**DIRECTORS' REPORT AND** 

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

M T Mann

C S B Johnson

Company number

00011136

Registered office

c/o UHY Hacker Young Manchester LLP

St James Building 79 Oxford Street Manchester M1 6HT

**Auditors** 

**UHY Hacker Young Manchester LLP** 

St James Building 79 Oxford Street Manchester M1 6HT

**Business address** 

Building 5, Universal Square

**Devonshire Street** 

Ardwick Manchester M12 6JH

**Bankers** 

Bank of Scotland

38 St Andrew Square

Edinburgh EH2 2AD

### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the cash flow statement	9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 18

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of textile designing, sourcing, distributing and wholesaling

On 27 June 2011, the company changed its name from Dawson Home Group Limited to Brookmann Home Manchester 1877 Limited

On 28 May 2013, a Company Voluntary Arrangement with its outstanding creditors at that date was approved Details of the arrangement can be found in note 20 to the accounts

#### Business review

During the prior period the Company changed its accounting reference date from 31 December to 31 March Reported results are therefore for the twelve month period to 31 March 2012 with a comparative period of fifteen months to 31 March 2011

Sales for the twelve month period to 31 March 2012 were £33.5 million compared to £38 million for the 15 month period to 31 March 2011. The operating loss for the 12 month period to 31 March 2012 was £1.4 million compared to £3.1 million for the 15 month period to 31 March 2011.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

In common with all businesses, the company is exposed to various risks and uncertainties, which could have a material effect on future results. There are review processes in place which seek to identify these risks and mitigate them where possible. The principal risks identified and the actions taken to mitigate them are as follows.

#### Business risks

The company had a small number of large customers and the loss of some of these customers has impacted on sales since the balance sheet date. The company sources its products from a handful of high quality suppliers and the loss of any one would be disruptive and could cause short term delivery issues. Management work hard to maintain and enhance their relationships with customers and suppliers to ensure the continuity of these relationships and minimise the risk of the associated concentrations.

#### Financial risks

As part of its ordinary activities, the company is exposed to a number of financial risks, including foreign exchange, liquidity and credit risks

- Most of the company's product is sourced in US Dollars and sold in Sterling, and as a result, exchange rate movements between these currencies can have a significant impact on the short term profitability of the company. The company seeks to manage this risk by entering into foreign currency forward exchange contracts.
- Liquidity risk relates to the company's ability to meet the cash flow requirements of its operations. The company's business can be seasonal and as a result is subject to certain working capital patterns. The company finances its business through its own resources and through an asset backed financing facility based on trade debtor levels.
- Credit risk relates principally to invoiced trade receivables from customers. All customers are assessed before trading commences and detailed policies and procedures are in place to monitor each situation.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in note 1.1 of the financial statements.

#### Fixed assets

The changes which have taken place during the period are set out in note 8 to the financial statements

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6

The directors do not recommend payment of an ordinary dividend

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2011

M T Mann (Appointed 17 May 2011)
C S B Johnson (Appointed 18 April 2012)
D G Cooper (Resigned 17 May 2011)

Brookmann Holdings Limited (Appointed 15 March 2012 and resigned 18 April 2012)

J K Carrie (Resigned 17 May 2011)
J C Kemp (Resigned 17 May 2011)

££

During the year the company made the following payments

Charitable donations 2,200 2,000

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

On behalf of the board

M T Mann

Director 24/6/13

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF BROOKMANN HOME MANCHESTER 1877 LIMITED (FORMERLY DAWSON HOME GROUP LIMITED)

We have audited the financial statements of Brookmann Home Manchester 1877 Limited (formerly Dawson Home Group Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2012 set out on pages 6 to 18 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors. Because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Basis for disclaimer of opinion on financial statements

The audit evidence available to us was limited because certain financial records required for the purposes of our audit were no longer available and we were unable to obtain third party confirmations and other documentary evidence required by us for the purposes of our audit In addition, due to the change of ownership and consequential change of personnel, we were unable to obtain adequate explanations required

Due to the significant lack of information available to us and limitations placed upon us, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence concerning numerous assets and liabilities of the Company at the year end

A disclaimer of opinion was given in respect of the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011. Due to the limitations described above, audit evidence supporting the prior financial period was unavailable to us during the current audit and we were therefore unable to confirm whether the opening balances for the current financial period were materially correct.

In respect of the amount due from the holding company of £4,928,416 we are aware that the amount is now considered irrecoverable but have not been able to obtain sufficient audit evidence as to establish whether the amount was irrecoverable at the year end

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### TO THE MEMBERS OF BROOKMANN HOME MANCHESTER 1877 LIMITED (FORMERLY DAWSON HOME GROUP LIMITED)

#### Disclaimer of opinion on financial statements

Because of the significance of the possible effect of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion on financial statements paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the financial statements.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

Notwithstanding our disclaimer of an opinion on the financial statements, in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In respect solely of the limitation on our work referred to above

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit, and
- adequate accounting records have not been kept

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or

- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made

**David Symonds** 

UHT Harbert

(Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

26/6/13

UHY Hacker Young Manchester LLP Chartered Accountants

**Statutory Auditor** 

St James Building 79 Oxford Street Manchester M1 6HT

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

		Year ended 31 March 2012	Period ended 31 March 2011
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	33,536,603	38,010,739
Cost of sales		(29,044,445)	(33,279,499)
Gross profit		4,492,158	4,731,240
Distribution costs		(2,235,187)	(2,768,697)
Administrative expenses		(3,616,442)	(5,055,178)
Other operating income		<u> </u>	31,744
Operating loss	3	(1,359,471)	(3,060,891)
Fundamental reorganisation	4	1,183,951	(212,870)
Loss on ordinary activities before	9		
ınterest		(175,520)	(3,273,761)
Interest receivable	5	976	75
Interest payable	6	(163,659)	(139,969)
Loss on ordinary activities before	•		
taxation		(338,203)	(3,413,655)
Taxation	7	(15,004)	-
Loss for the period	15	(353,207)	(3,413,655)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2012**

		2	2012	2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		167,675		229,628
Current assets					
Stocks	9	2,042,266		7,659,211	
Debtors	10	8,745,932		8,821,936	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,727		33,388	
		10,800,925		16,514,535	
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	11	(6,820,092)		(12,157,007)	
Net current assets			3,980,833		4,357,528
Total assets less current liabilities			4,148,508		4,587,156
Provisions for liabilities	12		(646,960)		(732,401
			3,501,548		3,854,755
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		33,765,961		33,765,961
Other reserves	15		746,000		746,000
Profit and loss account	15		(31,010,413)		(30,657,206
Shareholders' funds	16		3,501,548		3,854,755

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 24. 16.13

M T Mann Director

Company Registration No 00011136

### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	£	Year ended 31 March 2012 £	£	Period ended 31 March 2011 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		4,885,189		(2,364,147)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	976		75	
Interest paid	(163,659)		(139,969)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(162,683)		(120.904)
and servicing of infance		(102,003)		(139,894)
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets	(33,943)		(81,074)	
,				
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		(33,943)		(81,074)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management				
of liquid resources and financing		4,688,563		(2,585,115)
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Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		4,688,563		(2,585,115)
		=====		

### NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1	Reconciliation of operating loss to net ca operating activities	sh inflow/(outflow	v) from	2012	2011
				£	£
	Operating loss			(1,359,471)	• • • • • • •
	Depreciation of tangible assets			95,896	-
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets			- 	-,
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks Decrease in debtors			61,000	(574,197) 1,379,503
	(Decrease) in creditors within one year				(166,782)
	Cash flow in relation to redundancy reorgani	sation costs			(212,870)
	Movement in provisions			(85,441)	119,078
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating	activities		4,885,189	(2,364,147)
2	Analysis of net debt	1 April 2011	Cash flow	Other non- cash changes	31 March 2012
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash				
	Cash at bank and in hand	33,388	(20,661)	-	12,727
	Bank overdrafts	(7,573,488) ————	4,709,224	-	(2,864,264)
	Net debt	(7,540,100)	4,688,563		(2,851,537)
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movem	ient in net debt		2012	
				£	£
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			4,688,563	(2,585,115)
	Movement in net debt in the year			4,688,563	(2,585,115)
	Opening net debt			(7,540,100)	(4,954,985)
	Closing net debt			(2,851,537)	(7,540,100)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

The directors have reviewed the company's financial position and financial forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. These forecasts have been based on a comprehensive review of revenue, expenditure and cashflows, taking into account the specific business risks outlined in the business review on page 1 and the uncertainties brought about by the current economic environment.

On the 28 May 2013, a Company Voluntary Arrangement with its outstanding creditors at that date were approved. Details of the arrangement can be found in note 20. Following the CVA, the company entered into a revised invoice financing facility with Aldermore Invoice Financing, allowing a maximum drawdown of 80% of sales ledger value. Following the arrangement, the directors anticipate reduced turnover as a result of focusing primarily upon design and sourcing, and by continuing to trade only with those customers with whom they can achieve higher margins. Customers will purchase stock directly from suppliers, resulting in reduced working capital requirements. A reduction in staff numbers will result in further cost savings. Taking the proposed changes into consideration, the directors consider the company to be a going concern.

If the company was unable to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet values to their recoverable amount and to provide for future liabilities that may arise and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets. However, the directors believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1 2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated)

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT, returns and trade discounts Turnover is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probably and the amount of revenue can be estimated reliably

#### 1.4 Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred Development expenditure is written off in the same way unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Plant and machinery
Fixtures, fittings & equipment

10 - 25% Straight line 10 5% - 20% Straight line

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 1.6 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### 1.7 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stock valuation is based on the current contract price as agreed with the supplier

#### 1.8 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

#### 19 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is only included to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

#### 1 10 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

#### 1 11 Comparative period

The comparative period relates to the 15 months ended 31 March 2011

#### 2 Turnover

#### Geographical market

	Turnover	
	2012	2011
	£	£
United Kingdom	33,199,678	37,357,306
USA	26,217	30,172
Europe	310,708	559,638
Africa, Asia and Australia	-	63,623
	33,536,603	38,010,739
	<del></del>	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

3	Operating loss	2012	2011
		£	£
	Operating loss is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	95,896	143,278
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	-	8,734
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	1,089	5,774
	Research and development	3,966	12,488
	Operating lease rentals	7.400	04.007
	- Plant and machinery	7,103	21,097
	- Other assets	332,711	449,444
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	31,300	39,225
	Corporation tax, accountancy and other services	9,808	20,559
		41,108	59,784 
4	Fundamental re-organisation	Year	Period
		ended	ended
		31 March	31 March
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Group indebtedness waived	1,368,827	-
	Onerous contracts	13,599	(84,025)
	Redundancy costs	(198,475) ————	(128,845)
		1,183,951	(212,870)
	As a result of a change of ownership in May 2011, the company benefitted from by companies in its former group	m a waiver of in	debtedness
5	Interest receivable	2012	2011
		£	£
	Bank interest	976	75
		976	75

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

6	Interest payable	2012 £	2011 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	163,659	139,969
7	Taxation	2012 £	2011 £
	Total current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax adjustment re previous year	15,004	-
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the period		
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(338,203)	(3,413,655)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of		
	UK corporation tax of 26 00% (2011 - 28 00%)	(87,933)	(955,823)
	Effects of		
	Non deductible expenses	3,039	19,811
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	24,933	42,563
	Adjustments to previous periods	-	(83,451)
	Utilisation of tax losses	59,961 ————	976,900
		87,933	955,823
	Current tax charge for the period	-	-
	•		

The company has estimated losses of £ 19,691,923 (2011 - £ 19,461,303) available for carry forward against future trading profits

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

8	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and	Eusturoo	Total
		machinery	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	TOtal
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2011	1,631,202	121,170	1,752,372
	Additions	-	33,943	33,943
	At 31 March 2012	1,631,202	155,113	1,786,315
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2011	1,480,225	42,519	1,522,744
	Charge for the year	82,515	13,381	95,896 ———
	At 31 March 2012	1,562,740	55,900	1,618,640
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2012	68,462	99,213	167,675
	At 31 March 2011	150,977	78,651	229,628
9	Stocks		2012 £	2011 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale		2,042,266	7,659,211 

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

10	Debtors	2012	2011
		£	£
	Trade debtors	3,555,587	2,863,190
	Amounts owed by parent company	4,928,416	5,441,490
	Corporation tax	-	15,004
	Other debtors	6,376	237,556
	Prepayments and accrued income	255,553	264,696
		8,745,932	8,821,936

The recoverability of the balance due from the holding company of £4,928,416 is dependent on the future profitability of the company. At 31 March 2012, the directors considered the balance to be recoverable. Since the year end, the company entered into a Company Voluntary Arrangement following a significant downturn in operating performance and the amount has subsequently been provided against in full

11	Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	2012	2011
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,864,264	7,573,488
	Trade creditors	3,415,185	4,200,175
	Amounts owed to former parent	-	5,308
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	-	211,950
	Taxes and social security costs	254,799	68,411
	Other creditors	7,858	7,247
	Accruals and deferred income	277,986	90,428
		6,820,092	12,157,007
		<del></del>	

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by an all assets debenture

#### 12 Provisions for liabilities

	£
Balance at 1 April 2011 Profit and loss account	732,401 (85,441)
Balance at 31 March 2012	646,960

Other

Included in provisions for liabilities are amounts totalling £646,960 in relation to onerous contracts whereby the company has committed to purchase and sell stock as at 31 March 2012. The amounts provided for relate to the expected losses from the sale of stock at below cost.

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

13	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments						
	Defined contribution						
	The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held						

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme.

	represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	61,202	96,120
14	Share capital	2012 £	2011 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	33,765,961 Ordinary shares of £1 each	33,765,961	33,765,961
15	Statement of movements on reserves		
		Other reserves (see below) £	Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 April 2011 Loss for the period	746,000	(30,657,206) (353,207)
	Balance at 31 March 2012	746,000	(31,010,413)
	Other reserves Capital redemption reserve		
	Balance at 1 April 2011 & at 31 March 2012	746,000	
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2012 £	2011 £
	Loss for the financial period	(353,207)	(3,413,655)
	Opening shareholders' funds	3,854,755	7,268,410
	Closing shareholders' funds	3,501,548	3,854,755

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### 17 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2012 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2013

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	-	_	1,632	3,231
Between two and five years	-	-	11,193	8,991
In over five years	311,100	311,100	-	-
	311,100	311,100	12,825	12,222
				<del></del>

The property lease was due to expire on 14 August 2017

#### 18 Employees

#### **Number of employees**

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the period was

polica was	2012 Number	2011 Number
Distribution	29	65
Administration	22	19
	51	84
Employment costs	2012 £	2011 £
	L	_
Wages and salaries	1,698,005	2,714,644
Social security costs	178,815	265,557
Other pension costs	61,202	96,120
	1,938,022	3,076,321
	<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

#### 19 Control

Until 17 May 2011, the ultimate parent company with a controlling interest was Dawson International plc, a company incorporated in Scotland. The largest group in which the results of the company were consolidated was that headed by Dawson International plc. The consolidated financial statements for Dawson International Plc can be obtained from its registered office at Burnfoot Industrial Estate, Hawick TD9 8RJ, Scotland.

On 17 May 2011 the entire share capital of the company was acquired by Brookmann Home Limited, now the immediate parent company. The ultimate parent company is Brookmann Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and the results of the company were consolidated into their accounts. The ultimate controlling parties are Myron Mann and Sally Johnson by virtue of their shareholding in the ultimate parent company.

#### 20 Post balance sheet events

On 28 May 2013, a Company Voluntary Arrangement with its outstanding creditors at that date was approved. As a result of the arrangement, the company agreed to make quarterly payments totalling £425,000 over a 5 year period to satisfy debts owed. Additionally, the company agreed to make an immediate payment of £150,000, and quarterly payments over a 5 year period totalling £600,000 to Aldermore. Invoice Finance to satisfy debts owing in relation to amounts outstanding under a superseeded invoice financing facility.

#### 21 Related party relationships and transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or the immediate parent company