Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2010

Company Number 00046883

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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

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Directors

D J Salter

C E Partridge

D M Anderson

Secretary and registered office

Jane Smith, Oakleigh House, High Street, Hartley Wintney, Hampshire, RG27 8PE

Company number

00046883

Auditors

BDO LLP, Emerald House, East Street, Epsom, Surrey, KT17 1HS

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors hereby submit their report and the accounts for the year ended 31st December 2010

Results and dividends

The loss of for the year after taxation amounted to £533,112 (2009 - £1,499,580)

The directors recommend that no dividend be declared on the Ordinary Shares (2009 - nil)

Principal activities

The company is engaged in the UK manufacture and distribution of high quality soaps and toiletries which are sold in the UK, Europe and the major countries of the world. It sells its products through a diverse selection of outlets depending on the retail opportunities available in each country.

Review of the business and subsequent events

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows a turnover for the year of £7,469,219 (2009 - £7,053,554) and a loss for the year of £533,112 (2009 - £1,499,580). In 2009 the company embarked on a programme to restructure the business in order to improve its operational performance. This has involved the strengthening of its management team and the review and improvement of operating practices and processes. The higher turnover and reduced losses during 2010 reflect the progress that has now been made with higher customer service levels, improved efficiency and reduced operating costs. Had it not been for certain non-recurring costs in the year the company would have made an operating profit in 2010.

However, the first 6 months of 2011 have proved challenging particularly within the UK retail environment and sales have deteriorated over this period. The company has been able to make certain cost savings, including personnel reductions but this has still resulted in weaker than expected cash flows. At the same time the company has been in discussion with the trustees of its historic Defined Benefit pension scheme ("the scheme") to try to agree an updated schedule of contributions following the latest tri-annual actuarial valuation of the scheme. This valuation has resulted in an increase in the level of funding required by the scheme

Kaye Enterprises Limited ("Kaye"), the company's ultimate holding company, has invested a further £100,000 in the company in the early part of 2011 but in light of the increased size of the scheme deficit and the weaker trading of the business have now reviewed their position. While remaining supportive of the company with their current level of investment, Kaye have made the decision to withhold further funding until the scheme deficit can be resolved.

Following this decision by Kaye, the company has appointed professional advisors and discussions have taken place with the company's investors to agree a renegotiation of their existing liabilities which have included the Pensions Protection Fund ("PPF") in relation to the liabilities to the scheme. These discussions are ongoing and the directors are also exploring other options to obtain new investment in the business.

The company's bank has increased the facilities available by £250,000 to fund the business while these discussions take place and have also indicated their willingness to suspend capital repayments on their loans to the business over this period

The directors remain confident that with the continued support of Kaye and its bankers that an acceptable solution can be found and believe that it is still appropriate to prepare the accounts on a Going Concern basis

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Future developments

The company is continuing its programme of new product development and is working to secure further improvement in all key aspects of its operational performance in order to be in a strong position to react when consumer confidence begins to improve in its core markets

Risks and uncertainties

The prevailing economic conditions at home and overseas have meant that the market for the company's products is being affected by a lack of consumer confidence. To address this the company is focussed on providing the highest levels of service and product quality to its existing customers and the users of its products and is actively seeking to expand in export markets where it currently does not trade or where representation is low.

Employment policy

The company has extensive employment policies that promote safety and fairness in the workplace without reference to or discrimination of race, ethnicity, sex, martial status, age, disability or political belief

Policy on payment of suppliers

It is the company's policy to agree payment and service terms as part of any contract with a supplier and to endeavour to abide by the agreed terms insofar as the supplier has supplied the goods and services in accordance with the agreed terms

Key performance indicators

The Management drives performance of the company through well defined and easily measured KPI's ensuring that results of such KPI's are communicated throughout the business. Areas of management focus are

- 1 Turnover by product group
- 2 Profitability by product group
- 3 Delivery to customers on time and in full
- 4 Levels of stock holding
- 5 Efficiency of cost base
- 6 Debtor and creditor days outstanding

Financial instruments

The main financial risks arising from the company's activities are credit risk. This is managed by the application of appropriate credit checks before sales are made to potential customers.

Any surplus funds are held on deposit which earn interest at a floating rate

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and for being satisfied that the financial statements give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for preparing the financing statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts, and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that show and explain the company's transactions, disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

Directors

The directors during the year were

L C Barber (resigned 18 May 2010) C M C Young (resigned 16 August 2011)

D J Salter

I P Williams (resigned 16 August 2011)
C E Partridge (appointed 9 June 2010)
D M Anderson (appointed 1 October 2010)

Directors' Insurance

An insurance policy is maintained for the directors of the company to be indemnified in respect of liabilities incurred in the execution of their duties

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Environmental report

The Company continues to monitor the environmental impact of its factory and we are pleased to report that there were no incidents in 2010 that could have impacted on the environment. All staff will maintain this level of vigilance to ensure that this excellent record remains unblemished.

There have been further improvements in the reporting and collection systems used to generate the data required to calculate the Companies obligation under the Producer Responsibility Obligations (Packaging Waste) Regulations 1997, such that in excess of 90% of data supplied is now specific without the need to make assumptions. We discharge our obligations under the above regulations through our continuing membership of Valpak, reporting our data in a timely and accurate manner.

We continue to develop products and the associated packaging in accordance with the Packaging (Essential Requirements) Regulations 2003, ensuring product packaging is as minimal as possible within the constraints imposed by the customer for a premium quality product. We additionally explore the avenues available to us in respect of using materials that are reusable/recoverable.

We continue as a part of the process of refurbishment/acquisition of machinery to improve on the Companies energy efficiency by retro-fitting or specifying more efficient electric motors as and when necessary

Web-site development costs

The Company maintains its own web-site with the address www bronnley coluk

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purpose of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant information of which the auditors are unaware.

A resolution to reappoint BDO LLP as auditors will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting

Staff

The Directors thank the staff for their loyalty and co-operation during the year

On behalf of the Board

C E Partridge Director

Date 11/10/2011

Independent auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H BRONNLEY & CO LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of H Bronnley & Co Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Basis for qualified opinion on financial statements arising from limitation in audit scope

The audit evidence available to us in respect of our assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements was limited because the directors of the company are currently in negotiations with their ultimate parent company, Kaye Enterprises Limited ("Kaye") and their bankers, as well as exploring options to obtain new investment in the business

As explained in Note 1, despite an initial additional investment from Kaye and increased bank facilities during the year, weak trading at the start of the year and the increased size of the Defined Benefit pension scheme ("the scheme") deficit, along with the tri-annual actuarial valuation to update the schedule of contributions into the scheme has resulted in Kaye taking the decision to withhold further funding

The directors have appointed professional advisers and are currently exploring options to obtain new investment. The form of the investment is yet to be determined.

Based on the ongoing negotiations between Kaye, the bankers, and the directors professional advisors, the outcome of which is unknown, we consider that there is insufficient information needed for the assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements

Independent auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Qualified opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis of qualified opinion paragraph, the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the
 year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In respect solely of the limitation on our work relating to the assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements, described above, we have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit. We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

BROLLP

Anna Draper (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Epsom
United Kingdom

Date 20/10/11

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	2	7,469,219	7,053,554
Cost of sales		(4,090,911)	(4,465,511)
Gross profit		3,378,308	2,588,043
Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses		(1,682,849) (2,263,337)	(1,922,376) (2,160,252)
Other operating income	5	84,431	56,219
Operating loss	4	(483,447)	(1,438,366)
Interest payable Interest receivable	6	(50,570) 905	(64,994) 3,780
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(533,112)	(1,499,580)
Tax charge on loss on ordinary activities	7	_	-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		(533,112)	(1,499,580)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Loss for the year		(533,112)	(1,499,580)
Release of revaluation reserve		-	(1,304,289)
Actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit pension scheme	20	912,000	(1,346,000)
Total recognised gains and losses for the financial year		378,888	(4,149,869)

Balance sheet for the year ended 31 December 2010

Company number 00046883	Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		2,891,672		2,971,526
Investments	9		101		101
			2,891,773		2,971,627
Current assets				=	
Stocks	10	1,247,197		1,171,608	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	1,289,719 559,570		2,175,828 365,268	
Croditoro - amounto falling duo		3,096,486		3,712,704	
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	12	(5,115,622)		(4,655,582)	
Net current assets			(2,019,136)		(942,878)
Total assets less current			070 007		0.000.740
labilities			872,637		2,028,749
Creditors - amounts falling due after one year	13		(33,859)		(33,859)
-1.0. 0.1.0 , 0.1 .					
Total net assets excluding			020 770		1 004 000
pension liability			838,778		1,994,890
Pension Asset/(liability)			57,000		(1,478,000)
Net assets including pension					
liability			895,778		516,890
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		1,017,132		1,017,132
Other distributable reserves	16		1,905,000		1,905,000
Revaluation reserve	16		1,955,789		1,955,789
Profit and loss account	16		(3,982,143)		(4,361,031)
Shareholders' funds	15		895,778		516,890

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on

11/10/2011

C E Partridge **Director**

The notes on pages 10 to 24 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

During the first 6 months of 2011 the company has experienced a period of unexpectedly weak trading and although the company has been able to make certain cost savings, including personnel reductions, this has still resulted in weaker than expected trading cash flows

At the same time the company has been in discussion with the trustees of its historic Defined Benefit pension scheme ("the scheme") to try to agree an updated schedule of contributions following the latest triannual actuarial valuation of the scheme. This valuation has resulted in an increase in the level of funding required by the scheme.

Kaye Enterprises Limited ("Kaye"), the company's ultimate holding company, has invested a further £100,000 in the company in the early part of 2011 but in light of the increased size of the scheme deficit and the weaker trading of the business have now reviewed their position. While remaining supportive of the company with their current level of investment, Kaye have made the decision to withhold further funding until the scheme deficit can be resolved.

Following this decision by Kaye, the company has appointed professional advisors and discussions have taken place with the company's investors to agree a renegotiation of their existing liabilities which have included the Pensions Protection Fund ("PPF") in relation to the liabilities to the scheme. These discussions are ongoing and the directors are also exploring other options to obtain new investment in the business.

The company's bank has increased the facilities available by £250,000 to fund the business while these discussions take place and have also indicated their willingness to suspend capital repayments on their loans to the business over this period. The company's latest forecasts excluding capital repayments or contributions to the scheme show that the existing facilities would be breached in August 2012 at which point the facilities fall due for renewal.

There is a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business

Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about H Bronnley Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to produce consolidated financial statements as it is included in group accounts of a larger group.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Pitco Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Company turnover comprises amounts invoiced, excluding value-added tax, in respect of goods supplied by the company

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their current value at the balance sheet date. They are subject to a full valuation every five years with an interim valuation carried out in the third year of this cycle.

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, to write them off over their anticipated useful lives at the following annual rates and methods

Freehold buildings

- over 50 years

Plant and machinery

- plant and fixtures

10% - 20% straight line

- computers and vehicles

20% - 33% straight line

Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment in their value

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost, including appropriate overheads, and estimated net realisable value

Operating lease contracts

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

Foreign currencies

In the accounts of the individual companies, assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction and ensuing differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the group has
 entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the group anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Factored debts

When the seller has retained significant benefits and risks relating to the debts and conditions for a limited presentation are not met, a separate presentation is adopted

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

The difference between the fair value of the assets held in the company's defined benefit pension scheme and the scheme's liabilities measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method are recognised in the company balance sheet as a pension asset or liability as appropriate. The carrying value of any resulting pension scheme asset is restricted to the extent that the company is able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the scheme. The pension scheme balance is recognised net of any related deferred tax balance with the recognition of any deferred tax asset following the principles described in the deferred tax accounting policy above to the extent that any deferred tax asset is recognised.

Changes in the defined benefit pension scheme assets or liability arising from factors other than cash contribution by the company are charged to the profit and loss account or the statement of total recognised gains and losses in accordance with FRS 17 'Retirement benefits'

FRS 25 'Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation'

In accordance with FRS 25, cumulative preference shares are classified as a liability. Dividends on these shares are recognised as expenses and classified as interest.

Web-site development

The costs of developing and maintaining the site are being met from within our own resources and are charged to the profit and loss account as and when they arise

2 Turnover

	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover by geographical area		
United Kingdom	4,852,543	4,470,156
Rest of Europe	1,972,003	2,037,442
North and South America	282,284	121,783
Rest of the World	362,389	424,173
	7,469,219	7,053,554

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 20010 (continued)

mployees and directors	2010	2009
	2010 £	2003 £
aff costs comprise	·	
Nages and salaries	2,242,523	2,311,27
Social Security costs	216,353	339,27
Other pension costs	81,125 ————	73,79
	2,540,001	2,724,342
verage number of persons employed by the company		
	2010	2009
	Number	Number
oduction elling and Distribution	39 25	41
dministration	25 22	26 23
anningi alion		
	86	90
	2010	2009
rectors' remuneration	£	9
Compensation for loss of office	184,207	
Directors' emoluments	195,134	383,17
Amounts paid to third parties in respect of directors services	96,403	
	475,744	383,17
umber of directors	4	
ne director has benefits accruing under a defined benefit pension s	scheme (2009 - one direc	itor)
ne remuneration of the highest paid director was as follows	2010 £	2009
moluments ension Contributions	56,377 5,000	176,61
ompensation for loss of office	184,207	15,00

At the balance sheet date, the highest paid director had accrued pension rights amounting to \mathfrak{LNiI} per annum (2009 - \mathfrak{LNiI})

4	Operating loss		
	. •	2010	2009
		£	£
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Depreciation of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	110,353	143,990
	- Audit fee	23,946	67,742
	- Non-audit services	8,325	(1,000
	Hire of equipment – operating leases	122,540	107,747
	Research and development	28,556	45,222
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(4,195)	
5	Other operating income		
•	Other operating income	2010	2009
		2010 £	2009 £
		~	-
	Commission receivable	100,000	61,202
	(Loss) on exchange	(15,569)	(4,983)
		84,431	56,219
_			
6	Interest payable	2010	2009
		£	£009
	Bank interest payable	10,082	7,390
	Other interest payable	-	4,717
	Invoice financing	40,488	52,887
		50,570	64,994

7	Taxation	2010	2009
	UK corporation tax	£	£
	Current tax for the year	-	-
	Adjustment in respect of previous periods	-	-
		-	
	Deferred Tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
	Movement in deferred tax provision	•	-
	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities		-
	Tax reconciliation		
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(533,112)	(1,499,580)
	Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	(149,271)	(419,882)
	Effect of - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Tax relief on pension contributions	15,705 (212,825)	50,319 (89,877)
	 Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Unutilised tax losses Short term timing differences 	6,567 339,824 -	11,306 448,134
	Current tax for the year	-	

Tangible fixed assets			_
	Freehold	Diantand	
	land	Plant and	Total
	and buildings £	machinery £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2010	2,903,338	1,065,233	3,968,571
Additions	-	31,104	31,104
Disposals	<u> </u>	(17,620)	(17,620)
At 31 December 2010	2,903,338	1,078,717	3,982,055
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2010	60,499	936,546	997,045
Charge for year	55,867	54,486	110,353
Disposals	-	(17,015)	(17,015)
·			
At 31 December 2010	116,366	974,017	1,090,383
Net Book Value		 	
At 31 December 2010	2,786,972	104,700	2,891,672
At 31 December 2009	2,842,839	128,687	2,971,526
The freehold land and buildings were revalued by 31 December 2009	VSL and Partners on the	basis of existing	use value as at
The historical cost of freehold land and buildings is	;		
_		2010 £	2009 £
Cost		2,024,022	2,024,022
Accumulated depreciation based on historical cost	i.	(1,084,457)	(1,054,843)
		939,565	969,179

9	Fixed asset investments		U	Subsidiary ndertakings
	Cost At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010			£ 1,548
	Provisions At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010			1,447
	Net Book Value At 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2009			101
	The company has the following wholly owned sub	osidiary undertakings at t	he year end	
		Nature of Business	Country of Incorporation	on
	Bronnley of London Inc - USA Bronnley of London Inc Lakeland Garden Toiletries Limited Bronnley of London Limited	Sale of toiletries Dormant Dormant Dormant	USA USA Great Britair Great Britair	
10	Stocks		2010	2009
	Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods		£ 535,972 127,972 583,253	£ 605,927 70,731 494,950
			1,247,197	1,171,608
	There is no material difference between the repla	cement cost of stocks ar	nd the amounts stated	l above
11	Debtors		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income		1,199,804 2,786 87,129	1,447,928 670,713 57,187
			1,289,719	2,175,828

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

12	Creditors amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2010	2009
		£	£
	Invoice financing	703,127	734,888
	Trade creditors	512,515	749,661
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	12,267	12,366
	Other taxation and social security	186,145	122,130
	Accruals and deferred income	287,459	425,263
	Other creditors	420,668	219,458
	Amount due to parent undertaking	2,993,441	2,391,816
		5,115,622	4,655,582

The company invoice discounts its trade debts. Under the terms of this agreement interest is paid at 3% over the Bank of England base rate on all monies outstanding. This facility is secured with a charge over the company's trade debtors.

13	Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Preference share capital	33,859	33,859
14	Share capital	2010	0000
	Issued allotted, called up and fully paid Equity	2010 £	2009 £
	634,761 ordinary shares of £1 each 382,371 ordinary non-voting shares of £1 each	634,761 382,371	634,761 382,371
		1,017,132	1,017,132
	Non-Equity		
	5,000 5% preference shares of £1 each 28,859 6% "B" preference shares of £1 each	5,000 28,859	5,000 28,859
		33,859	33,859

All the shares have voting rights except the non-voting shares. The 5% Preference Shares confer a right to priority in the return of capital and dividends over all other shares. The 6% "B" Preference Shares confer a right to priority in the return of capital and dividends over Ordinary Voting and Ordinary Non-Voting. Shares. The non-equity shares are disclosed in creditors, amounts falling due after more than one year.

15	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		2010	2009
			£	£
	Loss for the year Actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit pension so Release of revaluation reserve Capital investment	cheme	(533,112) 912,000 - -	(1,499,580) (1,346,000) (1,304,289) 600,000
	Net addition to shareholders' funds		378,888	(3,549,869)
	Opening shareholders' funds		516,890	4,066,759
	Closing shareholders' funds		895,778	516,890
16	Reserves	Revaluation	Other	Profit and
		reserve £	Reserve £	loss account
	At 1 January 2010 Profit for the year Actuarial loss for the year net of related taxation Release of revaluation reserve	1,955,789 - - -	1,905,000 - - -	(4,361,031) (533,112) 912,000
	At 31 December 2010	1,955,789	1,905,000	(3,982,143)
17	Operating lease commitments The company had annual commitments under non-cance	eliable operating le	acas as set out l	nelow.
	The company had aimual communents under non-cane	enable operating le	2010 £	2009 £
	Expiring within		_	-
	1 year 2 to 5 years		34,013 52,307	7,943 71,428
			86,320	79,371

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

18 Contractual commitments

The company had contractual commitments to purchase stock in the ordinary course of its business of £430,673 (2009 - £306,016) at the year end. In addition the company had marketing commitments of

Annual amounts not provided	2010 £	2009 £
Due within 1 year 2 to 5 years	60,000	132,000 262,000
	60,000	394,000

19 Capital commitments

The company had capital commitments of £30,571 (2009 - £nil) which have been contracted but no provided for

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

20 Pensions - defined benefit scheme

The company sponsors the H Bronnley & Company Limited 1976 Retirement Fund which is a funded defined benefit arrangement. The scheme is managed by a trustee accountable to the pension scheme members.

A full actuarial valuation of the defined benefit scheme was carried out at 31 December 2006 and updated to 31 December 2009 and 2010 by a qualified independent actuary on a FRS 17 basis. The major assumptions used by the actuary were

	2010	2009	2008
Rate of increase in salaries	4 2%	4 5%	3 9%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3 2%	3 7%	3 0%
Discount rate	5 4%	5 7%	6 4%
Inflation assumption	2 7%	3 5%	2 9%

The fair value of the assets in the scheme and the expect rate of return at 31 December 2010 were

	Long-term rate of return			Long-term rate of return	
	Value at 2010 £'000	expected at 2009	Value at 2009 £'000	expected at 2008	Value at 2008 £'000
Equities Bonds Gilts Cash	3,740 1,870 1,870 664	8 0% 5 4% 4 2% 0 5%	3,513 1,757 1,757 74	8 5% 6 7% 4 5% 2 0%	3,704 2,407 - 651
Total market value of assets Present value of Scheme liabilities	8,144 (8,087)		7,101 (8,579)		6,762 (7,219)
Surplus/(deficit) in scheme	57		(1,478)		(457)

The company has not recognised a deferred tax asset in relation to the pension scheme due to uncertainty over the utilisations of any losses

0	Pensions – defined benefit scheme (continued)		
	Reconciliation of the opening and closing positions for the assets and liabilities		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Change in benefit obligation	£ 000	2 000
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year	8,579	7,219
	Current service cost	•	
	Interest cost	473	448
	Plan participants' contributions	-	-
	Past service costs	-	
	Actuarial (gain)/loss	(521)	1,371
	Benefits paid	(444)	(459)
	Benefits obligation at end of year	8,087	8,579
	Change in plans assets		
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	7,101	6,762
	Expected return on plan assets	443	473
	Actuarial gain	391	25
	Employer contribution	795	300
	Benefits paid	(444)	(459)
	Charges paid	(108)	-
	Other movements in net current assets	(34)	-
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	8,144	7,101
	The pension cost that would have been charged to the profit and loss account is		
	F	2010	2009
		£,000	€'000
	Current service cost	-	-
	Past service cost	-	-
	Total operating charge		
	-		
	Interest payable on pension scheme liabilities	473	448
	Expected return on pension scheme assets	(443)	(473)
	Net charge/(credit) to financing costs	30	(25)
	Total charge/(credit) that would have been included in profit on ordinary activities before taxation	30	(25)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

20	Pensions – defined benefit schen	ne (continued)			2010	2009
					£,000	£'000
	Analysis of amount recognised in st	atement of total re	ecognised			
	gains and losses					
	Actual return less expected return o Experience gains and losses arising				391 431	25 (496)
	Changes in assumptions underlying				431	(486)
	scheme liabilities	the process value	, 0, 4,0		90	(885)
	Total credit/(charge) that would have	e been included in	profit on			
	ordinary activities before taxation				912	(1,346)
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	History of experience					
	Gains and losses					
	Difference between the expected and actual					
	return on scheme assets					
	Amount £'000	391	25	(953)	183	363
	Percentage of scheme					
	Assets	4 80%	0 40%	14 09%	2 42%	5 37%
	Experience gains and					
	losses on scheme liabilities Amount £'000	431	(486)	(249)	382	(0)
	Percentage of the present	431	(400)	(249)	302	(2)
	value of the scheme					
	liabilities	5 33%	5 66%	3 45%	4 78%	0 02%
	Total amount recognised in					
	statement of total recognised					
	gains and losses	040	(4.040)	(474)	4.570	(75)
	Amount £'000 Percentage of the present	912	(1,346)	(474)	1,579	(75)
	Value of the scheme					
	Liabilities	11 28%	16 00%	6 57%	19 77%	0 82%

At the year end the Company was in the process of having the triennial review As such, the level of contributions to be paid into the scheme for the period beginning after 31 December 2010 are unknown

21 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, 'Related party disclosures', not to disclose transactions with members or investees of the group headed by Pitco Limited on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

22 Ultimate controlling parties

In the opinion of the directors the immediate parent company is Pitco Limited, Oakleigh House, High Street, Hartley Wintney, Hampshire, RG27 8PE, incorporated in Great Britain

The company's ultimate parent company is Kaye Enterprises Limited

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Kaye Enterprises Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.