Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

for

Nova Holdings (Salisbury) Limited

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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

DIRECTORS:

P L Murphy M Slane P Williams

SECRETARY:

P Williams

REGISTERED OFFICE:

2a Alexandra Grove North Finchley

London N12 8NU

REGISTERED NUMBER:

30733 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Elliotts Shah Registered Auditor

2nd Floor King House

5-11 Westbourne Grove

London W2 4UA

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property investment

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 March 2007

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2006 to the date of this report

P L Murphy

M Slane

P Williams

The directors' interests in the shares of the parent company, C&G Properties plc, are disclosed in the accounts of that company

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

AUDITORS

The auditors, Elliotts Shah, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

P L Murphy - Director

Date 2/11/07

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Nova Holdings (Salisbury) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Nova Holdings (Salisbury) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 on pages five to eleven These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out on page two

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2007 and of its profit for the year then
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements

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Elliotts Shah Registered Auditor 2nd Floor King House 5 -11 Westbourne Grove London **W2 4UA**

Date 2/11/07

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

		2007		2006	
r	Votes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	2		49,709		32,321
Property costs Administrative expenses		18,411 7,339	25,750	2,451 7,465	9,916
OPERATING PROFIT	4		23,959		22,405
Interest receivable and similar income			1,392		1,499
			25,351		23,904
Interest payable and similar charges	5		-		54
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			25,351		23,850
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6		6,336		285
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION			19,015		23,565

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

	2007 £	2006 £
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Unrealised surplus on revaluation of	19,015	23,565
properties	105,000	-
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	124,015	23,565

Balance Sheet 31 March 2007

		200′	7	2000	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investment property	7		780,000		675,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	2,175,716		2,144,913	
Cash at bank		29,586		40,922	
		2,205,302		2,185,835	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9	10,044		9,592	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,195,258		2,176,243
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			2,975,258		2,851,243
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		199,904		199,904
Revaluation reserve	11		494,040		389,040
Profit and loss account	11		2,281,314		2,262,299
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14		2,975,258		2,851,243

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on its behalf by

2/11/07

and were signed on

P L Murphy - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost conventions as modified by the revaluation of certain assets and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement on the grounds that a consolidated cashflow statement has been included in the accounts of the parent company

Turnover

Turnover represents rents and service charges receivable net of VAT

Investment property

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors, compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets. On the basis of these financial statements, no provision has been made for deferred tax

2 TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company

3 STAFF COSTS

There were no staff costs for the year ended 31 March 2007 nor for the year ended 31 March 2006

4 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging

	Auditors' remuneration	2007 £ 2,500	2006 £ 2,000
	Directors' emoluments		-
5	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2007 £	2006 f
	Interest on overdue tax	<u>. </u>	54

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

6 TAXATION

Analysis o	of the tax	charge
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The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows		
• • •	2007	2006
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	2,192	7,155
Adjustment for prior years	(5,119)	(16,898)
Payment in respect of group relief	9,263	10,028
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6,336	285

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19%

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2007 £ 25,351	2006 £ 23,850
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2006 - 30%)	4,817	7,155
Effects of Adjustment to previous periods Other tax adjustments	(5,119) 6,638	(16,898) 10,028
Current tax charge	6,336	285

Factors that may affect future tax charges

No provision has been made for taxation which might become payable if the company's investment property was sold at the net amount stated in these financial statements, the additional tax hability could amount to approximately £88,000 (2006 £64,000)

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	f t
COST OR VALUATION At 1 April 2006 Revaluations	675,000 105,000
At 31 March 2007	780,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2007	780,000
At 31 March 2006	675,000

The investment property is stated at directors' valuation. The historical cost of the investment property is £285,960 (2006 £285,960)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

8	DEBTORS: A	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IN ONE YEAR		
Ū	22210111			2007	2006
				£	£
	Trade debtors			5,501	- 144 502
		by group undertakings		2,170,047	2,144,592 321
	Prepayments a	nd accrued income		168	321
				2,175,716	2,144,913
					
9	CREDITORS	: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	THIN ONE YEAR		
	0100110110			2007	2006
				£	£
	Trade creditors	3		3,537	428
	Tax			2,192	7,155
	VAT			1,806	-
	Other creditors			9	9
	Accruals and d	leferred income		2,500	2,000
				10,044	9,592
					
10	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised				
	Number	Class	Nominal	2007	2006
			value	£	£
	387,500	Ordinary	£1	387,500	387,500
	12,500	Preference	£1	12,500	12,500
				400,000	400,000
				====	
		d and fully paid	NT1	2007	2006
	Number	Class	Nominal	2007 £	£
	107 410	Ondenome	value £1	187,410	187,410
	187,410 12,494	Ordinary Preference	£1	12,494	12,494
	12,434	Freierence	₩ 1		
				199,904	199,904
				==	
11	RESERVES				
11	RESERVES		Profit		
			and loss	Revaluation	
			account	reserve	Totals
			£	£	£
	A+1 Amm1 200	16	2,262,299	389,040	2,651,339
	At 1 April 200 Profit for the y		19,015	302,040	19,015
	Revaluation di		-	105,000	105,000
			0.001.014	404.040	2.775.254
	At 31 March 2	2007	2,281,314	494,040	2,775,354

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

12 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of C&G Properties plc, a company registered in England and Wales C&G Properties plc is under the control of the director, P L Murphy, by virtue of his beneficial interest in the issued share capital of that company

13 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company

14 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

£
23,565
23,565
2,827,678
2,851,243