>
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) ON CO OPERATIONS	NTINUING (2)		197,093		(274,515)
Interest Receivable Interest Payable	(3)		<u>(40,271)</u>		2 (35,88 <u>3)</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTI TAXATION	VITIES BEF	ORE	156,822		(310,396)
Taxatıon	(5)		(24, 457)		21,987
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL	L YEAR		£ <u>132,365</u>		£ <u>(288,409)</u>

None of the Company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the year and there were no recognised gains or losses for 2009 or 2010 other than those included in the profit & loss account

The notes on page 7 form part of this account

NOTES TO THE PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT

31st December 2010

(1) Turnover:

The company's turnover relates to the United Kingdom and is attributable to its principal activity of steel stockholders

(2)	The Operating Profit/(Loss) is stated after charging/(crediting).	2010	2009
	Wages & Salaries Redundancy payments Social Security Costs Pension Costs Auditors' Remuneration Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets Owned by the Company Held Under Hire Purchase Contracts Operating Lease Rentals - Motor Vehicles, Computer & Office Equipment Operating Lease Rentals - Land & Buildings Profit on Disposal of Fixed Assets	£ 997,196 £ - £ 129,556 £ 54,141 £ 8,170 £ 84,284 £ 8,861 £ 21,972 £ 22,000 £ (3,649)	£ 967,859 £ 11,837 £ 123,165 £ 54,517 £ 8,170 £ 80,008 £ 7,133 £ 32,266 £ 22,000
(3)	Interest Payable:		
	Commercial Finance Charges Interest on Bank Overdraft & Bank Loan Interest on Hire Purchase Contracts	(36,390) (8) <u>(3,873)</u> £ <u>(40,271)</u>	(32,404) (31) (3,448) £ <u>(35,883)</u>
(4)	Directors' Emoluments		
	Emoluments of the directors were as follows		
	Salaries & Fees Benefits in Kind	234,233 7,781	213,030 <u>5,491</u>
		£ <u>242,014</u>	£ <u>218,521</u>
	The amount payable to the highest paid director was £121,222 (2009 £110,884 Contributions made to money purchase pension schemes for two directors amounted to £36,000 (2009 £37,917) £18,000 payable for the highest paid director	r)	
	The highest paid director has not exercised any share options and has not received any entitlement to share options		
(5)	Taxation.		
	There are trading losses for taxation purposes available to carry forward and set off against future trading profits of £197,313 (2009 £288,488)		
	Section 419 Tax Over Provision Section 419 Tax Payable Corporation Tax @ 21%	2,750 - (4,919)	2,500 (4,000)
	Deferred Tax Write Back (Charge)	(22,288)	23,487
		£ <u>(24,457</u>)	£ <u>21,987</u>
(6)	The average number of employees was	<u>51</u>	<u>49</u>

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31st December 2010

	Notes		2010		2009
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets Investment	(1) (2)	784,146 <u>18,000</u>	802,146	593,409 <u>18,000</u>	611,409
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stock & Work in Progress Debtors Cash in Hand & Bank	(3) (4)	851,010 2,104,779 328,175		760,366 1,446,884 <u>240,848</u>	
		3,283,964		2,448,098	
CREDITORS PAYABLE WITHIN O	NE YEAR (5)	<u>2,544,649</u>		<u>1,737,049</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>739,315</u>		711,049
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABILITIES		1,541,461		1,322,458
CREDITORS PAYABLE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR	(6)	64,350		-	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AN	ND (7)	22,288	<u>86,638</u>		
			£ <u>1,454,823</u>		£ <u>1,322,458</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up Share Capital Reserves Profit & Loss Account	(8) (9)		7,020 17,515 <u>1,430,288</u>		7,020 17,515 <u>1,297,923</u>
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUND	s		£ <u>1,454,823</u>		£ <u>1.322,458</u>

The notes on pages 9 to 11 form part of this account

Signed on behalf of the Board

D N Shoesmith

Director

8th March 2011

NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

31st December 2010

(1)	Tangible Fixed Assets are:	Land &	Plant &	Fixtures Fittings Office Furniture	Motor	
	Cost	Buildings	Machinery	& Equipment	Vehicles	Total
	1 1 10	825,713	794,109	243,326	141,001	2,004,149
	Additions	79,689	160,091	2,410	49,151	291,341
	Disposals	<u> </u>	(25,057)	(11,877)	(6,000)	(42,934)
	1 12 10	£ <u>905,402</u>	£ 929,143	£ 233,859	£ 184,152	£ 2,252,556
	Depreciation					
	1 1 10	575,376	600,065	149,412	85,887	1,410,740
	Years Charge	30,505	28,662	16,698	17,280	93,145
	Adjustment for Disposals		(23,0 <u>65)</u>	(10,566)	(1,844)	<u>(35,475)</u>
	31 12 10	£ <u>605,881</u>	£ 605,662	£ 155,544	£ 101,323	£ 1,468,410
	Book Value					
	31 12 10	£ <u>299,521</u>	£ 323,481	£ 78,315	£ 82,829	£ 784,146
	31 12 09	£ <u>250,337</u>	£ 194,044	£ 93,914	£ 55,114	£ 593,409
	The book value of Land and Bu	ııldınas compr	ıses		2010	2009
					000 504	000.054
	Freehold Short Leasehold				299,521	233,854 16,483
	5//5// 25d55//5/d					
	The net book value of tangible (2009 £64,202) in respect of as				£ <u>299,521</u>	£ <u>250,337</u>
(2)	Investment is:					
	Holiday Property Bonds at Cost	t			<u> 18,000</u>	<u> 18,000</u>
					£ <u>18,000</u>	£ <u>18,000</u>
The Holiday Property Bonds, which are in the form of two life assurance policies effected on the lives of the directors give the life assured entitlement to holidays in a personal capacity. The bonds have a surrender value at the year end date. However the Company expects to hold the bonds for at least two years after the balance sheet date and therefore the bonds are shown at cost since there is considered to be no permanent diminution in value.				~ <u>10,000</u>	~ <u>10,000</u>	
(3)	Stock & Work in Progress coa	mprise:				
	Raw Materials				843,963	75 4 ,725
	Work in Progress				7,047	<u>5,641</u>
(4)	Debtors Comprise:				£ <u>851,010</u>	£ <u>760,366</u>
	Due after more than one year Other Debtors (Note 14)				17,307	28,545
	Due within one year				0.040.554	
	Trade Debtors Other Debtors				2,049,779 3	1,400,173 396
	Prepayments				<u> 37,690</u>	17,770
					£ <u>2,104,779</u>	£ <u>1,446,884</u>
			•			~

NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET CONTINUED

31st December 2010

		31 December 2010	2010	2009
(5)	Creditors falling due within one year	ar are.		
	Commercial Finance		1,376,695	1,034,592
	Hire Purchase Instalments (note 6)		19,800	9,630
	Trade Creditors		992,285	562,038
	Corporation Tax		4,919	4,000 91,694
	Taxation & Social Security Accruals		114,493 36,457	97,694 35,095
	710070410			
			£ <u>2,544,649</u>	£ <u>1,737,049</u>
	The commercial finance is secured by			
	a fixed and floating charge on all book	debts of the company		
(6)	Creditors payable in more than one	year are·		
	Hire Purchase Contracts		£ <u>64.350</u>	£ -
			<u></u>	
	Obligations under hire purchase contr	acts mature as follows		
	Within one year		06.000	11,353
	Between one and five years		<u>96,330</u>	
			96,330	11,353
	Less interest and charges allocated to	future periods	<u> 12,180</u>	1,723
			£ <u>84,150</u>	£ <u>9,630</u>
	Hire purchase contracts are analysed	as follows		
	Current obligations		19,800	9,630
	Non current obligations		<u>64,350</u>	-
			0 04.450	0 000
			£ <u>84,150</u>	£ <u>9,630</u>
	The hire purchase contracts are secur	red on the assets concerned		
(7)	Provision for liabilities and charges	s are:		
	Deferred Tax			
	Balance Brought Forward		-	23,487
	Timing Differences Unrelieved Tax Lo	sses @ 21%	-	(23,487)
	Capital Allowances		22,288	
	Liability		£ <u>22,288</u>	£
	T			
	The deferred taxation asset has not be unrelieved losses for taxation purpose taxable profits of the company for the	es are expected to exceed any		
(8)	The called up share capital is:			
	Authorised	£5 Ordinary Shares	£25,000	£ <u>25,000</u>
	Allotted & Fully Paid	£5 Ordinary Shares	£ 7,000	£ 7,000
	Another of Lary Fall	20 Oldinary Ghales	£7,020	£

2040

NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET CONTINUED

31st December 2010

(9)	Reserves are:		2010	2009
(3)	Capital Reserve Share Premium Account Capital Redemption Reserve		312 188 <u>17,015</u>	312 188 <u>17,015</u>
	The Capital Redemption Reserve represents the nominal v of 3,403 ordinary £5 shares purchased by the company from shareholders under a written resolution dated 20 th Septemb	m ıts	£ <u>17,515</u>	£ <u>17,515</u>
(10)	Capital Commitments			
	Capital expenditure authorised by the directors			
	a) For which contracts had been placed b) Not yet subject to contract		£ 136,000 £ -	£ 110,000 £ -
(11)	There is a contingent liability in respect of corporation tax on the capital gain arising on the sale of Freehold Property, which has been rolled over against the cost of new buildings acquired Additional Capital Gains Tax likely to arise on future sale of the Freehold Property is estimated to be		£ <u>43,050</u>	£ <u>43,050</u>
(12)	Operating Lease Commitments:			
	The company had the following annual commitments under non cancellable operating leases	•		
	a) Computer, Office Equipment and Motor Vehicles Expiring within one year		£	£
	Expiring within two and five years		£ <u>810</u>	£ <u>810</u>
	b) Land and Buildings			
	Expiring within five years		£ _22,000	£ <u>22,000</u>
(13)	Reconciliation of movements in Shareholders' Funds.		_	
		Called –up Share Capıtal	Reserves	Profit & Loss Account
	Balance at 1 st January 2010 Profit for the Year Dividend	7,020 - —— -	17,515 - 	1,297,923 132,365
	Balance at 31 st December 2010	£ <u>7,020</u>	£ <u>17,515</u>	£ <u>1,430,288</u>
	A dividend of 50% amounting to £3,510 is to be paid on the	10 th April 2011		

(14) Related Parties:

- a) The company leases land and buildings owned by the directors' pension scheme under a ten year lease dated 1st December 2000 A normal commercial rent of £ 22,000 was payable during the year and at the year end date no amount was outstanding
- b) Included within other debtors is an interest free unsecured loan to D N Shoesmith of £8,000 and J C Horner of £9,307. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was D N Shoesmith £15,000 and J C Horner £13,545.