

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022
FOR
BAXTER DEVELOPMENTS LTD

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022**

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BAXTER DEVELOPMENTS LTD

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022**

DIRECTORS:

C Russell
Mrs J Russell

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Unit 4 22 Churchill Tower
South Harbour Street
Ayr
Ayrshire
KA7 1JT

REGISTERED NUMBER:

SC653579 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Bannerman Johnstone Maclay
213 St Vincent Street
Glasgow
G2 5QY

BAXTER DEVELOPMENTS LTD (REGISTERED NUMBER: SC653579)**BALANCE SHEET
28 FEBRUARY 2022**

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investment property	4		436,800		436,800
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	1,265		3,736	
Cash at bank		<u>57,238</u>		<u>28,785</u>	
		58,503		32,521	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>438,092</u>		<u>441,502</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(379,589)</u>		<u>(408,981)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>57,211</u>		<u>27,819</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>57,111</u>		<u>27,719</u>
			<u>57,211</u>		<u>27,819</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 June 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

C Russell - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Baxter Developments Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include certain debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transactions costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including certain creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2021 - 2) .

4. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Total £
FAIR VALUE	
At 1 March 2021	
and 28 February 2022	<u>436,800</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 28 February 2022	<u>436,800</u>
At 28 February 2021	<u>436,800</u>

Investment Property was valued on an open market basis on 28 February 2022 by the directors.

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	1,165	3,636
Other debtors	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
	<u>1,265</u>	<u>3,736</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	118	-
Taxation and social security	6,894	6,502
Other creditors	<u>431,080</u>	<u>435,000</u>
	<u>438,092</u>	<u>441,502</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.