Report and Financial Statements

Period Ended

28 December 2013

Company Number 18718

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Report and financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013

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Directors

M G Douglas Graham E Alan Graham G W Evers D J Hughes G P Clifford

Secretary and registered office

D J Hughes, 50 & 51 Queen Street, Wolverhampton, WV1 1ES

Company number

18718

Auditors

BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

Strategic report for the period ended 28 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company has continued to be that of newspaper publishers.

Business review

The company has continued to develop its print and digital portfolio to remain the leading local media business for readers and advertisers across the West Midlands.

It has launched new print products, unveiled fresh digital platforms and invested in developing its staff, to adapt to the changes in media consumption. With signs of improvement in the economy, the business will continue to meet the needs of its market and benefit from any further economic uplift.

A better performance than forecast resulted in an improved trading performance in comparison to the prior year. A decline in advertising spend and the combined fall of the evening title sales, issues faced by all regional newspapers, put the company under pressure in 2013. The focus on cost control by management continued to be of the utmost importance to offset the decline in revenues.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company manages competitive trading risk by providing an unrivalled service to its customers; however the performance of the company is dependent on the local economy. Circulation risk is managed by providing a quality product which is considered to be one of the primary sources of news in the region.

The company is exposed to the movement in price of its key consumable, newsprint.

Key performance indicators

Key performance indicators include revenue, operating profits and capital expenditure.

52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Revenue 25,225,148	26,026,266
Operating loss 3,854,622	5,001,876
Capital expenditure 276,602	257,164

Environmental matters

The company takes its environmental responsibilities seriously and recognises that business activities inevitably have an impact on the natural environment. It is committed to minimising this impact and uses recycled newsprint, its largest consumable, wherever possible.

By order of the board

D J Hughes Secretary 5 June 2014

Report of the directors for the period ended 28 December 2013

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows the loss for the period.

The Directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2012 - £Nil).

Financial instruments

The company is financed by a combination of loans from its immediate parent and the group's bankers.

As highlighted in note 21 to the financial statements, the company is party to group banking facilities. These facilities are made available to the company to meet its day to day working capital requirements. The overdraft facility is due for renewal in July 2014. The group also has a term loan facility until September 2017.

During the year the group entered into a plant & machinery loan agreement repayable over two years to June 2015 and a receivables finance agreement with Lloyds Bank Commercial Finance to provide funding for a capital investment project and on-going working capital facilities of up to £6m, which are due for renewal in July 2015.

To manage interest risk, the group has a fixed rate to floating rate LIBOR interest swap on £4m of the £8m fixed term loan taken out with Lloyds TSB in July 2012. The fair value of the interest rate swap at 28 December 2013 was £Nil.

The current economic conditions create uncertainty particularly with regard to the level of demand for products and services and the cost of raw materials. However, the group's forecasts and projections, taking account of changes in trading performance, show that the group should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Employee participation

The directors recognise the importance of good communications and relations with staff members. The company wide intranet site is used to regularly update staff on the progress of the company and other general information and a second annual staff survey was undertaken during the period. The company is proud of its employment policies and of the guidance it gives to those approaching retirement.

Employment of disabled people

The company supports the principle of employing disabled people wherever possible, through recruitment, by retention of those who become disabled during their employment and generally through training, career development and promotion.

Report of the directors for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

Directors

The directors of the company during the period were:

M G Douglas Graham (Chairman)
E Alan Graham
G W Evers
D J Hughes
A G Harris (Resigned 2nd January 2013)
A Faber (Resigned 2nd April 2013)
G P Clifford
A Couchman (Resigned 29th November 2013)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

D J Hughes **Secretary**

5 June 2014

Independent auditor's report

To the members of Express & Star Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Express & Star Limited for the 52 week period ended 28 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 December 2013 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

BDD LLP

Mark Anslow (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Birmingham
United Kingdom

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BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Profit and loss account for the period ended 28 December 2013

	Note	52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Turnover	2	25,225,148	26,026,266
Net operating expenses - including exceptional costs of £977,585 (2012 - £1,270,492)	3	29,160,750	31,028,142
Gross loss		(3,935,602)	(5,001,876)
Income from fixed asset investments		80,980	-
Operating loss	4	(3,854,622)	(5,001,876)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	7 8	2,240,677 (29,000)	2,153,527 (390,000)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,642,945)	(3,238,349)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	9	47,479	(1,769,196)
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		(1,595,466)	(5,007,545)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior period are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 28 December 2013

Note	28 December 2013 £	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £	29 December 2012 £
10		3,966,055		5,949,055
11		2,398,405		3,338,229
		6,364,460		9,287,284
13	85,884		94,588	
14	24,224,707		20,308,675	
14	30,311,221		30,000,000	
	54,535,928		50,308,675	
	1,872,157		318,787	
	56,493,969		50,722,050	
15	9,835,378		11,524,316	
		46,658,591		39,197,734
		53,023,051		48,485,018
16	6,133,499		-	
17	337,990		337,990	
		6,471,489		337,990
		46,551,562		48,147,028
	10 11 13 14 14	Note 2013 £ 10 11 13 85,884 14 24,224,707 14 30,311,221 54,535,928 1,872,157 56,493,969 15 9,835,378 16 6,133,499	Note 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 £ 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 6,364,460 2014 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015	Note 2013 2013 2012 £ £ £ 10 3,966,055 2,398,405 6,364,460 13 85,884 94,588 14 24,224,707 20,308,675 14 30,311,221 30,000,000 54,535,928 50,308,675 1,872,157 318,787 56,493,969 50,722,050 15 9,835,378 11,524,316 46,658,591 53,023,051 16 6,133,499 17 337,990 337,990 6,471,489

Balance sheet at 28 December 2013 (continued)

	Note	28 December 2013 £	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £	29 December 2012 £
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18		977,683		977,683
Other reserves	19		33,966,055		35,949,055
Profit and loss account	19		11,607,824		11,220,290
Shareholders' funds	20		46,551,562		48,147,028
				•	

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 June 2014.

The notes on pages 10 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. They incorporate the results for the 52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 (2012 - 52 weeks ended 29 December 2012).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Fundamental accounting concept

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. As detailed in the Strategic Report on page 1, the Directors have considered the principal risks and uncertainties that apply to the business and believe that it is appropriate to continue to prepare the accounts on this basis.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by The Midland News Association Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales. Advertising revenue is recognised upon publication and circulation revenue is recognised upon delivery.

Interest receivable

Group interest is recorded as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

Intangible Assets - Licence Fees

Intangible assets, shown at cost of acquisition, are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks which are comprised principally of newsprint and consumable stores are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Freehold property

- 2% per annum

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

5% - 25% per annum7.5% - 33% per annum

Freehold land is not depreciated.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Leased assets

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Defined benefit pension schemes

The company participates in a group defined benefit pension scheme which is funded, with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the company and group in separate trustee administered funds. The company's contributions are affected by the surplus/deficit in the scheme. However, it is not possible to identify the company's share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis.

Therefore, in accordance with the FRS 17 multi-employer exemption, the scheme is accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme (see below).

The latest available information relating to the scheme and the implications for the company are detailed in Note 23 to the accounts.

Defined contribution pension scheme

Pension costs for the company's defined contribution pension schemes are recognised within operating loss at an amount equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the period. Any prepaid or outstanding contributions at the balance sheet date are recognised respectively as assets or liabilities within prepayments or accruals.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

3 Net operating expenses

	52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Raw materials and consumables Staff costs (see note 5) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of intangible fixed assets Other operating charges Other operating income Exceptional items	4,161,408 12,405,526 1,215,023 1,983,000 8,809,672 (391,464) 977,585	4,580,058 12,493,085 1,343,313 1,983,000 9,678,039 (319,845) 1,270,492
	29,160,750	31,028,142

Exceptional items in the current period relate to redundancy costs and other compensation payments of £408,585 (2012 - £664,644) and past service pension costs of £569,000 (2012 - £343,000). In the prior period exceptional costs of £262,848 were incurred in respect of the write off of irrecoverable intercompany balances.

4 Operating loss

	52 weeks ended 28 December 2013	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012
	£	£
This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	6,502	33,435
Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration	1,414,369	1,432,868
- fees payable to the company's auditor for the auditing of the		
company's annual accounts	17,853	17,167
- taxation services	5,751	4,300
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(14,363)	(32,747)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

5	Employees

6

Staff costs (including directors) consist of:		
2	52 weeks ended 8 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs (Note 24)	10,409,666 1,072,463 923,397	10,391,494 1,100,150 1,001,441
	12,405,526	12,493,085
The average number of employees (including directors) during the period was	as follows:	
2	52 weeks ended 8 December 2013 Number	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 Number
Sales and administration Production and distribution	306 95	299 128
	401	427
Directors' remuneration		
·	52 weeks ended 8 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes Compensation for loss of office	586,861 88,228 140,800	845,504 60,831

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £227,748 (2012 - £191,833). Company pension contributions of £21,650 (2012 - £Nil) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf. They are also a member of a defined benefit scheme, under which their accrued pension liability within the scheme totalled £39,907 per annum at the year end.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

6 Directors' remuneration (continued)

8

Other interest

There are 4 (2012 - 4) Directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under a defined contribution pension scheme.

There are 4 (2012 - 4) Directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under a defined benefit pension scheme of which the highest paid director is a member.

7 Other interest receivable and similar income

Bank deposits - 7,145		52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
	Bank deposits	-	7,145
		2,240,677	2,146,382
2,240,677 2,153,527		2,240,677	2,153,527
Interest payable and similar charges	Interest payable and similar charges		
			52 weeks ended
28 December 29 December		28 December	29 December
2013 2012 £ £			2012

29,000

390,000

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 *(continued)*

9 Taxation on loss on ordinary activities

Adjustments in respect of prior periods: Prior year tax returns between 2005 and 2008 were revised during the previous year to reflect the company's current estimate of its corporation and deferred tax position.

	52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
UK Corporation tax - adjustments in respect of previous periods Corporation tax and group relief Deferred tax losses recognised	-	2,155,000 (270,000)
Total current tax	<u> </u>	1,885,000
Deferred tax - adjustments in respect of previous periods Movement on capital allowances and depreciation	-	(373,121)
Deferred tax - adjustments in respect of current period Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of changes in tax rate	(161,772) 114,293	343,839 (86,522)
Movement in deferred tax provision	(47,479)	(115,804)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	(47,479)	1,769,196

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

9 Taxation on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to loss before tax. The differences are explained below:

	52 weeks ended 28 December 2013 £	52 weeks ended 29 December 2012 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(1,642,945)	(3,238,349)
Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 24%) Effect of:	(377,877)	(777,204)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Short term timing differences Group relief surrendered/(received) for nil payment Worldwide debt cap exemption Income not taxable	465,657 222,151 - (67,841) 280,986 (504,451) (18,625)	(291,815) -
Current tax charge for the period	-	1,885,000

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Finance Act 2013, substantively enacted on 3 July 2013, reduced the main rate of corporation tax from 23% (originally enacted in Finance Act 2012) to 21% with effect from 1 April 2014. A further reduction to 20% was also enacted in Finance Act 2013, to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 20% with effect from 1 April 2015. The reduction to 23% was substantively enacted on 17 July 2012.

This announcement reduces the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

Intangible fixed assets

Provided for the period

Licence fees £ Cost At 30 December 2012 and 28 December 2013 44,000,000 Amortisation At 30 December 2012 38,050,945

At 28 December 2013 40,033,945

1,983,000

Net book value
At 28 December 2013
3,966,055

At 29 December 2012 5,949,055

Licence fees were previously being amortised over a 10 year licence period. However due to the current economic conditions the owner of the mastheads provided an extension to the current licence period and therefore the licence fees are now being amortised over a 12 year licence period.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 *(continued)*

11	Tan	gible	fixed	assets
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	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost At 30 December 2012 Additions Disposals	271,110 - -	37,045,626 168,364 (14,880,902)	3,006,773 108,238 (1,165,134)	40,323,509 276,602 (16,046,036)
At 28 December 2013	271,110	22,333,088	1,949,877	24,554,075
Depreciation At 30 December 2012 Provided for the period Disposals	80,644 5,422	34,102,211 1,148,064 (14,880,762)	2,802,425 61,537 (1,163,871)	36,985,280 1,215,023 (16,044,633)
At 28 December 2013	86,066	20,369,513	1,700,091	22,155,670
Net book value At 28 December 2013	185,044	1,963,575	249,786	2,398,405
At 29 December 2012	190,466	2,943,415	204,348	3,338,229

The net book value of leasehold land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:

	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
Freeholds Long Leaseholds	180,817 4,227	186,115 4,351
	185,044	190,466

The aggregate amount of capital expenditure authorised and contracted for by the Directors at 28 December 2013 was £161,000 (2012 - £2,000).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 *(continued)*

12 Fixed asset investments

The Company owns 60,000 unlisted Ordinary shares of £1 each in The Press Association Limited which are included in the balance sheet at £Nil cost.

13 Stocks

	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
Raw materials Consumable stocks	35,096 50,788	42,767 51,821
	85,884	94,588

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above.

14 Debtors

	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
Amounts receivable within one year	_	_
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred taxation	698,843 21,882,374 1,407 745,947 896,136	829,986 17,857,322 2,380 770,330 848,657
	24,224,707	20,308,675
Amounts receivable after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings - interest bearing Amounts owed by group undertakings	30,000,000 311,221	30,000,000
	30,311,221	30,000,000
Total debtors	54,535,928	50,308,675
		-

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

14 Debtors (continued)

The interest bearing loan is unsecured and interest is charged at 4.85% for the first 10 years and thereafter 0.5% above the yield on 10 year treasury gilts available at that time. The loan is repayable on 21 October 2023.

	Deferred taxation £
At 30 December 2012 Credited to profit and loss account	848,657 47,479
At 28 December 2013	896,136
Deferred taxation	
28 December	29 December
2013	2012
The amount of deferred tax provided for is as follows:	£
Accelerated depreciation 779,955	674,642
Sundry timing differences 116,181	174,015
896,136	848,657

As at 28 December 2013, the company had unrecognised cumulative corporation tax losses of £201,737 (2012 - £1,008,685) to relieve against future trading profits.

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
Trade creditors	824,719	1,453,286
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,131,866	6,303,116
Corporation tax	1,110,000	1,110,000
Other taxation and social security	457,998	458,176
Group relief payable	•	775,000
Accruals and deferred income	2,310,795	1,424,738
	9,835,378	11,524,316

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 *(continued)*

16	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	6,133,499	-
17	Provisions for liabilities		
			Dilapidations Provision £
	At 30 December 2012 and 28 December 2013		337,990
18	Share capital		
		28 December 2013	29 December 2012
		£ £	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 977,683 Ordinary shares of £1 each		
19		£	£
19	977,683 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£	£
19	977,683 Ordinary shares of £1 each Reserves At 30 December 2012 Loss for the period	977,683 Other reserves £ 35,949,055	977,683 Profit and loss account £ 11,220,290 (1,595,466)
19	977,683 Ordinary shares of £1 each Reserves At 30 December 2012	977,683 Other reserves	977,683 Profit and loss account £ 11,220,290 (1,595,466)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

20 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	28 December 2013 £	29 December 2012 £
Loss for the period	(1,595,466)	(5,007,545)
Opening shareholders' funds	48,147,028	53,154,573
Closing shareholders' funds	46,551,562	48,147,028

21 Contingent liabilities

During the year the company was party to cross guarantees in respect of group banking facilities. These facilities were made available to the company to meet its day to day working capital requirements. The facilities are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the group.

As at 28th December 2013, the group's net debt under the above facilities totalled £6.5m (2012 – £6.4m).

The company is party to an HMRC enquiry into the tax implications of transactions that were entered into in prior years. Similar transactions are the subject of litigation for another tax payer and the group is a follower of that case. That other case was lost at the Upper Tribunal in April 2014 with the prospect of an additional taxation liability which is regarded as double taxation for the relevant tax payer. Such double taxation would be unusual. An application has been made for permission to appeal. The company has previously fully provided for tax and interest in connection with the transactions although this liability is contested and the basis for this is also part of the proposed appeal. As a consequence of the decision the Midland News Association Limited group has decided to make a further central provision of £2.5m plus interest for the additional contingent double taxation liability pending the determination of any appeal. As it is not possible at this point to allocate amounts to individual subsidiaries this creates a contingent liability in this company should it be required to make a specific contribution to this liability in the future. Full consideration has also been given to the group's overall ability to settle such an amount should it fall due.

22 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and buildings 28 December 2013 £	Other 28 December 2013	Land and buildings 29 December 2012 £	Other 29 December 2012 £
Operating leases which expire:	-	~	_	-
In two to five years After five years	14,000 1,495,123	318,320 -	14,000 1,495,123	364,968
	1,509,123	318,320	1,509,123	364,968

23 Pension arrangements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 28 December 2013 (continued)

23 Pension arrangements (continued)

The company participated in two group defined benefit schemes and a defined contribution scheme up until the 1st April 2008. On that date the assets and liabilities of the defined benefit schemes were consolidated into one scheme. The defined benefit scheme is closed to new members and future accrual. It is not possible to identify the company's share of assets and liabilities in the defined benefit scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore, in accordance with FRS17 paragraph 9 (b) (multi-employer exemption), the scheme is accounted for as if it was a defined contribution scheme.

The total pension charge and contributions payable to the defined contribution scheme for the year amounted to £923,397 (2012-£1,001,441).

The most recent formal valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 5th April 2011 using the projected unit method.

In order to provide information about the funding position of the scheme, a separate valuation at 28 December 2013, using the projected unit method, as required by FRS17 has been obtained and is disclosed in the accounts of the Claverley Group Limited.

The valuation of the two schemes at 28 December 2013, calculated by the actuary on an FRS17 basis, shows a deficit on the schemes of £55,860,000 (2012 - £25,050,000).

For the purpose of these accounts, these figures are illustrative only and do not impact on the result or the balance sheet of the company. It should also be noted that these figures include a proportion of pension assets and liabilities relating to other group companies which also participate in the scheme. It has not been possible to identify the share of the deficits which relates solely to Express & Star Limited. Full details of the pension schemes are given in the accounts of the ultimate parent company.

The measurement bases required by FRS17 are likely to give rise to significant fluctuations in the reported annual amounts of the defined benefit scheme's assets and liabilities from year to year and do not necessarily give rise to a change in the contributions payable into the scheme, which are recommended by the independent actuaries using long term assumptions.

24 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 as a wholly owned subsidiary not to disclose details of related party transactions as required by the standard.

25 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Claverley Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by The Midland News Association Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from the registered office.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Claverley Holdings Limited, registered in England and Wales.