IOWA LAND COMPANY LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Company information	1
Notice of meeting	2
Report of the directors	3-4
Auditors' Report	5
Consolidated profit and loss account	6
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	7
Note on historical cost profits and losses	7
Consolidated balance sheet	8
Company balance sheet	9
Cash flow statement	10
Notes to the financial statements	11-25

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors C S R Stroyan T.D., W.S. (Chairman)

P H Lawson E Y Whittingdale

Secretary R W Toye

Registered Office Bridge House

181 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4DZ

Registered Number 15399

Auditors Moore Stephens

Chartered Accountants St. Paul's House Warwick Lane London EC4P 4BN

Solicitors Wilsons

Steynings House Chapel Place Fisherton Street Salisbury

Wiltshire SP2 7RJ

Bankers The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

62-63 Threadneedle Street

London EC2R 8LA

IOWA LAND COMPANY LIMITED

NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of this company will be held at Mitre House, 160 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4DD on 25th October 2001 at 12:30 p.m. for the following purposes:

- 1. To receive the directors' report and accounts for the year ended 31st March 2001.
- 2. To re-appoint Moore Stephens as the auditors of the company.
- 3. To authorise the directors to fix the remuneration of the auditors.

By order of the Board

Roger W Toye Secretary

2nd August 2001

NOTE: Any person entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) in his place and such proxy need not be a member.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31st March 2001.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company and its subsidiaries are investment in shares, property and land, and farming in Scotland.

Results and dividend

The Group profit for the year before taxation was £184,315 (2000: £289,857) after taking account of profits from investment and fixed asset disposals net of provisions of £274,810 (2000: £411,291). The profit after taxation and minority interest of £159,691 (2000: £235,577) is accounted for through the profit and loss account.

The directors do not propose a dividend.

Review of the business

The consolidated profit for the year ended 31st March 2001 was satisfactory in the circumstances.

The investment company continued to be the major contributor to group profits despite falling stockmarkets throughout the year. The dealing company achieved a substantial increase in profitability. However, there was little scope for new investment in residential property due to London house prices remaining high.

Farming in the UK has endured one of its most depressing years in living memory. After bad harvest conditions the extraordinarily wet weather hampered autumn sowing, which was followed by an exceptionally cold winter. The price of livestock remained disappointing and the outbreak of Foot-and-mouth Disease compounded the difficulties.

The directors believe that new farming and estate management initiatives taken over the past year will help to offset the adverse conditions recently experienced.

The directors' cautious attitude to investment last year, particularly in the technology sector, proved to be the right course to adopt and they intend to continue to tread warily. A close watch will be kept on the markets and opportunities taken to invest when they occur.

Directors' responsibilities for financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors have:

- * selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- * made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * followed applicable accounting standards; and
- * prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities for financial statements (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year together with their share holdings in the company, all non-beneficial, were as follows:

Ordinary shares of 10p each 31st March 2001 31st March 2000

C S R Stroyan	1,000	1,000
P H Lawson	1,000	1,000
E Y Whittingdale	-	_

None of the directors held any of the 4.55% preference shares.

Fixed assets

Movements in tangible fixed assets are disclosed in Note 9.

The group's Scottish estates are included at a professional valuation of £9,000,000 as at 31st March 2000. The group's English freehold properties are included on the basis of the directors' estimate of the current market value at 31st March 2001.

Auditors

A resolution for the re-appointment of Moore Stephens as auditors will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The report of the directors was approved by the Board on 2nd August 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

Roger William Toye

Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF IOWA LAND COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Iowa Land Company Limited for the year ended 31st March 2001 set out on pages 6 to 25. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings and the accounting policies set out on pages 11 and 12.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements with in it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 31st March 2001 and of the group's profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Moore Stephens

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor

London, EC4P 4BN 2nd August 2001

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31st March 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Income: continuing operations		~	~
Turnover: Farming activities Rental income Investment dealing activities Investment income Investment interest receivable		1,278,850 129,885 44,358 183,324 33,814	1,173,881 128,526 (11,748) 181,373 45,559
Total income		1,670,231	1,517,591
Operating costs	2	(1,740,964)	(1,626,056)
Operating loss: continuing operations		(70,733)	(108,465)
(Loss)/Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets Profit on disposal of fixed asset investments	6	(1,789) 276,599	48,251 363,040
		274,810	411,291
Profit before interest		204,077	302,826
Interest payable Exchange gains	4	(27,996) 8,234	(18,774) 5,805
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		184,315	289,857
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(35,804)	(52,220)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		148,511	237,637
Minority Interest		11,180	(2,060)
Retained profit for the financial year	23	159,691	235,577

Movements in reserves are shown in notes 22 and 23 on page 24.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ March 2001

	2001 £	2000 £
Profit for the financial year	159,691	235,577
Unrealised surplus on property revaluation	124,416	2,856,423
Deferred taxation on revaluation	(32,000)	(29,653)
Less: Share of minority interest	(22,354)	(20,972)
Over provision of deferred tax on property disposal		3,242
Total recognised gains	229,753	3,044,617
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS	' FUNDS	****
for the year ended 31st March 2001		
	2001 £	2000 £
Total recognised gains	229,753	3,044,617
Opening shareholders' funds	15,954,042	12,909,425
Closing shareholders' funds	16,183,795	15,954,042
		
NOTE ON HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31st March 2001		
	2001 £	2000 £
for the year ended 31st March 2001	£	£
for the year ended 31st March 2001 Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	£ 184,315	£ 289,857

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET			
at 31 st March 2001	Note	2001	2000
		£	£
Fixed assets	^	10.044.504	10 155 540
Tangible fixed assets Investments	9 10	10,344,524 4,464,263	10,175,543 4,386,865
THYCSUICHES	Į U		
		14,808,787	14,562,408
Current assets	11	557.000	557.205
Stocks Debtors	11 12	557,908 464,230	557,395 477,312
Investments	13	529,003	707,975
Cash at bank and in hand	13	724,888	542,207
Oush at bank and in haid			
		2,276,029	2,284,889
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(676,122)	(711,658)
Net current assets		1,599,907	1,573,231
Total assets less current liabilities		16,408,694	16,135,639
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(41,925)	(15,997)
Provision for liabilities and charges	17	(103,242)	(97,042)
Net assets		16,263,527	16,022,600
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	21	104,842	104,842
Share premium account	22	163,163	163,163
Capital redemption reserve	22 22	310,843	310,843 6,190,737
Revaluation reserve Other reserves	22	6,257,799 5,068,565	5,068,565
Profit and loss account	23	4,278,583	4,115,892
rom and 1033 decount	23		
Shareholders' funds (including non-equity)	24	16,183,795	15,954,042
Minority interests (equity)		79,732	68,558
	,	16,263,527	16,022,600
Approved by the Board of Directors on 2 nd August 200 and signed on its behalf by:			
C.SR. Strig w	_		
Colin Strathern Ropne	r Stroyan.	Director	

IOWA LAND COMPANY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET at 31st March 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Fixed assets		~	<i>a</i>
Investments		1	1
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	8	1,532,973	1,532,973
		1,532,974	1,532,974
Current assets			· · · · · ·
Debtors due within one year	12	3,030,199	3,030,199
Debtors due after one year	12	1,605,494	1,605,494
Cash at bank and in hand		67,928	66,436
		4,703,621	4,702,129
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(613,720)	(613,720)
Net current assets		4,089,901	4,088,409
Total assets less current liabilities		5,622,875	5,621,383
Capital and reserves		= =======	
Called up share capital	21	104,842	104,842
Share premium account		163,163	163,163
Capital redemption reserve	22	310,843	310,843
Capital reserve	22	4,949,336	4,949,336
Profit and loss account	23	94,691	93,199
Shareholders' funds (including non-equity)	24	5,622,875	5,621,383
			

Approved by the Board of Directors on 2nd August 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

CS. R. Stray un Colin Strathearn Ropner Stroyan

Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31st March 2001

	Notes	20	01	20	00
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	19	£	£ (3,094)	£	£ 507,810
Other returns on investments and servicing of finance	20 A		(19,762)		(12,969)
Taxation	20 B		(38,708)		(161,161)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	20 C		47,652		(159,996)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before mana of liquid resources and financing	igement		(13,912)		173,684
Management of liquid resources and financing:					
Management of liquid resources Financing	20 D 20 E	223,330 43,947	267,277	(585,916) (27,401)	(613,317)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash			253,365		(439,633)

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS for the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ March 2001

	Cash £	Overdrafts £	2001 Total £	2000 £
Cash flow in year	182,681	70,684	253,365	(439,633)
Balance at 1 st April	542,207	(466,034)	76,173	515,806
Balance at 31st March	724,888	(395,350)	329,538	76,173

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost basis of accounting as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Iowa Land Company Limited and its subsidiary companies.

As permitted by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of the parent company has not been separately presented in the financial statements.

Fixed assets and depreciation

No division is made of the cost or valuation of freehold land and buildings into the proportion relating to land and the proportion relating to buildings. In the opinion of the directors it would not be meaningful to do so given the nature of the buildings which are, for the most part, farm buildings. Depreciation is provided to write off fixed assets over their expected useful lives at the following rates:

Farm buildings 2%

Short leaseholds Over the period of lease

Implements, plant and machinery 10% - 15% pa Office equipment, furniture, fixtures and fittings 4% - 33% pa

Motor vehicles 4% - 33% p

Investment properties

Investment properties are revalued annually at open market value and any temporary surplus or deficit is transferred to investment property revaluation reserve. Permanent deficits on individual properties are charged in the profit and loss account which is also credited with subsequent reversals.

As these properties are held for investment purposes not consumption, depreciation is not considered to be relevant. In accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold and long leasehold investment properties. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount, which might otherwise be shown, cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases are included in the balance sheet and depreciated in accordance with the group's normal accounting policies. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability. The interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease in proportion to the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Farming stocks

Farming stocks have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are included at cost. Provision is made where in the opinion of the directors any diminution in value is permanent.

Investments held as trading stock are shown as current assets and are included at the lower of cost or market value.

Income from investments

Income from investment in equities is included when received. Interest income from fixed interest and index linked stock is accrued to the end of the financial year.

Investment interest receivable

Interest on cash deposits is accrued to the end of the financial year.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes.

Provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method only to the extent that it is material and probable that the liability will become payable in the foreseeable future.

Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the year end.

Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced sales of farming produce, exclusive of VAT.

Government Grants

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the year in which they accrue.

Grants of a capital nature received for land and buildings (which are not depreciated) have been deducted from the original cost of the relevant asset. This is not in accordance with schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, which requires fixed assets to be shown at their purchase price or production cost and hence grants and contributions would be presented as deferred income. This departure from the requirements of the Act is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary since complying with the Act would not give a true and fair view as no provision is made for depreciation and any grants and contributions relating to such assets would not be taken to the profit and loss account.

Pensions

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are invested and managed independently of the finances of the group. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable in the year.

2. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

		2001 £	2000 £
	Other direct expenses and farming activities		
	Cost of livestock	252,826	205,218
	Other direct costs	343,000	404,534
	Administration costs - all companies	1,145,138	1,016,304
		1,740,964	1,626,056
3.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXA	ATION	
		2001	2000
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities is arrived at after charging: Auditors remuneration	19 202	10 115
	Depreciation	18,203 105,195	18,112 112,916
	Depreciation		=======================================
	and after crediting:		
	Subsidies and grants	302,779	313,370
	Bank interest receivable	33,814	45,559
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
7.	INTEREST LATABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2001	2000
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	24,103	15,587
	Hire purchase agreements	3,893	3,187
		27,996	18,774

6.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31st March 2001

5. EMPLOYEES AND STAFF COSTS

	2001 £	2000 £
Costs incurred in respect of employees (including directors) were:-		
Wages and salaries	370,009	364,471
Social security costs	32,308	31,387
Other pension costs	8,685	8,630
Other costs	<u>-</u>	10,000
	411,002	414,488
	No.	No.
The average monthly number of employees including directors during the year was as follows	21	23
	2001 £	2000 £
Directors emoluments:- Other emoluments	37,088	36,000
No pension costs were incurred in respect of directors of the	company.	
PROFIT ON DISPOSAL OF FIXED ASSET INVESTME		
	2001 £	2000 £
Profit on disposal of investments Investment provision decrease	271,070 5,529	346,997 16,043
•	276,599	363,040

7. TAXATION

Taxation charge based on the profit for the year:	2001 £	2000 £
Corporation tax at 30% (2000: 30%) Deferred taxation	61,200 (25,800)	31,750 8,000
Prior year adjustments: Corporation tax	35,400 404	39,750 12,470
	35,804	52,220

8. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Principal subsidiaries	Parent and group interest in ordinary shares and voting rights	Country of incorporation and registration	Principal activity
Teniwood Securities Ltd	100%	England and Wales	Investment holding
The London Commercia Mercantile Company Lin		England and Wales	Investment dealing
Scottish Trust Managers Limited	75%	England and Wales	Property investment
Culfargie Estates Limite	d 100%	Scotland	Farming and
Tay and Torridon Estate Limited	s 100%	Scotland	property investment Farming
Cotswold & General Far Limited	rms 100%	England and Wales	Dormant
Fingask and Kinnaird Properties Limited	100%	Scotland	Dormant
Strathtay and Perthshire Properties Limited	100%	Scotland	Dormant

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold land and	Short	Plant equipment and motor	
Group	buildings £	leaseholds £	vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1st April 2000	9,605,805	11,079	1,441,327	11,058,211
Additions	59,336	-	127,305	186,641
Disposals	(5,000)	-	(77,796)	(82,796)
Revaluation	124,416	-	-	124,416
At 31st March 2001	9,784,557	11,079	1,490,836	11,286,472
Depreciation				
At 1st April 2000	-	11,079	871,589	882,668
Charge for the year	-	-	105,195	105,195
Released on disposal			(45,915)	(45,915)
At 31st March 2001	-	11,079	930,869	941,948
Net book value				
At 31st March 2001	9,784,557	-	559,967	10,344,524
At 31st March 2000	9,605,805	-	569,738	10,175,543
Historical cost At 31st March 2001	3,707,583	11,079	1,490,836	5,209,498

Freehold land and buildings includes investment properties revalued by the directors at the balance sheet date at the open market value of £752,500 (2000: £607,500).

The group's Scottish estates were revalued on 31st March 2000 at £9,000,000 on the basis of their open market value, by Bell Ingram, Chartered Surveyors in accordance with the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual. This valuation is incorporated in the financial statements.

Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 15 requires all assets excluding investment properties to be depreciated over their estimated economic life taking account of any residual value of assets. The group's freehold land and buildings are considered to have a high residual value and a useful economic life in excess of fifty years. It is the directors' policy to maintain the buildings in a continual state of sound repair and accordingly the depreciation charge is considered immaterial. Therefore, no charge has been made.

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Where no charge for depreciation is made and where the useful economic life exceeds fifty years an impairment review should be carried out on an annual basis. Such a review has been performed and in the Directors' opinion the market value and residual value of freehold land and buildings is in excess of the carrying value and there is no impairment.

Included in Plant and Equipment are assets financed under hire purchase agreements with a net book value of £127,113 (2000: £96,969) and a depreciation charge of £26,122 (2000: £26,272).

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Listed in	Listed		
	United Kingdom	abroad	Unlisted	Total
Group	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1st April 2000	1,817,481	2,239,344	791,425	4,848,250
Additions	465,307	729,632	60,883	1,255,822
Disposals	(289,570)	(883,333)	(11,050)	(1,183,953)
At 31st March 2001	1,993,218	2,085,643	841,258	4,920,119
Provisions				
At 1st April 2000	172,728	130,225	158,432	461,385
Movement in the year	(3,302)	(2,227)	-	(5,529)
At 31st March 2001	169,426	127,998	158,432	455,856
Net book value	<u> </u>			
At 31st March 2001	1,823,792	1,957,645	682,826	4,464,263
At 31st March 2000	1,644,753	2,109,119	632,993	4,386,865
Market value	0.760.820	2.802.420	724 027	C 200 215
At 31st March 2001	2,762,839	2,803,439	724,037	6,290,315
At 31st March 2000	2,933,970	3,709,274	674,204	7,317,448

The market value of listed investments is based on mid-market published prices.

The market value of unlisted investments has been estimated by the directors on the basis of the most recent financial information.

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Companies in which the group holds over 20% of the issued equity capital are as follows:

	Country of registration	Description of shares/stock	Percentage held
Murray Campbell & Co. Ltd.	England	Ordinary	50%
•	•	Deferred	50%
Pelican Estates Inc.	USA	Common	40%
Quail Estates Inc.	USA	Common	29%

The directors are of the opinion that as they do not exert significant influence over the day-to-day management of these companies it is not appropriate to consolidate their results.

11. STOCKS

	2001	2000
Group	£	£
Stocks, all of which relate to farming, comprise the		
following:		
Cattle and sheep	402,455	386,065
Crops	104,517	136,637
Sundry	50,936	34,693
	557,908	557,395

12. DEBTORS

	Group		Com	pany
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £
Due within one year				
Trade debtors	341,367	371,733	-	-
Other debtors	31,402	26,664	-	_
Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Taxation recoverable	- 81,520 9,941	63,456 15,459	3,030,199	3,030,199
	464,230	477,312	3,030,199	3,030,199

12. DEBTORS (Continued)

13.

DEDIOKS (Continued)				
	Group		Company	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Due after one year Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking	-	<u>-</u>	1,605,494	1,605,494
	-	-	1,605,494	1,605,494
CURRENT ASSET INVESTMEN	NTS		2001	2000
Group			£	£
Listed, at lower of cost and market	value		529,003	707,975
Market value, based on mid-marke	t published pri	ces	562,672	727,978

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Bank loan and overdrafts	395,350	466,034	-	-
Obligations under finance				
Leases	43,671	25,652	-	-
Tax and social security	5,555	5,295	-	-
Trade creditors	81,919	75,627	-	-
Other creditors	45,686	45,686	2,713	2,713
Amounts due to subsidiary				
undertakings	-	-	610,457	610,457
Accruals and deferred income	76,013	82,814	<u>.</u>	_
Corporation Tax	27,928	10,550	550	550
	676,122	711,658	613,720	613,720

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

Group	2001 £	2000 £
Obligations under finance leases	41,925	15,997

16. DEBT ANALYSIS

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Repayable within 1 year	439,021	491,686	-	-
Repayable in 1 - 2 years	41,925	15,997	-	
	480,946	507,683	-	

17. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	2001	2000
Group	£	£
Deferred taxation		
The provision for deferred taxation comprises:		
Accelerated capital allowances	89,400	90,100
Less: unrelieved trading losses	(49,400)	(50,100)
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets	89,042	57,042
Other short term timing differences	(25,800)	-
	103,242	97,042
	<u></u>	

There would be a potential tax liability of approximately £344,600 (2000: £671,300) if the group's fixed asset investments were to be disposed at market value. No provision for this liability has been made in these accounts.

18. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

In accordance with the revised FRS 1 the following definitions have been applied:

- (i) Cash: cash in hand, overnight deposits and overnight borrowings.
- (ii) Liquid resources: all monetary assets (excluding cash at (i) above) which are convertible into cash at, or close to, the carrying value in the balance sheet.
- (iii) Debt financing: all borrowings other than overnight.

19. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2001 €	2000 £
Operating loss	(70,733)	(108,465)
Depreciation	105,195	112,916
Increase in stocks	(513)	(11,280)
Decrease in debtors	7,564	518,974
Decrease in creditors	(249)	(16,083)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of current asset investments	(44,358)	11,748
	(3,094)	507,810
		

20. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS GIVEN IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A.	Other returns on investments and servicing of finance	2001 £	2000 £
	Exchange gains	8,234	5,805
	Bank interest paid	(24,103)	(15,587)
	Interest element of finance lease payments	(3,893)	(3,187)
	Net cash outflow from other returns on investments and servicing of finance	(19,762)	(12,969)
В.	Taxation	2001 £	2000 £
	Net UK corporation tax and overseas tax	(38,708)	(161,161)
C.	Capital expenditure and financial investment	2001 ₤	2000 £
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(186,641)	(222,158)
	Sale of tangible fixed assets	35,092	223,914
	Purchase of fixed asset investments	(1,255,822)	
	Sale of fixed asset investments	1,455,023	2,862,137
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) for capital expenditure and financial investment	47,652	(159,996)
D.	Management of liquid resources	2001 £	2000 £
	Durch ass of surrent asset investments	(12 270)	(842,670)
	Purchase of current asset investments Sale of current asset investments	(13,370) 236,700	(842,670) 256,754
	Net cash inflow/(outflow)	223,330	(585,916)

20. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS GIVEN IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

E.	Financing	2001 £	2000 £
	Increase/(Decrease) in finance leases	43,947	(27,401)
	Cash inflow/(outflow)	43,947	(27,401)
21.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2001 £	2000 £
	Authorised 450,000 4.55% Non-cumulative preference shares of £ 1 each 565,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	450,000 56,500	450,000 56,500
		506,500	506,500
		2001 £	2000 £
	Allotted and fully paid: 49,484 4.55% Non-cumulative preference shares of £1 each	49,484	49,484
	553,583 ordinary shares of 10p each	55,358	55,358
		104,842	104,842

The preference shareholders are entitled to a fixed preferential dividend at the rate of 4.55% per annum payable out of the profits which the directors determine to distribute.

On a winding up, the preference shares carry priority over other classes of share as to the repayment of capital, but not as to arrears of dividend as they are non-cumulative.

The preference shares are non-voting shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31st March 2001

22. OTHER RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 €	2000 £
Capital reserve				
Balance at 1st April and at 31st March	5,068,565	5,068,565	4,949,336	4,949,336
Revaluation reserve				
Balance at 1 st April Revaluation Transfer to profit and loss	6,190,737 94,062	3,428,353 2,828,038		-
account on realisation Deferred taxation Deferred taxation on	(3,000) (24,000)	(56,656) (22,240)	-	-
Realisation		13,242		-
Balance at 31st March	6,257,799	6,190,737	-	-
Capital redemption reserve				
Balance at 1st April and at 31st March	310,843	310,843	310,843	310,843

23. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Group		Company	
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £
At 1st April	4,115,892	3,833,659	93,199	92,094
Profit for the financial year Transfer from revaluation	159,691	235,577	1,492	1,105
reserve (Note 22)	3,000	56,656	-	-
Corporation tax on realisation	_	(10,000)	<u>-</u>	
At 31st March	4,278,583	4,115,892	94,691	93,199

24. SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Group		Company	
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £
Equity shareholders' interests Non-equity shareholders'	16,134,311	15,904,558	5,573,391	5,571,899
interests	49,484	49,484	49,484	49,484
	16,183,795	15,954,042	5,622,875	5,621,383

Non-equity interests of £49,484 (2000: £49,484) comprise 49,484 4.55% non-cumulative preference shares of £1 each.