## Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011 Registered number: 27883

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## **Directors' Report**

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the group and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011. The registered number of the company is 00027883

On 5th August 2011 the ultimate parent company. Ipreo Holdings LLC was acquired by IH Holdings (Cayman) L.P. (Parent) and merged into a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent, with Ipreo Holdings LLC continuing as a limited liability company. On 20th September 2011 a restructure of the UK group was completed and the ownership of the UK subsidiaries of Hemscott Limited were transferred from Hemscott Limited to it's own US subsidiary. Hemscott Americas Inc.

In addition to the restructuring steps as noted above a buy back of the Hemscott Americas stock from Hemscott Limited for consideration of \$58m was effected the consideration being by way of a vendor loan note. The maturity date of the Buy Back loan note is 15 August 2018 and it bears interest at a blended rate of 9.67%. The creation of the debt within the group has resulted in the creation of a net liability position from that of a net asset position.

The directors do not propose a dividend for the year (2010 Enil)

## Review of Business

## Principal Activities

Hemscott is a leading international supplier of high quality business and financial information and online corporate investor relations solutions to clients in the UK, Europe and North America References to "the Group" below relate to Hemscott Limited and to its subsidiaries and not to the wider (preo group of companies

#### Results

Revenue growth was 7% year on year (2010 7%) reflecting sustainable organic growth and the continued focus on core products. Operating costs decreased by 2% reflecting general cost efficiencies. Both revenue and costs continue to be impacted by the strength of the US dollar against Sterling. however, the majority of the group's revenue and costs are denominated in US Dollar providing a natural hedge against movements in foreign exchange.

#### Devenue

#### Biodough Capital Markets

Bigdough our CRM and communications platform for the capital markets community which now forms the principal part of our revenue. has enjoyed continued and consistent growth of 8% (2010-7%) due to the sustained sales focus on core products and continuing roll out of updated versions of the product.

#### Investor Relations Services

Our UK corporate investor relations website business has also performed well increasing by 5% (2010 7%) a sustainable level of growth

Operating profit for the continuing activities of the Group increased year on year from a profit of £309k (2010 restated) to a profit of £2 070k principally due to the organic revenue growth and general cost efficiencies

The group has no liability to UK taxation (2010 £nil) As at 31 December 2011 the group has UK tax trading losses available to carry forward against profits of the same trade of approximately £4 2m (2010 Cash at the end of the year was £4 6m (at 31 December 2010 £5m)

Net cash inflow from operating activities for the year totalled £1 2m (2010 outflow of £9 3m) reflecting normal operating activities compared to 2010 being due to a senes of intercompany transactions adversely impacting operating cash

The Group's cash is invested in short-term deposits and current accounts with the major banks and building societies. The treasury strategy is controlled through a Treasury Committee of the company's parent, comprising the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer and operates in accordance with the documented policies and procedures approved by the Board

## Future developments

Despite difficult trading conditions the business continues to grow reflecting the strength of our core product and continued innovation and evolution of it. Investment in sales resources and the product is reflected in this growth and we expect the growth to continue at this modest pace for the foreseeable future.

## Bank financing

On August 5th 2011, Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Coll P ("KKR") completed its acquisition of lipreo Holdings LLC ("Ipreo"). As part of the financing of the acquisition lipreo entered into a new \$135 million senior secured credit facility (consisting of a \$115 million term loan and a \$20 million revolver) and issued \$70 million of senior subordinated notes. The revolver was undrawn at close. Ipreo s previous BMO \$70m credit facility was repaid as part of the KKR transaction and replaced with Intercompany funding.

## Financial and non-financial KPI's

The Group has always measured itself primarily on financial KPI's derived from the profit and loss cashflow and balance sheet which are commented on in this business review. Another important KPI for the group is the level of deferred income which at 31 December 2011 was £8 3m (2010 £7 5m)

## Employees

The Group places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and keeps them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the vanous factors affecting the performance of the group.

This is achieved through formal and informal meetings. The Group operates an equal opportunities policy and is opposed to any form of less favourable treatment afforded on the grounds of for example disability gender race sexual orientation or religion.

## Research and development

The company continues to invest significantly in product development. The combination of Hemscott I-Deal and Marketpipe as part of the lipreo group in 2006 has brought together a complimentary set of products designed to serve the investment community. Research and development continues to be focused on integrating and further enhancing the products of the three companies as well as enhancing a number of back office systems.

## Risks and uncertainties

There are risks and uncertainties relevant to the Group's business. The factors listed below are among those that the Group thinks could cause the Group's actual results to differ materially from expected and historical results.

## Risk that R&D will not deliver commercially successful new products

Continued development of commercially viable new products is critical to the Group's ability to grow and stay ahead of the competition. Developing new products is a costly lengthy and uncertain process. New products may appear promising in development but, after significant investment, may have limited commercial success.

## Third party competition

The Group operates in highly competitive businesses. Significant product innovations, technical advances or the intensification of price competition by competitors could adversely affect the Group's operating results.

## **Directors' Report continued**

## Reliance on information technology

The Group is dependent on information technology systems: including internet-based systems for internal communication and delivering products and services to customers. Any significant disruption of these systems whether due to computer viruses or other outside incursions could materially and adversely affect the Group's operations.

#### Exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations

The Group conducts a substantial portion of its operations outside the UK primarily in the US and Europe. Fluctuations in exchange rates between Sterling and the US dollar / Euro could materially affect the Group's financial results.

#### Human resources

The Group has approximately 116 employees (2010 116 employees) in the UK, and US Failure to continue to recruit and retain the right people and maintain a culture of compliance could have a significant adverse effect on the Group

#### Bank and other financing

New long term debt financing was established in connection with the acquisition of liprec Holdings LLC by IG Holdings (Cayman) L P consisting of a \$115 million term loan and a \$20 million revolver. This facility is secured by all of the assets of liprec Holdings LLC and it subsidianes and contains financial, and non financial covenants, and negative covenants. At December 31 2011, liprec Holdings LLC is in compliance with all covenants, financial spread as part of the KKR transaction.

In addition—as part of the restructure the group entered into two new loans with other group companies. The two loan notes totalling \$41 885k mature on August 15th 2018 and bear interest at a blended rate of 9 67% compounded semi anually on April 30 and October 31 each year.

#### Directors

Gary Brian Dockray Paul Lucas Scott Ganeles

#### Directors Indemnity

The company's Articles of Association provide subject to the provisions of UK legislation an indemnity for directors and officers of the company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in the exercise of their powers including any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by them as officers or employees of the company

Appropriate directors and officers liability insurance cover is in place in respect of all of the company's directors

Our previous auditors. Mazars LLP resigned during the year and the directors appointed KPMG LLP to fill the casual vacancy arising. Pursuant to s487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

## **Charitable and Political Donations**

Chantable donations of £nii were made during the year (2010 £nii) No political donations were made during the year (2010 £nii)

## Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year.

Under that law they have elected to prepare the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law( UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company financial statements and of the profit or loss for that pend. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and parent company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregulanties.

## Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself, aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

By order of the Board

Paul Lucas Director Date

Company number 27883

Registered Office 1st Floor Castle House 37 - 45 Paul Street London EC2A 4LS United Kingdom

13th NOVEMBER 2012

## Independent auditor's report to the member of Hemscott Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Hemscott Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 set out on pages 6 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company is members, as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/aob/private.cfm

## Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of the group's loss for the year then ended,

have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and

have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## Opinion on the other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if in our opinion adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

John C Bennett ( Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chattered Accountants
15 Capada Square

de Dente

15 Canada Square London

E14 5GL

14 November 2012.

## Consolidated profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 2011

	Notes		Restated
		2011 £ 000	2010 £000
Turnover	2	20 885	19 522
Operating expenses	3	(18 815)	(19 213)
Operating profit	6	2 070	309
Interest receivable and similar income	4	495	451
Interest payable and Similar charges	5	(2,101)	(775)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		464	(15)
Tax charge on profit/ (loss) on ordinary activities	8	(1,409)	(1 107)
Retained loss for the financial year	17	(945)	(1 122)

All operations in the current financial year are continuing

Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses		Restated
For the year ended 31 December 2011	2011 £ 000	2010 £000
Loss for the financial year	(945)	(1 122)
Currency translation difference on foreign currency net investments	(494)	(113)
	(1,439)	(1 235)
Pnor year adjustment	2,384	
Total profit /(losses) recognised relating to the period and since last annual report and financial statements	945	(1 235)

Consolidated balance sheet			Restated
31 December 2011		2011	2010
	Notes	£'000	£000
Fixed assets	<u> </u>		
Goodwill	9	7 966	10 709
Tangible assets	10	802	911
Investments	11	155	155_
		8 923	11 775
Current Assets			
Debtors - amounts falling due within one year	13	21 251	24 677
Debtors - amounts falling due after one year	13	7,294	7 713
Cash at bank and in hand		4,612	4,959
		33,157	37 349
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	14	(18,993)	(13 569)
Net current assets		14,164	23,780_
Total assets less current liabilities		23,087	35,555
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(41,903)	(11 038)
Net (llabilities)/assets		(18 816)	24 517
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	16		3 660
Capital redemption reserve	17		1 513
Other reserves	17		1 703
Profit and loss account Shareholder's funds - equity		(18,816) (18 816)	17,641 24 517

ments were approved by the board of directors on 3M NWONGOR 2012

and signed on its behalf by

Company balance sheet			
31 December 2011		2011	2010
	Notes	€ 000	£ 000
Fixed Assets			
Investments	12	6,751	16,477
		6 751	16 477
Current assets			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	13	162	1 303
Debtors - amounts falling due after one year	13	159	159
Cash at bank and in hand		11	11
		332	1 473
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	14	(246)	(2 613)
Net current liabilities		86	(1,140)
Total assets leas current liabilities		6,837	15,337
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(273)
		6,837	15 064
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	16		3 660
Capital redemption reserve	17		1 513
Other reserves	17		8 639
Profit and loss account		6,837	1,252
Shareholder's funds - equity	17	6,837	15 064

tents were approved by the board of directors on 13th NOVEMBER 2012

Company number 27883

Consolidated cash flow statement			
For the year ended 31 December 2011	Notes	2011 £ 000	2010 £ 000
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities	18	1 208	(9 322)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19	(375)	(344)
Taxation	19	(550)	(1 501)
Capital expenditure and financial investments	19	(628)	(330)
Cash outflow before management of liquid resources and financing		(345)	(11 497)
Financing	19		14 155
(DecreaseVincrease in cash in the year	20	(345)	2 658

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 1 Principal accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and have been prepared on the going concern basis. The entity receives financial support from its ultimate parent company lipreo Holdings LLC as explicitly stated in the Letter of Support addressed to the Board of Directors of the company dated. Sth. November 2012. The directors consider that the group is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due and the preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis is appropriate.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each year. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the periods from or to the date on which control passed. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method.

With effect from 15 August 2000 the company then named Bridgend Group pic became the legal parent company of Hemscott Holdings Limited and its subsidiary undertakings in a share for share transaction. Due to the relative values of the companies reverse acquisition accounting was adopted as the basis of consolidation. Bridgend Group pic was brought into the consolidation from 15 August 2000, the date of the reverse acquisition at fair values at that date and the reserves of the Group are based on the pre-combination reserves of the Hemscott Holdings Limited group.

#### Prior year adjustment

In 2010, the group recognised in error a £2 071 000 accounting charge in relation to share based payments. Upon reassessing the terms of the arrangement the Directors concluded that the company did not have an obligation to settle the share based payment. As such the arrangement qualifies as a equity settled share based payment and the charge which was accludated on a cash settled basis was therefore recorded in error. The comparatives have been restated accordingly, and the net effect of the adjustment has been to increase net assets by £2 383 000 at 31 December 2010. Net assets at 1 January 2010 have also increased by £313 000 as a result of reversing the liability for share based payments transactions that were recognised in earlier periods.

#### THEMOVEE

Turmover the portion of invoicing that relates to the financial reporting period represents amounts receivable from customers for goods and services provided in the normal course of business net of VAT and other sales related taxes. Sales under contracts covering future periods which are invoiced quarterly or annually in advance, are deferred and credited to the profit and loss account over the period to which they relate.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill ansing on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and businesses representing any excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life of ten years. Provision is made for any impairment

### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows

- . Short leasehold properties over the term of the lease
- Computer equipment and software (including capitalised cost assets) three years
- · Fixtures and fittings three years

## Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for any impairment

## Taxation

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Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that anse from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when on the basis of all available evidence it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

## Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction or if hedged, at the forward contract rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

For consolidation purposes, the profit and loss accounts of the foreign subsidianes are translated into sterling at the average rate of exchange for the year and the balance sheets are translated into sterling at the closing rate of exchange and where applicable the difference ansing from the translation of the opening net investment in subsidianes at the closing rate is taken directly to reserves

# Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 1 .....

Assets obtained under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on acquisition and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received or receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight line basis over the lease term, except where the period to the review date on which the rent is first expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate is shorter than the full lease term, in which case the shorter period is used.

#### Development costs

Design and content development costs are capitalised to the extent that they lead to the creation of an enduring asset, which delivers benefits at least as great as the amount capitalised. If there is insufficient evidence upon which to base reasonable estimates of the economic benefits that will be generated in the period until the design and content are next updated, the costs of developing the design and content are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Amortisation is provided on capitalised costs at rates calculated to write off the capitalised cost of the assets evenly over the useful life of 3 years

## Presentation of company profit and loss

As permitted under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account which is presented to the board and approved at the date of signing these accounts

## 2 Segmental reporting

	2011	201
	000 £	5,00
Business information services	20,885	19 522
	20,885	19 522
	2011	201
Geographical segments	€'000	£,00
Turnover by origin		
Europe	3,186	2 943
North America	17,699	16,579
	20,885	19 522

The turnover by destination is not materially different to that by ongin

		Restated
3 Operating expenses	2011	2010
	£'000	000'3
Staff costs (note 7)	6,915	7 245
Other external charges	8,885	8 586
Depreciation and amortisation	3,015	3 383
	18,815	19 214

Having regard to the nature of the company's business the analysis of operating costs as prescribed by the Companies Act 2006 is not meaningful. In the circumstances as prescribed by section 410, the Directors have adapted the prescribed format to the requirements of the Company's business.

2011	2010
2'000	£'000
495	431
<u> </u>	20
495	451
2011	2010
£'000	£,000
940	775
1,149	
12	
2 101	775
	495 

2011

2010

Notes to the Financial Statements continued		
For the year ended 31 December 2011		Restated
6 Operating (loss)/ profit	2011	2010
Operating (loss)/ profit is stated after charging	€'000	£ 000
Depreciation on owned assets and capitalised development costs note 10	735	1 105
Amortisation of goodwill note 9	2 709	2 278
Operating lease rentals-fand and buildings	181	181
Fees paid to KPMG /Mazars LLP for the audit of the group and company financial statements	17	17
Fees paid to KPMG/ Mazars LLP for the audit of subsidiaries pursuant to legistation	57	57
7 Staff costs and directors remuneration	****	2016
The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was	2011 _number	2010 numbe
Sales and marketing	40	40
Content and editorial	38	39
Product Development	4	3
nformation technology	17	16
Administration	17	16
	116	116
		Restated
	2011	201
Staff costs (including executive directors)	€ 000	€.00
Wages and salanes	5,124	6 48
Social security costs	546	54
Other pension costs	245	21
Cuter perissuir costs	6,915	7 244
The directors of the company are also directors of other entities in the wider lipreo group and their emoluments are disclosed in the financial statements of those entities as amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the period		
amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the penod	2011	2010
amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxastion (a) Analysis of charge in the penod  Current Tax	2011 £°000	201
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amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Prior year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511)	2011 £ 000 1 734
amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the penod  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the penod  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pnor year adjustment	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511)	201i £ 00i 1 734 1,734
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amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  5. Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pror year edjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Ongination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent) The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409	201 £ 00 1 734 1,734 (627 1 107 Restate 201 £000 (2 086
amount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxastion (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Prior year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Defarred Tax  Ongination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (loss) profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (28.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Loss) profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2010-28%)  Effects of	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409	201 £000 1 732 1,732 (622 1 1 107 Restate 201 £000 (2 086
anount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  8 Taxastion  (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Prior year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Origination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent) The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010. 28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. primanly goodwill amorbsation	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 - 261 - 261 - 1,409 - 2011 £000 464 123	201 £000 1 732 1,732 (622 1 1 107 Restate 201 £000 (2 086
anount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  3. Taxation a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Oversess corporation tax charge  Prior year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Ongrination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (loss)/ profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (28.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Loss)/ profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010. 28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. primarily goodwill amorbisation  Non taxable income	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123	2011 £000 1 734 1,734 (627 (627 1 1107 Restate 2011 £000 (2 084 (58-
S Taxation a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Current tax charge for the period  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Displaction and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Fax charge on (loss)/ profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (28.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Loss)/ profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010. 28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. primarily goodwill amorbisation  Non taxable income.	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123	2011 £000 1 73- 1,73- (62: (62: 1 100 Restate £000 (2 084 (58-
anount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  Is Taxation a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Prior year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Disgination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010. 28%).  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes primanly goodwill amorbisation  Non taxable income  Depreciation' amortization in excess of capital allowances	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123	2011 £000 1 73- 1,73- (62) (62) 1 100 Restate 2011 £000 (2 084) (58-
anount paid to the directors for their services as directors of this company  Is Taxation  Is Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overses corporation tax charge  Peri year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Ongunation and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Congunation and reversal of temporary differences  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010-28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes inmanify goodwill amortisation  Non taxable income  Depreciation' amortisation in excess of capital allowances  Rate differences on overseas earnings	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123	2011 £.000 1 73-4 1,73-4 (627 1 100) Restate 2011 £.000 (2 084) (58-4)
8. Taxastion (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pror year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Ongration and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (loss)/ profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Loss)/ profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010-28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductable for tax purposes primanly goodwill amortisation Non taxable income  Depreciation/ amortisation in excess of capital allowances  Rate differences on overseas earnings  UK group relief claimed for no payment	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123	2011 £000 1 734 1,734 (627 (627 1 107 Restate 2011 £000 (2 086 (584
8. Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Corrent Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pror year educations  Corrent Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pror year educations  Corrent tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Origination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities before taxation  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25.5% (2010. 28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes primanly goodwill amortisation  Non taxable income  Depreciation' amortisation in excess of capital allowances  Reta differences on overseas earnings  UK group relief claimed for no payment  Utilisation //Creation) of UK tax tosses not recognised	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123 943 (3) -	2011 £ 000 1 734 1,734 (627 (627 1 107 Restate 2011 £000 (2 086 (584
8. Taxation (a) Analysis of charge in the period  Current Tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Overseas corporation tax charge  Pror year adjustment  Current tax  UK corporation tax charge  Pror year adjustment  Current tax charge for the year (see (b) below)  Deferred Tax  Origination and reversal of temporary differences  Total deferred tax  Tax charge on (lossly profit on ordinary activities  (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year  The tax assessment for the period is higher than the standard rate in the UK (26.5 per cent). The differences are explained below  (Lossly profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26.5% (2010-28%)  Effects of  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes in primarily goodwill amortisation Non taxable income  Depreciation' amortisation in excess of capital allowances  Rate differences on overseas earnings  UK group relief claimed for no payment	2011 £'000 - 1 659 (511) 1,148 261 261 1,409 2011 £000 464 123 943 (3) - 589 61	2010 £000 1 734 1,734 (627 (627 1 107 Restate 2011 £000 (2 086 (584

For the year ended 31 December 2011		
(c) Deferred tax	2011	2010
The deferred tax included in the balance sheet is as follows	£000	£000
Included in debtors-amounts falling due within one year	492	501
Included in creditors-amounts faffing due within one year	(571)	(319)
Total recognised deferred tax asset/ (liability)	(79)	182
Accelerated capital allowances	(559)	(325)
Other temporary differences	480	507
Total recognised deferred tax asset (liability)	(79)	182
Deferred tax liability at the start of the year	182	(430)
Exchange difference	•	(15)
Deferred tax credit for the year	(261)	627
Total recognised deferred tax asset/ (liability)	(79)	182

# The amount of unprovided deferred tax is disclosed below: 74 80 Accelerated depreciation 29 27 Other temporary differences 1,055 979 Losses carried forward 1,055 978 Capital losses carried forward 915 988 Total unrecognised deferred tax asset 2,083 2 074

## Unrecognised deferred tax

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

The 2012 Budget on 21 March 2012 announced that the UK corporation tax rate will reduce to 22% by 2014. A reduction in the rate from 26% to 25% (effective from 1 April 2012) was substantively enacted on 5 July 2011 and further reductions to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and 23% (effective from 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3July 2012 respectively.

This will reduce the group's future current tax charge accordingly and further reduce the unrecognised deferred tax liability (which has been calculated based on the rate of 25% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date) by £172K.

## 9 Goodwill

	000°3
Cost	
At 1 January 2011	27 498
Exchange adjustment	24_
At 31 December 2011	27,520
Amortisation	
ALT January 2011	16 787
Charge for the year	2 709
Exchange adjustments	58
At 31 December 2011	19,554
Net book value at 31 December 2011	7 966
Net book value at 31 December 2010	10 709

## 10 Tangible fixed assets

	Short leasehold	Computer	
	property and E		
Group	fixtures £ 000	Software £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost		2.000	
At 1 January 2011	440	5 387	5 827
Additions		627	627
Disposals		(387)	(387)
Exchange adjustments		10	10
At 31 December 2011	440	5,637	6,077
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2011	427	4 489	4 916
Charge for the year	13	722	735
Disposats	-	(387)	(387)
Exchange adjustments		11	11
At 31 December 2011	440	4,835	5,275
Net book value at 31 December 2011		802	802
Net book value At 31 December 2010	23	898	921

## Company

The company does not have any fixed assets

# Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 11 Investments

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Percenta shares he	
Hemscott Americas Inc	United States of America	Holding company	100%	
bigdough com inc	United States of America	Provider of business and financial information	100%	
Hemscott Holdings Limited*	United Kingdom	Sales Agent	100%	
H Woodward Pic*	United Kingdom	Dormant company	100%	
Stocks Hatel and Country Club Limited*	United Kingdom	Dormant company	100%	
Hemscott Invesment Analysis Limited **	United Kingdom	Dormant company	100%	
* wholly owned subsidiary of Hemscott Americas Inc ** wholly owned subsidiary of Hemscott Holdings Limited				
Group fixed asset investments	W			£ 000
Cost and NRV at 1 January and 31 December 2011				155

## 12 Company fixed asset investments

	Shares in group Loans to gi undertakings undertak £'000 £	
Cost at 1 January 2011	14 608 19	300 33 908
Disposal	(632) (16	800) (17 432)
Sale of assets to subsidiary	(7,225) (2,	500) (9,725)
At 31 December 2011	6,751	6,751
Provision for impairment at 1 January 2011	(632) (16	799) (17 431)
Sale to subsidiary of investments	632 16,	799 17,431
At 31 December 2011		<u> </u>
Net book value at 31 December 2011	6 751	- 6 751
Net book value at 31 December 2010	13,976 2,	501 16,477

During the year Hemscott Limited transferred its ownership in the UK subsidanes to Hemscott Americas Inc. itself a 100% owned subsidiary of Hemscott Limited. As a result, the value of the investment and provisions against the investments were written off.

13 Debtors		Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Amounts falling due within one year	€.000	€,000	£ 000	£'000	
Amounts owed by group companies	15 816	19 439	41	1 178	
Trade debtors	4 605	3 083	-	•	
Deferred taxation		501	-	-	
Corporation tax	-	784	-	-	
Other taxation and social security			19	23	
Other debtors	17	168	-		
Prepayments and accrued income	813	702	102	102	
1.1000-07-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	21 251	24 677	162	1 303	
		• • •			

	Grou	Group		any
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Amounts falling due after more than one year	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Amounts owed by group companies	7,118	7 112	•	•
Other debtors	176	601	159	159
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 294	7 713	159	159

## 14 Creditors Amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
ther creditors	€'000	5,000	£ 000	£ 000	
Trade creditors	96	144	2	63	
Amounts owed to related undertakings	9 640	1 580	-		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-		224	2 480	
Deferred taxation	79	319	-		
Current corporation tax	-	187	•		
Other taxation and social security	197	74		-	
Bank loans and overdrafts	•	2 800		-	
Other creditors	47	90		-	
Accruals and deferred income	8,934	8,375	20	70	
	18,993	13 569	246	2 613	

## Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 15 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£000	€'000	£'000
Bank toen	•	11 019	•	-
Loan to group undertakings	41,685		•	-
Other creditors	18	19	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings				273
	41,903	11,038	<u> </u>	273

#### Bank loan

Bank roan.

New long term debt financing was established in connection with the acquisition of ipreo Holdings LLC by IG Holdings ( Cayman) L.P consisting of a \$115 million term loan and a \$20 million revolver. This facility is secured by all of the assets of Ipreo Holdings LLC and it subsidianes and contains financial and non financial covenants and negative covenants. At December 31 2011 | Ipreo Holdings LLC is in compliance with all covenants | Ipreo a previous \$70m credit facility was repaid as part of the KKR transaction.

The two loan notes totalling \$41 885k mature on August 15th 2018 and bear interest at a blended rate of 9 67% compounded semi anually on April 30 and October 31 each year

	Group	(		
	2011	2010	2011	2010
External borrowing are repayable as follows	€.000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
			_	
Between one and two years	•	2 800	-	273
Between two and five years	-	8 219		
After five years	-			
		11 019		273

On August 5th 2011 Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co L P ("KKR") completed its acquisition of fpreo Holdings LLC ("Ipreo"). As part of the financing of the acquisition | Ipreo entered into a new \$135 million senior secured credit facility (consisting of a \$115 million term loan and a \$20 million revolver) and issued \$70 million of senior subordinated notes. The revolver was undrawn at close. The previous debt was repaid by the group's parent undertaking and replaced with intercompany financing.

16 Called-up share capital	2011 £ 000	2010 £ 000
Allotted called-up and fully paid	 	
1 ordinary share of 5p each (2010 73 193 766)	•	3 660

To facilitate the group reorganisation, the ordinary share capital of the Company was reduced by special resolution, to one ordinary share of 5p with all other capital being transferred to the profit and loss account.

## 17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds and reserves

			Capital redemption		Profit and loss	
Group	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £'000	reserve 000°3	Other reserves	account £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2011 originally £22 127 restated for prior		2,000				
year adjustment of £2 383k Currency translation differences on foreign currency net	3 660		1 513	1 703	17 634	24 510
investments Write back of Investment (Hemscott Limited in Hemscott			-		(494)	(494)
Holdings Limited )			•	6 936	(6 936)	
Share issue		7 104	•	(7 104)		
Distribution to parent	-		•	•	(41 887)	(41 887)
Transfer to distributable reserves	(3 660)	(7 104)	(1 513)	(1 535)	13 812	
Retained loss for year	•	-	•	•	(945)	(945)
At 31 December 2011	•				(18.816)	(18.816)

			Capital			
			redemption		Profit and loss	
	Share capital	Share premium	reserve	Other reserves	account	Total
Company	£'000	€.000	€.000	€.000	€.000	E'000
At 1 January 2011	3 660		1,513	8 639	1 252	15 064
Share issue		7 104	-	(7 104)		
Capital reduction	(3 660)	(7 104)	(1 513)	(1 535)	13,812	
Distribution to parent		•	-	-	(41 887)	(41 887)
Retained loss for year			-	-	33,660	33,660
At 31 December 2011					6,837	6 837

During 2011 a group reconstruction was completed following the acquisition of lipreo Holdings LLC by KKR. As part of this reconstruction a £41 9m loan note was distributed by HAI to the company. As permitted by the distribution in kind provision of the Companies Act Section 846 the same instrument was distributed to the company's own parent undertaking.

As permitted under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account.

18 Reconciliation of operating loss to operating cash flows		Restated
	2011	2010
	£.000	£7000
Operating profit	2,070	309
Depreciation and asset disposals	736	1 105
Amortisation	2,278	2 278
Decrease / (Increase) in debtors	2,479	(12 541)
Decrease in craditors	(6,355)	(473)
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities	1,208	(9 322)

# Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 31 December 2011

19 Analysis of cash flows		
	2011 	2010 £'000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest receivable of related party loan	<del>-</del>	431
Interest element of external loan	(375)	(775)
Interest paid	(375)	(344)
Taxation		
Foreign tax peid	(550)	(1,501)
Net cash inflow/ (outflow)	(550)	(1 501)
Capital expenditure and financial investment		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets and development costs capitalised	(628)	(330)
Net cash outflow	(628)	(330)
	2011	2010
	£'000	£.000
Financing		
Repayment of external loan		(4 189)
New loan		13 819
Reduction in related party loan raised		4,525
Net cash (outflow)/ inflow		14 155

Following the acquisition of the group's perent undertaking sill external bank debt was settled by the group's parent undertaking lipred Moklings LLC and replaced by a new integroup lending facility. Accordingly, the company was released from its loan obligations. These were replaced with intercompany funding which is viewed by the Directors as a component of working capital.

## 20 Analysis and reconciliation of movement in net debt

	1 January 2011 £ 000	Cash flow £ 800	Non cash movements £000	Exchange movements £'000	31 December 2011 £ 000
Cash in hand at bank	4,959	(345)			4,614
	4 959	(345)			4 614
External loan	(2 800)		2 800		-
Related party loan	7 112				7 112
Debt due after one year	(11,019)_		11,019		
Net debt	(1 748)	(345)	13 819		11,726
Reconciliation of movement in net debt				2011	2010
				€.000	£.000
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year				(345)	2,658
Increase in net funds resulting from cash flows				(345)	2 658
Non-cash flow movements				13 819	-
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows				-	14 155
Transtation difference					385
Increase in net debt in the year				13,474	17 198
Net debt brought forward				(1,748)	(18,946)
Net debt carried forward			••	11,726	(1 748)
21 Lezzes				2011	2010
21 (2000)			_	Land and buildings	Land and buildings
Group				€ 000	£000
Expiry date					
between two and five years				449	432
				449	432

## 22 Commitments

The company does not have any capital commitments (2010 £nil) or material off-balance sheet arrangements (2010 £nil)

Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 23 Related party transactions

			Restated		Restated
		Movement	Movement	From/(to) at 31 December	
Name of connected party	Description of transaction during the year	during 2011	during 2010	2011	2010
		€.000	€,000	E,000	€ 000
ipreo Holdings LLC	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	(733)	134	(773)	(40)
Centerpoint Data LLC	FX movement on intercompany balance	(49)	(44)	(1,591)	(1 542)
i-Deal LLC	interest and capital repayment of Wells Fargo loan	•	(4 391)	(5,229)	8 521
	Creation of new loan with BMO via ideal LLC	-	14 548		
	Financing and repayment cost of loan with BMO	(1 823)	(807)		
	Repayment of BMO losn	(11 910)	-		
	Services provided by parent company on behalf of subsidiary companies	(2,343)	•		
	Cash transfers to parent company	7 707	-		
	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	(5,381)	(55)		-
lpreo Limited	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	1,849	1 868	5,721	3 872
Marketpipe Limited	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	(2,491)	(1 853)	(2,047)	444
ipreo Capitalbridge Limited	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	1,476	1 341	5,325	3 849
Ipreo Vision LLC	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	2 017	1 541	4,769	2 752
	FX movement on intercompany balance		8		

## 24 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND PARENT UNDERTAKING OF LARGER GROUP OF WHICH THE COMPANY IS A MEMBER

The largest group in which the results of the Company and Group are consolidated is that headed by loreo Holdings LLC incorporated in the US. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by Hemacott Limited incorporated in the UK. No other group financial statements and the Company or Group. The consolidated financial statements of the Hemacott Limited group are available to the public and may be obtained from: 1st Floor Castle House. 37-45 Paul Street. EC2A 4LS. Those of Ipreo Holdings LLC are not publicly available.