#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 50675**

# R GAUNT & SONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2005

# **HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL (YORKSHIRE) LLP**

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Pelican House
10 Currer Street
Bradford
BD1 5BA



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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Year ended 31 March 2005

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#### OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

**Executive Directors** 

J C Bostock (Chairman)

J L Hellawell

Non-executive Directors

D G Chamberlain

A R Reed

**Company Secretary** 

J L Hellawell

**Registered Office** 

52 Springfield Commercial Centre

Bagley Lane Farsley Leeds LS28 5LY

**Auditors** 

Horwath Clark Whitehill (Yorkshire) LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Pelican House 10 Currer Street

Bradford BD1 5BA

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank plc

North East & Yorkshire Large Business Team

PO Box 190 2nd Floor 1 Park Row Leeds LS1 5WU

**Solicitors** 

Gordons

Riverside West Whitehall Road

Leeds LS1 4AW

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

Our trading result was satisfactory and in line with the Board's expectations.

In the second half of the year the Company bought back some 22% of its ordinary shares for £854,447, and paid a Special Dividend to the remaining shareholders of £211,012.

Dividends paid and proposed and shareholders' funds reflect the achievement of the Company in owning and managing property.

We continue to trade profitably and, working with our advisors, plan for the regeneration of Springfield.

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22 July 2005

Chairman

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2005.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company was that of property investment and management, trading as Gaunt-Let-Properties.

The company's balance sheet as detailed on page 10 shows a satisfactory position, shareholders' funds amounting to £8,439,963.

The business review and the future development of the company are covered in the Chairman's report on page 2.

#### The directors and their interests in the shares of the company

The directors who served the company during the year together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	At	
	31 March 2005	1 April 2004
J C Bostock	15,286	15,286
J L Hellawell	12,465	12,465
D G Chamberlain	60,706	60,706
	<u> </u>	

A R Reed was appointed as a director on 1 April 2005.

#### **Donations**

During the year the company made the following contributions:

	<b>2005</b> £	2004 £
Charitable	4,065	350

#### Purchase of own shares

On 25 August 2004 the company purchased 58,324 Ordinary Shares of £1 each for a consideration of £854,447 representing 21.6% of the issued share capital.

#### Auditors

Horwath Clark Whitehill have agreed to offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of the company.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT** (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the directors

J/L Hellawell

Company Secretary

22 July 2005

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

select suitable accounting policies, as described on pages 11 to 12, and then apply them consistently;

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF R GAUNT & SONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

We have audited the financial statements of R Gaunt & Sons (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2005 on pages 8 to 22 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 11 to 12.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 5.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report and the Chairman's statement. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF R GAUNT & SONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL (YORKSHIRE) LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Bradford 22 July 2005

#### **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

	Note	2005 £		2004 £
Turnover		972,172		921,798
Cost of sales		(313,510)		(319,712)
Gross profit		658,662		602,086
Administrative expenses		(366,057)		(460,509)
Operating profit	2	292,605		141,577
Exceptional profit on disposal of fixed assets	4	_		3,835,271
		292,605		3,976,848
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	119,915 (9,324)		41,356 (22,006)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	l	403,196		3,996,198
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(24,937)		(494,949)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		378,259		3,501,249
Dividends: Special Equity paid Ordinary Equity paid Ordinary Equity proposed Non-equity paíd	211,012 42,202 69,634		37,707 61,947 3	
	_	(322,848)	_	(99,657)
Retained profit for the financial year		55,411		3,401,592

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 11 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

	2005	2004
Dustified the firm with a second	£	£
Profit for the financial year attributable to the shareholders	378,259	3,501,249
Unrealised profit on revaluation of certain fixed assets	285,979	1,065,015
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual	<del></del> -	
report	664,238	4,566,264
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	403,196	3,996,198
Realisation of gains recognised in previous periods	_	489,701
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before	<u>—</u> —	<del></del>
taxation	403,196	4,485,899
	<del></del>	
Historical cost profit for the year	444	2 224 222
retained after taxation and dividends	55,411	3,891,293

The notes on pages 11 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### 31 March 2005

		200	5	200	4
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Investments	8 9		6,294,952		5,674,272
THY COLITION TO			6,294,952		5,674,272
O			·,-··		-,,
Current assets Debtors due within one year	10	155,509		1,643,471	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,720,955		2,913,064	
		2,876,464		4,556,535	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(539,302)		(1,006,515)	
Net current assets			2,337,162		3,550,020
Total assets less current liabilitie	s		8,632,114		9,224,292
Creditors: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	12		(94,740)		(121,973)
			8,537,374		9,102,319
Provisions for liabilities and char	ges				
Deferred taxation	15		(97,411)		(145,024)
			8,439,963		8,957,295
Capital and reserves					
Called-up share capital	18		211,012		269,336
Share premium account	19		86		86
Revaluation reserve	20		3,591,554		3,305,575
Other reserves	21		163,988		105,664
Profit and loss account	22		4,473,323		5,276,634
Shareholders' funds	23		8,439,963		8,957,295 ————

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 22 July 2005 and are signed on their behalf by:

J C Bostock

The notes on pages 11 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

J L Hellawell

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

#### **Group accounts**

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts. The financial statements present information about R Gaunt & Sons (Holdings) Limited as an individual undertaking and, other than as disclosed in note 9, not about the group.

#### Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold land & buildings

over the period of the lease

Plant & equipment Computer equipment

- 10%-20% of cost

Motor Vehicles

20%-50% of cost

#### Investment properties

Properties held for investment purposes are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is not charged on investment properties unless that property suffers a permanent diminution in value.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Pension costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Provision is made at current rates for tax deferred in respect of all material timing differences. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised where they arise from timing differences where their recoverability in the short term is regarded as more likely than not.

#### 2. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

•	2005	2004
	£	£
Staff pension contributions	2,898	3,097
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	35,656	31,677
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase	•	
agreements	6,600	6,599
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(3,785)	1,836
Auditors' fees	6,750	6,600
	<del></del>	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### **Directors' emoluments** 3.

4.

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:

	2005 £	2004 £
Aggregate emoluments Value of company pension contributions to mor	<b>80,136</b>	239,400
purchase schemes	67,500	_
	147,636	239,400
Exceptional profit on disposal of fixed asset	ts 2005	2004
	£	£
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	-	3,835,271

The profit on sale of fixed assets in 2004 arose from the sale of the company's freehold land and buildings at Broom Mills for a consideration of £4,700,000.

#### Interest receivable and similar income 5.

	2005 £	2004 £
Bank interest receivable	119,915	41,350
Interest on corporation tax	<u>-</u>	6
	119,915	41,356

#### Interest payable and similar charges

	2005 £	2004 £
Debenture interest payable	-	7,119
Bank interest	182	2,369
Hire purchase interest	804	1,894
Bank loan interest	8,338	10,624
	9,324	22,006

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

# 7. Taxation on ordinary activities

#### (a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2005		2004	1
	£	£	£	£
Current tax:				
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 19% (2004 - 30%) Under/(over) provision in prior year		53,514 19,036		468,551 (611)
ACT recoverable previously written off		72,550 _		467,940 (20,917)
Total current tax (note 7(b))		72,550		447,023
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of timing differen Capital allowances Other	(17,128) 20	)	47,002	
Prior year adjustment	(30,505)		924	
Total deferred tax (note 15)		(47,613)		47,926 ———
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		24,937		494,949

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

# 7. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

#### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	403,196	3,996,198
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax	76,607 1,790	1,198,859 8,845
Capital gains	· <b>-</b>	(665,318)
Other short term timing differences	(12,825)	(46,650)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	19,036	(611)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(12,058)	(27,185)
ACT recovered previously written off	-	(20,917)
Total current tax (note 7(a))	72,550	447,023

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 8. Tangible fixed assets

	Long leasehold land and buildings £	Plant and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Investment properties	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2004 Additions Disposals Transfers On revaluation	80,000 - - (80,000) -	308,993 17,155 (500) —	82,038 - - - -	5,469,100 360,102 - 80,000 285,979	5,940,131 377,257 (500) - 285,979
At 31 March 2005		325,648	82,038	6,195,181	6,602,867
Cost or valuation at 31 March 2005 is represented by: At cost Valuation- 2005 At 31 March 2005	_ 	325,648  325,648	82,038  82,038	274,031 5,921,150 6,195,181	681,717 5,921,150 6,602,867
Depreciation At 1 April 2004 Charge for the year On disposals At 31 March 2005	- - - -	246,636 27,272 (200) 273,708	19,223 14,984 ————————————————————————————————————	- - - -	265,859 42,256 (200) 307,915
Net book value At 31 March 2005	_	51,940	47,831	6,195,181	6,294,952
At 31 March 2004	80,000	62,357	62,815	5,469,100	5,674,272

Investment properties were revalued by the directors at 31 March 2005 on the basis of the market values for existing use.

During the year the company purchased the freehold relating to the long leasehold property. The property has been reclassified as investment property.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 8. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice number 19, investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve. Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties where the unexpired period of the lease is more than 20 years. This is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 which requires assets which have a finite useful life to be depreciated where their cost (or valuation) is greater than their residual value (as assessed at the date of acquisition or valuation). The directors consider the following reasoning in Statement of Standard Accounting Practice number 19, depreciating the assets would not give a true and fair view because they are held for investment and not consumption. Consequently, the current value of these investments, and changes in their current value, are of prime importance in assessing the financial position rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation and, therefore, the accounting policy adopted results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount that might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified and quantified.

The historical cost of investment properties held at 31 March 2005 was £2,603,627 (2004: £2,243,525).

#### Hire purchase agreements

Included within the net book value of £6,294,952 is £19,795 (2004 - £26,396) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £6,600 (2004 - £6,599).

#### 9. Investments

#### Subsidiary undertakings

At 31 March 2005 the company owned 100% of the issued share capital of Arthur Harrison & Co Limited, a dormant company which is registered in England & Wales.

The further information regarding the subsidiary undertakings which is required by Schedule 5 of the Companies Act 1985 is as follows:

Aggregate capital and reserves		
,	2005 £	2004 £
Arthur Harrison & Co Limited	38,498	38,498
Profit and (loss) for the year	2005 £	2004 £
Arthur Harrison & Co Limited	<u>.</u>	(2)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Year ended 31 March 2005

10.	Debtors		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	106,111	118,576 1,471,824
	Prepayments and accrued income	49,398	53,071
		155,509	1,643,471
11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one ye	ar 2005	2004
		200 <del>5</del> £	2004 £
	Bank loans Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxes and social security Obligations under hire purchase agreements Dividends payable Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	24,348 1,772 45,552 38,498 52,287 24,695 1,089 69,634 50,247 231,180 539,302	24,933 19,008 44,566 38,498 447,023 18,344 13,311 61,947 49,160 289,725
12.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more that	an one year	
		2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under hire purchase	94,740	120,798
	agreements		1,175
		94,740	121,973

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 13. Maturity of debt

Creditors include finance capital which is due for repayment as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
Amounts repayable:		0.4.000
In one year or less or on demand	24,348	24,933
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five	25,969	24,348
years	68,771	83,214
In more than five years	<b>–</b>	13,236
	119,088	145,731

Bank loans of £119,088 (2004: £145,731), are secured by a charge on certain investment properties. The loan is repayable within five years. Interest is charged at 1.5% above bank base rate.

#### 14. Commitments under hire purchase agreements

Future commitments under hire purchase agreements are as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
Amounts payable within 1 year	1,089	13,311
Amounts payable between 1 and 2 years	-	1,175
	1,089	14,486
	<b>=</b>	

#### 15. Deferred taxation

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:

	2005 £	2004 £
Provision brought forward Profit and loss account movement arising during	145,024	97,098
the year	(47,613)	47,926
Provision carried forward	97,411	145,024

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 15. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2005	5	20	04
	Provided U	nprovided	Provided	Unprovided
	£	£	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over				
depreciation on fixed assets	97,447	_	145,080	-
Other timing differences	(36)	_	(56)	_
Provision for tax on revaluation	` _	132,000	_	87,700
	97,411	132,000	145,024	87,700

Deferred taxation is based on a corporation tax rate of 19% (2004: 30%).

#### 16. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

Assets Other Than Land & Buildings	
2005	2004
£	£
278	-
16,787	15,207
17,065	15,207
	2005 £ 278 16,787

#### 17. Related party transactions

Throughout the year the company was controlled by the directors. The interests of the directors are shown in the directors' report.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 18. Share capital

#### Authorised share capital:

	2005 £	2004 £
360,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 15,000 4.2% Cumulative Preference shares of £1	360,000	360,000
each	15,000	15,000
	375,000	375,000

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2005		2004	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	211,012	211,012	269,336	269,336

On 25 August 2004 the company purchased 58,324 Ordinary Shares of £1 each for a consideration of £854,447 representing 21.6% of the issued share capital.

#### 19. Share premium account

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial year.

#### 20. Revaluation reserve

		2005	2004
		£	£
	Balance brought forward	3,305,575	2,730,261
	Revaluation of fixed assets Transfer to the Profit and Loss Account on	285,979	1,065,015
	realisation	-	(489,701)
	Balance carried forward	3,591,554	3,305,575
21.	Other reserves		
	Capital redemption reserve	2005 £	2004 £
	Balance brought forward	105,664	105,564
	Purchase of own shares	58,324	100
		163,988	105,664

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year ended 31 March 2005

#### 22. Profit and loss account

	2005 £	2004 £
Balance brought forward Retained profit for the financial year	5,276,634 55,411	1,385,441 3,401,592
Transfer from revaluation reserve Purchase of own shares		489,701 (100)
Balance carried forward	4,473,323	5,276,634

#### 23. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

#### Equity shareholders' funds

Equity shareholders' funds	•			
• •	2005		2004	
	£	£	£	£
Profit for the financial year Dividends		378,259 (322,848)	;	3,501,249 (99,657)
		55,411	;	3,401,592
Other net recognised gains and losses		285,979		1,065,015
Purchase of own equity shares Premium on purchase of own equity shares	(58,324)		-	
	(800,398)			
		(858,722)		-
Net (reduction)/addition to shareholders' equity funds Opening shareholders' equity funds		(517,332) 8,957,295		4,466,607 4,490,688
Closing shareholders' equity funds		8,439,963	;	8,957,295
Non-equity shareholders' funds				
Opening shareholders' non-equity fund Purchase of own non-equity shares	s	_		100 (100)
Closing shareholders' non-equity defici	t	_		
Total shareholders' funds		8,439,963		8,957,295