Registered number: 00038191

WHARFEDALE FARMERS' AUCTION MART LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



WHARFEDALE FARMERS' AUCTION MART LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00038191

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		64,897		72,389
Investment property	6		655,000		655,000
			719,897	•	727,389
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	411,613		532,612	
Bank & cash balances		486,213		285,447	
	-	897,826		818,059	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(75,986)		(72,092)	
Net current assets	•		821,840		745,967
Total assets less current liabilities			1,541,737	-	1,473,356
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	9	(24,275)		(25,511)	
	-		(24,275)		(25,511)
Net assets			1,517,462		1,447,845
Capital and reserves				•	
Called up Share Capital			94,540		94,540
General Reserve			75,451		73,916
Non Distributable Reserve			160,107		160,107
Other Reserves			2,631		2,809
Profit and Loss Account			1,184,733		1,116,473
			1,517,462	•	1,447,845

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

WHARFEDALE FARMERS' AUCTION MART LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00038191

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr D H Ryder

Director

Date: 6 June 2019

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Called up share capital	Non distributable reserves	General reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2017	94,540	130,000	67,145	2,990	1,036,465	1,331,140
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	128,050	128,050
Fair value adjustments	-	-	-	-	(30,107)	(30,107
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(11,345)	(11,345
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-		-	-	(6,590)	(6,590)
Transfer between other reserves	•	30,107	6,771	(181)	-	36,697
At 1 April 2018	94,540	160,107	73,916	2,809	1,116,473	1,447,845
Profit for the year			-	-	84,743	84,743
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(15,126)	(15,126)
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	-	-	-	(1,357)	(1,357)
Transfer between other reserves	•	-	1,535	(178)	-	1,357
At 31 March 2019	94,540	160,107	75,451	2,631	1,184,733	1,517,462

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

Wharfedale Farmers' Auction Mart Limited is a private company limited by shares and registered in England & Wales. Its registered office is Chevin Lodge, Leeds Road, Otley, West Yorkshire, LS21 3BD.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on the following bases.

Freehold Property
Plant & Machinery

- 2.5% reducing balance

Plant & Machinery
Office Equipment

- 15% straight line

- 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by external valuers and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

3. Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevent. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 22 (2018 - 22).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Plant & machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	79,952	169,263	249,215
Additions	-	473	473
Disposals	-	(10,300)	(10,300)
At 31 March 2019	79,952	159,436	239,388
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	34,036	142,790	176,826
Charge for the year on owned assets	221	7,744	7,965
Disposals	-	(10,300)	(10,300)
At 31 March 2019	34,257	140,234	174,491
Net book value			
At 31 March 2019	45,695	19,202	64,897
At 31 March 2018	45,916	26,473	72,389

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

6.	Investment property	

Freehold investment property

Valuation

At 1 April 2018

655,000

At 31 March 2019

655,000

The 2019 valuations were made by Dale Eddison, Estate Agents and Surveyors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

	2019 £	2018 £
Revaluation reserves		
At 1 April 2018 Net surplus/(deficit) in movement properties	160,107 -	130,000 30,107
At 31 March 2019	160,107	160,107

7. **Debtors**

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	402,371	521,892
Prepayments and accrued income	9,242	10,720
	411,613	532,612
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2019 £	2018 £
Bank overdrafts	-	17,610
Trade creditors	4,074	2,811
Corporation tax	21,453	17,780
Other taxation and social security	9,231	7,655
Other creditors	22,521	6,751
Accruals and deferred income	18,707	19,485
	75,986	72,092
Deferred taxation		2019 £
At beginning of year Charged to the profit or loss		(25,511) 1,236
At end of year		(24,275)
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2019 £	2018 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(3,264)	(4,500)
Unrealised surpluses on revaluations on investment property	(21,011)	(21,011)
	(24,275)	(25,511

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

10. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	1,918	2,214
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	436	2,354
	2,354	4,568

11. Related party transactions

Various directors traded with the company during the year. Total stock sold amounted to £641,256, stock purchased amounted to £219,918 and the directors paid total commission of £14,795. The company's normal commercial terms apply. During the year the directors received dividends totalling £349.

12. Auditor's information

The auditors report on the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed by Richard Smedley (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Richard Smedley Limited.