THE GLOUCESTER CLUB COMPANY LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors S.J. Kilby

W.J. Morley M.T. Trigg

Secretary S.J. Kilby

Company number 00033466

Registered office Brunel House

George Street Gloucester GL1 1BZ

Auditors Pitt Godden & Taylor

Brunel House George Street Gloucester GL1 1BZ

Business address Constitution House

Constitution Walk

Gloucester GL1 1TN

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

PO Box 288

Britannia Warehouse

The Docks Gloucester GL1 2YJ

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1
Auditors' report	2
Profit and loss account	3
Balance sheet	4
Notes to the financial statements	5 - 6

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a social club, although it ceased to trade as such from the end of September 1998.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2000:

S.J. Kilby

W.J. Morley

M.T. Trigg

Directors' interests

The directors' beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

	Ordinary shares of £ 5 each	
	31 December 2000	1 January 2000
S.J. Kilby	-	-
W.J. Morley	-	-
M.T. Trigg	-	-

Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Pitt Godden & Taylor be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board

S.J. Kilby **Director** 23 April 2001

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE GLOUCESTER CLUB COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 6 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 5.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Pitt Godden & Taylor

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor

23 April 2001

Brunel House George Street

Gloucester

GL1 1BZ

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Administrative expenses		(597)	(736)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(597)	(736)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	-	-
Loss on ordinary activities after			
taxation	7	(597)	(736)
			

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2000

		200	0	199	9
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	117,852		117,852	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		5,663	
		117,852		123,515	
Creditors: amounts falling due withi					
one year	5	(78,059) ————		(83,125)	
Total assets less current liabilities			39,793 ————		40,390
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		2,195		2,195
Profit and loss account	7		37,598		38,195
Shareholders' funds - equity interes	ts 8		39,793		40,390

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 23 April 2001

M.T. Trigg

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.3 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its parent undertaking comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

2	Operating loss	2000 £	1999 £
	Operating loss is stated after charging: Auditors' remuneration	523	695
3	Taxation		
	On the basis of these financial statements no provision has been made for corpor	ration tax.	
4	Debtors	2000 £	1999 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	117,852	117,852
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2000 £	1999 £
	Other creditors	78,059	83,125
6	Share capital	2000 £	1999 £
	Authorised 500 Ordinary shares of £ 5 each	2,500	2,500
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 439 Ordinary shares of £ 5 each	2,195	2,195 ———

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

7 Statement of movements on profit and loss account

		los	Profit and is account £
	Balance at 1 January 2000 Retained loss for the year		38,195 (597)
	Balance at 31 December 2000		37,598
8	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2000 £	1999 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(597) 40,390	(736) 41,126
	Closing shareholders' funds	39,793	40,390

9 Control

The ultimate parent company is The Gloucester Conservative Club Company Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the ultimate parent company's accounts may be obtained from its registered office.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

		2000		1999	
	£	£	£	£	
Administrative expenses	_	(597)		(736)	
Operating loss		(597)		(736)	

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	2000	1999
	£	£
Administrative expenses		
Audit fees	523	695
Bank charges	19	31
Sundry expenses	55	10
		
	597	736
		