COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 00028230

THE WOLVERHAMPTON LAW SOCIETY COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2015



DAW WHITE MURRALL

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
1 George Street
Snow Hill
Wolverhampton
WV2 4DG

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of promoting the interests and education of solicitors within the Wolverhampton area.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr G J Birkett Mr R J Ennis Mr N S Wynn-Williams Mr J Sage

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITOR

Daw White Murrall are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself
 aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of
 that information.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Registered office: 6-10 George Street Wolverhampton West Midlands WV2 4DN Signed by order of the directors

ames Sage

Approved by the directors on 29 April 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE WOLVERHAMPTON LAW SOCIETY

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

We have audited the financial statements of The Wolverhampton Law Society for the year ended 31 December 2015. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE WOLVERHAMPTON LAW SOCIETY (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

IAN GREGORY (Senior Statutory

Auditor)

For and on behalf of DAW WHITE MURRALL

Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor

1 George Street Snow Hill Wolverhampton WV2 4DG

29 April 2016

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
TURNOVER		1,564	2,034
Administrative expenses		3,292	3,675
OPERATING DEFICIT	2	(1,728)	(1,641)
Interest receivable		90	90
DEFICIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(1,638)	(1,551)
Tax on deficit on ordinary activities	·	18	7
DEFICIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		$(\underline{1,656})$	(1,558)

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2015

		2015		2014
	Note	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors	3	5,587 ·		. 204
Cash at bank		21,999		21,800
		27,586		22,004
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	4	8,225		987
NET CURRENT ASSETS			19,361	21,017
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		19,361	21,017
RESERVES	6		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Other reserves	7		1,087	1,087
Income and expenditure account	7		18,274	19,930
MEMBERS' FUNDS			19,361	21,017

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

These accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 29 April 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Guy Birkett Director

Company Registration Number: 00028230

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the income and expenditure account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument.

2015

2014

2. OPERATING DEFICIT

Operating deficit is stated after charging:

		£ £	£
	Auditor's fees	826	810
3.	DEBTORS		
		2015	2014
	•	£	£
	Other debtors	5,587	204