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Singleton Birch Limited

Consolidated Financial Statements

31st March 2019

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Singleton Birch Limited (Registered number: 00009433)

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Singleton Birch Limited

Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2019

DIRECTORS: S R Counsell

S W Foster M J Gardiner M D Haworth R M Stansfield E P Tatterton

SECRETARY: E P Tatterton

REGISTERED OFFICE: Melton Ross Quarries

Barnetby

North Lincolnshire

DN38 6AE

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00009433 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Smailes Goldie

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street

Hull

East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

BANKERS: Handelsbanken

Unit 7, Europa Park

Appian Way Grimsby NE Lincolnshire DN31 2UT

SOLICITORS: Walker Morris

Kings Court 12 King Street Leeds LS1 2HL

Group Strategic Report for the year ended 31st March 2019

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31st March 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Sales	48,418	44,448
Operating profit	5,472	5,070
Profit before tax	5,027	5,631
Profit after tax	4,235	4,700
Dividends paid	1,131	1,030
Capital expenditure	7,801	6,958

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Sales turnover for the group increased by 8.2% to £48.42m and operating profit grew by 7.9% to £5.47m (2018: £5.07m). The profit before tax for 2018 included an exceptional provision release of £1m for Camp Wood Landfill therefore the underlying profit before tax of the group increased from by 8.6% to £5.03m (2018: £4.63m without exceptional item).

To ensure our diversification strategy continues to gain momentum, changes were made to the business and management structures. These took effect from 1st April 2018 creating new divisions within the group:

Birch Lime

The lime business has performed strongly in the Water and Energy from Waste sectors where our enhanced service provision differentiates us from our competitors. Sales to the steel sector were strong but underlying problems with global steel prices and raw material costs have started to affect the sector.

Birch Waste

The landfill business performed well and the new planning permission has extended the life of the site by over 20 years. Rigorous cost reduction measures have enabled the operation to remain competitive. The construction of a hazardous treatment plant is on hold whilst the landfill tax status of the output material is determined.

Birch Energy

Our three anaerobic digestion plants continue to perform well and are making a significant profit contribution. We are looking to attain a government grant to construct a further plant at Melton Ross to produce Bio-methane Fuel for vehicles. We have acquired a 25% stake in Rika Biogas Technologies Limited, a developer of engineering solutions for the biogas industry.

Birch Solutions

We acquired the remaining 24.9% stake in the UK service arm of our German technology provider, PlanET Biogas. We also acquired Minsterport, a provider of silo weighing systems and remote monitoring website technology. These acquisitions, together with our existing technical services capability in project and technical consulting services should provide significant future growth opportunities in this sector.

Birch Chemicals

Sales turnover of Birch Chemicals, which supplies specialist lime powders world-wide to the rubber and plastics industries, grew by 57% in the financial year though sales had started to slow in the last quarter due to a decline in production levels in the automotive sector and customer uncertainties due to Brexit.

Capital expenditure in the year was £7.8 million, ensuring that the asset base remains sound and included the construction of a new landfill cell, upgrading of quarry plant, the rebuilding of a kiln, enhanced emission abatement equipment and a new laboratory. Capital expenditure of around £8m is anticipated in 2019/20 which is spread across the different divisions.

The Board's strategy of capital investment, diversification of customers, products and services together with the development of new markets continues to be effective and has recently been validated given the uncertainty around the future of British Steel. While British Steel's business has significantly reduced as a percentage of total revenues it is still the group's major customer and closure would significantly affect profitability in the short to medium term.

It is proposed that a final dividend of £1.40 per share be payable on the 17th July 2019 giving a total dividend for 2018/19 of £2.10 per share (2017/18: £2.00 per share)

Group Strategic Report for the year ended 31st March 2019

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The possible closure of British Steel is a key business risk to the group. However, the success of the Board's diversification strategy in recent years has substantially moderated the impact of such an event.

Quarrying and lime production are high risk activities in relation to health and safety and environmental impact and the directors have established robust risk management systems to mitigate these risks and ensure legal compliance. The Company has obtained the Occupational Health and Safety Standard BS OHSAS 18001 and the Environmental Management Standard ISO 14001 which require audit by external accredited bodies. The Company has won a number of major awards over recent years from its trade body, the Mineral Products Association, for continued excellence in health and safety performance.

APPROVAL

The Strategic report was approved by the Board on 19 June 2019 and signed on its behalf by

S R Counsell - Chairman

19th June 2019

Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st March 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31st March 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the group in the year under review were those of quarrying, the manufacture, sale and distribution of lime products, landfill operations, energy generation, maintenance of biogas, biosolids and other plants, the sale and maintenance of electronic weighing equipment and remote monitoring website technology.

DIVIDENDS

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of £772,897 (140p per share) (2018 £745,293, 135p per share).

Interim dividends were paid during the year totalling £386,448 (70p per share) (2018 £352,304, 65p per share).

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st April 2018 to the date of this report.

S R Counsell

S W Foster

M J Gardiner

M D Haworth R M Stansfield

E P Tatterton

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Smailes Goldie, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S R Counsell - Chairman

19th June 2019

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Singleton Birch Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Singleton Birch Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31st March 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31st March 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Singleton Birch Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nicola Shipley FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Smailes Goldie Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

19th June 2019

Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

	Notes	2019 £'000	£'000	2018 £'000 £'000
	Notes	2.000	£ 000	£000 £000
TURNOVER	3		48,418	44,448
Cost of sales			34,362	32,237
GROSS PROFIT			14,056	12,211
Administrative expenses			8,586	7,144
		•	5,470	5,067
Other operating income			2	3
OPERATING PROFIT	6		5,472	5,070
Exceptional items	7			1,007
			5,472	6,077
Interest receivable and similar income			93	95
			5,565	6,172
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	498		485
Other finance costs	28	40	538	<u>56</u> <u>541</u>
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			5,027	5,631
Tax on profit	9		792	931
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			4,235	4,700
Profit attributable to:				
Owners of the parent			4,300	4,711
Non-controlling interests			<u>(65</u>)	(11)
			4,235	4,700

Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March 2019

	Notes	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		4,235	4,700
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Actuarial movements		(122)	137
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income	.	21	(23)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	₹	<u>(101</u>)	114
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	₹	4,134	<u>4,814</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests): :	4,199 <u>(65</u>)	4,825 (11)
		4,134	4,814

Singleton Birch Limited (Registered number: 00009433)

Consolidated Balance Sheet 31st March 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	12		894		2,718
Tangible assets	13		34,714		31,544
Investments	14		11		11
			35,619		34,273
			33,013		34,273
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	15	4,012		3,984	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one ye	ear 16	11,686		11,170	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more th	an				
one year	16	2,748		2,814	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>249</u>		<u> 174</u>	
ACEDITO DO		18,695		18,142	
CREDITORS	47	45 025		4.4.700	
Amounts falling due within one year	17	15,835		14,733	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,860		3,409
NET GOTTLENT AGGETG					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			38,479		37,682
			•		
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	18		(6,587)		(8,056)
	00		(E 040)		(5.000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	22		(5,213)		(5,286)
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	23		(29)		(34)
ACCITORED AND DEI EINED INCOME	20		(23)		(04)
PENSION LIABILITY	28		(1,356)		(1,915)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
NET ASSETS			25,294		22,391
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	24		552		552
Share premium	25		248		248
Capital redemption reserve	25		90		90
Retained earnings	25		24,404		21,512
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			25,294		22,402
SHARLHOLDERS FUNDS			25,234		22,702
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	26		_		(11)
· · · · · · · · · - · · · · ·	-		·		
TOTAL EQUITY			25,294		22,391

The financial sparements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19th June 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

S R Counsell - Chairman

M Stansfield - Director

Singleton Birch Limited (Registered number: 00009433)

Company Balance Sheet 31st March 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets .	12		-		2,300
Tangible assets	13		33,772		30,566
Investments	14		1,547		929
			35,319		33,795
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	15	3,641		3,612	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		13,700	•	12,977	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more tha	n				
one year	16	948		1,014	
Cash at bank and in hand		1		<u>27</u>	
		18,290		17,630	
CREDITORS		10,230			
Amounts falling due within one year	17	18,514		17,308	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(224)		322
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			35,095		34,117
			00,000		O 1, 1 1 1
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	18		(6,552)		(8,021)
you	.0		(0,002)		(0,021)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	22	•	(5,199)		(5,281)
-					
PENSION LIABILITY	28		<u>(1,356</u>)		(1,915)
NET ACCETS			24 000		48 000
NET ASSETS			21,988		<u>18,900</u>
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,)				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	24		552		552
Share premium	25		248		248
Capital redemption reserve	25		90		90
Retained earnings	25		21,098		18,010
•		•			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			21,988		18,900
					
					•
Company's profit for the financial year			4,320		4,460
company o promiter the interioral year					

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19th June 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

S R Counsell - Chairman

R M Stansfield - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2019

		Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Share premium £'000
Balance at 1st April 2017		542	17,717	153
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income		10 - -	(1,030) 4,825	95 - -
Balance at 31st March 2018		552	21,512	248
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Acquisition of non-controlling interest	*	- -	(1,131) 4,199 (176)	- - -
Balance at 31st March 2019	:	552	24,404	248
	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Total £'000	Non-controlling interests £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1st April 2017	90	18,502	-	18,502
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	105 (1,030) 4,825	(11)	105 (1,030) 4,814
Balance at 31st March 2018	90	22,402	<u>(11</u>)	22,391
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Acquisition of non-controlling interest	- - -	(1,131) 4,199 (176)	- (65) 76	(1,131) 4,134 (100)
Balance at 31st March 2019	90	25,294		25,294

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2019

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Share premium £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1st April 2017	542	14,466	153	90	15,251
Changes in equity					
Issue of share capital	10	-	95	-	105
Dividends	-	(1,030)	-	-	(1,030)
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	4,574	. -	<u> </u>	4,574
Balance at 31st March 2018	552	18,010	248	90	18,900
Changes in equity					
Dividends	-	(1,131)	-	-	(1,131)
Total comprehensive income	-	4,219	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,219
Balance at 31st March 2019	552	21,098	248	90	21,988

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

N	lotes	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	9,132	7,912
Interest paid		(498)	(485)
Tax paid		(752)	(216)
Net cash from operating activities		<u> 7,882</u>	<u>7,211</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(41)	-
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(7,469)	(6,100)
Purchase of fixed asset investments		· ·	(1)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		458	596
Acquisition of subsidiary		(218)	(331)
Cash acquired with subsidiary		32	56
Interest received		<u>93</u>	<u>95</u>
Net cash from investing activities		<u>(7,145)</u>	<u>(5,685</u>)
Cash flows from financing activities		(4.000)	(4.040)
Loan repayments in year		(1,292)	(1,249)
Capital repayments in year Share issue		(558)	(1,084) 105
Equity dividends paid		(1,131)	(1,030)
Equity dividends paid		(1,131)	(1,030)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>(2,981</u>)	<u>(3,258</u>)
			. ——
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,244)	(1,732)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		(2,244)	(1,732)
of year	2	(1,031)	701
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	(3,275)	<u>(1,031</u>)

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Profit before taxation	5,027	5,631
Depreciation charges	4,235	3,658
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(254)	(18)
Additional pension contributions	(637)	(229)
Benefits paid regarding past directors	(84)	(81)
Loss on settlement of carbon units	307	· 1
Landfill provision/discount unwind	185	(1,007)
Finance costs	538	541
Finance income	<u>(93</u>)	<u>(95</u>)
	9,224	8,401
Increase in stocks	(11)	(616)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(302)	236
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	221 .	<u>(109</u>)
Cash generated from operations	<u>9,132</u>	7,912

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Voor	ended	210+	March	2010
TPAL	ennen	3151	warch	70179

Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	31.3.19 £'000 249 (<u>3,524</u>)	1.4.18 £'000 174 (1,205)
	<u>(3,275</u>)	<u>(1,031</u>)
Year ended 31st March 2018	31.3.18 £'000	1.4.17 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	174 (<u>1,205</u>)	701
	<u>(1,031</u>)	<u>701</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

3. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS

On 30th November 2018 the company acquired 100% of the share capital of Minsterport Limited and 60% of the share capital of Dedicated VMI Systems Limited. The remaining 40% of the share capital of Dedicated VMI Systems is owned by Minterport Limited and as such the company has an effective holding of 100%. These have been consolidated using the acquisition method. The combined assets and liabilities obtained are set out below.

Net assets acquired	£'000
Tangible fixed assets	8
Stocks	17
Debtors	125
Cash at bank	32
Creditors	(140)
Net assets acquired	42
Goodwill recognised on acquisition	476
	518
Satisfied by	
Cash	218
Deferred consideration	300
Deletted consideration	
	518

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Singleton Birch Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information and basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The group accounts consolidate the accounts of the Company and all its subsidiary undertakings at 31 March 2019 using acquisition accounting.

Joint ventures

Joint ventures are measured using the equity method approach subject to impairment reviews.

Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Directors have taken note of the guidance issued by the Financial Reporting Council on Going Concern Assessments in determining that this is the appropriate basis of preparation of the financial statements and have considered a number of factors. This has specifically included reviewing banking facilities in place and detailed forecasting using sensitivity analysis to ensure that the worst case scenario situation does not put the going concern concept at risk. As a consequence, the Directors believe that the Parent Company and Group are well placed to manage their business risks successfully despite the uncertainties surrounding the current general economic outlook.

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Parent Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding UK landfill tax and aggregate levy and net of VAT, intra-group transactions, rebates and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

Turnover from the sales of goods and services is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually on shipment, completion of the product or the service being ready for delivery, based on specific contract terms.

Intangible assets - goodwill

Goodwill arising on business combinations is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The period chosen for writing off goodwill is 10 years and provisions are made for any impairment following annual reviews.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Carbon emission allowances

The Group has energy activities that are subject to the European carbon emissions trading scheme and is allocated carbon emissions allowances by the UK government. The accounting treatment for such allowances was the subject of a draft UITF abstract issued in May 2003. Following a period of consultation, the UITF decided not to issue a final abstract due to reservations about the recommended treatments of gains and losses and uncertainty about the future accounting treatment of government grants.

The directors have considered the proposed treatment in the abstract and, in light of the decision of the UITF to delay the release of definitive guidance on the treatment of emissions allowances, have chosen not to follow the treatment included in the draft abstract. Instead, they have adopted a policy which they consider most fairly represents the position at the year end and the net income or expenditure for the year.

Purchased allowances are recognised within intangible assets at their initial cost and reviewed at the end of each reporting period for evidence of impairment at which point they are written down to their recoverable amount.

Allowances received free of charge from the UK government are accounted for in accordance with SSAP 4 'Accounting for government grants' and the Group recognises an intangible asset and deferred income equal to the market value of those allowances at the date of receipt. This deferred income is amortised to the profit and loss account over the related compliance period on a straight line basis.

The Group also records a liability to reflect its obligation to deliver allowances based upon actual carbon emissions at the end of each reporting period. This liability is measured at the amounts expected to be incurred in settling the liability as follows:

- To the extent that the obligation can be met from allowances already held, it is measured at the carrying amount of the allowances held.
- To the extent that the obligation cannot be met from allowances already held, it is measured at the market price of allowances (or a contracted forward rate if such a forward purchase arrangement exists).

When the Group sells allowances to a third party in exchange for cash, the gain (or loss) on disposal, representing the excess (or shortfall) of proceeds over carrying value is reflected in the profit and loss account. When the Group exchanges allowances for other non-monetary assets, including allowances of a different type, the gain (or loss) reflected in the profit and loss account represents the difference between the market value of allowances received and the carrying value of those exchanged, on the date of exchange.

The directors will continue to review the appropriateness of this policy as further guidance develops in this area.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes those costs that are directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Long leasehold property

Plant and machinery

Landfill site

5% - 10% per annum on cost
5% - 33% per annum on cost
5% - 33% per annum on cost

Landfill site

Construction, commissioning costs and the discounted cost of final site restoration are capitalised. These costs are written off over the operational life of the site based upon the amount of waste deposited in the year. The landfill costs of construction and restoration are reviewed annually by the directors and triennially by qualified consultants. The last professional review was undertaken in the 2018 financial year.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised when it is reasonable to expect that the grants will be received and that all related conditions will be met, usually on submission of a valid claim for payment. Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments. Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing stock to its present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out basis. Provision is made for damaged, obsolete and slow-moving stock where appropriate.

Tax

Current tax represents the amount payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recognised by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated using the closing rate.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period using the effective interest method. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Employee benefits

Where employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

The company operates a defined contribution pension plan for the benefit of its employees. Contributions are expensed as they become payable.

The company also operates a defined benefit pension plan for the benefit of its employees. A liability for the company's obligations under the plan is recognised net of plan assets. The net change in the net defined benefit liability is recognised as the cost of the defined benefit plan during the period. Pension plan assets are measured at fair value and the defined benefit obligation is measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method. Actuarial valuations are obtained annually and are updated at each balance sheet date.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Derivatives

Where material to the financial statements, derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value at the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The company uses derivatives to protect against fluctuations in interest rates. The fair value is determined by annual valuations from the Group's bank.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably measured.

Site restoration

Full provision is made for the net present value (NPV) of the Group's minimum unavoidable costs in relation to restoration liabilities at the landfill site and this is capitalised as a fixed asset.

The Group provides for the NPV of intermediate restoration costs over the life of the landfill site, based on the quantity of waste deposited in the year.

Aftercare provision

Provision is made for the NPV of post closure costs based on the quantity of waste deposited in the year. Similar costs incurred during the operational life of the landfill site are written off directly and not charged against the provision.

Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are included at cost unless, in the opinion of the directors, there is a permanent diminution in the value of these investments, in which case a provision is made against the deficit.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activities of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	United Kingdom	45,884	42,684
	Europe	498	476
	Rest of world		1,288
		48,418	44,448
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	6,263	5,222
	Social security costs	656	574
	Other pension costs	753	659
	Other pension costs		
		7,672	6,455

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2019	2018
	Executive Directors Production Administration	76 67	4 67 60
		<u>147</u>	<u>131</u>
5.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	2019	2018
	Directors' remuneration	£ 857,729	£ 816,198
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Defined benefit schemes	3	3
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2019	2018
	Emoluments etc	£ 246,445	£ 233,535

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £21,630 (2018 £21,000).

The total value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the directors amounted to £49,795 (2018 £47,882).

Included in remuneration are fees payable to Non-Executive directors of £103,701 (2018 £100,683).

6. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - leased assets Profit on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration - non audit fees Foreign exchange differences Release of government grant Other operating leases Operating expense arising from carbon emissions allowances	2019 £'000 3,872 363 (254) - 35 12 (16) (5) 42 307	2018 £'000 3,221 423 (18) 14 27 12 52 (5) 19
7.	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
	Exceptional items	2019 £'000	2018 £'000 <u>1,007</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

During the prior year, landfill costs relating to construction and restoration of cells were reassessed by qualified consultants following the company receiving planning permission to develop the site. The operational life of the site was extended by a further 18 years, resulting in additional costs expected on the construction and restoration of the landfill cells.

As a result, an exceptional item totalling £1,007,433 was credited to the profit and loss account, representing the adjustments to previously recognised depreciation charges (£38,506), aftercare costs (£54,505), and unwinding of discount charges (£914,422).

2019	2018
£'000	£'000
462	422
36	63
498	485
	462 36 498

9. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax Prior year under provision	468	615 21
Total current tax	468	636
Deferred tax	324	295
Tax on profit	<u>792</u>	<u>931</u>

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2019 £'000 <u>5,027</u>	2018 £'000 <u>5,631</u>
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)	955	1,070
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Additional deductions for qualifying R&D expenditure Consortium Relief Differences arising from change in tax rates	29 (137) (15) (40)	61 21 (106) (22) (93)
Total tax charge	<u>792</u>	<u>931</u>

Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income

	2019		
	Gross	Tax	Net
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Actuarial movements	<u>(122</u>)	<u>21</u>	<u>(101</u>)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

9. TAXATION - continued

•	2018		
	Gross	Tax	Net
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Actuarial movements	137	(23)	114

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for 2018/19 was 19%, Reductions in standard rate UK corporation tax have been announced and the rate will be 17% from 1 April 2020.

The expected net reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities in 2019 is £351,777. This is due to the reversal of accelerated capital allowances and short term timing differences.

10. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

11. DIVIDENDS

	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Ordinary Shares of £1 each Final dividend year ended 31st March 2018 (135p per share) Interim dividend (70p per share)	745 	678 <u>352</u>
	<u>1,131</u>	1,030

12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

·		Carbon	
	Goodwill	units	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST			
At 1st April 2018	2,754	2,300	5,054
Additions	-	41	41
Disposals	-	(2,341)	(2,341)
Acquisition of subsidiary	<u>476</u>		476
At 31st March 2019	3,230		3,230
AMORTISATION			
At 1st April 2018			
and 31st March 2019	<u>2,336</u>		2,336
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st March 2019	<u>894</u>		<u>894</u>
At 31st March 2018	418	2,300	2,718
			

For the group and the company, the decrease in carbon units is due to the uncertainty of Brexit. In a no deal scenario the UK will be excluded from participating in the EU Emissions Trading System (EU ETS) and therefore the company has not received any free allowance of carbon units for the period 1st January 2019 to 31st December 2019 and as such no asset has been recognised.

For the group and the company, the aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised during the year as an expense was £553,726 (2018: £429,058).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company

• •		Carbon	
	Goodwill	units	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST			
At 1st April 2018	2,242	2,300	4,542
Additions	, ·	41	41
Disposals	.	<u>(2,341</u>)	<u>(2,341</u>)
At 31st March 2019	2,242		2,242
AMORTISATION			
At 1st April 2018			
and 31st March 2019	_2,242	<u> </u>	2,242

13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2019

At 31st March 2018

Group					
	Freehold	Landfill	Long	Plant and	
	property	Site	leasehold	machinery	Totals
	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£,000
COST	440	40.404	4.040	05.054	400.005
At 1st April 2018	118	13,404	4,312	85,051	102,885
Additions	-	1,186	607	6,008	7,801
Disposals	-	-	-	(1,462)	(1,462)
Acquisition of subsidiary	•	-	-	32	32
Restoration provision					
adjustment		<u>(479</u>)	-		<u>(479</u>)
At 31st March 2019	118	14,111	4,919	89,629	108,777
DEPRECIATION					
At 1st April 2018	•	7,143	3,337	60,861	71,341
Charge for year	-	505	118	3,612	4,235
Eliminated on disposal	-	•	•	(1,258)	(1,258)
Acquisition of subsidiary	_	-	-	23	23
Restoration provision					
adjustment	-	(278)	-		<u>(278</u>)
At 31st March 2019		7,370	2 455	62 220	74.063
At 31st March 2019	-		<u>3,455</u>	<u>63,238</u>	<u>74,063</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31st March 2019	118	<u>6,741</u>	<u>1,464</u>	<u>26,391</u>	34,714
At 31st March 2018	118	6,261	975	24,190	31,544

Included within tangible fixed assets of the group and the company are net book values of finance leases/hire purchase contracts of £921,372 (2018: £1,148,195).

The landfill costs of construction and restoration are reviewed annually by the directors and triennially by qualified consultants. The last professional review was undertaken in the 2018 financial year. The adjustment to landfill site comprises the net present value of the future restoration expenditure which the Group is obliged to undertake by the permission under which it operates the landfill site. The corresponding entry is included within provisions at note 22.

<u>2,3</u>00

2,300

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company

At 31st March 2019

NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2019

At 31st March 2018

. ,	Freehold property £'000	Landfill Site £'000	Long leasehold £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Totals £'000
COST					
At 1st April 2018	118	13,404	4,312	83,815	101,649
Additions	-	1,186	607	5,923	7,716
Disposals Restoration provision	-	•	-	(1,453)	(1,453)
adjustment .		<u>(479</u>)		·	<u>(479</u>)
At 31st March 2019	118	<u> 14,111</u>	4,919	88,285	107,433
DEPRECIATION					
At 1st April 2018	-	7,143	3,337	60,603	71,083
Charge for year	-	505	118	3,483	4,106
Eliminated on disposal Restoration provision	-	-	-	(1,250)	(1,250)
adjustment		(278)	_		(278)

7,370

6,741

6,261

118

118

3,455

1,464

975

62,836

25,449

23,212

73,661

33,772

30,566

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

14. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Group

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date include the following:

Subsidiaries

Name of company	Class of share	% Holding	Nature of business
Birch Chemicals Limited (formerly			
Innovo Chemicals Limited)	Ordinary	100%	Chemical processing and distribution
Birch Energy Limited	Ordinary	100%	Renewable Energy
Birch Haulage Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Biolime Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Lime Products Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Minerals Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Birch Solutions (Technical Services) Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Woldlime Limited Birch Solutions UK Limited (formerly	Ordinary	100%	Dormant Maintenance of biogas biosolids and
PlanET Biogas UK Limited)	Ordinary	75.1%	other plants

All of the above investments were held directly by the company for the whole period.

During the year the company acquired shares in the following companies:

Birch Solutions UK Limited (formerly			Maintenance of biogas, biosolids and
PlanET Biogas UK Limited)	Ordinary	24.9%	other plants
_			Sale and maintenance of electronic
Minsterport Limited	Ordinary	100%	weighing equipment
Dedicated VMI systems Limited	Ordinary	100%	Remote monitoring website technology

The investments are measured at cost less impairment where appropriate, on the basis they represent shares in entities that are not publicly traded. The registered office is Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire, DN38 6AE.

Joint Ventures

The group has a 50% holding in Laynes Green Energy Limited, a company registered in the UK. The registered office is Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby, North Lincolnshire, DN38 6AE.

The joint venture has traded during the year ended 31 March 2019. The carrying amount of the investment is £nil due to its negative reserves at 31 March 2019 exceeding the initial cost of investment. The company receives interest from loan notes issued to Laynes Green Energy as disclosed at note 31. The directors are confident in the long term future of Laynes Green Energy.

Company

Shares in group undertakings

	£'000
COST AND NET BOOK VALUE At 1st April 2018 Additions in year	918 618
At 31st March 2019	1,536
Unlisted Investments – Rika Biogas Technologies Limited (10% of ordinary shares)	£'000
COST AND NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2019	11
At 31st March 2018	11

On 3rd April 2019 the company acquired an additional 15% of the share capital of Rika Biogas Technologies Limited.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

15. STOCKS

	Gro	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Stocks	4,012	<u>3,984</u>	3,641	3,612	

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £13,506,454 (2018 £11,541,557) for the group, and £12,468,632 (2018 £11,192,372) for the company.

16. **DEBTORS**

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	10,492	9,392	9,727	8,883
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	2,996	2,500
Tax	24	-	61	-
VAT	133	56	•	-
Prepayments and accrued income	1,037	1,722	<u>916</u>	1,594
	44.000	44.470	40.700	40.077
	11,686	11,170	<u>13,700</u>	12,977
•				
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Amounts owed by joint ventures	1,800	1,800	•	-
Prepayments and accrued income	948	<u>1,014</u>	948	<u>1,014</u>
	<u>2,748</u>	<u>2,814</u>	<u>948</u>	<u>1,014</u>
Aggregate emounts	44 424	12 004	14 640	12 001
Aggregate amounts	<u>14,434</u>	<u>13,984</u>	14,648	13,991

Included in prepayments, of the group and the company, is £1,013,000 (2018: £1,079,000) in respect of an 8MVA cable to the site. The prepayment is being released over 25 years.

17. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 19)	4,866	2,498	4,866	2,498
Hire purchase contracts (see note 20)	346	444	346	444
Trade creditors	5,536	6,533	5,229	6,148
Amounts owed to group undertakings		-	3,186	3,186
Tax	-	211	-	196
Social security and other taxes	2,210	543	2,174	536
Other creditors	1,151	837	1,133	836
Accruals and deferred income	<u>1,726</u>	3,667	<u>1,580</u>	<u>3,464</u>
	15,835	14,733	18,514	17,308

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

18. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans (see note 19)	6,166	7,507	6,166	7,507
Hire purchase contracts (see note 20)	386	514	386	514
Other creditors	35	35	<u></u>	
	<u>6,587</u>	<u>8,056</u>	6,552	8,021

19. LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:				
Bank overdrafts	3,524	1,205	3,524	1,205
Bank loans	1,342	1,293	1,342	1,293
	<u>4,866</u>	2,498	4,866	2,498
Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u>1,393</u>	1,342	<u>1,393</u>	1,342
Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years	3,941	4,525	3,941	4,525
Amounts falling due in more than five years: Repayable by instalments Bank loans - more than 5 years	<u>832</u>	<u>1,640</u>	<u>832</u>	1,640

Bank loan terms of repayment are over quarterly instalments and the interest is payable as follows:

^{- £2.5}m at a weighted average fixed rate of 5.3%

^{- £7.5}m at a variable interest rate of LIBOR + 2.85% to 5.3%.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

20. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group		
Group	Hire purchas	se contracts
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Gross obligations repayable:		
Within one year	401	492
Between one and five years	398	558
	<u> 799</u>	<u>1,050</u>
Electric de conservation		
Finance charges repayable: Within one year	55	48
Between one and five years	12	44
between one and nee years		
	67	92
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	346	444 .
Between one and five years	<u> 386</u>	514
	700	050
	<u>732</u>	<u>958</u>
Commany		
Company	Hire purchas	se contracts
	2019	2018
	£,000	£'000
Gross obligations repayable:		
Within one year	401	492
Between one and five years	<u>398</u>	<u>558</u>
	<u>799</u>	<u>1,050</u>
Cinema aberrae renevable:		
Finance charges repayable: Within one year	55	48
Between one and five years	12	44
Dottion and invo your		
	67	92
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	346	444
Between one and five years	<u> 386</u>	<u>514</u>
	722	958
•	<u>732</u>	
Group		
- Cup	Non-cancella	ble operating
	leas	
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Within one year	13	24
Between one and five years	11	2
		22
·	<u>24</u>	26

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

LEASING AGREEMENTS - continued

Company

Сопрапу	Non-can	cellable operating leases
	2019	2018
,	£'000	£'000
Within one year		3

· 21. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Gro	oup
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdrafts	. 3,524	1,205
Bank loans	7,508	8,800
Hire purchase contracts	732	985
	11,764	10,990

The bank loans, overdraft and hire purchase contracts are secured by way of a legal charge and a debenture over the land, reserves and plant and machinery at Melton Ross.

22. **PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES**

	Group		Comp	oany
Deferred tax	2019 £'000 916	2018 £'000 613	2019 £'000 902	2018 £'000 608
Deletica tax				
Other provisions				
Site restoration	4,019	4,049	4,019	4,049
Aftercare provision Carbon units	106 172	92 532	106 172	92 532
	4,297	4,673	4,297	4,673
Aggregate amounts	5,213	5,286	5,199	<u>5,281</u>
				
Group				
Group		•	Deferred	Other
			tax	provisions
D. January at 4-1 April 2040			£'000	£'000
Balance at 1st April 2018 Provided during year			613 303	4,673 1,972
Utilised during year			303	(2,341)
Unwinding of discount amount			-	181
Amounts released in year			-	13
Restoration provision adjustment			· -	<u>(201</u>)
Balance at 31st March 2019			<u>916</u>	4,297

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

22. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Company				
				Deferred tax	Other provisions
				£'000	£'000
	Balance at 1st April 2018			608	4,673
	Provided during year Utilised during year			294 -	1,972 (2,341)
	Unwinding of discount amount			-	181
	Amounts released in year Restoration provision adjustment			•	13 (201)
	•				
	Balance at 31st March 2019			<u>902</u>	<u>4,297</u>
23.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME				
				Gro	oup
		٠		2019 £'000	2018 £'000
	Deferred government grants			29	34
					
24.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:		Manatani	0040	0040
	Number: Class:		Nominal value:	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
	552,069 Ordinary Shares		£1	<u>552</u>	552
25.	RESERVES				
	Group				
	·	54.	0.	Capital	
		Retained earnings	Share premium	redemption reserve	Totals
·		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	At 1st April 2018	21,512	248	90	21,850
	Profit for the year Dividends	4,300 (1,131)			4,300 (1,131)
	Actuarial movements	(101)	-	-	(101)
	Acquisition of non-controlling interest	<u>(176</u>)		-	<u>(176</u>)
	At 31st March 2019	24,404	248	90	24,742
	Company				
	• •	54:4	0.	Capital	
		Retained earnings	Share premium	redemption reserve	Totals
		£'000	£,000	£'000	£,000
	At 1st April 2018	18,010	248	90	18,348
	Profit for the year Dividends	4,320 (1,131)			4,320 (1,131)
	Actuarial movements	(1,131) (101)			(1,131) (101)
	At 31st March 2019	21,098	<u>248</u>	90	21,436

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

25. RESERVES - continued

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represents cumulative profits and losses net of dividends and other adjustments

Share Premium

The share premium account represents the premium arising on the issue of shares net of issue costs.

Capital Redemption Reserve

The capital redemption reserve represents the company's repurchase of own shares.

26. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

On 29th March 2019 the company acquired the remaining 24.9% of the share capital of Birch Solutions UK Limited (formerly PlanET Biogas UK Limited) increasing its shareholding to 100%. The transaction has been accounted for as a transaction between equity holders. The difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest was adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid has been recognised directly in equity and attributed to equity holders.

27. NON-CONTROLLING INVESTMENTS

The group has a 50% holding in Laynes Green Energy Limited, and a 10% holding in Rika Biogas Technologies Limited.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

General

The group operates several pension schemes for qualifying employees, the major scheme providing benefits on the final pensionable earnings for its members. The assets of the scheme are held in separate Trustee administered funds.

Group personal pension plan (defined contribution scheme)

A group personal pension scheme was introduced with effect from 1 April 2001. This is offered to all employees, the company contributes 14% of earnings into the scheme and the employee has the opportunity to top up this amount to HMRC maximum limits. The charge for the year amounted to £677,271 (2018 £605,485). There were no amounts outstanding as at 31st March 2019 (2018 £Nil).

Defined benefit schemes

The Singleton Birch Retirement Benefits Scheme was closed to new members on 1 April 2001 and replaced with a group personal pension plan. From 1 April 2008 the scheme was closed for future accrual and members have been transferred to the group personal pension scheme for the remainder of their service.

The company also operates a defined benefit pension plan for previous directors. The pension plan is an unfunded arrangement and has been recognised on the balance sheet of the company.

The net deficit of the schemes at 31st March 2019 was £1,356,026 (2018 £1,914,741), as detailed below

An additional contribution of £637,000 (2018 £229,000) has been made to the Singleton Birch Retirement Benefits Scheme together with £64,000 (2018 £52,000) for the expenses of managing and administering the scheme. The group does not expect to contribute to the scheme in the period commencing 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020. Included in benefits paid are contributions of £84,000 (2018 £81,000) in respect of past directors.

The most recent comprehensive actuarial valuation of the pension plan assets and present value of the defined benefit obligation was carried out at 31 March 2018 and was updated to 31 March 2019 by a qualified actuary, independent of the schemes sponsoring employer.

-	.,	cognised in the period was as follows:
I DO MOIOR SECUMPTIONS LICAR N	u tha actuanu an total coet re	counteed in the period was as tollows.

Current service cost £'000 £'000 Net interest expense 40 56 Actuarial losses/(gains) 122 (137) Recognised in profit or loss 40 56 Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 F'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 The present value of the unfunded pension obligations relate to former directors.
Net interest expense 40 56 Actuarial losses/(gains) 122 (137) Recognised in profit or loss 40 56 Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Actuarial losses/(gains) 122 (137) Recognised in profit or loss Recognised in other comprehensive income 40 56 Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Recognised in profit or loss 40 56 Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Recognised in other comprehensive income 122 (137) Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Total cost recognised 162 (81) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Amounts recognised in the balance sheet were as follows: 2019 2018 £'000 £'000 Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Fresent value of funded obligations £'000 £'000 Present value of unfunded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Present value of funded obligations (30,952) (31,241) Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Present value of unfunded obligations (1,177) (1,272) Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,356) (1,915)
Fair value of plan assets 30,773 30,598 (1,915)
The present value of the unfunded pension obligations relate to former directors.
The present value of the unfunded pension obligations relate to former directors.
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations were as follows:
2019 2018
£'000 £'000
Opening defined benefit obligation 32,865
Interest cost 811 839
Actuarial losses 226 1
Benefits paid (1,421) (1,193)
Closing defined benefit obligation 32,129 32,513

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

Changes in the fair value of the pension plan assets were as follows:		
orlanges in the fair value of the pension plan assets were as follows.	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
	2 000	2.000
Opening plan assets	30,598	30,560
Interest income	771	
		783
Actuarial gains	104	138
Contributions made by the company	637	229
Benefits paid	<u>(1,337</u>)	(1,112)
Closing plan assets	30,773	30,598
The amount that each major close of nancian plan access constitutes of the	fair value of the tota	al plan accete was
The amount that each major class of pension plan assets constitutes of the as follows:	e fair value of the total	ai pian assets was
46 1010110.	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
	2 000	2.000
Bonds	15,577	15,446
	14,919	15,000
Diversified growth	-	•
Other	277	152
	20.772	20 500
	30,773	30,598
The return on plan assets was as follows:		
The retain on plan assets was as follows.	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Interest income	771	783
Actual return on plan assets	104	138
	075	024
	<u>875</u>	921
The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:		
the principal actualist accumplished accumpl	2019	2018
	2010	2010
Discount rate	2.30%	2.55%
Inflation (RPI)	3.25%	3.40%
Allowance for revaluation of deferred pensions of RPI or 5% p.a. if less	3.25%	3.40%
Allowance for pension in payment increases of RPI or 5% p.a. if less	3.10%	3.25%
Allowance for pension in payment increases of RPI or 5% p.a. if less,	0.700/	0.750/
minimum 3% p.a.	3.70%	3.75%
		100% of Post A
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	Day	Day
	•	
The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2019 imply the following life	e expectancies	
The mentality decemption decepted at or major 2010 imply the following in	o expectationes	
	2019	2018
	•	
Males retiring at balance sheet date	24.9 years	25.1 years
Females retiring at balance sheet date	27.0 years	27.1 years
Males retiring in 20 years	26.2 years	26.6 years
Females retiring in 20 years	28.3 years	28.8 years
, smaller failing in 20 yours	±0.0 years	20.0 years

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has given a guarantee in respect of a renewable bond for the purpose of securing the performance and observation of the provisions of the waste management licence at Camp Wood Landfill. Barnetby, North Lincolnshire. The bond is in place for a period of three years and shall be renewed at least two months before its expiry. The bonded sum at 31 March 2019 was £1,112,711 (2018: £1,313,979).

The company has been issued with a notice for assessment for under-declared landfill tax amounting to £8,726,717 plus interest accrued. The company is challenging the assessment with the support of the customer who is contractually responsible for payment of this amount such that there will be no outflow of resources embodying economic benefits required to settle this obligation. The directors do not believe that any other material liabilities will arise as a result of this dispute.

30. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Contracted but not provided for in the		-
financial statements	3,456	<u>2,460</u>

31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The group has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 33 'Related Party Transactions' not to disclose any transactions between wholly owned members of the group.

Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence

Linduce ever without the criticy has control, joint control of significant minders	,,	
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Recharges at cost	332	224
Purchases	(158)	(37)
Loan note interest received	90	90
Loan notes	1,800	1,800
Amount due from related party	•	50
Amount due to related party	<u>118</u>	278
Key management personnel of the entity or its parent (in the aggregate)		
•	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Remuneration	1,196	1,048

32. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

Singleton Birch Limited is the parent company, and the Katherine Martin Trust is the ultimate controlling party by virtue of its majority shareholding in the company.