Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2002

JMA COMPANIES HOUSE 31/03/03

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

R M Edwards

H V Thomas

I Griffiths

A Davies

M Downs

J O Evans

M H Phillips

SECRETARY

A Yendle

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bryn Afon Segontium Terrace Caernarfon Gwynedd LL55 2PN

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc 24 Castle Square Caernarfon Gwynedd LL55 2NB

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Liverpool

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

ACTIVITIES

The company has continued with its principal activity of insurers of properties belonging to the Presbyterian Church of Wales.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

The directors consider the results for the year to be satisfactory.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2001 - Nil).

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors consider the company to be satisfactorily placed for the future.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The current directors of the company are disclosed on page 1.

The interest of the directors holding office during the year were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of		
•	£10 each		
	2002	2001	
R M Edwards (resigned 4 April)	10	10	
H V Thomas	10	10	
I Griffiths	10	10	
A Davies	10	10	
M Downs	10	-	
J O Evans	10	-	
M H Phillips	10	-	

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Secretary

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Deloitte & Touche

WELSH CALVINISTIC METHODIST ASSURANCE TRUST LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements of Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Assurance Trust Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 19. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its deficit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Ita & Youle

Liverpool

12 March 2003

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2002

Technical Account - General Business	Note	£	2002 £	£	2001 £
Earned premiums Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	2	268,783 260,162		253,226 (242,717)	
Change in the provision for unearned premiums - Gross - Reinsurer's share		(17,168) 14,144	8,621	- -	10,509
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance			5,597		10,509
Claims incurred Claims paid - gross - reinsurers' share		200,936 (192,293)	(0.642)	109,199 (102,099)	(7.100)
Net operating expenses	4	·	(3,046) (4,623)		(7,100) 3,409 (11,279)
Balance on Technical Account Non-Technical Account	2		(7,669)		(7,870)
Balance on technical account Investment income Unrealised losses on investments Realised loss on investments	3		(7,669) 62,307 (90,915) (374)		(7,870) 74,238 (120,994)
Operating deficit and deficit on ordinary activities before tax			(36,651)		(54,626)
Tax on deficit on ordinary activities	6		12,499		17,096
Deficit for the financial year	11		(24,152)		(37,530)

The results for the current and prior year are all attributable to continuing operations.

There are no other recognised gains and losses other than the deficit for the current and prior year.

BALANCE SHEET Year ended 31 December 2002

		Note	£	2002 £	£	2001 £
ASSETS						
Investments	- shares	7	456,640		556,270	
	- debt securities	7	16,544		18,186	
	- deposits with credit					
	institutions		1,309,839		1,236,445	
				1,783,023		1,810,901
	re of technical provisions mearned premiums			130,678		116,534
Debtors						
	g out of direct insurance					
operations	- policy holders		28,998		26,036	
-	g out of reinsurance operations		154,402		97,264	
	e capital not paid		9,168			
Caneu up snai	e capital not paid		9,106		9,168	
				192,568		132,468
OTHER ASSE						
Tangible asset	ts	8	-		-	•
Stocks		9	25		25	
Cash at bank a	and in hand		2,326	•	1,010	
.				2,351		1,035
Accrued inter	nd accrued income			5,826		5,555
Trootwood Miles						
				2,114,446		2,066,493
LIABILITIES						
Capital and rese						
Called up sha		10	9,671		9,671	
Reserves	- Company	11	1,589,510		1,613,662	
Total aguita sh	archaldors' finds	12		1 600 101		1 402 222
Total equity sin	areholders' funds	12		1,599,181		1,623,333
Technical pro						
Provision for	unearned premiums			179,706		162,538
Provision for	claims outstanding		•	5,000		5,000
	other risks and charges					
Provisions fo	r taxation	13		69,806		88,818
Creditors		14		251,908		178,334
Accruals and	deferred income			8,845		8,470
				2,114,446		2,066,493
These financia	I statements were approved by the	Board of Di	rectors on	10.3.2003		
Signed on beh	alf of the Board of Directors	^\	\I			

- Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15	71,238	77,083
Taxation		(6,513)	(6,978)
Increase in cash		64,725	70,105
CASH FLOWS WERE INVESTED AS FOLLOWS			
(Decrease)/increase in cash holdings	17	1,316	(233,613)
Net portfolio investment Deposits Sale of investment	16	73,394 (9,985)	303,718
Net investment of cash flows		64,725	70,105

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 255A of, and Schedule 9A to, the Companies Act 1985.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom standards and under the historical cost accounting rules as modified by the revaluation of investments. The company has adopted all material recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice for Insurance Business issued in December 1998 by the Association of British Insurers ("the ABI SORP").

The particular accounting policies adopted are described below:

Premiums

General business premiums are accounted for in the year in which the risk commences. Those proportions of premiums written in a year, which relate to periods of risk extending beyond the end of the year, are carried forward as unearned premiums.

Reinsurance

95% of all risks are reinsured with AXA Insurance and the reinsurance premium is accounted for in the year in which the risk commences. Those proportions of reinsurance premiums written in a year, which relate to periods of risk extending beyond the end of the year are carried forward as prepaid reinsurance premiums.

Claims

The accounts incorporate a provision for claims notified but not settled and claims incurred but not reported at the Balance Sheet date together with a provision for handling costs relating to such claims.

Fixed assets

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is calculated by the following methods from the beginning of the year in which the assets are first brought into use:

Equipment

25% straight line

Office furniture

20% straight line

Stock and work in progress

Stocks of stationery are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred Tax

FRS 19 'Deferred Tax' is effective for accounting periods ending on or after 23 January 2002, therefore, the accounting policy for deferred taxation has been changed in accordance with FRS 19. This has not led to a restatement of comparative figures.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Investment income, expenses and charges

Investment income comprises interest and dividends. Interest is dealt with on an accruals basis and dividends are included on an ex-dividend basis. All investment income, is recognised in the non-technical account net of tax credit.

Realised gains or losses represent the difference between the net sales proceeds and purchase price, and are recognised in the non-technical account.

Interest payable and expenses incurred in the management of investments are accounted for on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains or losses represent the difference between the valuation of investments at the balance sheet date and their purchase price. The movement in unrealised investment gains and losses therefore includes the reversal of previously recognised unrealised gains and losses on investments disposed of in the current period. All unrealised gains or losses are recognised in the non-technical account.

Investments

Investments are stated in the balance sheet at market value. The market value of the investments represents quoted securities at middle market price.

Time &

2. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

2002	other damage to property £	Third party liability £	Miscellan- eous £	Total £
Gross premiums written - Risks located in UK	233,570	21,426	13,782	268,783
Gross premiums earned Gross claims incurred Gross operating expenses	230,942 197,075 4,017	21,185	13,632 3,861 237	265,759 200,936 4,623
Gross technical result Reinsurance balance	29,850 (33,653)	20,816 (923,468)	9,534 (10,748)	60,200 (67,869)
Net technical result	(3,803)	(2,652)	(1,214)	(7,669)
2001	Fire & other damage to property £	Third party liability £	Miscellan- eous £	Total £
Gross premiums written - Risks located in UK	219,689	20,406	13,131	253,226
Gross premiums earned Gross claims incurred Gross operating expenses	219,689 105,790 62,428	20,406 - 5,799	13,131 3,409 3,731	253,226 109,199 71,958
Gross technical result Reinsurance balance	51,471 (57,092)	14,607 (16,202)	5,991 (6,645)	72,069 (79,939)
Net technical result	(5,621)	(1,595)	(654)	(7,870)

All premiums resulted from contracts of insurance concluded in the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

3.	INVESTMENT INCOME		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Income from other investments - Listed investments Interest receivable	23,602 38,705	24,277 49,961
		·····	
		62,307	74,238
4.	NET OPERATING EXPENSES/(INCOME)		
	` ,	2002	2001
		£	£
	Administrative expenses	69,664	71,958
	Reinsurance commissions	(65,041)	(60,679)
	Net opening expenses/(income)	4,623	11,279
	Administrative expenses include:		_
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Depreciation	_	411
	Auditor's remuneration	8,257	7,500
5.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
	No remuneration was paid to the directors (2000 - Nil)		
		2002	2001
	Average number of persons employed	No	No
	Administration	1	1
			=
			£
	Staff costs during the year Salaries and Social Security costs	17,091	15,814
	Salaries and Social Security costs		=======================================
6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		

Administration	1	1
		£
Staff costs during the year Salaries and Social Security costs	17,091	15,814
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	•	
TT :: 177: 1	2002 £	2001 £
United Kingdom corporation tax at 19% (2001 - 20%) based on the profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior years	6,513	8,475 (1,497)
Deferred tax	(19,012)	(24,074)
	(12,499)	(17,096)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax assessed for the period is higher/lower than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK: 19% (2001 20%)

	2002 £	2001 £
The differences are explained below:	_	-
Operating (deficit) and (deficit) on ordinary activities before tax	(36,651)	(54,626)
Tax at 19% (2001 20%) thereon:	6,964	10,925
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	40	(23)
Unrealised losses on investment	(17,930)	(24,232)
Realised loss on disposal in excess of chargeable gains	(71)	-
UK Dividend income	4,484	4,855
Current tax charge for period	(6,513)	(8,475)

7. INVESTMENTS - SHARES AND DEBT SECURITIES

If stated at historic cost investments would have been shown at the following values in the balance sheet:

			2002 £	2001 £
Shares Debt securities	-	Listed Listed	53,084 18,706	53,084 18,706
			71,790	71,790

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Equipment £	Office furniture £	Total
Cost			
At 1 January 2002 and 31 December 2002	6,441	3,039	9,480
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2002 Charge for the year	6,441	3,039	9,480
At 31 December 2002	6,441	3,039	9,480
Net book value			
At 31 December 2002			
At 31 December 2001	_	-	-

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

9.	STOCKS		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Consumables	25	25
10.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Authorised 998 ordinary equity shares of £10 each	9,980	9,980
	deferred ordinary equity shares of £10 each	20	20
		10,000	10,000
	The directors believe the rights of the two classes of shares to be the same.		
		2002	2001
	Called up, allotted and fully paid	£	£
	2 deferred ordinary equity shares of £10 each	20	20
	Called up, allotted and part paid 965 ordinary equity shares of £10 each - 50p paid	482	482
	965 ordinary equity shares of £10 each - unpaid element		
	Forfeited share account	9,168 1	9,168
		9,671	9,671
11.	RESERVES		
		Revenue	Revenue
		Reserves	Reserves
		2002 £	2001 £
	At 1 January	1,613,662	1,651,192
	Transfer from revenue account	(24,152)	(37,530)
	At 31 December	1,589,510	1,613,662

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

13.

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12.	RECONCILIATION	OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOL	DERS' FUNDS
14.	KECONCIDIMINA		DENO PUNDO

				2002 £	2001 £
Deficit for the financial year	r			(24,152)	(37,530)
Net reduction to sharehold	ers' funds			(24,152)	(37,530)
Opening shareholders' fund	ls			1,623,333	1,660,863
Closing shareholders' fur	nds			1,599,181	1,623,333
PROVISION FOR DEFE	RRED TAX				
		Balance at 1 January 2002 £	Credited against current year tax charge	Applied £	Balance at 31 December 2002 £
Deferred taxation at 20%		88,818	19,012		69,806
The amounts of deferred to	exation provided and unprov	ided in the acc	ounts are:		
		Provided 2002 £	Provided 2001 £	Not provided 2002 £	Not provided 2001 £
Unrealised appreciation of	n investments	69,806	88,818	-	-
CREDITORS					
				2002 £	2001 £
Creditors arising out of di Creditors arising out of re Amounts owed to credit i Other creditors including	insurance operations			87,737 105,596 46,603 11,972	38,107 63,529 63,436 13,262
				251,908	178,334

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

15. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING SURPLUS TO OPERATING CASH FLOWS

	2002	2001
	£	£
Operating deficit	(36,651)	(54,626)
Depreciation	-	411
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	(60,371)	153,288
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	73,947	(142,984)
Increase in technical provisions	3,024	_
Loss on disposal of investment	374	-
Unrealised losses/(gains) on investments	90,915	120,994
	71,238	77,083
		

16. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW

	2002	2001
	£	£
Portfolio investments		
Decrease/(increase) in deposits	(73,394)	(303,718)

17. MOVEMENT IN CASH, PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS AND FINANCING

	Changes to			
	2001		Market	2002
	£	Cash flow	value	£
Cash in bank and in hand	1,010	1,316	-	2,326
Shares	556,270	(9,985)	(89,645)	456,640
Debt securities	18,186	-	(1,642)	16,544
Deposits	1,236,445	73,394		1,309,839
	1,811,911	64,725	(91,287)	1,785,349

18. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments at the year end (2001 - Nil).

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company paid £13,700 (2001 £12,480) to A Dyson-Hughes & Co, a firm in which the company secretary is a partner, in respect of rental and management services.