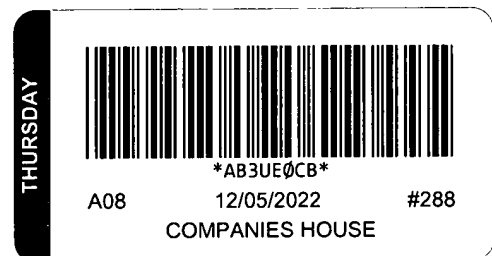


# Simarc Property Management Limited

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended

31 December 2021



Company Registration No. 01961895

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

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### DIRECTORS

M Platt  
L Padulli  
N Chambers  
P Langford

### SECRETARY

N Chambers

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Botanic House  
Hills Road  
Cambridge  
CB2 1PH

### AUDITOR

RSM UK Audit LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
25 Farringdon Street  
London  
EC4A 4AB

### SOLICITORS

Mills and Reeve LLP  
Botanic House  
Hills Road  
Cambridge  
CB2 1PH

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# Simarc Property Management Limited

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# Simarc Property Management Limited

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2021

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The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are set out in the income statement on page 6. A dividend of £750,000 was paid during the year (2020: £100,000).

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company during the year under review is that of property management and there were no significant changes during the year.

### GOING CONCERN

The directors have considered whether the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate with reference to profit, cash flow forecasts and also considering the worldwide pandemic of Covid-19 that struck in early 2020. The directors have concluded that the company has access to adequate resources which will enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. These resources are detailed in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Albanwise Wallace Estates Limited, and the directors of that entity have confirmed ongoing support for the company in writing. For these reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company since 1 January 2021 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements were as follows:

M Platt  
L Padulli  
N Chambers  
P Langford

### AUDITOR

The auditor RSM UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants, has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

### SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemption.

By order of the board



N Chambers  
Secretary  
12 April 2022

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIMARC PROPERTY MANAGEMENT LIMITED**

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### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Simarc Property Management Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIMARC PROPERTY MANAGEMENT LIMITED**

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### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### **The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SIMARC PROPERTY MANAGEMENT LIMITED**

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In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in and how the company is complying with the legal and regulatory frameworks;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, the Companies Act 2006, tax compliance regulations and property law regulations. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures, inspecting correspondence with local tax authorities and evaluating advice received from internal/external tax advisors.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls and revenue recognition as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities> This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

*Stacy Eden*

STACY EDEN (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor  
Chartered Accountants  
25 Farringdon Street  
London  
EC4A 4AB

Date: 19/04/22

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	For the year ended 31 December 2021 £	For the year ended 31 December 2020 £
TURNOVER		5,064,978	4,168,368
Administrative expenses		(3,458,474)	(3,065,474)
OPERATING PROFIT		<u>1,606,504</u>	<u>1,102,894</u>
Investment income	4	750,000	350,000
Interest receivable and similar income	5	149	3,308
Other operating income		-	81,999
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	6	<u>2,356,653</u>	<u>1,538,201</u>
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	(42,174)	305,001
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION AND PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u><u>2,314,479</u></u>	<u><u>1,843,202</u></u>

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

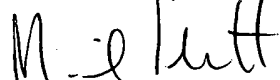
At 31 December 2021

Company No. 01961895

	Notes	As at 31 December 2021 £	As at 31 December 2020 £
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>			
Intangible assets	8	70,860	89,992
Tangible assets	9	38,576	34,460
Investments	10	2,008,750	2,008,750
		<u>2,118,186</u>	<u>2,133,202</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Debtors	11	3,215,431	2,403,361
Cash at bank and in hand		4,808,482	4,861,255
		<u>8,023,913</u>	<u>7,264,616</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(4,524,654)	(5,344,852)
		<u></u>	<u></u>
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>3,499,259</u>	<u>1,919,764</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>5,617,445</u>	<u>4,052,966</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<u>5,617,445</u>	<u>4,052,966</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Called up share capital	13	102	102
Share premium account		1,600,098	1,600,098
Retained earnings		4,017,245	2,452,766
		<u>5,617,445</u>	<u>4,052,966</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>		<u>5,617,445</u>	<u>4,052,966</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements on pages 6 to 15 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 April 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:



M Platt  
Director

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Called-up share capital £	Share premium £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance as at 1 January 2020	102	1,600,098	709,564	2,309,764
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,843,202	1,843,202
Dividends	-	-	(100,000)	(100,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	<u>102</u>	<u>1,600,098</u>	<u>2,452,766</u>	<u>4,052,966</u>
Balance as at 1 January 2021	102	1,600,098	2,452,766	4,052,966
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	2,314,479	2,314,479
Dividends	-	-	(750,000)	(750,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	<u>102</u>	<u>1,600,098</u>	<u>4,017,245</u>	<u>5,617,445</u>

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

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### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company trades as a property manager. The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England. The address of its registered office is Botanic House, Hills Road, Cambridge, CB2 1PH.

### 2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and under the historical cost convention. The disclosure requirements of Section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### GOING CONCERN

The directors have considered whether the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate with reference to profit, cash flow forecasts and also considering the worldwide pandemic of Covid-19 that struck in early 2020. The directors have concluded that the company has access to adequate resources which will enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. These resources are detailed in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Albanwise Wallace Estates Limited, and the directors of that entity have confirmed ongoing support for the company in writing. For these reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received for the sale of services in the ordinary course of business. Turnover is shown net of VAT.

#### TAXATION

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when the tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting year.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the reporting date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the reporting date.

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

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Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in years different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

### **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

Fixed asset investments represent investments in subsidiary undertakings which are stated at cost less any provisions for impairment in the value of the fixed asset investment.

### **INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL**

Intangible assets acquired separately are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life and is provided on at the following rates:

Software	- 5 year straight line
----------	------------------------

### **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life and is provided at the following rates:

Leasehold improvements	- 5 year straight line
Computer equipment	- 5 year straight line
Fixtures & fittings	- 5 year straight line

### **ASSET IMPAIRMENTS**

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of the fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, are recognised as impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. On reversal of an impairment loss the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

### **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" and Section 12 "Other Financial Instruments Issues" of FRS 102 in full to all of its financial instruments.

Basic financial assets, which include other debtors and amounts due from group undertakings which are repayable on demand are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 December 2021

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Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are only derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Basic financial liabilities, which include trade creditors, other creditors and amounts due to group undertakings which are repayable on demand are initially measured at transaction price and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

#### **LEASES**

All leases are operating leases and the annual rentals are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Rent-free years or other incentives received for entering into an operating lease are accounted for as a reduction to the expense recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense as incurred. Unused entitlement is recognised in the year in which the employee's services are received.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or provide termination benefits.

#### **RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to profit or loss is the contributions payable during the reporting year. Differences between contributions payable and contributions actually paid are shown either as prepayments or accruals.

#### **ADVANCES**

The company occasionally advances monies on behalf of its clients to cover short-term shortfalls on service charge accounts pending collection of funds by in situ managing agents. Provisions are made against all such advances.

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

### 4 INVESTMENT INCOME

	2021 £	2020 £
Income from shares in group undertakings	750,000	350,000

### 5 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank interest receivable	149	3,308

### 6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The company's turnover and profit before taxation were all derived from its principal activity.

	2021 £	2020 £
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Auditor's remuneration – statutory audit	239,500	235,750

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 28 (2020: 28)

In the current year the company has borne the cost of the statutory audit for all subsidiaries of its immediate parent undertaking.

### 7 TAXATION

	2021 £	2020 £
<b><i>Tax included in income statement</i></b>		
UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2020: 19%).		
The tax charge is analysed as follows:		
UK corporation tax on profits of the year	40,509	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	(307,859)
Total current tax	40,509	(307,859)
Movement in deferred tax asset (note 11)	1,665	2,858
	42,174	(305,001)

**Simarc Property Management Limited**  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the year ended 31 December 2021

8	<b>INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS</b>	Software
	<b>Group</b>	<b>£</b>
	Cost	
	At 1 January 2021	539,363
	Additions	15,019
	At 31 December 2021	554,382
	Amortisation	
	At 1 January 2021	449,371
	Charge for the year	34,151
	At 31 December 2021	483,522
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2021	70,860
	At 31 December 2020	89,992

9	<b>TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS</b>				
		Leasehold improvements	Computer equipment	Fixtures & fittings	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2021	352,753	127,213	141,936	621,902
	Additions	-	19,144	2,478	21,622
	Disposals	(116,890)	(45,932)	(2,656)	(165,478)
	At 31 December 2021	235,863	100,425	141,758	478,046
	Depreciations				
	At 1 January 2021	344,031	116,072	127,339	587,442
	Charge for the year	3,604	7,775	6,127	17,506
	Disposals	(116,890)	(45,932)	(2,656)	(165,478)
	At 31 December 2021	230,745	77,915	130,810	439,470
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2021	5,118	22,510	10,948	38,576
	At 31 December 2020	8,722	11,141	14,597	34,460

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

### 10 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Shares in  
group  
undertakings  
and  
participating  
interests  
£

Cost at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021

2,008,750

The company holds 100% of the share capital of Tablespace Limited and Gray's Inn Operations Limited, both companies registered at Botanic House, Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1PH.

### 11 DEBTORS

	2021 £	2020 £
Deferred tax asset	5,204	6,869
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,244,311	1,756,652
Corporation tax	631,351	397,859
Other debtors	162,635	54,700
Prepayments and accrued income	171,930	187,281
	<u>3,215,431</u>	<u>2,403,361</u>

A deferred tax asset has been recognised in the year in respect of costs incurred the taxable benefit of which will fall due in future years.

### 12 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	24,871	70,435
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,319,295	4,502,120
Other taxation and social security	114,054	86,107
Other creditors	543,793	13,090
Accruals and deferred income	522,641	673,100
	<u>4,524,654</u>	<u>5,344,852</u>

### 13 SHARE CAPITAL

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid 203 Ordinary shares of £0.50 each	102	102

# Simarc Property Management Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

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### 14 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2021 the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Expiry date:		
Within one year	271,640	271,640
Between one and five years	90,547	362,187
	<u>362,187</u>	<u>633,827</u>

### 15 CONTROL

The company is under the control of Perseverance Limited, which is registered in Gibraltar.

The immediate parent undertaking of the company is Wallace Partnership Group Limited, registered at Botanic House, Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1PH. Consolidated accounts have been prepared for Albanwise Wallace Estates Limited registered at Botanic House, Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1PH, which heads the largest group of undertakings for which accounts have been drawn up. These are available from the registered office. The ultimate parent undertaking of the company is Perseverance Limited, which is registered in Gibraltar.